



Data Sheet

March 4, 2005

FN8187.0

Dual Digitally Controlled Potentiometers (XDCPs™)

FEATURES

- Dual solid-state potentiometers
- Independent Up/Down interfaces
- 32 wiper tap points per potentiometer
- Wiper position stored in nonvolatile memory and recalled on power-up
- 31 resistive elements per potentiometer
 - -Temperature compensated
 - -Maximum resistance tolerance ± 25%
 - -Terminal voltage, 0 to V_{CC}
- Low power CMOS

 $-V_{CC} = 5V \pm 10\%$

- -Active current, 200µA typ.
- -Standby current, 4µA max
- High reliability
 - -Endurance 200,000 data changes per bit
- -Register data retention, 100 years
- R_{TOTAL} value = 50k Ω
- Packages
 - —14-lead TSSOP

DESCRIPTION

The Intersil X93255 is a dual digitally controlled potentiometer (XDCP). The device consists of two resistor arrays, wiper switches, a control section, and nonvolatile memory. The wiper positions are controlled by individual Up/Down interfaces.

A potentiometer is implemented by a resistor array composed of 31 resistive elements and a wiper switching network. The position of each wiper element is controlled by a set of independent \overline{CS} , U/ \overline{D} , and \overline{INC} inputs. The position of the wiper can be stored in nonvolatile memory and then be recalled upon a subsequent power-up operation.

Each potentiometer is connected as a two-terminal variable resistor and can be used in a wide variety of applications including:

- bias and gain control
- LCD Contrast Adjustment





X93255



X93255 ORDERING CODES

Ordering Number	Ordering Number RTOTAL		Temperature Range	
X93255UV14I	50k Ω	14-lead TSSOP package	-40°C to +85°C	

PIN DESCRIPTIONS

TSSOP	Symbol	Description
1	DNC	Do Not Connect.
2	R _{L1}	Low Terminal 1.
3	CS ₁	Chip Select 1.
4	INC ₂	Increment 2.
5	U/\overline{D}_2	Up/Down 2.
6	R _{H2}	High Terminal 2.
7	V _{SS}	Ground.
8	DNC	Do Not Connect.
9	R _{L2}	Low Terminal 2.
10	CS ₂	Chip Select 2.
11	V _{CC}	Supply Voltage.
12	INC ₁	Increment 1.
13	U/D ₁	Up/Down 1.
14	R _{H1}	High Terminal 1.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Temperature under bias	-65°C to +135°C
Storage temperature	-65°C to +150°C
Voltage on CS, INC, U/D, RH, RL and	V _{CC}
with respect to V _{SS}	1V to +6.5V
Lead temperature (soldering 10 secon	nds) 300°C
Maximum reflow temperature (40 second	onds) 240°C
Maximum resistor current	2mA

COMMENT

Stresses above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only; the functional operation of the device (at these or any other conditions above those listed in the operational sections of this specification) is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Temperature	Min.	Max.	Supply Voltage (V _{CC})	Limits
Industrial	-40°C	+85°C	X93255	5V ± 10% ⁽⁷⁾

POTENTIOMETER CHARACTERISTICS (Over recommended operating conditions unless otherwise stated.)

			Limits			
Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions/Notes
R _{TOT}	End to end resistance	37.5	50	62.5	kΩ	(5)
V _R	R _H , R _L terminal voltages	0		V _{CC}	V	(5)
	Power rating			1	mW ⁽⁷⁾	$R_{TOTAL} = 50 k\Omega^{(5)}$ (6)
	Noise		-120		dBV ⁽⁷⁾	Ref: 1kHz ^{(5) (6)}
R _W	Wiper Resistance			1000	Ω	(5) (6)
IW	Wiper Current			0.6	mA	(5) (6)
	Resolution		3		%	(5)
	Absolute linearity ⁽¹⁾			±1	MI ⁽³⁾	R _{H(n)(actual)} - R _{H(n)(expected)} ⁽⁵⁾
	Relative linearity ⁽²⁾			±0.5	MI ⁽³⁾	R _{H(n+1 -} [R _{H(n)+MI}] ⁽⁵⁾
	R _{TOTAL} temperature coefficient		±35		ppm/°C	(5) (6)
C _H /C _L /C _W	Potentiometer capacitances		10/10/25		pF	See circuit #2 ⁽⁵⁾

Notes: (1) Absolute linearity is utilized to determine actual wiper resistance versus expected resistance = $(R_{H(n)}(actual) - R_{H(n)}(expected)) = \pm 1$ MI Maximum. n = 1 .. 29 only

(2) Relative linearity is a measure of the error in step size between taps = $R_{H(n+1)} - [R_{H(n)} + MI] = \pm 0.5 MI$, n = 1..29 only.

