SCBS696E - JULY 1997 - REVISED NOVEMBER 1999

- Members of the Texas Instruments Widebus™ Family
- UBT<sup>™</sup> (Universal Bus Transceiver)
   Combines D-Type Latches and D-Type
   Flip-Flops for Operation in Transparent,
   Latched, or Clocked Mode
- Translate Between GTL/GTL+ Signal Level and LVTTL Logic Levels
- High-Drive (100 mA),
   Low-Output-Impedance (12 Ω) Bus
   Transceiver (B Port)
- Edge-Rate-Control Input Configures the B-Port Output Rise and Fall Times
- I<sub>off</sub>, Power-Up 3-State, and BIAS V<sub>CC</sub> Support Live Insertion
- Bus Hold on Data Inputs Eliminates the Need for External Pullup/Pulldown Resistors on A Port
- Distributed V<sub>CC</sub> and GND-Pin Configuration Minimizes High-Speed Switching Noise
- Package Options Include Thin Shrink Small-Outline (DGG) and Ceramic Quad Flat (HV) Packages

#### description

The 'GTL1655 devices are high-drive (100 mA), low-output-impedance (12  $\Omega$ ) 16-bit universal bus transceivers (UBT) that provide LVTTL-to-GTL/GTL+ and GTL/GTL+-to-LVTTL signal-level translation. They are partitioned as two 8-bit transceivers and combine D-type flip-flops and D-type latches to allow for transparent, latched, and clocked modes of data transfer similar to the '16501 function. These devices provide an interface between cards operating at LVTTL logic levels and a backplane operating at GTL/GTL+ signal levels. Higher-speed operation is a direct result of the reduced output swing (<1 V), reduced input threshold levels and output edge control (OEC™). The high drive is suitable for driving double-terminated low-impedance backplanes using incident-wave switching.

## SN74GTL1655...DGG PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)

1OEAB	1	$\cup$	64	] CLK
1 <mark>OEBA</mark>	2		63	
$V_{CC}$	3		62	1LEBA
1A1	_		61	V <sub>ERC</sub>
GND	_		60	GND
1A2	_		59	] 1B1
1A3	_			1B2
GND	8		57	GND
1A4	9			1B3
GND	10		55	] 1B4
1A5	11		54	1B5
GND	12		53	GND
1A6	13		52	] 1B6
1A7	[ 14		51	] 1B7
$V_{CC}$	15		50	] v <sub>cc</sub>
1A8	16		49	] 1B8
2A1	[] 17		48	] 2B1
GND	18		47	] GND
2A2	19		46	] 2B2
2A3	20		45	] 2B3
GND	21		44	GND
2A4	22		43	] 2B4
2A5	23		42	] 2B5
GND	[]24		41	] V <sub>REF</sub>
2A6	25		40	] 2B6
GND	26		39	] GND
2A7	27		38	] 2B7
$V_{CC}$	28		37	] 2B8
2A8	29		36	- 00
	30		35	] 2LEAB
	31		34	2LEBA
2 <mark>OEBA</mark>	32		33	] ŌE
		_		•



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SCBS696E - JULY 1997 - REVISED NOVEMBER 1999

#### description (continued)

The user has the flexibility of using this device at either GTL ( $V_{TT} = 1.2 \text{ V}$  and  $V_{REF} = 0.8 \text{ V}$ ) or the preferred higher noise margin GTL+ ( $V_{TT} = 1.5 \text{ V}$  and  $V_{REF} = 1 \text{ V}$ ) signal levels. GTL+ is the Texas Instruments derivative of the Gunning transceiver logic (GTL) JEDEC standard JESD 8-3. The B port normally operates at GTL or GTL+ signal levels, while the A-port and control inputs are compatible with LVTTL logic levels but are not 5-V tolerant.  $V_{REF}$  is the reference input voltage for the B port.

These devices are uniquely partitioned as two 8-bit transceivers with individual latch timing and output signals, but with a common clock and output enable inputs for both transceiver words.

Data flow for each word is determined by the respective latch enables (xLEAB and xLEBA), output enables (xOEAB and xOEBA), and clock (CLK). The output enables (1OEAB, 1OEBA, 2OEAB, and 2OEBA) control byte 1 and byte 2 data for the A-to-B and B-to-A directions, respectively.

