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PRELIMINARY



DS1135 3-in-1 High-Speed Silicon Delay Line

www.dalsemi.com

FEATURES

- All-silicon timing circuit
- Three independent buffered delays
- Stable and precise over temperature and voltage
- Leading and trailing edge precision preserves the input symmetry
- Standard 8-pin DIP and 8-pin SOIC (150 mil)
- Vapor phasing, IR and wave solderable
- Available in Tape and Reel
- Commercial and industrial temperature ranges available; see order info table
- 5V operation (for 3V operation, see part number DS1135L)
- Recommended replacement for DS1013 and DS1035

PIN ASSIGNM	ENT, WW.DZSG.COM
IN1 1 IN2 2 IN3 3 GND 4	8 V _{cc} 7 0UT1 6 0UT2 5 0UT3
DS1135N	18-Pin DIP
IN1 III 1 IN2 III 2 IN3 III 3 GND III 4 DS1135Z 8-Pin	8 V _{cc} 0.000 7 0.0011 6 0.0012 5 0.0013 n SOIC (150 mil)
IN1 1 2 IN2 1 2 IN3 1 3 GND 1 4	$ \begin{array}{c} 8 \\ 7 \\ 7 \\ 6 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0$
PIN DESCRIP ⁻ IN1-IN3	- Input Signals
OUT1-OUT3	- Output Signals

- +5V Supply

- Ground

DESCRIPTION

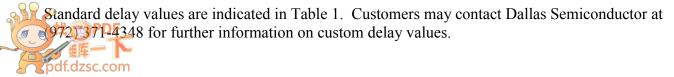
The DS1135 series is a low-power, +5-volt high-speed version of the popular DS1013 and DS1035.

The DS1135 series of delay lines have three independent logic buffered delays in a single package. The device is Dallas Semiconductor's fastest 3-in-1 delay line. It is available in a standard 8-pin DIP and 150 mil 8-pin Mini-SOIC, as well as an 8-pin, 118 mil uSOP.

V_{CC}

GND

The device features precise leading and trailing edge accuracy. It has the inherent reliability of an allsilicon delay line solution. Each output is capable of driving up to 10 LS loads.



LOGIC DIAGRAM Figure 1



ONE OF THREE

PART NUMBER DELAY TABLE (t_{PLH}, t_{PHL}) Table 1

	DELAY PER	INITIAL	TOLERANCE OVER TEMP AND VOLTAGE		
	OUTPUT	TOLERANCE	(Not	e 2)	
PART NUMBER	(ns)	(Note 1)	0° C to $+70^{\circ}$ C	-40°C to +85°C	
DS1135-5	5/5/5	±1.0 ns	±1.0 ns	±1.5 ns	
DS1135-6	6/6/6	±1.0 ns	±1.0 ns	±1.5 ns	
DS1135-8	8/8/8	±1.0 ns	±1.0 ns	±1.5 ns	
DS1135-10	10/10/10	±1.0 ns	±1.0 ns	±1.5 ns	
DS1135-12	12/12/12	±1.0 ns	±1.0 ns	±1.5 ns	
DS1135-15	15/15/15	±1.0 ns	±1.5 ns	±2 ns	
DS1135-20	20/20/20	±1.0 ns	±1.5 ns	±2 ns	
DS1135-25	25/25/25	±1.5 ns	±1.5 ns	±2 ns	
DS1135-30	30/30/30	±1.5 ns	±1.5 ns	±2 ns	

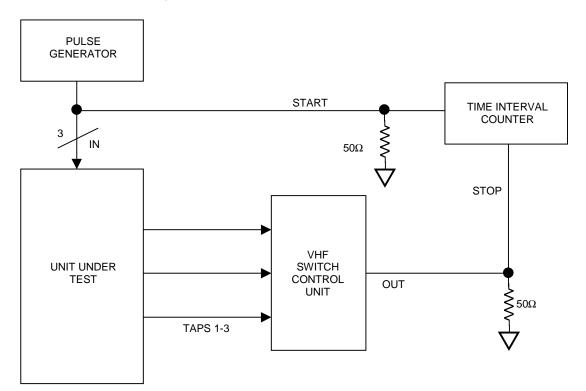
NOTES:

- 1. Nominal conditions are $+25^{\circ}$ C and V_{CC} =+5.0 volts.
- 2. Voltage range of 4.75 volts to 5.25 volts.
- 3. Delay accuracies are for both leading and trailing edges.

