# DATA SHEET

# 74ALVCH16646

16-bit bus transceiver/register (3-State)

**Product specification** 

1998 Sep 03

IC24 Data Handbook







# 16-bit bus transceiver/register (3-State)

### 74ALVCH16646

### **FEATURES**

- Complies with JEDEC standard no. 8-1A
- CMOS low power consumption
- MULTIBYTE<sup>TM</sup> flow-through pin-out architecture
- Low inductance, multiple V<sub>CC</sub> and ground pins for minimum noise and ground bounce
- Direct interface with TTL levels
- Current drive ± 24 mA at 3.0 V
- Output drive capability 50Ω transmission lines @ 85°C
- All inputs have bushold circuitry

### **DESCRIPTION**

The 74ALVCH16646 consists of 16 non-inverting bus transceiver circuits with 3-State outputs, D-type flip-flops and control circuitry arranged for multiplexed transmission of data directly from the internal registers. Data on the 'A' or 'B' bus will be clocked in the internal registers, as the appropriate clock (CP<sub>AB</sub> or CP<sub>BA</sub>) goes to a HIGH logic level. Output enable ( $\overline{OE}$ ) and direction (DIR) inputs are provided to control the transceiver function. In the transceiver mode, data present at the high-impedance port may be stored in either the 'A' or 'B' register, or in both. The select source inputs (S<sub>AB</sub> and S<sub>BA</sub>) can multiplex stored and real-time (transparent mode) data. The direction (DIR) input determines which bus will receive data when  $\overline{OE}$  is active (LOW). In the isolation mode ( $\overline{OE}$  = HIGH), 'A' data may be stored in the 'B' register and/or 'B' data may be stored in the 'A' register.

When an output function is disabled, the input function is still enabled and may be used to store and transmit data. Only one of the two buses, 'A' or 'B' may be driven at a time.

To ensure the high impedance state during power up or power down,  $\overline{OE}$  should be tied to  $V_{CC}$  through a pullup resistor; the

minimum value of the resistor is determined by the current-sinking/current-sourcing capability of the driver.

Active bus-hold circuitry is provided to hold unused or floating data inputs at a valid logic level.

### **PIN CONFIGURATION**

		1.55
1DIR 1	1 1	1 <del>0</del> E
1CP <sub>AB</sub> 2		1CP <sub>BA</sub>
1S <sub>AB</sub> 3		1S <sub>BA</sub>
GND 4	1 -	GND
1A0 <u>5</u>		1B0
1A1 <u>6</u>		1B1
V <sub>CC</sub> Z		V <sub>CC</sub>
1A2 8	49	1B2
1A3 9		1B3
1A4 10	1 -	1B4
GND 11	46	GND
1A5 12	45	1B5
1A6 1:	44	1B6
1A7 14	43	1B7
2A0 15	42	2B0
2A1 16	41	2B1
2A2 17	40	2B2
GND 18	39	GND
2A3 19	38	2B3
2A4 20	37	2B4
2A5 2:	36	2B5
V <sub>CC</sub> 2	35	V <sub>CC</sub>
2A6 23		2B6
2A7 24	33	2B7
GND 2	32	GND
2S <sub>AB</sub> 26	31	2S <sub>BA</sub>
2CP <sub>AB</sub> 2		2CP <sub>BA</sub>
2DIR 2		2 <del>0E</del>
		21/00044
		SY00011

## QUICK REFERENCE DATA

GND = 0V;  $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ ;  $t_r = t_f \le 2.5$ ns

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDIT	IONS	TYPICAL	UNIT
t <sub>PHL</sub> /t <sub>PLH</sub>	Propagation delay nAx to nBx	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5V, C <sub>L</sub> = 30pF V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3V, C <sub>L</sub> = 50pF	2.6 2.7	ns	
Cı	Input capacitance		3.0	pF	
6	Dawer dissination conscitones not sharped	V CND to V 1	Outputs enabled	36	~F
$C_{PD}$	Power dissipation capacitance per channel	$V_I = GND \text{ to } V_{CC}^1$	4	pF	
F <sub>max</sub>	Maximum clock frequency	$V_{CC} = 2.5V, C_L = 30pF$ $V_{CC} = 3.3V, C_L = 50pF$		300 320	MHz