(3) 1 MI = Minimum Increment = $R_{TOT}/31$.

(4) Typical values are for $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ and nominal supply voltage.

(5) This parameter is only applies to a single potentiometer

(6) This parameter is guaranteed by characterization.

(7) When performing multiple write operations, V_{CC} must not decrease by more than 150mV from its initial value.

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D.C. OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS (Over recommended operating conditions unless otherwise specified.)

			Limits			
Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.(4)	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions
I _{CC1}	V _{CC} active current (Increment) per DCP		200	300	μA	$\overline{\text{CS}} = \text{V}_{\text{IL}}, \text{U/D} = \text{V}_{\text{IL}} \text{ or } \text{V}_{\text{IH}} \text{ and}$ $\overline{\text{INC}} = 0.4 \text{V} @ \text{max. } \text{t}_{\text{CYC}}^{(5)}$
I _{CC2}	V _{CC} active current (Store) (EEPROM Store) per DCP			1400	μA	$\overline{CS} = V_{IH}, U/\overline{D} = V_{IL} \text{ or } V_{IH} \text{ and}$ INC = V _{IH} @ max. t _{WR} ⁽⁵⁾
I _{SB}	Standby supply current			4	μA	$\frac{\overline{\text{CS}} = \text{V}_{\text{CC}} - 0.3\text{V}, \text{U}/\overline{\text{D}} \text{ and}}{\overline{\text{INC}} = \text{V}_{\text{SS}} \text{ or } \text{V}_{\text{CC}} - 0.3\text{V}}$
ILI	CS			±1	μA	$V_{\overline{CS}} = V_{CC}^{(5)}$
ILI	CS	120	200	250	μA	$V_{CC} = 5V, \overline{CS} = 0^{(5)}$
ILI	INC, U/D input leakage current			±1	μA	$V_{IN} = V_{SS}$ to $V_{CC}^{(5)}$
VIH	CS, INC, U/D input HIGH voltage	V _{CC} x 0.7		V _{CC} + 0.5	V	(5)
V _{IL}	CS, INC, U/D input LOW voltage	-0.5		V _{CC} x 0.1	V	(5)
C _{IN} (5)(7)	CS, INC, U/D input capacitance			10	pF	$V_{CC} = 5V, V_{IN} = V_{SS},$ $T_A = 25^{\circ}C, f = 1MHz^{(6)}$

ENDURANCE AND DATA RETENTION

Parameter	Min.	Unit
Minimum endurance	200,000	Data changes per bit
Data retention	100	Years

Test Circuit #1







A.C. CONDITIONS OF TEST

Input pulse levels	0V to 5V
Input rise and fall times	10ns
Input reference levels	1.5V

A.C. OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS (Over recommended operating conditions unless otherwise specified. In the table, \overline{CS} , \overline{INC} , U/D, R_H and R_L are used to refer to either \overline{CS}_1 or \overline{CS}_2 , etc.)

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.(6)	Max.	Unit
t _{CI}	CS to INC setup	100			ns
t _{ID}	INC HIGH to U/D change	100			ns
t _{DI}	U/D to INC setup	100			ns
t _{IL}	INC LOW period	1			μs
t _{IH}	INC HIGH period	1			μs
t _{IC}	INC Inactive to CS inactive	1			μs
^t CPH	CS Deselect time (NO STORE)	250			ns
^t CPH	CS Deselect time (STORE)	10			ms
^t CYC	INC cycle time	2			μs
t _{R,} t _F ⁽⁶⁾	INC input rise and fall time			500	μs
t _R V _{CC} ⁽⁶⁾	V _{CC} power-up rate	1		10,000	V/ms
t _{WR}	Store cycle		5	10	ms

POWER-UP AND DOWN REQUIREMENTS

There are no restrictions on the power-up or power-down conditions of V_{CC} and the voltages applied to the potentiometer pins provided that V_{CC} is always more positive than or equal to V_H and V_L, i.e., V_{CC} \ge V_H,V_L. The V_{CC} ramp rate spec is always in effect.

A.C. TIMING (In the table, \overline{CS} , \overline{INC} , U/\overline{D} , R_H and R_L are used to refer to either \overline{CS}_1 or \overline{CS}_2 , etc.)