For A-to-B data flow, the devices operate in the transparent mode when LEAB is high. When LEAB transitions low, the A data is latched independent of CLK high or low. If LEAB is low, the A data is registered on the CLK low-to-high transition. When  $\overline{\text{OEAB}}$  is low, the outputs are active. With  $\overline{\text{OEAB}}$  high, the outputs are in the high-impedance state.

Data flow for the B-to-A direction is identical, but uses OEBA, LEBA, and CLK. Note that CLK is common to both directions and both 8-bit words.  $\overline{\text{OE}}$  is also common and is used to disable all I/O ports simultaneously.

The 'GTL1655 is featured with adjustable edge-rate control ( $V_{ERC}$ ). Changing  $V_{ERC}$  input voltage between GND and  $V_{CC}$  adjusts the B-port output rise and fall times. This allows the designer to optimize for various loading conditions.

These devices are fully specified for live-insertion applications using  $I_{off}$ , power-up 3-state, and BIAS  $V_{CC}$ . The  $I_{off}$  circuitry disables the outputs, preventing damaging current backflow through the device when it is powered down. The power-up 3-state circuitry places the outputs in the high-impedance state during power up and power down, which prevents driver conflict. The BIAS  $V_{CC}$  circuitry precharges and preconditions the B-port input/output connections, preventing disturbance of active data on the backplane during card insertion or removal, and permits true live-insertion capability.

When  $V_{CC}$  is between 0 and 1.5 V, the device is in the high-impedance state during power up or power down. However, to ensure the high-impedance state above 1.5 V,  $\overline{OE}$  should be tied to  $V_{CC}$  through a pullup resistor; the minimum value of the resistor is determined by the current-sinking capability of the driver.

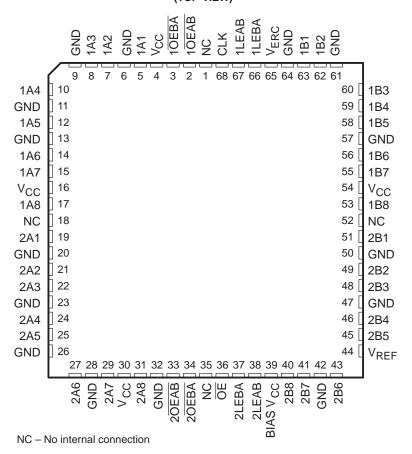
Active bus-hold circuitry holds unused or undriven LVTTL inputs at a valid logic state. Use of pullup or pulldown resistors with the bus-hold circuitry is not recommended.

The SN54GTL1655 is characterized for operation over the full military temperature range of –55°C to 125°C. The SN74GTL1655 is characterized for operation from –40°C to 85°C.



SCBS696E - JULY 1997 - REVISED NOVEMBER 1999

## SN54GTL1655 . . . HV PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)



SCBS696E – JULY 1997 – REVISED NOVEMBER 1999

#### **Function Tables**

#### **FUNCTION**†

	INPU	TS		OUTPUT	MODE
OEAB	LEAB	CLK	Α	В	WIODE
Н	Χ	Х	Х	Z	Isolation
L	Н	X	L	L	Transparent
L	Н	X	Н	Н	Transparent
L	L	$\uparrow$	L	L	Registered
L	L	$\uparrow$	Н	Н	Registered
L	L	Н	Χ	в <sub>0</sub> ‡	Previous State
L	L	L	Χ	В <sub>0</sub> §	Previous State

<sup>†</sup> A-to-B data flow is shown. B-to-A flow is similar, but uses OEBA, LEBA, and CLK.