TEST SETUP DESCRIPTION

Figure 2 illustrates the hardware configuration used for measuring the timing parameters of the DS1135. The input waveform is produced by a precision pulse generator under software control. Time delays are measured by a time interval counter (20 ps resolution) connected to the output. The DS1135 output taps are selected and connected to the interval counter by a VHF switch control unit. All measurements are fully automated with each instrument controlled by the computer over an IEEE 488 bus.

DS1135 TEST CIRCUIT Figure 2



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS*

Voltage on Any Pin Relative to Ground Operating Temperature Storage Temperature Soldering Temperature Short Circuit Output Current -1.0V to +7.0V -40°C to +85°C -55°C to +125°C See J-STD-020A specification 50 mA for 1 second

* This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operation sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods of time may affect reliability.

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS			((-40°C to +85°C;V _{CC} =+5V±5%)			
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Supply Voltage	V _{CC}		4.75	5.00	5.25	V	1
Active Current	I _{CC}	V _{CC} =5.25V Period=1µs			35	mA	
High Level Input Voltage	V _{IH}		2.2		V _{CC} +0.5	V	1
Low Level Input Voltage	V _{IL}		-0.5		0.8	V	1
Input Leakage	$I_{\rm L}$	$0V \le V_I \le V_{CC}$	-1.0		+1.0	μA	
High Level Output Current	I _{CC}	V _{CC} =4.75V V _{OH} =4V			-1.0	mA	1
Low Level Output Current	I _{CC}	V _{CC} =4.75V V _{OL} =0.5V	12			mA	1

AC ELECTRICAL	CHARACTERISTICS

(-40°C to +85°C;V_{CC}=+5V±5%)

(T₄=25°C)

					, 00	/
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Period	t _{PERIOD}	$2(t_{WI})$			ns	2
Input Pulse Width	t _{WI}	100% of Tap Delay			ns	2
Input-to-Output Delay	t _{PLH} , t _{PHL}	See T	able 1	ns		
Output Rise or Fall Time	t _{OF} , t _{OR}		2.0	2.5	ns	
Power-up Time	t _{PU}			100	ms	3

CAPACITANCE

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Input Capacitance	C _{IN}			10	pF	

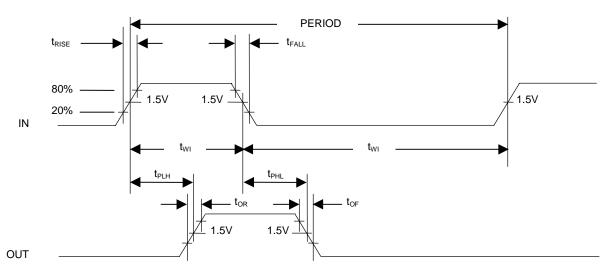
TEST CONDITIONS

Ambient Temperature: $25^{\circ}C \pm 3^{\circ}C$ Supply Voltage (V_{CC}): $5.0V \pm 0.1V$ Input Pulse: High: $3.0V \pm 0.1V$ Low: $0.0V \pm 0.1V$ Source Impedance: 50Ω Max. Rise and Fall Time: 3.0 ns Max. - Measured between 0.6V and 2.4V. Pulse Width: 500 ns Pulse Period: 1 μ s Output Load Capacitance: 15 pF Output: Each output is loaded with the equivalent of one 74F04 input gate. Data is measured at the 1.5V level on the rising and falling edges.

NOTE:

The above conditions are for test only and do not restrict the devices under other data sheet conditions.

TIMING DIAGRAM



NOTES:

- 1. All voltages are referenced to ground.
- 2. Pulse width and duty cycle specifications may be exceeded, however, accuracy will be application sensitive with respect to decoupling, layout, etc.
- 3. Power-up time is the time from the application of power to the time stable delays are being produced at the output.

TERMINOLOGY

Period: The time elapsed between the leading edge of the first pulse and the leading edge of the following pulse.

 t_{WI} (Pulse Width): The elapsed time on the pulse between the 1.5-volt point on the leading edge and the 1.5-volt point on the trailing edge or the 1.5-volt point on the trailing edge and the 1.5-volt point on the leading edge.

 t_{RISE} (Input Rise Time): The elapsed time between the 20% and the 80% point on the leading edge of the input pulse.

 t_{FALL} (Input Fall Time): The elapsed time between the 80% and the 20% point on the trailing edge on the input pulse.

 t_{PLH} (Time Delay, Rising): The elapsed time between the 1.5-volt point on the leading edge of the input pulse and the 1.5-volt point on the leading edge of the output pulse.

 t_{PHL} (Time Delay, Falling): The elapsed time between the 1.5-volt point on the falling edge of the input pulse and the 1.5-volt point on the falling edge of the output pulse.

ORDERING INFORMATION