PIN DESCRIPTIONS

R_H and R_L

The R_H and R_L pins of the X93255 are equivalent to the end terminals of a variable resistor. The minimum voltage is V_{SS} and the maximum is V_{CC}. The terminology of R_H and R_L references the relative position of the terminal in relation to wiper movement direction selected by the U/ \overline{D} input per potentiometer.

Up/Down (U/D)

The U/\overline{D} input controls the direction of a single potentiometer's wiper movement and whether the counter is incremented or decremented.

Increment (INC)

The $\overline{\text{INC}}$ input is negative-edge triggered. Toggling $\overline{\text{INC}}$ will move the wiper and either increment or decrement the pertatining potentiometer's counter in the direction indicated by the logic level on the pertaining potentiometer's U/D input.

Chip Select (CS)

A potentiometer is selected when the pertaining \overline{CS} input is LOW. Its current counter value is stored in nonvolatile memory when the pertaining \overline{CS} is returned HIGH while the pertaining \overline{INC} input is also HIGH. After the store operation is complete the affected potentiometer will be placed in the low power standby mode until the potentiometer is selected once again.

PRINCIPLES OF OPERATION

There are multiple sections for each potentiometer in the X93255: an input control, a counter and decode section; the nonvolatile memory; and a resistor array. Each input control section operates just like an up/down counter. The output of this counter is decoded to turn on a single electronic switch connecting a point on the resistor array to the wiper output. Under the proper conditions the contents of the counter can be stored in nonvolatile memory and retained for future use. Each resistor array is comprised of 31 individual resistors connected in series. At either end of the array and between each resistor is an electronic switch that transfers the connection at that point to the wiper. The wiper is connected to the R_L terminal, forming a variable resistor from R_H to R_I .

Each wiper, when at either fixed terminal, acts like its mechanical equivalent and does not move beyond the last position. That is, the counter does not wrap around when clocked to either extreme.

If the wiper is moved several positions, multiple taps are connected to the wiper for up to 10μ s. The 2-terminal resistance value for the device can temporarily change by a significant amount if the wiper is moved several positions.

When the device is powered-down, the last wiper position stored will be maintained in the nonvolatile memory for each potentiometer. When power is restored, the contents of the memory are recalled and each wiper is set to the value last stored.

INSTRUCTIONS AND PROGRAMMING

The \overline{INC} , U/ \overline{D} and \overline{CS} inputs control the movement of the pertaining wiper along the resistor array. With \overline{CS} set LOW the pertaining potentiometer is selected and enabled to respond to the U/ \overline{D} and \overline{INC} inputs. HIGH to LOW transitions on \overline{INC} will increment or decrement (depending on the state of the U/ \overline{D} input) a five bit counter. The output of this counter is decoded to select one of thirty two wiper positions along the resistive array.

The value of the counter is stored in nonvolatile memory whenever each \overline{CS} transitions HIGH while the pertaining \overline{INC} input is also HIGH. In order to avoid an accidental store during power-up, each \overline{CS} must go HIGH with V_{CC} during initial power-up. When left open, each \overline{CS} pin is internally pulled up to V_{CC} by an internal 30K resistor.

The system may select the X93255, move any wiper and deselect the device without having to store the latest wiper position in nonvolatile memory. After the wiper movement is performed as described above and once the new position is reached, the system must keep \overline{INC} LOW while taking \overline{CS} HIGH. The new wiper position will be maintained until changed by the system or until a power-up/down cycle recalled the previously stored data. In order to recall the stored position of the wiper on power-up, the \overline{CS} pin must be held HIGH.

This procedure allows the system to always power-up to a preset value stored in nonvolatile memory; then during system operation minor adjustments could be made. The adjustments might be based on user preference, system parameter changes due to temperature drift, or other system trim requirements. The state of U/\overline{D} may be changed while \overline{CS} remains LOW. This allows the host system to enable the device and then move each wiper up and down until the proper trim is attained.

MODE SELECTION

CS	INC	U/D	Mode
L	_	Н	Wiper Up
L	_	L	Wiper Down
	Н	Х	Store Wiper Position
Н	Х	Х	Standby Current
	L	Х	No Store, Return to Standby
_	L	Н	Wiper Up (not recommended)
`	L	L	Wiper Down (not recommended)

SYMBOL TABLE

WAVEFORM	INPUTS	OUTPUTS
	Must be steady	Will be steady
_///	May change from Low to High	Will change from Low to High
	May change from High to Low	Will change from High to Low
	Don't Care: Changes Allowed	Changing: State Not Known
	N/A	Center Line is High Impedance

TSSOP PACKAGING INFORMATION

14-Lead Plastic, TSSOP, Package Code V14





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