#### **OUTPUT ENABLE**

	INPUTS		OUTPUTS			
OE	OEAB	OEBA	A PORT	B PORT		
L	L	L	Active	Active		
L	L	Н	Z	Active		
L	Н	L	Active	Z		
L	Н	Н	Z	Z		
Н	Χ	X	Z	Z		

#### B-PORT EDGE-RATE CONTROL (VERC)

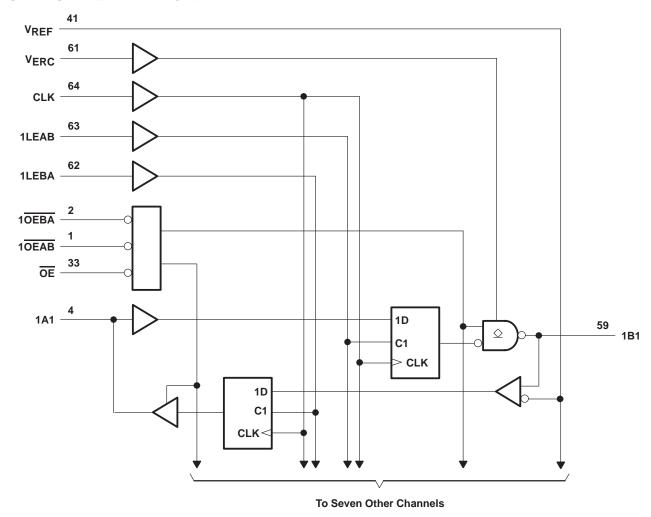
		, =110
INPU	T V <sub>ERC</sub>	OUTPUT
LOGIC	NOMINAL	B PORT
LEVEL	VOLTAGE	EDGE RATE
Н	VCC	Slow
L	GND	Fast



<sup>‡</sup>Output level before the indicated steady-state input conditions were established, provided that CLK was high before LEAB went low

<sup>§</sup> Output level before the indicated steady-state input conditions were established

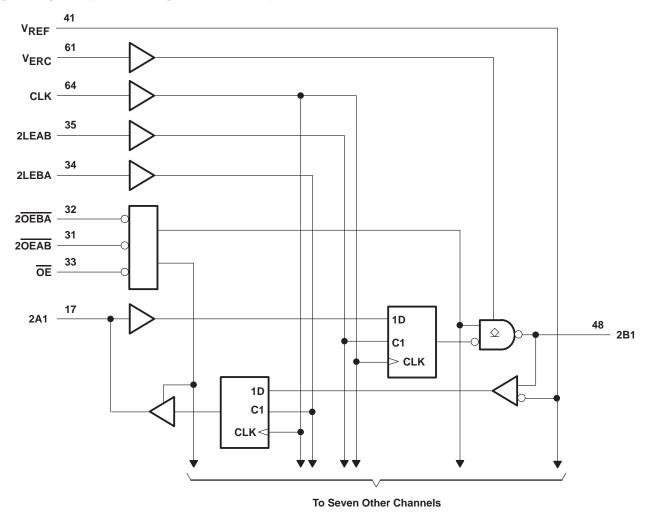
### logic diagram (positive logic)



Pin numbers shown are for the DGG package.

SCBS696E – JULY 1997 – REVISED NOVEMBER 1999

## logic diagram (positive logic) (continued)



Pin numbers shown are for the DGG package.



SCBS696E – JULY 1997 – REVISED NOVEMBER 1999

#### absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)†

Supply voltage range, V <sub>CC</sub> , BIAS V <sub>CC</sub>	–0.5 V to 4.6 V
Input voltage range, V <sub>I</sub> (see Note 1): A-port and control pins	–0.5 V to 4.6 V
B port, V <sub>ERC</sub> , and V <sub>REF</sub>	0.5 V to 4.6 V
Voltage range applied to any output in the high or power-off state, VO	
(see Note 1): A port	0.5 V to 4.6 V
B port	–0.5 V to 4.6 V
Current into any output in the low state, IO: A port	48 mA
B port	200 mA
Current into any A-port output in the high state, IO (see Note 2)	48 mA
Continuous current through each V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	±100 mA
Input clamp current, I <sub>IK</sub> (V <sub>I</sub> < 0)	–50 mA
Output clamp current, I <sub>OK</sub> (V <sub>O</sub> < 0)	–50 mA
Package thermal impedance, θ <sub>JA</sub> (see Note 3)	55°C/W
Storage temperature range, T <sub>stq</sub>	–65°C to 150°C

<sup>†</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

- NOTES: 1. The input and output negative-voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.
  - 2. This current flows only when the output is in the high state and  $V_O > V_{CC}$ .
  - 3. The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51.