### NOTES:

 $P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i + \Sigma (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$  where:

 $f_i$  = input frequency in MHz;  $C_L$  = output load capacity in pF;

 $f_0$  = output frequency in MHz;  $V_{CC}$  = supply voltage in V;

### ORDERING INFORMATION

PACKAGES	TEMPERATURE RANGE	OUTSIDE NORTH AMERICA	NORTH AMERICA	DWG NUMBER
56-Pin Plastic TSSOP Type II	-40°C to +85°C	74ALVCH16646 DGG	ACH16646 DGG	SOT364-1

<sup>1.</sup>  $C_{PD}$  is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation ( $P_D$  in  $\mu W$ ):

 $<sup>\</sup>Sigma (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_0) = \text{sum of outputs.}$ 

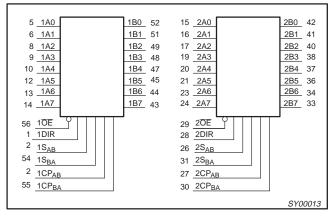
# 16-bit bus transceiver/register (3-State)

# 74ALVCH16646

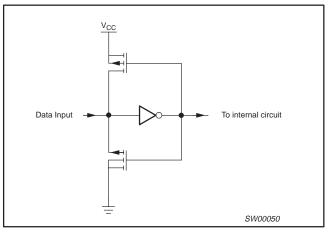
### **PIN DESCRIPTION**

PIN NUMBER	SYMBOL	NAME AND FUNCTION				
1, 28	nDIR	Direction control input				
2, 27	nCP <sub>AB</sub>	Clock input A-to-B				
3, 26	nS <sub>AB</sub>	Select input A-to-B				
5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 12, 13, 14	1A0 to 1A7	Data inputs/outputs				
4, 11, 18, 25, 32, 39, 46, 53	GND	Ground (0V)				
7, 22, 35, 50	V <sub>CC</sub>	Positive supply voltage				
15, 16, 17, 19, 20, 21, 23, 24	2A0 to 2A7	Data inputs/outputs				
29, 56	nOE	Output enable				
30, 55	nCP <sub>BA</sub>	Clock input B-to-A				
31, 54	nS <sub>BA</sub>	Select input B-to-A				
42, 41, 40, 38, 37, 36, 34, 33 2B0 to 2B7		Data inputs/outputs				
52, 51, 49, 48, 47, 45, 44, 43	1B0 to 1B7	Data inputs/outputs				

