

MOS FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR **2SK3456**

SWITCHING N-CHANNEL POWER MOS FET

DESCRIPTION

The 2SK3456 is N-channel DMOS FET device that features a low gate charge and excellent switching characteristics, designed for high voltage applications such as switching power supply, AC adapter.

FEATURES

- Low gate charge
 - $Q_G = 30 \text{ nC TYP.}$ ($V_{DD} = 400 \text{ V}$, $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$, $I_D = 12 \text{ A}$)
- Gate voltage rating ±30 V
- Low on-state resistance

 $R_{DS(on)} = 0.60 \Omega MAX. (V_{GS} = 10 V, I_{D} = 6.0 A)$

- · Avalanche capability ratings
- Surface mount package available

ORDERING INFORMATION

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE		
2SK3456	TO-220AB		
2SK3456-S	TO-262		
2SK3456-ZJ	TO-263		

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (TA = 25°C)

Drain to Source Voltage (Ves = 0 V)	VDSS	500	V
Gate to Source Voltage (V _{DS} = 0 V)	Vgss	±30	V
Drain Current (DC) (Tc = 25°C)	ID(DC)	±12	Α
Drain Current (Pulse) Note1	ID(pulse)	±36	Α
Total Power Dissipation (T _A = 25°C)	P _{T1}	1.5	W
Total Power Dissipation (Tc = 25°C)	P _{T2}	100	W
Channel Temperature	Tch	150	°C
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-55 to +150	°C
Single Avalanche Current Note2	IAS	12	Α
Single Avalanche Energy Note2	Eas	103	mJ

Notes 1. PW \leq 10 μ s, Duty Cycle \leq 1%

2. Starting Tch = 25°C, VDD = 150 V, Rg = 25 Ω , Vgs = 20 \rightarrow 0 V

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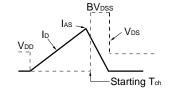


ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (TA = 25°C)

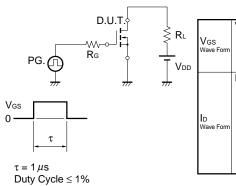
CHARACTERISTICS	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	Ipss	V _{DS} = 500 V, V _{GS} = 0 V			100	μА
Gate Leakage Current	Igss	Vss = ±30 V, Vbs = 0 V			±100	nA
Gate Cut-off Voltage	V _{GS(off)}	V _{DS} = 10 V, I _D = 1 mA	2.5		3.5	V
Forward Transfer Admittance	y fs	V _{DS} = 10 V, I _D = 6.0 A	2.0			S
Drain to Source On-state Resistance	RDS(on)	Vgs = 10 V, ID = 6.0 A		0.48	0.60	Ω
Input Capacitance	Ciss	V _{DS} = 10 V		1620		pF
Output Capacitance	Coss	V _G s = 0 V		250		pF
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	Crss	f = 1 MHz		10		pF
Turn-on Delay Time	td(on)	V _{DD} = 150 V, I _D = 6.0 A		24		ns
Rise Time	tr	V _{GS} = 10 V		18		ns
Turn-off Delay Time	td(off)	R _G = 10 Ω		50		ns
Fall Time	tr			15		ns
Total Gate Charge	Q _G	V _{DD} = 400 V		30		nC
Gate to Source Charge	Q _G s	V _G S = 10 V		9		nC
Gate to Drain Charge	Q _{GD}	lo = 12 A		11		nC
Body Diode Forward Voltage	V _{F(S-D)}	IF = 12 A, VGS = 0 V		1.0		V
Reverse Recovery Time	trr	IF = 12 A, VGS = 0 V		1.5		μs
Reverse Recovery Charge	Qrr	di/dt = 50 A/ μs		11		μC

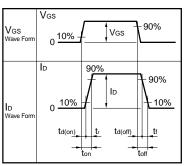
TEST CIRCUIT 1 AVALANCHE CAPABILITY

$\begin{array}{c} \text{D.U.T.} \\ \text{Rg} = 25 \, \Omega \\ \text{Ves} = 20 \rightarrow 0 \, \text{V} \\ \end{array}$