SCBS696E - JULY 1997 - REVISED NOVEMBER 1999

#### recommended operating conditions (see Notes 4 through 6)

			SNS	4GTL1655	5	SN7	4GTL16	55	UNIT
			MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX	ONII
BIAS V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage		3	3.3	3.6	3	3.3	3.6	V
\/	Termination	GTL	1.14	1.2	1.26	1.14	1.2	1.26	V
VTT	voltage	GTL+	1.35	1.5	1.65	1.35	1.5	1.65	V
\/n==	Supply voltage	GTL	0.74	8.0	0.87	0.74	0.8	0.87	V
VREF	Supply voltage	GTL+	0.87	1	1.1	0.87	1	1.1	V
VI	Input voltage	B port	0		$V_{TT}$	0		VTT	V
٧١		Except B port	0	_	Vcc	0		VCC	V
	High-level input voltage	B port	V <sub>REF</sub> +50 mV	14	-	V <sub>REF</sub> +50 mV			
VILL		VERC	VCC-0.6	VCC		VCC-0.6	Vcc		· V
VIH		Except B port and ERC	2	5		2			
		B port	4	3 v	REF-50 mV			V <sub>REF</sub> -50 mV	
V <sub>IL</sub>	Low-level	VERC	W.	GND	0.6		GND	0.6	V
VIL.	input voltage	Except B port and ERC			0.8			0.8	v
liK	Input clamp curr	ent			-18			-18	mA
ЮН	High-level output current	A port						-24	mA
la.	Low-level	A port						24	mA
lor	output current	B port						100	IIIA
Δt/ΔVCC	Power-up ramp	rate	200		·	200			μs/V
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating free-a	ir temperature	<b>-</b> 55		125	-40		85	°C

NOTES: 4. All unused inputs of the device must be held at V<sub>CC</sub> or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs, literature number SCBA004.

- 5. Normal connection sequence is GND first, BIAS  $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$  second, and  $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ , I/O, control inputs,  $V_{TT}$  and  $V_{REF}$  (any order) last. However, if the B-port I/O precharge is not required, the acceptable connection sequence is GND first and  $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ , BIAS  $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ , I/O, control inputs,  $V_{TT}$  and  $V_{REF}$  (any order) last. When  $V_{CC}$  is connected, the BIAS  $V_{CC}$  circuitry is disabled.
- V<sub>TT</sub> and R<sub>TT</sub> can be adjusted to accommodate backplane impedances as long as they do not exceed the DC absolute I<sub>OL</sub> ratings. Similarly, V<sub>REF</sub> can be adjusted to optimize noise margins, but normally is 2/3 V<sub>TT</sub>.



