#### 查询CY7C1371C-117AI供应商

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## CY7C1371C <u>CY7C1373C</u>

# 18-Mbit (512K x 36/1M x 18) Flow-Through SRAM with NoBL<sup>™</sup> Architecture

### Features

 No Bus Latency<sup>™</sup> (NoBL<sup>™</sup>) architecture eliminates dead cycles between write and read cycles

PRESS

- Can support up to 133-MHz bus operations with zero
  wait states
  - Data is transferred on every clock
- Pin compatible and functionally equivalent to ZBT™ devices
- Internally self-timed output buffer control to eliminate the need to use OE
- · Registered inputs for flow-through operation
- Byte Write capability
- 3.3V/2.5V I/O power supply
- Fast clock-to-output times
- 6.5 ns (for 133-MHz device)
- 7.5 ns (for 117-MHz device)
- 8.5 ns (for 100-MHz device)
- Clock Enable (CEN) pin to enable clock and suspend operation
- Synchronous self-timed writes
- Asynchronous Output Enable
- Offered in JEDEC-standard 100 TQFP, 119-Ball BGA and 165-Ball fBGA packages
- Three chip enables for simple depth expansion
- Automatic Power-down feature available using ZZ mode or CE deselect
- JTAG boundary scan for BGA and fBGA packages
- Burst Capability—linear or interleaved burst order
- · Low standby power

#### Selection Guide

### Functional Description<sup>[1]</sup>

The CY7C1371C/CY7C1373C is a 3.3V, 512K x 36/ 1M x 18 Synchronous Flow-through Burst SRAM designed specifically to support unlimited true back-to-back Read/Write operations without the insertion of wait states. The CY7C1371C/ CY7C1373C is equipped with the advanced No Bus Latency<sup>TM</sup> (NoBL<sup>TM</sup>) logic required to enable consecutive Read/Write operations with data being transferred on every clock cycle. This feature dramatically improves the throughput of data through the SRAM, especially in systems that require frequent Write-Read transitions.

All synchronous inputs pass through input registers controlled by the rising edge of the clock. The clock input is qualified by the Clock Enable (CEN) signal, which when deasserted suspends operation and extends the previous clock cycle. Maximum access delay from the clock rise is 6.5 ns (133-MHz device).

Write operations are controlled by the two or four Byte Write Select  $(BW_X)$  and a Write Enable (WE) input. All writes are conducted with on-chip synchronous self-timed write circuitry.

Three synchronous Chip Enables  $(\overline{CE}_1, CE_2, \overline{CE}_3)$  and an asynchronous Output Enable  $(\overline{OE})$  provide for easy bank selection and output tri-state control. In order to avoid bus contention, the output drivers are synchronously tri-stated during the data portion of a write sequence.



|                              | 133 MHz | 117 MHz | 100 MHz | Unit |
|------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|------|
| Maximum Access Time          | 6.5     | 7.5     | 8.5     | ns   |
| Maximum Operating Current    | 210     | 190     | 175     | mA   |
| Maximum CMOS Standby Current | 70      | 70      | 70      | mA   |

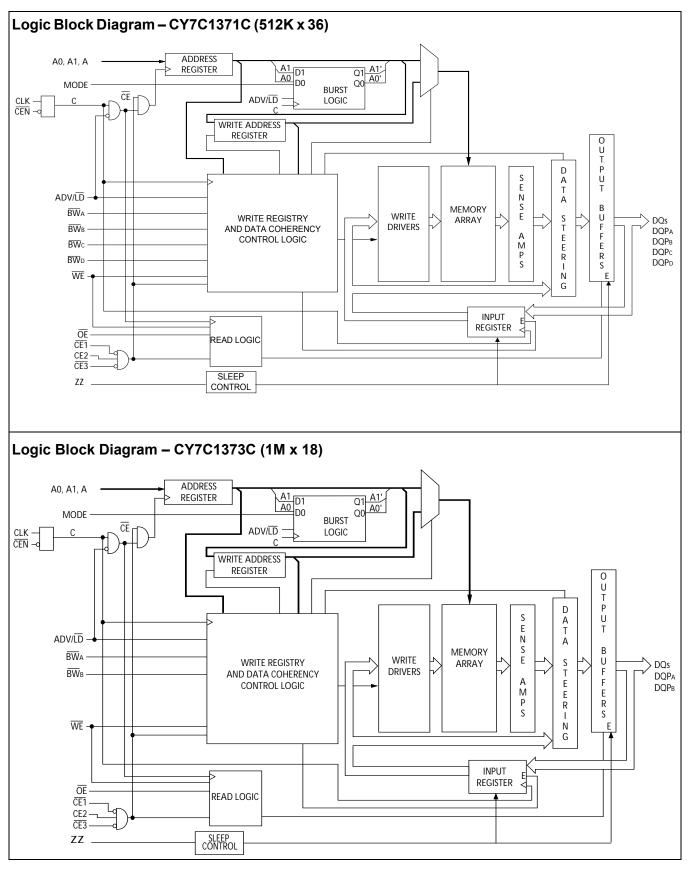
Notes:

1. For best-practices recommendations, please refer to the Cypress application note System Design Guidelines on www.cypress.com.



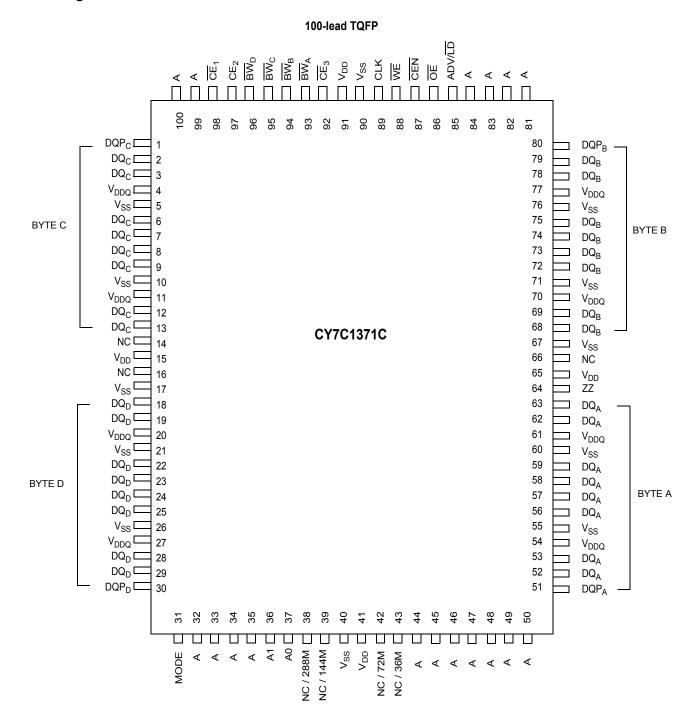
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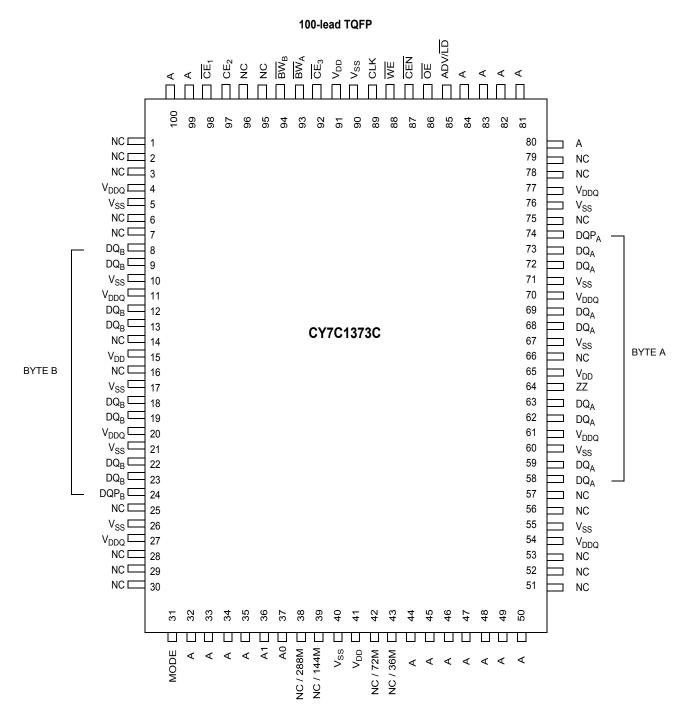