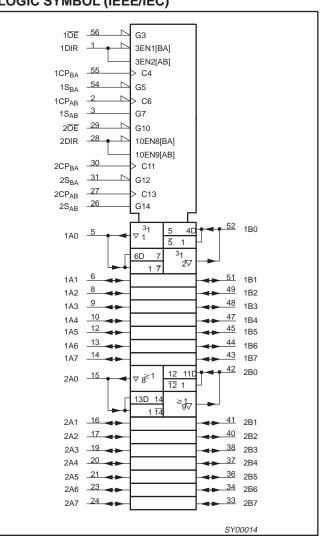
### LOGIC SYMBOL



### **BUSHOLD CIRCUIT**



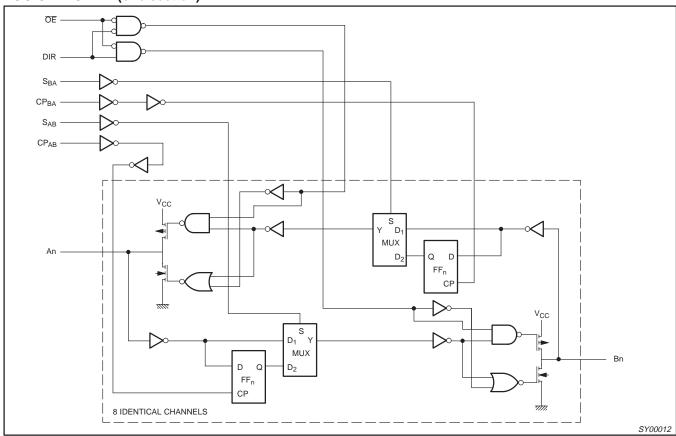
### LOGIC SYMBOL (IEEE/IEC)



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### **LOGIC DIAGRAM (one section)**



## **FUNCTION TABLE**

	INPUTS						\ I/O *	FUNCTION
nOE	nDIR	nCP <sub>AB</sub>	nCP <sub>BA</sub>	nS <sub>AB</sub>	nS <sub>BA</sub>	nAx	nBx	TONCTION
X	X	↑ X	X ↑	X X	X X	input un*	un* input	store A, B unspecified* store B, A unspecified*
H H	X X	↑ H or L	↑ H or L	X X	X X	input	input	store A and B data, isolation hold storage
L L	L L	X X	X H or L	X X	L H	output	input	real-time B data to A bus stored B data to A bus
L L	H H	X H or L	X X	L H	X X	input	output	real-time A data to B bus stored A data to B bus

The data output functions may be enabled or disabled by various signals at the  $\overline{OE}$  and DIR inputs. Data input functions are always enabled, i.e., data at the bus inputs will be stored on every LOW-to-HIGH transition on the clock inputs.

H

= HIGH voltage level = LOW voltage level

X ↑ = don't care

= LOW-to-HIGH level transition

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### **RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS**

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	LIM	ITS	UNIT		
STWIBUL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	MAX	Oitiii		
V	DC supply voltage 2.5V range (for max. speed performance @ 30 pF output load)		2.3	2.7	V		
Vcc	DC supply voltage 3.3V range (for max. speed performance @ 50 pF output load)		3.0	3.6	V		
VI	DC Input voltage range		0	V <sub>CC</sub>	V		
Vo	DC output voltage range		0	V <sub>CC</sub>	V		
T <sub>amb</sub>	Operating free-air temperature range		-40	+85	°C		
t <sub>r</sub> , t <sub>f</sub>	Input rise and fall times	$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ to } 3.0 \text{V}$ $V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ to } 3.6 \text{V}$	0 0	20 10	ns/V		

### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 134) Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0V)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	RATING	UNIT
V <sub>CC</sub>	DC supply voltage		-0.5 to +4.6	V
I <sub>IK</sub>	DC input diode current	V <sub>1</sub> < 0	-50	mA
V	DC input voltoge	For control pins <sup>1</sup>	-0.5 to +4.6	V
VI	DC input voltage	For data inputs <sup>1</sup>		l v
I <sub>OK</sub>	DC output diode current	$V_{O} > V_{CC}$ or $V_{O} < 0$	±50	mA
V <sub>O</sub>	DC output voltage	Note 1	-0.5 to V <sub>CC</sub> +0.5	V
I <sub>O</sub>	DC output source or sink current	$V_O = 0$ to $V_{CC}$	±50	mA
I <sub>GND</sub> , I <sub>CC</sub>	DC V <sub>CC</sub> or GND current		± 100	mA
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature range		-65 to +150	°C
P <sub>TOT</sub>	Power dissipation per package –plastic thin-medium-shrink (TSSOP)	For temperature range: –40 to +125 °C above +55°C derate linearly with 11.3 mW/K above +55°C derate linearly with 8 mW/K	850 600	mW

# NOTE:

<sup>1.</sup> The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

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# DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Over recommended operating conditions. Voltage are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