SCBS696E – JULY 1997 – REVISED NOVEMBER 1999

# electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $V_{REF}$ = 1 V and $V_{TT}$ = 1.5 V (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		SN5	4GTL165	5	SN7	4GTL165	5	LINUT
PAR	KAMETEK	l lesi co	SNOTHONS	MIN	TYP <sup>†</sup>	MAX	MIN	TYP <sup>†</sup>	MAX	UNIT
VIK		$V_{CC} = 3 V$ ,	I <sub>I</sub> = -18 mA			-1.2			-1.2	V
		$V_{CC} = 3 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V},$	I <sub>OH</sub> = -100 μA	V <sub>CC</sub> -0.2			V <sub>CC</sub> -0.2			
$V_{OH}$	A port	V 2V	I <sub>OH</sub> = -12 mA	2.4			2.4			V
		VCC = 3 V	I <sub>OH</sub> = -24 mA	2.2			2.2			
	1	$V_{CC} = 3 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V},$	I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA			0.2			0.2	
	A port	.,	I <sub>OL</sub> = 12 mA			0.4			0.4	
		VCC = 3 V	I <sub>OL</sub> = 24 mA			0.55			0.55	
VOL			I <sub>OL</sub> = 40 mA			0.2			0.2	V
	B port	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V	I <sub>OL</sub> = 80 mA			0.4			0.4	
			I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 mA			0.5			0.5	1 1
	Control inputs	.,	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND			±10			±10	
П	B port	VCC = 3.6 V	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>TT</sub> or GND			±10			±10	μΑ
l <sub>off</sub>	•	$V_{CC} = 0$ ,	$V_{1}$ or $V_{0} = 0$ to 3.6 V		12			-	±100	μΑ
			V <sub>I</sub> = 0.8 V	75	1,5		75			
I <sub>I(hold)</sub>	A port	ACC = 3 A	V <sub>I</sub> = 2 V	-75	Q.		-75			μΑ
(((()))		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6 V <sup>‡</sup> ,	V <sub>I</sub> = 0 to V <sub>C</sub> C		<u> </u>	±500			±500	
lozh	B port	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6 V,	V <sub>O</sub> = 1.5 V	20		10			10	μΑ
lozL	B port	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6 V,	V <sub>O</sub> = 0.4 V	0		-10			-10	μΑ
loz§	A port	$V_{CC} = 3.6 \text{ V},$	$V_O = V_{CC}$ or GND	6,		±10			±10	μΑ
lozpu	A port	$\frac{V_{CC}}{OE} = 0 \text{ to } 3.6 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{CC}$	O = 0.5  V to 3 V,			±50*			±50	μΑ
lozpd	A port	$\frac{\text{V}_{CC}}{\text{OE}} = 3.6 \text{ V to } 0, \text{ V}_{C}$	O = 0.5 V to 3 V,			±50*			±50	μΑ
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6 V,	Outputs high			80			80	
Icc	A or B port	$I_{O} = 0$ ,	Outputs low			80			80	mA
		$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND	Outputs disabled			80			80	
ΔI <sub>CC</sub> ¶	Except B port	$V_{CC} = 3.6 \text{ V},$ A-port or control inputs at $V_{CC}$ or GND, One input at $V_{CC} = 0.6 \text{ V}$				1			1	mA
Ci	Control inputs	VI = VCC or 0			3	5		3	5	pF
C.	A port	\\a\\a \\a			5	6		5	6	n-
$C_{io}$	B port	VO = VCC or 0			6	8		6	8	pF

<sup>\*</sup> On products compliant to MIL-PRF-38535, this parameter is not production tested.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> All typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

<sup>‡</sup> This is the bus-hold maximum dynamic current. It is the minimum overdrive current required to switch the input from one state to another.

<sup>§</sup> For I/O ports, the parameter IOZ includes the input leakage current.

 $<sup>\</sup>P$  This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at the specified TTL voltage level rather than  $V_{CC}$  or GND.

SCBS696E – JULY 1997 – REVISED NOVEMBER 1999

#### live-insertion specifications over recommended operating free-air temperature range

PARAMETER			TEST CONDITIONS	SN54G1	L1655	SN74GT	L1655	UNIT
PARA	WEIER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
$I_{CC}$ (BIAS $V_{CC}$ ) $V_{CC} = 0 \text{ to } 3 \text{ V}$ $V_{CC} = 3 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$		$V_{CC} = 0 \text{ to } 3 \text{ V}$	V (B port) = 0 to 1.2 V, V <sub>I</sub> (BIAS V <sub>CC</sub> ) = 3 V to 3.6 V		<b>4</b> /5		5	mA
		$V_{CC} = 3 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$			4/ 10		10	μΑ
Vo	B port	$V_{CC} = 0$ ,	$V_{I}$ (BIAS $V_{CC}$ ) = 3.3 $V$	1,	1.2	1	1.2	V
		$V_{CC} = 0$ ,	V (B port) = 0.4 V, $V_I$ (BIAS $V_{CC}$ ) = 3 V to 3.6 V	3		-1		
lo	B port	$V_{CC} = 0 \text{ to } 3.6 \text{ V},$	OE = 3.3 V	20	100		100	μΑ
		$V_{CC} = 0 \text{ to } 1.5 \text{ V},$	OE = 0 to 3.3 V	D'A	100		100	

# timing requirements over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature, $V_{TT}$ = 1.2 V, $V_{REF}$ = 0.8 V and $V_{ERC}$ = $V_{CC}$ or GND for GTL (unless otherwise noted)