### **Pin Configurations**





### Pin Configurations (continued)





## Pin Configurations (continued)

|   | CY7C1371C (512K x 36) |                  |                 |                 |                 |                   |                  |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|-----------------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------------|------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
|   | 1                     | 2                | 3               | 4               | 5               | 6                 | 7                |  |  |  |  |  |
| Α | V <sub>DDQ</sub>      | A                | А               | А               | А               | A                 | V <sub>DDQ</sub> |  |  |  |  |  |
| В | NC                    | CE <sub>2</sub>  | А               | ADV/LD          | А               | $\overline{CE}_3$ | NC               |  |  |  |  |  |
| С | NC                    | Α                | А               | $V_{DD}$        | А               | A                 | NC               |  |  |  |  |  |
| D | DQ <sub>C</sub>       | DQP <sub>C</sub> | $V_{SS}$        | NC              | $V_{SS}$        | DQPB              | DQB              |  |  |  |  |  |
| E | DQ <sub>C</sub>       | DQ <sub>C</sub>  | V <sub>SS</sub> | CE <sub>1</sub> | V <sub>SS</sub> | DQB               | DQB              |  |  |  |  |  |
| F | $V_{DDQ}$             | DQ <sub>C</sub>  | $V_{SS}$        | OE              | $V_{SS}$        | DQB               | $V_{DDQ}$        |  |  |  |  |  |
| G | DQ <sub>C</sub>       | DQ <sub>C</sub>  | BW <sub>C</sub> | А               | BWB             | DQB               | DQB              |  |  |  |  |  |
| н | DQ <sub>C</sub>       | DQ <sub>C</sub>  | $V_{SS}$        | WE              | $V_{SS}$        | DQB               | DQ <sub>B</sub>  |  |  |  |  |  |
| J | V <sub>DDQ</sub>      | V <sub>DD</sub>  | NC              | V <sub>DD</sub> | NC              | V <sub>DD</sub>   | $V_{DDQ}$        |  |  |  |  |  |
| к | $DQ_D$                | $DQ_D$           | $V_{SS}$        | CLK             | $V_{SS}$        | DQA               | DQA              |  |  |  |  |  |
| L | $DQ_D$                | DQD              | BWD             | NC              | BWA             | DQA               | DQA              |  |  |  |  |  |
| М | V <sub>DDQ</sub>      | DQD              | $V_{SS}$        | CEN             | $V_{SS}$        | DQA               | V <sub>DDQ</sub> |  |  |  |  |  |
| N | $DQ_D$                | DQD              | $V_{SS}$        | A1              | $V_{SS}$        | DQA               | DQA              |  |  |  |  |  |
| Р | DQD                   | DQPD             | $V_{SS}$        | A0              | $V_{SS}$        | DQPA              | DQ <sub>A</sub>  |  |  |  |  |  |
| R | NC                    | A                | MODE            | V <sub>DD</sub> | NC              | A                 | NC               |  |  |  |  |  |
| Т | NC                    | NC / 72M         | А               | А               | А               | NC / 36M          | ZZ               |  |  |  |  |  |
| U | $V_{DDQ}$             | TMS              | TDI             | TCK             | TDO             | NC                | $V_{DDQ}$        |  |  |  |  |  |

# 119-ball BGA (3 Chip Enables with JTAG)

### CY7C1373C (1M x 18)

|   | 1                | 2               | 3               | 4                 | 5               | 6                | 7                |
|---|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|
| Α | V <sub>DDQ</sub> | Α               | Α               | Α                 | А               | А                | V <sub>DDQ</sub> |
| В | NC               | CE <sub>2</sub> | Α               | ADV/LD            | А               | CE <sub>3</sub>  | NC               |
| С | NC               | А               | Α               | V <sub>DD</sub>   | А               | А                | NC               |
| D | DQB              | NC              | V <sub>SS</sub> | NC                | $V_{SS}$        | DQP <sub>A</sub> | NC               |
| Е | NC               | $DQ_B$          | V <sub>SS</sub> | $\overline{CE}_1$ | $V_{SS}$        | NC               | DQ <sub>A</sub>  |
| F | V <sub>DDQ</sub> | NC              | V <sub>SS</sub> | OE                | $V_{SS}$        | DQ <sub>A</sub>  | $V_{DDQ}$        |
| G | NC               | DQ <sub>B</sub> | BWB             | Α                 | V <sub>SS</sub> | NC               | DQ <sub>A</sub>  |
| н | DQB              | NC              | $V_{SS}$        | WE                | $V_{SS}$        | DQ <sub>A</sub>  | NC               |
| J | V <sub>DDQ</sub> | $V_{DD}$        | NC              | V <sub>DD</sub>   | NC              | $V_{DD}$         | $V_{DDQ}$        |
| K | NC               | $DQ_B$          | $V_{SS}$        | CLK               | $V_{SS}$        | NC               | DQA              |
| L | DQB              | NC              | V <sub>SS</sub> | NC                | BWA             | DQ <sub>A</sub>  | NC               |
| Μ | V <sub>DDQ</sub> | $DQ_B$          | V <sub>SS</sub> | CEN               | $V_{SS}$        | NC               | $V_{DDQ}$        |
| Ν | DQB              | NC              | V <sub>SS</sub> | A1                | V <sub>SS</sub> | DQ <sub>A</sub>  | NC               |
| Р | NC               | DQPB            | V <sub>SS</sub> | A0                | $V_{SS}$        | NC               | DQ <sub>A</sub>  |
| R | NC               | А               | MODE            | V <sub>DD</sub>   | NC              | А                | NC               |
| Т | NC / 72M         | А               | А               | NC / 36M          | А               | А                | ZZ               |
| U | V <sub>DDQ</sub> | TMS             | TDI             | TCK               | TDO             | NC               | $V_{DDQ}$        |