				LIMITS		
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	Temp :	= -40°C to +8	5°C	UNIT
			MIN	TYP <sup>1</sup>	MAX	1
.,		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 to 2.7V	1.7	1.2		,,
$V_{IH}$	HIGH level Input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 to 3.6V	2.0	1.5		٧
.,	LOW boot boot only	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 to 2.7V		1.2	0.7	V
$V_{IL}$	LOW level Input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 to 3.6V		1.5	0.8	1 '
		$V_{CC}$ = 2.3 to 3.6V; $V_I$ = $V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$ ; $I_O$ = $-100\mu A$	V <sub>CC</sub> -0.2	V <sub>CC</sub>		
		$V_{CC} = 2.3V$ ; $V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$ ; $I_O = -6$ mA	V <sub>CC</sub> -0.3	V <sub>CC</sub> -0.08		1
V	HIGH level output voltage	$V_{CC} = 2.3V$ ; $V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$ ; $I_O = -12mA$	V <sub>CC</sub> -0.6	V <sub>CC</sub> -0.26		V
$V_{OH}$	VOH THOTTIEVELOUIPUL VOILage	$V_{CC} = 2.7V$ ; $V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$ ; $I_O = -12mA$	V <sub>CC</sub> _0.5	V <sub>CC</sub> _0.14		1 '
		$V_{CC} = 3.0V$ ; $V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$ ; $I_O = -12mA$	V <sub>CC</sub> -0.09			
		$V_{CC} = 3.0V$ ; $V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$ ; $I_O = -24$ mA	V <sub>CC</sub> -1.0	V <sub>CC</sub> -0.28		1
		$V_{CC}$ = 2.3 to 3.6V; $V_I$ = $V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$ ; $I_O$ = 100 $\mu$ A		GND	0.20	٧
			0.07	0.40	V	
$V_{OL}$	LOW level output voltage	$V_{CC} = 2.3V$ ; $V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$ ; $I_O = 12mA$		0.15	0.70	
		$V_{CC} = 2.7V$ ; $V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$ ; $I_O = 12mA$		0.14	0.40	V
		$V_{CC} = 3.0V$ ; $V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$ ; $I_O = 24mA$		0.27	0.55	
I <sub>I</sub>	Input leakage current	$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ to } 3.6V;$ $V_I = V_{CC} \text{ or GND}$		0.1	5	μА
I <sub>OZ</sub>	3-State output OFF-state current	$V_{CC}$ = 2.7 to 3.6V; $V_I$ = $V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$ ; $V_O$ = $V_{CC}$ or GND		0.1	10	μА
I <sub>CC</sub>	Quiescent supply current	$V_{CC} = 2.3$ to 3.6V; $V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND; $I_O = 0$		0.2	40	μΑ
Δl <sub>CC</sub>	Additional quiescent supply current	$V_{CC} = 2.3V$ to 3.6V; $V_I = V_{CC} - 0.6V$ ; $I_O = 0$		150	750	μΑ
	Due hold I OW quetoining gurrent	$V_{CC} = 2.3V; V_I = 0.7V^2$	45	-		
I <sub>BHL</sub>	Bus hold LOW sustaining current	$V_{CC} = 3.0V; V_I = 0.8V^2$	75	150		μΑ
I=	Bus hold HIGH sustaining current	$V_{CC} = 2.3V; V_I = 1.7V^2$	-45			
Івнн	Bus now fight sustaining current	$V_{CC} = 3.0V; V_I = 2.0V^2$	-75	-175		μΑ
I <sub>BHLO</sub>	Bus hold LOW overdrive current	$V_{CC} = 3.6V^2$	500			μΑ
I <sub>BHHO</sub>	Bus hold HIGH overdrive current	$V_{CC} = 3.6V^2$	-500			μΑ

- NOTES:

  1. All typical values are at T<sub>amb</sub> = 25°C.

  2. Valid for data inputs of bus hold parts.

# 16-bit bus transceiver/register (3-State)

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# AC CHARACTERISTICS FOR $V_{CC}$ = 2.3V TO 2.7V RANGE GND = 0V; $t_{\rm f}$ = $t_{\rm f}$ $\leq$ 2.0ns; $C_{\rm L}$ = 30pF