				SN54GTL1655		SN74GTL1655		UNIT
				MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNIT
fclock	f <sub>clock</sub> Clock frequency				160		160	MHz
	Pulse duration	LE high		3	EW	3		ns
t <sub>W</sub>	ruise duiation	CLK high or low	3	FU	3		115	
		Data before CLK↑		2.7	7	2.7		
t <sub>su</sub>	Setup time	Data before LE↓	CLK high	2.8		2.8		ns
		Data before LEV	CLK low	2.6		2.6		
4.	Hold time	Data after CLK↑		0.4		0.4		20
th		Data after LE↓	CLK high or low	0.9		0.9		ns

SCBS696E - JULY 1997 - REVISED NOVEMBER 1999

## A-to-B switching characteristics over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature, $V_{TT}$ = 1.2 V, $V_{REF}$ = 0.8 V and $V_{ERC}$ = $V_{CC}$ or GND for GTL (see Figure 1)

DADAMETER	FROM	то	SN54GT	L1655	SN74GT	UNIT	
PARAMETER	(INPUT)	(OUTPUT)	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNII
fmax			160		160		MHz
t <sub>PLH</sub>	А	В	3.1	5.2	3.1	5.2	ns
<sup>t</sup> PHL	VERC = VCC	Ь	2.6	6.2	2.6	6.2	115
t <sub>PLH</sub>	CLK	В	3.4	5.5	3.4	5.5	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>	VERC = VCC	Ь	2.4	5.8	2.4	5.8	113
<sup>t</sup> PLH	LEAB	В	3.5	5.8	3.5	5.8	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>	V <sub>ERC</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub>	Ь	2.6	6.4	2.6	6.4	115
t <sub>en</sub>	OEAB or OE	В	3.3	5.4	3.3	5.4	ns
<sup>t</sup> dis	V <sub>ERC</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub>	В	2.7	5.9	2.7	5.9	115
t <sub>PLH</sub>	А	В	2.3	4.3	2.3	4.3	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>	V <sub>ERC</sub> = GND	Ь	1.9	4.3	1.9	4.3	115
t <sub>PLH</sub>	CLK	В	2.7	4.8	2.7	4.8	ns
<sup>t</sup> PHL	V <sub>ERC</sub> = GND		7.8	4.3	1.8	4.3	115
<sup>t</sup> PLH	LEAB	В	2.8	4.9	2.8	4.9	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>	V <sub>ERC</sub> = GND	D	2	4.8	2	4.8	113
t <sub>en</sub>	OEAB or OE	В	2.5	4.5	2.5	4.5	ns
<sup>t</sup> dis	V <sub>ERC</sub> = GND	В	2	4.2	2	4.2	113
Slew rate (VERC = VCC)	Both transitions, B ou	utputs (0.6 V to 1.3 V)		1		1	ns/V
Slew rate (VERC = GND)	Both transitions, B ou	Both transitions, B outputs (0.6 V to 1.3 V)				1	ns/V
t <sub>sk(o)</sub> †	Skew between drivers (switching in the		1		1	ns	
t <sub>sk(o)</sub> ‡	Skew betw switching in any direction	een drivers on in the same package		1		1	ns

<sup>†</sup> Skew values are applicable for through mode only.

<sup>‡</sup> Skew values are applicable for CLK mode only, with all outputs switching simultaneously.

SCBS696E – JULY 1997 – REVISED NOVEMBER 1999

## B-to-A switching characteristics over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature, $V_{TT}$ = 1.2 V and $V_{REF}$ = 0.8 V for GTL (see Figure 1)