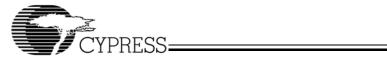
## Pin Configurations (continued)

|   | C17C1371C (512K x 36) |                 |                  |                 |                 |                   |                 |                 |                  |                 |                 |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
|   | 1                     | 2               | 3                | 4               | 5               | 6                 | 7               | 8               | 9                | 10              | 11              |
| Α | NC / 288M             | А               | CE <sub>1</sub>  | BW <sub>C</sub> | BWB             | $\overline{CE}_3$ | CEN             | ADV/LD          | А                | А               | NC              |
| В | NC                    | А               | CE2              | BWD             | BWA             | CLK               | WE              | OE              | А                | А               | NC / 144M       |
| С | DQP <sub>C</sub>      | NC              | $V_{DDQ}$        | V <sub>SS</sub> | $V_{SS}$        | V <sub>SS</sub>   | $V_{SS}$        | V <sub>SS</sub> | V <sub>DDQ</sub> | NC              | DQPB            |
| D | DQ <sub>C</sub>       | DQ <sub>C</sub> | $V_{DDQ}$        | V <sub>DD</sub> | $V_{SS}$        | $V_{SS}$          | $V_{SS}$        | V <sub>DD</sub> | $V_{DDQ}$        | $DQ_B$          | DQ <sub>B</sub> |
| Е | DQ <sub>C</sub>       | DQ <sub>C</sub> | $V_{DDQ}$        | V <sub>DD</sub> | $V_{SS}$        | V <sub>SS</sub>   | $V_{SS}$        | V <sub>DD</sub> | V <sub>DDQ</sub> | $DQ_B$          | DQ <sub>B</sub> |
| F | DQ <sub>C</sub>       | $DQ_C$          | $V_{DDQ}$        | V <sub>DD</sub> | $V_{SS}$        | $V_{SS}$          | $V_{SS}$        | V <sub>DD</sub> | V <sub>DDQ</sub> | $DQ_B$          | DQ <sub>B</sub> |
| G | DQ <sub>C</sub>       | DQ <sub>C</sub> | $V_{DDQ}$        | V <sub>DD</sub> | $V_{SS}$        | $V_{SS}$          | $V_{SS}$        | V <sub>DD</sub> | $V_{DDQ}$        | $DQ_B$          | DQ <sub>B</sub> |
| Н | NC                    | NC / $V_{DD}$   | NC               | V <sub>DD</sub> | V <sub>SS</sub> | $V_{SS}$          | $V_{SS}$        | V <sub>DD</sub> | NC               | NC              | ZZ              |
| J | $DQ_D$                | $DQ_D$          | $V_{DDQ}$        | V <sub>DD</sub> | $V_{SS}$        | $V_{SS}$          | $V_{SS}$        | V <sub>DD</sub> | $V_{DDQ}$        | DQ <sub>A</sub> | DQA             |
| κ | DQD                   | DQ <sub>D</sub> | $V_{DDQ}$        | V <sub>DD</sub> | $V_{SS}$        | $V_{SS}$          | $V_{SS}$        | V <sub>DD</sub> | $V_{DDQ}$        | DQ <sub>A</sub> | DQ <sub>A</sub> |
| L | DQD                   | $DQ_D$          | $V_{DDQ}$        | V <sub>DD</sub> | $V_{SS}$        | $V_{SS}$          | $V_{SS}$        | V <sub>DD</sub> | $V_{DDQ}$        | DQ <sub>A</sub> | DQ <sub>A</sub> |
| М | DQD                   | $DQ_D$          | $V_{DDQ}$        | V <sub>DD</sub> | V <sub>SS</sub> | V <sub>SS</sub>   | V <sub>SS</sub> | V <sub>DD</sub> | V <sub>DDQ</sub> | DQ <sub>A</sub> | DQ <sub>A</sub> |
| Ν | DQPD                  | NC              | V <sub>DDQ</sub> | V <sub>SS</sub> | NC              | NC                | NC              | V <sub>SS</sub> | V <sub>DDQ</sub> | NC              | DQPA            |
| Р | NC                    | NC / 72M        | А                | Α               | TDI             | A1                | TDO             | Α               | А                | А               | NC              |
| R | MODE                  | NC / 36M        | А                | А               | TMS             | A0                | TCK             | Α               | А                | А               | А               |

### 165-ball fBGA (3 Chip enable with JTAG) CY7C1371C (512K x 36)

### CY7C1373C (1M x 18)

|   | 1         | 2             | 3                | 4               | 5               | 6               | 7               | 8               | 9                | 10              | 11              |
|---|-----------|---------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Α | NC / 288M | А             | CE <sub>1</sub>  | BWB             | NC              | CE <sub>3</sub> | CEN             | ADV/LD          | А                | А               | А               |
| В | NC        | А             | CE2              | NC              | BWA             | CLK             | WE              | OE              | А                | А               | NC / 144M       |
| С | NC        | NC            | $V_{DDQ}$        | V <sub>SS</sub> | V <sub>DDQ</sub> | NC              | DQPA            |
| D | NC        | DQB           | $V_{DDQ}$        | $V_{DD}$        | $V_{SS}$        | $V_{SS}$        | $V_{SS}$        | V <sub>DD</sub> | $V_{DDQ}$        | NC              | DQ <sub>A</sub> |
| Е | NC        | DQB           | $V_{DDQ}$        | V <sub>DD</sub> | $V_{SS}$        | V <sub>SS</sub> | V <sub>SS</sub> | V <sub>DD</sub> | V <sub>DDQ</sub> | NC              | DQ <sub>A</sub> |
| F | NC        | DQB           | V <sub>DDQ</sub> | V <sub>DD</sub> | $V_{SS}$        | $V_{SS}$        | $V_{SS}$        | V <sub>DD</sub> | V <sub>DDQ</sub> | NC              | DQA             |
| G | NC        | DQB           | $V_{DDQ}$        | V <sub>DD</sub> | $V_{SS}$        | $V_{SS}$        | $V_{SS}$        | V <sub>DD</sub> | $V_{DDQ}$        | NC              | DQA             |
| Н | NC        | NC / $V_{DD}$ | NC               | $V_{DD}$        | $V_{SS}$        | V <sub>SS</sub> | $V_{SS}$        | V <sub>DD</sub> | NC               | NC              | ZZ              |
| J | DQB       | NC            | $V_{DDQ}$        | $V_{DD}$        | $V_{SS}$        | $V_{SS}$        | $V_{SS}$        | V <sub>DD</sub> | $V_{DDQ}$        | DQ <sub>A</sub> | NC              |
| K | DQB       | NC            | $V_{DDQ}$        | V <sub>DD</sub> | $V_{SS}$        | $V_{SS}$        | $V_{SS}$        | V <sub>DD</sub> | $V_{DDQ}$        | DQ <sub>A</sub> | NC              |
| L | DQB       | NC            | $V_{DDQ}$        | V <sub>DD</sub> | $V_{SS}$        | $V_{SS}$        | $V_{SS}$        | V <sub>DD</sub> | $V_{DDQ}$        | DQ <sub>A</sub> | NC              |
| Μ | DQB       | NC            | $V_{DDQ}$        | V <sub>DD</sub> | $V_{SS}$        | $V_{SS}$        | V <sub>SS</sub> | V <sub>DD</sub> | V <sub>DDQ</sub> | DQ <sub>A</sub> | NC              |
| Ν | DQPB      | NC            | $V_{DDQ}$        | V <sub>SS</sub> | NC              | NC              | NC              | V <sub>SS</sub> | $V_{DDQ}$        | NC              | NC              |
| Р | NC        | NC / 72M      | А                | А               | TDI             | A1              | TDO             | A               | А                | А               | NC              |
| R | MODE      | NC / 36M      | А                | А               | TMS             | A0              | TCK             | А               | А                | А               | A               |