				LIMITS		
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	V	<sub>CC</sub> = 2.5V ± 0.2	2V	UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	1
	Propagation delay nAx to nBx, nBx to nAx	1	1.0	2.7	4.8	
t <sub>PLH</sub> /t <sub>PHL</sub>	Propagation delay nCP <sub>AB</sub> to nBx, nCP <sub>BA</sub> to nAx	3	1.0	3.4	5.6	ns
	Propagation delay nS <sub>AB</sub> to nBx, nS <sub>BA</sub> to nAx	2	1.0	3.4	6.8	]
t <sub>PZH</sub> /t <sub>PZL</sub>	3-State output enable time nOE to nAx, nBx	4	1.0	3.3	6.5	ns
t <sub>PHZ</sub> /t <sub>PLZ</sub>	3-State output disable time nOE to nAx, nBx	4	1.6	2.8	5.7	ns
t <sub>PZH</sub> /t <sub>PZL</sub>	3-State output enable time nDIR to nAx, nBx	5	1.0	3.4	7.8	ns
t <sub>PHZ</sub> /t <sub>PLZ</sub>	3-State output disable time nDIR to nAx, nBx	5	1.5	3.0	6.5	ns
t <sub>W</sub>	Pulse width HIGH or LOW nCP <sub>AB,</sub> nCP <sub>BA</sub>	3	3.3	1.2		ns
t <sub>SU</sub>	Set up time nAx to nCP <sub>AB</sub> , nBx to nCP <sub>BA</sub>	3	1.6	0.2		ns
t <sub>h</sub>	Hold time nAx to nCP <sub>AB</sub> , nBx to nCP <sub>BA</sub>	3	0.6	0.1		ns
F <sub>max</sub>	Maximum clock pulse frequency	3	150	300		MHz

# AC CHARACTERISTICS FOR $V_{CC}$ = 3.0V TO 3.6V RANGE AND $V_{CC}$ = 2.7V

GND = 0V;  $t_r = t_f = 2.5 \text{ns}$ ;  $C_L = 50 \text{pF}$ 

			LIMITS						
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	WAVEFORM	Vcc	= 3.3V ± 0	0.3V	١ ١	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7	<b>V</b>	UNIT
			MIN	TYP <sup>1</sup> , <sup>2</sup>	MAX	MIN	TYP <sup>1</sup>	MAX	1
t <sub>PHL</sub> /t <sub>PLH</sub>	Propagation delay nAx to nBx, nBx to nAx	1	1.0	2.6	3.9	1.0	2.8	4.5	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub> /t <sub>PLH</sub>	Propagation delay nCP <sub>AB</sub> to nBx, nCP <sub>BA</sub> to nAx	3	1.4	2.9	4.5	1.4	3.1	5.2	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub> /t <sub>PLH</sub>	Propagation delay nSAB to nBx, nSBA to nAx	2	1.3	3.1	5.3	1.3	3.5	6.4	ns
t <sub>PZH</sub> /t <sub>PZL</sub>	3-State output enable time nOE to nAx, nBx	4	1.0	2.3	5.1	1.0	3.2	6.2	ns
t <sub>PHZ</sub> /t <sub>PLZ</sub>	3-State output disable time nOE to nAx, nBx	4	1.0	2.9	4.7	1.0	3.1	5.0	ns
t <sub>PZH</sub> /t <sub>PZL</sub>	3-State output enable time nDIR to nAx, nBx	5	1.4	3.0	5.1	1.4	3.4	6.2	ns
t <sub>PHZ</sub> /t <sub>PLZ</sub>	3-State output disable time nDIR to nAx, nBx	5	1.4	2.5	5.3	1.4	3.3	6.0	ns
$t_{W}$	Pulse width HIGH or LOW nCP <sub>AB</sub> , nCP <sub>BA</sub>	3	3.3	0.7		3.3	1.0		ns
t <sub>SU</sub>	Set up time nAx to nCP <sub>AB</sub> , nBx to nCP <sub>BA</sub>	3	1.4	0.3		1.7	0.2		ns
t <sub>h</sub>	Hold time nAx to nCP <sub>AB</sub> , nBx to nCP <sub>BA</sub>	3	0.7	0.2		0.4	0.1		ns
F <sub>max</sub>	Maximum clock pulse frequency	3	150	320		150	320		MHz