PARAMETER	FROM	то	SN54GT	L1655	SN74GTL1655		UNIT
PARAMETER	(INPUT)	(OUTPUT)	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNII
f <sub>max</sub>				160		160	MHz
tPLH	В	А	1.8	4.7	1.8	4.7	ns
<sup>t</sup> PHL	Ь	^	2.3	4.6	2.3	4.6	113
t <sub>PLH</sub>	CLK	А	1.6	\$4	1.6	4	ns
<sup>t</sup> PHL	OLIX	Λ	1.5	3.4	1.5	3.4	113
tPLH	LEBA	Α	1.7	4	1.7	4	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>	LLDA	A	1,4	3.5	1.4	3.5	115
t <sub>en</sub>	OEBA or OE	A	1.3	4.2	1.3	4.2	ns
<sup>t</sup> dis	OEBA OF OE	A	2	6.1	2	6.1	115
t <sub>sk(o)</sub> †		Skew between drivers in the same package (switching in the same direction)		1		1	ns
tsk(o) <sup>‡</sup>	Skew between switching in any direction			1		1	ns

<sup>†</sup> Skew values are applicable for through mode only.

<sup>‡</sup> Skew values are applicable for CLK mode only, with all outputs switching simultaneously.

SCBS696E - JULY 1997 - REVISED NOVEMBER 1999

## timing requirements over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature, $V_{TT} = 1.5 \text{ V}$ , $V_{REF} = 1 \text{ V}$ and $V_{ERC} = V_{CC}$ or GND for GTL+ (unless otherwise noted)

				SN54GTL1655		SN74GTL1655		UNIT
				MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNIT
fclock	Clock frequency				160		160	MHz
	t <sub>W</sub> Pulse duration	LE high		3	EN	3		ns
ıw.	ruise duration	CLK high or low		3	EV.	3		110
		Data before CLK↑		2.7	7	2.7		
t <sub>su</sub>	Setup time	Data before LE↓	CLK high	2.8		2.8		ns
		Data before LEV	CLK low	2.6		2.6		
<b>.</b>	Hold time	Data after CLK↑		0.4		0.4		ns
t <sub>h</sub>		Data after LE↓	CLK high or low	0.9		0.9	·	115

# A-to-B switching characteristics over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature, $V_{TT}$ = 1.5 V, $V_{REF}$ = 1 V and $V_{ERC}$ = $V_{CC}$ or GND for GTL+ (see Figure 1)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	SN54GT	SN54GTL1655		SN74GTL1655	
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNIT
f <sub>max</sub>			160		160		MHz
<sup>t</sup> PLH	A VERC = VCC	В	3	5.1	3	5.1	ns
<sup>t</sup> PHL			2.9	6.5	2.9	6.5	
<sup>t</sup> PLH	CLK VERC = VCC	В	3.4	5.4	3.4	5.4	ns
<sup>t</sup> PHL			2.7	6.2	2.7	6.2	
<sup>t</sup> PLH	LEAB	В	3.5	5.7	3.5	5.7	ns
<sup>t</sup> PHL	V <sub>ERC</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub>		2.8	6.7	2.8	6.7	
t <sub>en</sub>	OEAB	В	3.3	5.4	3.3	5.4	ns
<sup>t</sup> dis	V <sub>ERC</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub>		3	6.3	3	6.3	
t <sub>en</sub>	ŌĒ	В	3	5.5	3	5.5	ns
t <sub>dis</sub>	V <sub>ERC</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub>		3.6	5.8	3.6	5.8	
<sup>t</sup> PLH	А	В	2.3	4.3	2.3	4.3	— ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>	V <sub>ERC</sub> = GND		2	4.4	2	4.4	
<sup>t</sup> PLH	CLK	В	2.7	4.8	2.7	4.8	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>	V <sub>ERC</sub> = GND		1.9	4.5	1.9	4.5	
<sup>t</sup> PLH	LEAB	В	2.8	4.9	2.8	4.9	ns
<sup>t</sup> PHL	V <sub>ERC</sub> = GND		2.1	4.9	2.1	4.9	
t <sub>en</sub>	OEAB	В	2.5	4.5	2.5	4.5	20
<sup>t</sup> dis	V <sub>ERC</sub> = GND	Б	2.1	4.4	2.1	4.4	ns
t <sub>en</sub>	ŌĒ	В	2.5	4.6	2.5	4.6	20
<sup>t</sup> dis	V <sub>ERC</sub> = GND		2.9	4.9	2.9	4.9	ns
Slew rate ( $V_{ERC} = V_{CC}$ )	Both transitions, B outputs (0.6 V to 1.3 V)			1		1	ns/V
Slew rate (VERC = GND)	Both transitions, B outputs (0.6 V to 1.3 V)			1		1	ns/V
t <sub>sk(o)</sub> †	Skew between drivers in the same package (switching in the same direction)			1		1	ns
t <sub>sk(o)</sub> ‡	Skew between drivers switching in any direction in the same package			1		1	ns

<sup>†</sup> Skew values are applicable for through mode only.