## CY7C1371C–Pin Definitions

| Name  | TQFP  | BGA  | fBGA  | I/O                    | Description  |
|---|---|--|---|------------------------|--|
| A <sub>0</sub> , A <sub>1</sub> , A   | 37,36,32,33,<br>34,35,44,45,<br>46,47,48,49,<br>50,81,82,83,<br>84,99,100 | P4,N4,A2,<br>C2,R2,A3,<br>B3,C3,T3,<br>A4,G4,T4,<br>A5,B5,C5,<br>T5,A6,C6,<br>R6 | R6,P6,A2,<br>A9,A10,B2,<br>B9,B10,P3,<br>P4,P8,P9,<br>P10,R3,R4,<br>R8,R9,R10,<br>R11 | Input-<br>Synchronous  | Address Inputs used to select one of the 512K<br>address locations. Sampled at the rising edge of the<br>CLK. A <sub>[1:0]</sub> are fed to the two-bit burst counter.   |
| $\frac{\overline{BW}_{A,}\overline{BW}_{B}}{\overline{BW}_{C,}\overline{BW}_{D}}$ | 93,94,95,96   | L5,G5,G3,<br>L3  | B5,A5,A4,<br>B4   | Input-<br>Synchronous  | Byte Write Inputs, active LOW. Qualified with WE to conduct writes to the SRAM. Sampled on the rising edge of CLK.   |
| WE  | 88  | H4   | B7  | Input-<br>Synchronous  | Write Enable Input, active LOW. Sampled on the rising edge of CLK if CEN is active LOW. This signal must be asserted LOW to initiate a write sequence.   |
| ADV/LD  | 85  | B4   | A8  | Input-<br>Synchronous  | Advance/Load Input. Used to advance the on-chip<br>address counter or load a new address. When HIGH (and<br>CEN is asserted LOW) the internal burst counter is<br>advanced. When LOW, a new address can be loaded into<br>the device for an access. After being deselected, ADV/LD<br>should be driven LOW in order to load a new address.   |
| CLK   | 89  | K4   | B6  | Input-<br>Clock        | <b>Clock Input</b> . Used to capture all <u>synchronous</u> inputs to the device. CLK is qualified with CEN. CLK is only recognized if CEN is active LOW.  |
| CE <sub>1</sub>   | 98  | E4   | A3  | Input-<br>Synchronous  | <b>Chip Enable 1 Input, active LOW</b> . Sampled on th <u>e rising</u> edge of CLK. Used in conjunction with $CE_2$ , and $CE_3$ to select/deselect the device.  |
| CE <sub>2</sub>   | 97  | B2   | В3  | Input-<br>Synchronous  | <b>Chip Enable 2 Input, active HIGH</b> . Sampled on the rising edge of CLK. Used in conjunction with $CE_1$ and $CE_3$ to select/deselect the device.   |
| CE <sub>3</sub>   | 92  | B6   | A6  | Input-<br>Synchronous  | <b>Chip Enable 3 Input, active LOW</b> . Sam <u>ple</u> d on the rising edge of CLK. Used in conjunction with $CE_1$ and $CE_2$ to select/deselect the device.   |
| ŌĒ  | 86  | F4   | B8  | Input-<br>Asynchronous | <b>Output Enable, asynchronous input, active LOW</b> .<br>Combined with the synchronous logic block inside the<br>device to control the direction of the I/O pins. When LOW,<br>the I/O pins are allowed to behave as outputs. When<br>deasserted HIGH, I/O pins are tri-stated, and act as input<br>data pins. OE is masked during the data portion of a write<br>sequence, during the first clock when emerging from a<br>deselected state, when the device has been deselected. |
| CEN   | 87  | M4   | Α7  | Input-<br>Synchronous  | <b>Clock Enable Input, active LOW</b> . When asserted LOW the Clock signal is recognized by the SRAM. When deasserted <u>HIGH</u> the Clock signal is masked. <u>Since</u> deasserting CEN does not deselect the device, CEN can be used to extend the previous cycle when required.   |
| ZZ  | 64  | Τ7   | H11   | Input-<br>Asynchronous | <b>ZZ "sleep" Input</b> . This active HIGH input places the device in a non-time critical "sleep" condition with data integrity preserved. During normal operation, this pin can be connected to Vss or left floating.   |