TEST CIRCUIT 2 SWITCHING TIME





TEST CIRCUIT 3 GATE CHARGE

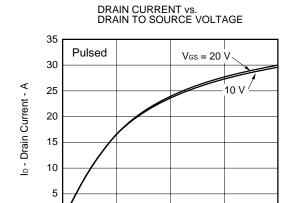
$$\begin{array}{c|c} D.U.T. \\ \hline \\ I_G = 2 \text{ mA} \\ \hline \\ PG. \\ \hline \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} S_{DU} \\ \hline \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} R_L \\ \hline \\ \end{array}$$



0

0

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (TA = 25°C)



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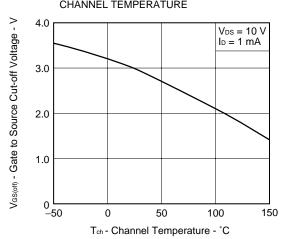


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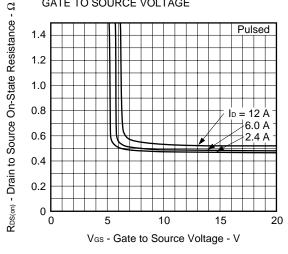
V_{DS} - Drain to Source Voltage - V

30

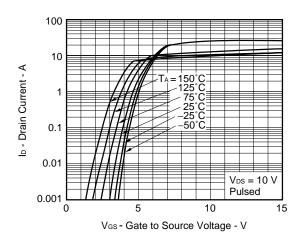
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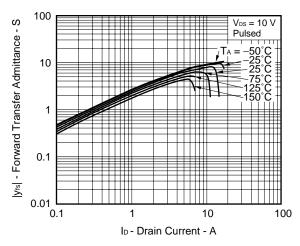
DRAIN TO SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE vs. GATE TO SOURCE VOLTAGE



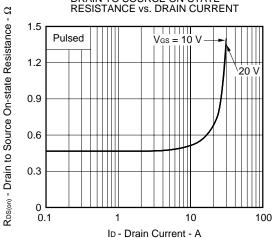
FORWARD TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS

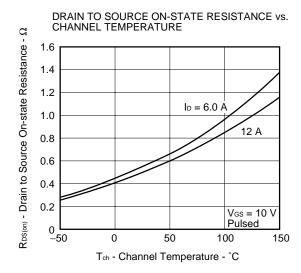


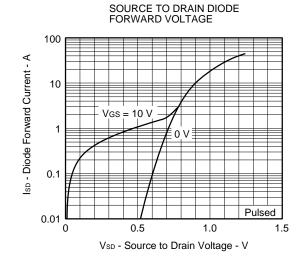
FORWARD TRANSFER ADMITTANCE vs. **DRAIN CURRENT**

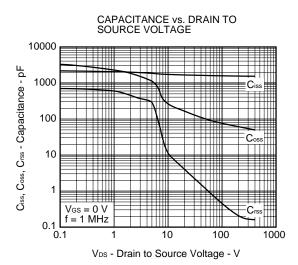


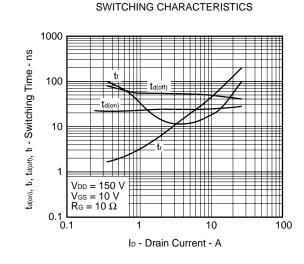
DRAIN TO SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE vs. DRAIN CURRENT