<sup>‡</sup> Skew values are applicable for CLK mode only, with all outputs switching simultaneously.



SCBS696E – JULY 1997 – REVISED NOVEMBER 1999

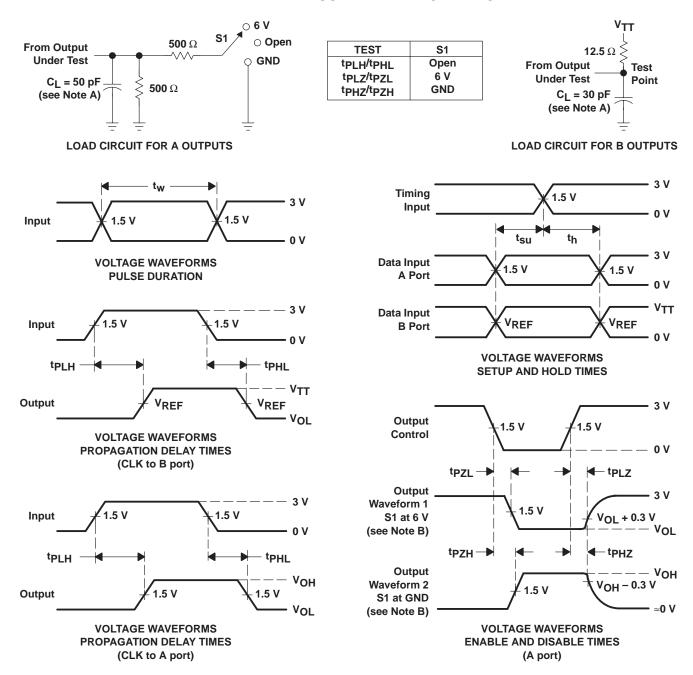
## B-to-A switching characteristics over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature, $V_{TT}$ = 1.5 V and $V_{REF}$ = 1 V for GTL+ (see Figure 1)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	SN54GTL1655		SN74GTL1655		UNIT
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNII
f <sub>max</sub>			160		160		MHz
tPLH	В	А	2	4.8	2	4.8	ns
<sup>t</sup> PHL			2.4	4.7	2.4	4.7	
t <sub>PLH</sub>	CLK	А	1.6	4.4	1.6	4.4	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>			1.5	3.4	1.5	3.4	
t <sub>PLH</sub>	LEBA	А	1.7	4	1.7	4	20
t <sub>PHL</sub>			1.4	3.5	1.4	3.5	ns
t <sub>en</sub>	OEBA	А	1,3	4.2	1.3	4.2	ns
<sup>t</sup> dis			2	6.1	2	6.1	113
t <sub>en</sub>	ŌĒ	А	2.2	4.7	2.2	4.7	ns
<sup>t</sup> dis			4.1	6.3	4.1	6.3	115
tsk(o)†	Skew between drivers in the same package (switching in the same direction)			1		1	ns
tsk(o) <sup>‡</sup>	Skew between drivers switching in any direction in the same package			1		1	ns

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> Skew values are applicable for through mode only.

<sup>‡</sup> Skew values are applicable for CLK mode only, with all outputs switching simultaneously.

#### PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



- NOTES: A. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.
  - B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control.
  - C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  10 MHz,  $Z_{O} = 50 \, \Omega$ ,  $t_{f} \leq 2.5 \, \text{ns}$ ,  $t_{f} \leq 2.5 \, \text{ns}$ .
  - D. The outputs are measured one at a time with one transition per measurement.
  - E. tpLZ and tpHZ are the same as tdis.
  - F. tpzL and tpzH are the same as ten.

Figure 1. Load Circuits and Voltage Waveforms



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