## CY7C1371C–Pin Definitions (continued)

| Name                 | TQFP  | BGA   | fBGA   | I/O                                  | Description  |
|----------------------|---|---|--|--------------------------------------|--|
| DQ <sub>s</sub>      | 52,53,56,57,<br>58,59,62,63,<br>68,69,72,73,<br>74,75,78,79,<br>2,3,6,7,8,9,<br>12,13,18,19,<br>22,23,24,25,<br>28,29 | N6,K7,L7,<br>N7,P7,E6,<br>F6,G6,H6,<br>D7,E7,G7,<br>H7,D1,E1,       | M11,L11,<br>K11,J11,<br>J10,K10,<br>L10,M10,<br>D10,E10,<br>F10,G10,<br>D11,E11,<br>F11,G11,<br>G1,D2,E2,<br>F2,G2,J1,<br>K1,L1,M1,<br>J2,K2,L2<br>M2, | I/O-<br>Synchronous                  | <b>Bidirectional Data I/O lines</b> . As inputs, they feed into an on-chip data register that is triggered by the rising edge of CLK. As outputs, they deliver the data contained in the memory location specified by the addresses presented during the previous clock rise of the <u>read</u> cycle. The direction of the pins is controlled by OE. When OE is asserted LOW, the pins behave as outputs. When HIGH, DQ <sub>s</sub> and DQP <sub>[A:D]</sub> are placed in a tri-state condition. The outputs are automatically tri-stated during the data portion of a write sequence, during the first clock when emerging from a deselected state, and when the <u>device</u> is deselected, regardless of the state of OE. |
| DQP <sub>[A:D]</sub> | 51,80,1,30  | P6,D6,D2,<br>P2   | N11,C11,C1,<br>N1  | I/O-<br>Synchronous                  | <b>Bidirectional Data Parity I/O Lines.</b> Functionally, these signals are identical to $DQ_s$ . During write sequences, $DQP_{[A:D]}$ is controlled by $BW_{[A:D]}$ correspondingly.   |
| MODE                 | 31  | R3  | R1   | Input Strap Pin                      | <b>Mode Input. Selects the burst order of the device.</b><br>When tied to Gnd selects linear burst sequence. When tied to $V_{DD}$ or left floating selects interleaved burst sequence.  |
| V <sub>DD</sub>      | 15,41,65,91   | J2,C4,J4,<br>R4,J6  | D4,D8,E4,<br>E8,F4,F8,<br>G4,G8,<br>H4,H8,J4,<br>J8,K4,K8,<br>L4,L8,M4,<br>M8  | Power Supply                         | Power supply inputs to the core of the device.   |
| V <sub>DDQ</sub>     | 4,11,20,27,<br>54,61,70,77  | A1,F1,J1,<br>M1,U1,<br>A7,F7,J7,<br>M7,U7                           | C3,C9,D3,<br>D9,E3,E9,<br>F3,F9,G3,<br>G9,J3,J9,<br>K3,K9,L3,<br>L9,M3,M9,<br>N3,N9  | I/O Power<br>Supply                  | Power supply for the I/O circuitry.  |
| V <sub>SS</sub>      | 5,10,17,21,<br>26,40,55,60,<br>67,71,76,90  | D3,E3,F3,<br>H3,K3,<br>M3,N3,<br>P3,D5,E5,<br>F5,H5,K5,<br>M5,N5,P5 | C4,C5,C6,<br>C7,C8,D5,<br>D6,D7,E5,<br>E6,E7,F5,<br>F6,F7,G5,<br>G6,G7,H5,<br>H6,H7,J5,<br>J6,J7,K5,K6,<br>K7,L5,L6,L7,<br>M5,M6,M7,<br>N4,N8          | Ground                               | Ground for the device.   |
| TDO                  | -   | U5  | P7   | JTAG serial<br>output<br>Synchronous | Serial data-out to the JTAG circuit. Delivers data on the negative edge of TCK. If the JTAG feature is not being utilized, this pin should be left unconnected. This pin is not available on TQFP packages.  |
| TDI                  | -   | U3  | P5   | JTAG serial<br>input<br>Synchronous  | Serial data-In to the JTAG circuit. Sampled on the rising edge of TCK. If the JTAG feature is not being utilized, this pin can be left floating or connected to $V_{DD}$ through a pull up resistor. This pin is not available on TQFP packages.   |
| TMS                  | -   | U2  | R5   | JTAG serial<br>input<br>Synchronous  | Serial data-In to the JTAG circuit. Sampled on the rising edge of TCK. If the JTAG feature is not being utilized, this pin can be disconnected or connected to $V_{DD}$ . This pin is not available on TQFP packages.  |



## CY7C1371C-Pin Definitions (continued)

| Name                 | TQFP                     | BGA       | fBGA | I/O        | Description  |
|----------------------|--------------------------|-----------|------|------------|--|
| ТСК                  | -                        | U4        | R7   | JTAG-Clock | <b>Clock input to the JTAG circuitry</b> . If the JTAG feature is not being utilized, this pin must be connected to $V_{SS}$ . This pin is not available on TQFP packages. |
| NC                   | 16,38,39,42,<br>43,66,14 | T1,T2,J3, |      | -          | <b>No Connects</b> . Not internally connected to the die.<br>18M,36M, 72M, 144M and 288M are address expansion<br>pins and are not internally connected to the die.        |
| NC / V <sub>DD</sub> | -                        | _         | H2   | -          | Can either be left unconnected or connected to $V_{DD.}$ Must not be connected to $V_{SS.}$  |

### CY7C1373C–Pin Definitions

| Name                                | TQFP   | BGA       | fBGA  | I/O                    | Description  |
|-------------------------------------|--|-----------|---|------------------------|--|
| A <sub>0</sub> , A <sub>1</sub> , A | 37,36,32,33,<br>34,35,44,45,<br>46,47,48,49,<br>50,80,81,82,<br>83,84,99,<br>100 | C2,R2,T2, | R6,P6,A2,<br>A9,A10,A11,<br>B2,B9,B10,<br>P3,P4,P8,<br>P9,P10,R3,<br>R4,R8,R9,<br>R10,R11 | Input-<br>Synchronous  | Address Inputs used to select one of the 1M address locations. Sampled at the rising edge of the CLK. A <sub>[1:0]</sub> are fed to the two-bit burst counter.   |
| BW <sub>A,</sub> BW <sub>B</sub>    | 93,94  | G3,L5     | B5,A4   | Input-<br>Synchronous  | Byte Write Select Inputs, active LOW. Qualified with WE to conduct writes to the SRAM. Sampled on the rising edge of CLK.  |
| WE                                  | 88   | H4        | B7  | Input-<br>Synchronous  | Write Enable Input, active LOW. Sampled on the rising edge of CLK if CEN is active LOW. This signal must be asserted LOW to initiate a write sequence.   |
| ADV/LD                              | 85   | B4        | A8  | Input-<br>Synchronous  | Advance/Load Input. Used to advance the on-chip<br>address counter or load a new address. When HIGH (and<br>CEN is asserted LOW) the internal burst counter is<br>advanced. When LOW, a new address can be loaded into<br>the device for an access. After being deselected, ADV/LD<br>should be driven LOW in order to load a new address.   |
| CLK                                 | 89   | K4        | B6  | Input-<br>Clock        | <b>Clock Input</b> . Used to capture all <u>synchronous inputs to</u><br>the device. CLK is qualified with CEN. CLK is only recog-<br>nized if CEN is active LOW.  |
| CE <sub>1</sub>                     | 98   | E4        | A3  | Input-<br>Synchronous  | <b>Chip Enable 1 Input, active LOW</b> . Sampled on th <u>e rising</u> edge of CLK. Used in conjunction with $CE_2$ , and $CE_3$ to select/deselect the device.  |
| CE <sub>2</sub>                     | 97   | B2        | B3  | Input-<br>Synchronous  | <b>Chip Enable 2 Input, active HIGH</b> . Sampled on the rising edge of CLK. Used in conjunction with $CE_1$ and $CE_3$ to select/deselect the device.   |
| CE <sub>3</sub>                     | 92   | B6        | A6  | Input-<br>Synchronous  | <b>Chip Enable 3 Input, active LOW</b> . Sampled on the rising edge of CLK. Used in conjunction with $CE_1$ and $CE_2$ to select/deselect the device.  |
| ŌĒ                                  | 86   | F4        | B8  | Input-<br>Asynchronous | <b>Output Enable, asynchronous input, active LOW</b> .<br>Combined with the synchronous logic block inside the<br>device to control the direction of the I/O pins. When LOW,<br>the I/O pins are allowed to behave as outputs. When<br>deasserted <u>H</u> IGH, I/O pins are tri-stated, and act as input<br>data pins. OE is masked during the data portion of a write<br>sequence, during the first clock when emerging from a<br>deselected state, when the device has been deselected. |