- All typical values are at T<sub>amb</sub> = 25°C.
   V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3V

<sup>1.</sup> All typical values are at  $V_{CC}$  = 2.5V and  $T_{amb}$  = 25°C.

# 16-bit bus transceiver/register (3-State)

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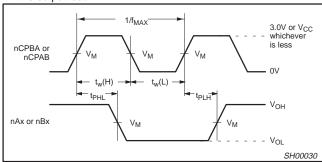
### **AC WAVEFORMS**

# V<sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 TO 2.7 V RANGE

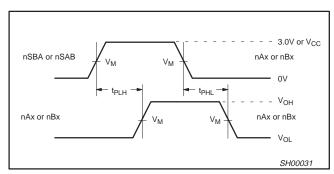
- $V_{M} = 0.5 V$
- 2.  $V_X^{(i)} = V_{OL} + 0.15V$
- 3.  $V_Y = V_{OH} 0.15V$
- 4.  $V_I = V_{CC}$
- 5.  $V_{OL}$  and  $V_{OH}$  are the typical output voltage drop that occur with the output load.

# $V_{CC}$ = 3.0 TO 3.6 V RANGE AND $V_{CC}$ = 2.7 V 1. $V_{M}$ = 1.5 V

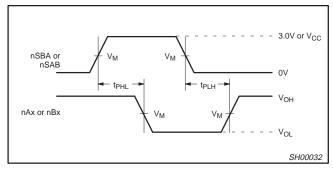
- 2.  $V_X = V_{OL} + 0.3V$
- 3.  $V_Y = V_{OH} 0.3V$ 4.  $V_I = 2.7 V$
- 5.  $\dot{V_{OL}}$  and  $\dot{V_{OH}}$  are the typical output voltage drop that occur with the output load.



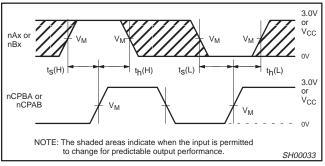
Waveform 1. Propagation Delay, Clock Input to Output, Clock Pulse Width, and Maximum Clock Frequency



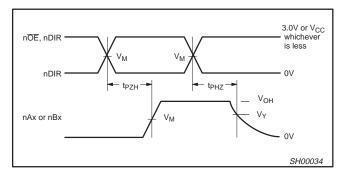
Waveform 2. Propagation Delay, nSAB to nBx or nSBA to nAx, nAx to nBx or nBx to nAx



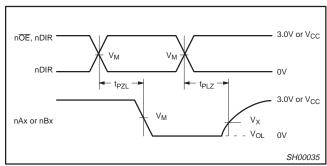
Waveform 3. Propagation Delay, nSBA to nAx or nSAB to nBx



Waveform 4. Data Setup and Hold Times

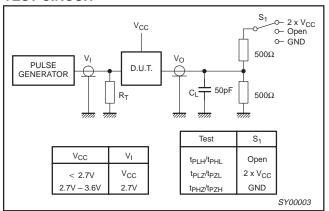


Waveform 5. 3-State Output Enable Time to High Level and **Output Disable Time from High Level** 



Waveform 6. 3-State Output Enable Time to Low Level and **Output Disable Time from Low Level** 