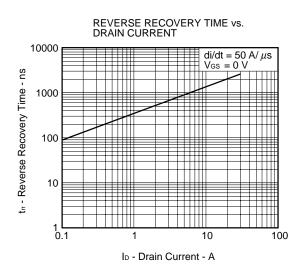


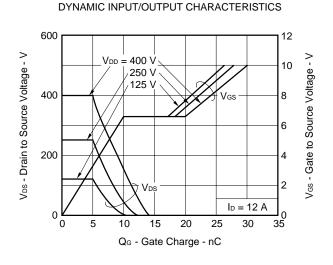




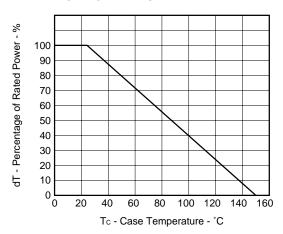




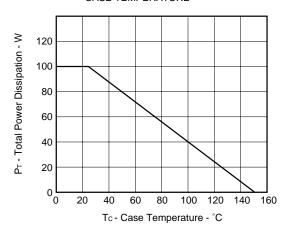




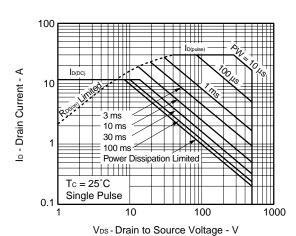
DERATING FACTOR OF FORWARD BIAS SAFE OPERATING AREA



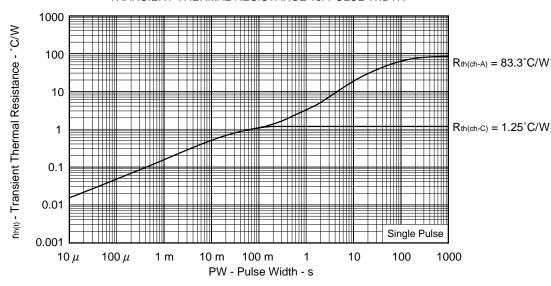
TOTAL POWER DISSIPATION vs. CASE TEMPERATURE



FORWARD BIAS SAFE OPERATING AREA



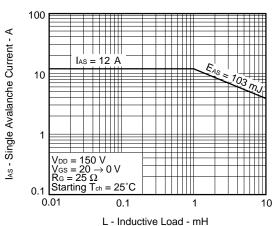
TRANSIENT THERMAL RESISTANCE vs. PULSE WIDTH



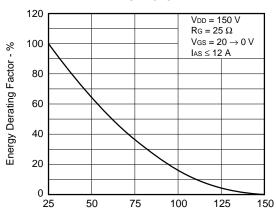
Data Sheet D14753EJ1V0DS

5

SINGLE AVALANCHE CURRENT vs. INDUCTIVE LOAD



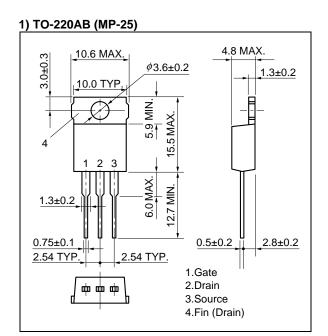
SINGLE AVALANCHE ENERGY DERATING FACTOR

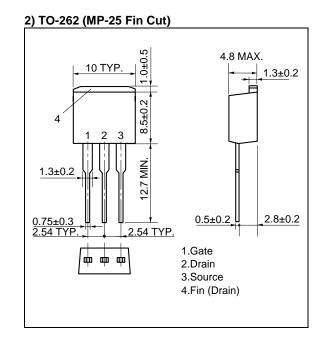


Starting Tch - Starting Channel Temperature - °C

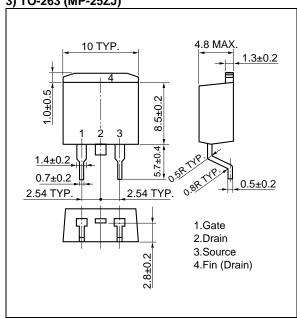


PACKAGE DRAWINGS (Unit: mm)

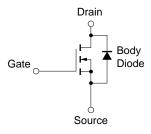




3) TO-263 (MP-25ZJ)



EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT



Remark Strong electric field, when exposed to this device, can cause destruction of the gate oxide and ultimately degrade the device operation. Steps must be taken to stop generation of static electricity as much as possible, and quickly dissipate it once, when it has occurred.

7

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