## CY7C1373C-Pin Definitions (continued)

| Name                 | TQFP  | BGA                                       | fBGA  | I/O                                  | Description  |
|----------------------|---|---|---|--------------------------------------|--|
| CEN                  | 87  | M4  | A7  | Input-<br>Synchronous                | <b>Clock Enable Input, active LOW</b> . When asserted LOW the Clock signal is recognized by the SRAM. When deasserted <u>HIGH</u> the Clock signal is masked. <u>Since</u> deasserting CEN does not deselect the device, CEN can be used to extend the previous cycle when required.   |
| ZZ                   | 64  | T7  | H11   | Input-<br>Asynchronous               | <b>ZZ</b> "sleep" Input, active HIGH. When asserted HIGH places the device in a non-time-critical "sleep" condition with data integrity preserved. For normal operation, this pin has to be LOW or left floating. ZZ pin has an internal pull-down.  |
| DQs                  | 58,59,62,63,<br>68,69,72,73,<br>8,9,12,13,<br>18,19,22,23 | E7,F6,H6,<br>L6,N6,D1,                    | J10,K10,<br>L10,M10,<br>D11,E11,<br>F11,G11,J1,<br>K1,L1,M1,<br>D2,E2,F2,<br>G2   | I/O-<br>Synchronous                  | <b>Bidirectional Data I/O lines</b> . As inputs, they feed into an on-chip data register that is triggered by the rising edge of CLK. As outputs, they deliver the data contained in the memory location specified by the addresses presented during the previous clock rise of the <u>read</u> cycle. The direction of the pins is controlled by OE. When OE is asserted LOW, the pins behave as outputs. When HIGH, $DQ_s$ and $DQP_{[A:B]}$ are placed in a tri-state condition. The outputs are automatically tri-stated during the data portion of a write sequence, during the first clock when emerging from a deselected state, and when the <u>device</u> is deselected, regardless of the state of OE. |
| DQP <sub>[A:B]</sub> | 74,24   | D6,P2                                     | C11,N1  | I/O-<br>Synchronous                  | <b>Bidirectional Data Parity I/O Lines.</b> Functionally, these signals are identical to $DQ_s$ . During write sequences, $DQP_{[A:B]}$ is controlled by $\overline{BW}_{[A:B]}$ correspondingly.  |
| MODE                 | 31  | R3  | R1  | Input Strap Pin                      | <b>Mode Input. Selects the burst order of the device.</b><br>When tied to Gnd selects linear burst sequence. When tied to $V_{DD}$ or left floating selects interleaved burst sequence.  |
| V <sub>DD</sub>      | 15,41,65,91   | C4,J2,J4,<br>J6,R4                        | D4,D8,E4,<br>E8,F4,F8,<br>G4,G8,H4,H<br>8,J4,<br>J8,K4,K8,<br>L4,L8,M4,<br>M8   | Power Supply                         | Power supply inputs to the core of the device.   |
| V <sub>DDQ</sub>     | 4,11,20,27,<br>54,61,70,77                                | A1,A7,F1,<br>F7,J1,J7,<br>M1,M7,U1<br>,U7 | C3,C9,D3,<br>D9,E3,E9,<br>F3,F9,G3,<br>G9,J3,J9,<br>K3,K9,L3,<br>L9,M3,M9,<br>N3,N9   | I/O Power<br>Supply                  | Power supply for the I/O circuitry.  |
| V <sub>SS</sub>      | 5,10,17,21,<br>26,40,55,60,<br>67,71,76,90                |   | C4,C5,C6,<br>C7,C8,D5,<br>D6,D7,E5,<br>E6,E7,F5,<br>F6,F7,G5,<br>G6,G7,H5,<br>H6,H7,J5,<br>J6,J7,K5,K6,<br>K7,L5,L6,L7,<br>M5,M6,M7,<br>N4,N8 | Ground                               | Ground for the device.   |
| TDO                  | -   | U5  | P7  | JTAG serial<br>output<br>Synchronous | Serial data-out to the JTAG circuit. Delivers data on the negative edge of TCK. If the JTAG feature is not being utilized, this pin should be left unconnected. This pin is not available on TQFP packages.  |



## CY7C1373C-Pin Definitions (continued)

| Name                 | TQFP   | BGA  | fBGA  | I/O                                 | Description  |
|----------------------|--|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|
| TDI                  | -  | U3   | P5  | JTAG serial<br>input<br>Synchronous | Serial data-In to the JTAG circuit. Sampled on the rising edge of TCK. If the JTAG feature is not being utilized, this pin can be left floating or connected to $V_{DD}$ through a pull up resistor. This pin is not available on TQFP packages. |
| TMS                  | -  | U2   | R5  | JTAG serial<br>input<br>Synchronous | Serial data-In to the JTAG circuit. Sampled on the rising edge of TCK. If the JTAG feature is not being utilized, this pin can be disconnected or connected to $V_{DD}$ . This pin is not available on TQFP packages.                            |
| ТСК                  | -  | U4   | R7  | JTAG-Clock                          | <b>Clock input to the JTAG circuitry</b> . If the JTAG feature is not being utilized, this pin must be connected to $V_{SS}$ . This pin is not available on TQFP packages.   |
| NC                   | 1,2,3,6,7,16,<br>25,28,29,30,<br>38,39,42,43,<br>51,52,53,56,<br>57,66,75,78,<br>79,95,96,14 | C7,D2,D4,<br>D7,E1,E6,<br>H2,F2,G1,<br>G6,<br>H7,J3,J5,<br>K1,K6,L4,<br>L2,L7,M6,<br>N2,N7,L7, | B4,B11,<br>C1,C2,C10,<br>D1,D10,E1,<br>E10,F1,F10,<br>G1,G10,H1,<br>H3,H9,H10,<br>J2,J11,K2,<br>K11,L2,L11,<br>M2,M11,N2, | -                                   | <b>No Connects</b> . Not internally connected to the die.<br>18M,36M, 72M, 144M and 288M are address expansion<br>pins and are not internally connected to the die.  |
| NC / V <sub>DD</sub> | -  | -  | H2  | _                                   | Can either be left unconnected or connected to $V_{DD.}$ Must not be connected to $V_{SS.}$  |



### **Functional Overview**

The CY7C1371C/CY7C1373C is a synchronous flow-through burst SRAM designed specifically to eliminate wait states during Write-Read transitions. All synchronous inputs pass through input registers controlled by the rising edge of the clock. The clock signal is qualified with the Clock Enable input signal (CEN). If CEN is HIGH, the clock signal is not recognized and all internal states are maintained. All synchronous operations are qualified with CEN. Maximum access delay from the clock rise (t<sub>CDV</sub>) is 6.5 ns (133-MHz device).

Accesses can be initiated by asserting all three Chip Enables  $(\overline{CE}_1, CE_2, \overline{CE}_3)$  active at the rising edge of the clock. If Clock Enable (CEN) is active LOW and ADV/LD is asserted LOW, the address presented to the device will be latched. The access can either be a read or write operation, depending on the status of the Write Enable (WE). BW<sub>X</sub> can be used to conduct byte write operations.