### **TEST CIRCUIT**

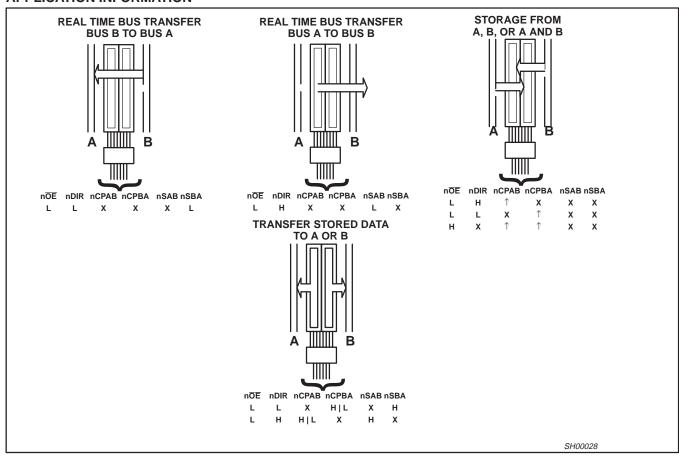


Load circuitry for switching times

# 16-bit bus transceiver/register (3-State)

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### **APPLICATION INFORMATION**

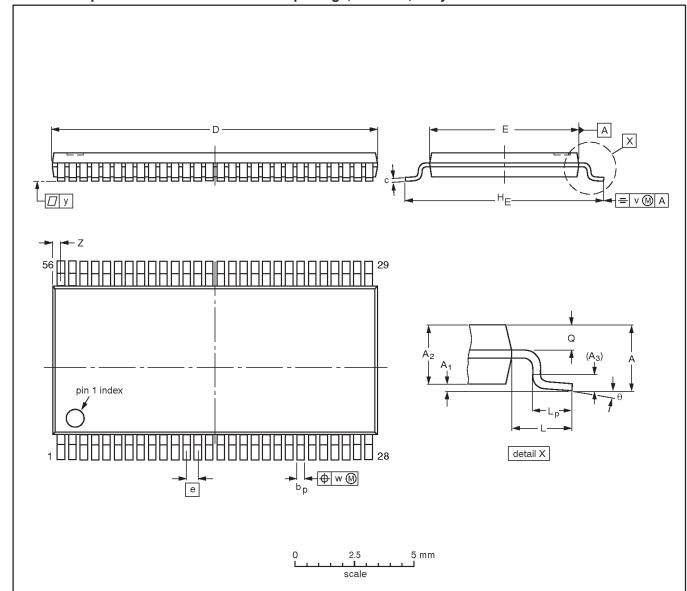


# 16-bit bus transceiver/register (3-State)

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# TSSOP56: plastic thin shrink small outline package; 56 leads; body width 6.1mm

SOT364-1



### DIMENSIONS (mm are the original dimensions).

UNIT	A max.	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>3</sub>	bp	С	D <sup>(1)</sup>	E <sup>(2)</sup>	е	HE	L	Lp	Q	v	w	у	Z	θ
mm	1.2	0.15 0.05	1.05 0.85	0.25	0.28 0.17	0.2 0.1	14.1 13.9	6.2 6.0	0.5	8.3 7.9	1.0	0.8 0.4	0.50 0.35	0.25	0.08	0.1	0.5 0.1	8° 0°

### Notes

- 1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15 mm maximum per side are not included.
- 2. Plastic interlead protrusions of 0.25 mm maximum per side are not included.

OUTLINE		REFER	EUROPEAN	ISSUE DATE		
VERSION	IEC	JEDEC	EIAJ		PROJECTION	ISSUE DATE
SOT364-1		MO-153EE				<del>-93-02-03</del> 95-02-10

# 16-bit bus transceiver/register (3-State)

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# **NOTES**

# 16-bit bus transceiver/register (3-State)

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#### Data sheet status

Data sheet status	Product status	Definition [1]
Objective specification	Development	This data sheet contains the design target or goal specifications for product development.  Specification may change in any manner without notice.
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