Write operations are qualified by the Write Enable ( $\overline{\text{WE}}$ ). All writes are simplified with on-chip synchronous self-timed write circuitry.

Three synchronous Chip Enables ( $\overline{CE}_1$ ,  $CE_2$ ,  $\overline{CE}_3$ ) and an asynchronous Output Enable ( $\overline{OE}$ ) simplify depth expansion. All operations (Reads, Writes, and Deselects) are pipelined. ADV/LD should be driven LOW once the device has been deselected in order to load a new address for the next operation.

#### Single Read Accesses

A read access is initiated when the following conditions are satisfied at clock rise: (1)  $\overline{CEN}$  is asserted LOW, (2)  $\overline{CE}_1$ ,  $CE_2$ , and CE<sub>3</sub> are ALL asserted active, (3) the Write Enable input signal WE is deasserted HIGH, and 4) ADV/LD is asserted LOW. The address presented to the address inputs is latched into the Address Register and presented to the memory array and control logic. The control logic determines that a read access is in progress and allows the requested data to propagate to the output buffers. The data is available within 6.5 ns (133-MHz device) provided OE is active LOW. After the first clock of the read access, the output buffers are controlled by OE and the internal control logic. OE must be driven LOW in order for the device to drive out the requested data. On the subsequent clock, another operation (Read/Write/Deselect) can be initiated. When the SRAM is deselected at clock rise by one of the chip enable signals, its output will be tri-stated immediately.

#### **Burst Read Accesses**

The CY7C1371C/CY7C1373C has an on-chip burst counter that allows the user the ability to supply a single address and conduct up to four Reads without reasserting the address inputs. ADV/LD must be driven LOW in order to load a new address into the SRAM, as described in the Single Read Access section above. The sequence of the burst counter is determined by the MODE input signal. A LOW input on MODE selects a linear burst mode, a HIGH selects an interleaved burst sequence. Both burst counters use A0 and A1 in the burst sequence, and will wrap around when incremented sufficiently. A HIGH input on ADV/LD will increment the internal burst counter regardless of the state of chip enable inputs or WE. WE is latched at the beginning of a burst cycle. Therefore,

the type of access (Read or Write) is maintained throughout the burst sequence.

#### **Single Write Accesses**

Write access are initiated when the following conditions are satisfied at clock rise: (1) CEN is asserted LOW, (2) CE<sub>1</sub>, CE<sub>2</sub>, and CE<sub>3</sub> are ALL asserted active, and (3) the write signal WE is asserted LOW. The address presented to the address bus is loaded into the Address Register. The write signals are latched into the Control Logic block. The data lines are automatically tri-stated regardless of the state of the OE input signal. This allows the external logic to present the data on DQs and DQP<sub>X</sub>.

On the next clock rise the data presented to DQs and  $DQP_X$  (or a subset for byte write operations, see truth table for details) inputs is latched into the device and the write is complete. Additional accesses (Read/Write/Deselect) can be initiated on this cycle.

<u>The</u> data written during the Write operation is controlled by  $\overline{BW}_X$  signals. The CY7C1371C/CY7C1373C provides byte write capability that is described in the truth table. Asserting the Write Enable input (WE) with the selected Byte Write Select input will selectively write to only the desired bytes. Bytes not selected during a byte write operation will remain unaltered. A synchronous self-timed write mechanism has been provided to simplify the write operations. Byte write capability has been included in order to greatly simplify Read/Modify/Write sequences, which can be reduced to simple byte write operations.

Because the CY7C1371C/CY7C1373C is a common I/O device, data should not be driven into the device while the outputs are active. The Output Enable ( $\overline{OE}$ ) can be deasserted HIGH before presenting data to the DQs and DQP<sub>X</sub> inputs. Doing so will tri-state the output drivers. As a safety precaution, DQs and DQP<sub>X</sub> are automatically tri-stated during the data portion of a write cycle, regardless of the state of  $\overline{OE}$ .

#### **Burst Write Accesses**

The CY7C1371C/CY7C1373C has an on-chip burst counter that allows the user the ability to supply a single address and conduct up to four <u>Write</u> operations without reasserting the address inputs. ADV/LD must be driven LOW in order to load the initial address, as described in the Single Write Access section above. When ADV/LD is driven HIGH on the subsequent clock rise, the Chip Enables ( $\overline{CE}_1$ ,  $\overline{CE}_2$ , and  $\overline{CE}_3$ ) and WE inputs are ignored and the burst counter is incremented. The correct  $\overline{BW}_X$  inputs must be driven in each cycle of the burst write, in order to write the correct bytes of data.

#### Sleep Mode

The ZZ input pin is an asynchronous input. Asserting ZZ places the SRAM in a power conservation "sleep" mode. Two clock cycles are required to enter into or exit from this "sleep" mode. While in this mode, data integrity is guaranteed. Accesses pending when entering the "sleep" mode are not considered valid nor is the completion of the operation guaranteed. The <u>dev</u>ice must be <u>de</u>selected prior to entering the "sleep" mode. CE1, CE2, and CE3, must remain inactive for the duration of t<sub>ZZREC</sub> after the ZZ input returns LOW.



### **Interleaved Burst Address Table** (MODE = Floating or $V_{DD}$ )

| First<br>Address<br>A1: A0 | Second<br>Address<br>A1: A0 | Third<br>Address<br>A1: A0 | Fourth<br>Address<br>A1: A0 |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 00                         | 01                          | 10                         | 11                          |
| 01                         | 00                          | 11                         | 10                          |
| 10                         | 11                          | 00                         | 01                          |
| 11                         | 10                          | 01                         | 00                          |

### Linear Burst Address Table (MODE = GND)

| First<br>Address<br>A1: A0 | Second<br>Address<br>A1: A0 | Third<br>Address<br>A1: A0 | Fourth<br>Address<br>A1: A0 |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 00                         | 01                          | 10                         | 11                          |
| 01                         | 10                          | 11                         | 00                          |
| 10                         | 11                          | 00                         | 01                          |
| 11                         | 00                          | 01                         | 10                          |

### **ZZ Mode Electrical Characteristics**

| Parameter          | Description                        | Test Conditions           | Min.              | Max.              | Unit |
|--------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------|
| I <sub>DDZZ</sub>  | Snooze mode standby current        | $ZZ \ge V_{DD} - 0.2V$    |                   | 60                | mA   |
| t <sub>ZZS</sub>   | Device operation to ZZ             | $ZZ \ge V_{DD} - 0.2V$    |                   | 2t <sub>CYC</sub> | ns   |
| t <sub>ZZREC</sub> | ZZ recovery time                   | ZZ <u>&lt;</u> 0.2V       | 2t <sub>CYC</sub> |                   | ns   |
| t <sub>ZZI</sub>   | ZZ active to snooze current        | This parameter is sampled |                   | 2t <sub>CYC</sub> | ns   |
| t <sub>RZZI</sub>  | ZZ Inactive to exit snooze current | This parameter is sampled | 0                 |                   | ns   |

### Truth Table [2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]

|                                  | Address  |                 |                 |        |    |        |    |                 |    | [   |      |              |
|----------------------------------|----------|-----------------|-----------------|--------|----|--------|----|-----------------|----|-----|------|--------------|
| Operation                        | Used     | CE <sub>1</sub> | CE <sub>2</sub> | $CE_3$ | ZZ | ADV/LD | WE | BW <sub>X</sub> | OE | CEN | CLK  | DQ           |
| Deselect Cycle                   | None     | Н               | Х               | Х      | L  | L      | Х  | Х               | Х  | L   | L->H | Tri-State    |
| Deselect Cycle                   | None     | Х               | Х               | Н      | L  | L      | Х  | Х               | Х  | L   | L->H | Tri-State    |
| Deselect Cycle                   | None     | Х               | L               | Х      | L  | L      | Х  | Х               | Х  | L   | L->H | Tri-State    |
| Continue Deselect Cycle          | None     | Х               | Х               | Х      | L  | Н      | Х  | Х               | Х  | L   | L->H | Tri-State    |
| READ Cycle (Begin Burst)         | External | L               | Н               | L      | L  | L      | Н  | Х               | L  | L   | L->H | Data Out (Q) |
| READ Cycle (Continue<br>Burst)   | Next     | Х               | Х               | Х      | L  | Н      | Х  | Х               | L  | L   | L->H | Data Out (Q) |
| NOP/DUMMY READ (Begin<br>Burst)  | External | L               | Н               | L      | L  | L      | Н  | Х               | Н  | L   | L->H | Tri-State    |
| DUMMY READ (Continue<br>Burst)   | Next     | Х               | Х               | Х      | L  | Н      | Х  | Х               | Н  | L   | L->H | Tri-State    |
| WRITE Cycle (Begin Burst)        | External | L               | Н               | L      | L  | L      | L  | L               | Х  | L   | L->H | Data In (D)  |
| WRITE Cycle (Continue<br>Burst)  | Next     | Х               | Х               | Х      | L  | Н      | Х  | L               | Х  | L   | L->H | Data In (D)  |
| NOP/WRITE ABORT (Begin<br>Burst) | None     | L               | Н               | L      | L  | L      | L  | Н               | Х  | L   | L->H | Tri-State    |
| WRITE ABORT (Continue<br>Burst)  | Next     | Х               | Х               | Х      | L  | Н      | Х  | Н               | Х  | L   | L->H | Tri-State    |
| IGNORE CLOCK EDGE<br>(Stall)     | Current  | Х               | Х               | Х      | L  | Х      | Х  | Х               | Х  | Н   | L->H | -            |
| SNOOZE MODE                      | None     | Х               | Х               | Х      | Н  | Х      | Х  | Х               | Х  | Х   | Х    | Tri-State    |

Notes:

X="Don't Care." H = Logic HIGH, L = Logic LOW. BWx = 0 signifies at least one Byte Write Select is active, BWx = Valid signifies that the desired byte write selects are asserted, see truth table for details.
 Write is defined by BW<sub>X</sub>, and WE. See truth table for Read/Write.

When a write cycle is detected, all I/Os are tri-stated, even during byte writes.
 <u>The DQs and DQP<sub>x</sub> pins are controlled by the current cycle and the OE signal. OE is asynchronous and is not sampled with the clock.</u>

6. CEN = H, inserts wait states.

7. Device will power-up deselected and the I/Os in a tri-state condition, regardless of OE.

8.  $\overline{OE}$  is asynchronous and is not sampled with the clock rise. It is masked internally during write cycles. During a read cycle DQs and DQP<sub>X</sub> = Tri-state when  $\overline{OE}$  is inactive or when the device is deselected, and DQs and DQP<sub>X</sub> = data when  $\overline{OE}$  is active.



## Partial Truth Table for Read/Write<sup>[2, 3]</sup>

| Function (CY7C1371C)                                   | WE | BWA | BWB | BW <sub>C</sub> | BWD |
|--|----|-----|-----|-----------------|-----|
| Read   | н  | Х   | Х   | Х               | Х   |
| Write No bytes written                                 | L  | н   | Н   | Н               | Н   |
| Write Byte A – (DQ <sub>A</sub> and DQP <sub>A</sub> ) | L  | L   | Н   | Н               | Н   |
| Write Byte B – (DQ <sub>B</sub> and DQP <sub>B</sub> ) | L  | Н   | L   | Н               | Н   |
| Write Byte C – (DQ <sub>C</sub> and DQP <sub>C</sub> ) | L  | Н   | Н   | L               | Н   |
| Write Byte D – (DQ <sub>D</sub> and DQP <sub>D</sub> ) | L  | Н   | Н   | Н               | L   |
| Write All Bytes  | L  | L   | L   | L               | L   |

## Partial Truth Table for Read/Write<sup>[2, 3]</sup>

| Function (CY7C1373C)                       | WE | BW₄ | BWB |
|--|----|-----|-----|
| Read                                       | Н  | X   | x   |
| Write - No bytes written                   | L  | Н   | Н   |
| Write Byte A – $(DQ_A \text{ and } DQP_A)$ | L  | Н   | Н   |
| Write Byte B – $(DQ_B \text{ and } DQP_B)$ | L  | Н   | Н   |
| Write All Bytes                            | L  | L   | L   |



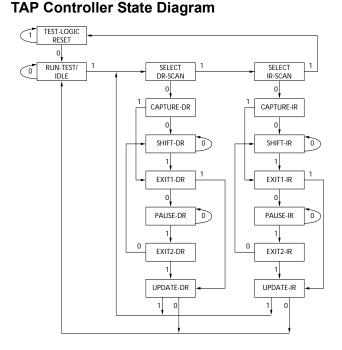
### IEEE 1149.1 Serial Boundary Scan (JTAG)

The CY7C1371C/CY7C1373C incorporates a serial boundary scan test access port (TAP). This port operates in accordance with IEEE Standard 1149.1-1990 but does not have the set of functions required for full 1149.1 compliance. These functions from the IEEE specification are excluded because their inclusion places an added delay in the critical speed path of the SRAM. Note that the TAP controller functions in a manner that does not conflict with the operation of other devices using 1149.1 fully compliant TAPs. The TAP operates using JEDEC-standard 3.3V or 2.5V I/O logic levels.

The CY7C1371C/CY7C1373C contains a TAP controller, instruction register, boundary scan register, bypass register, and ID register.

#### Disabling the JTAG Feature

It is possible to operate the SRAM without using the JTAG feature. To disable the TAP controller, TCK must be tied LOW(Vss) to prevent clocking of the device. TDI and TMS are internally pulled up and may be unconnected. They may alternately be connected to VDD through a pull-up resistor. TDO should be left unconnected. Upon power-up, the device will come up in a reset state which will not interfere with the operation of the device.



The 0/1 next to each state represents the value of TMS at the rising edge of TCK.

#### Test Access Port (TAP)

#### **Test Clock (TCK)**

The test clock is used only with the TAP controller. All inputs are captured on the rising edge of TCK. All outputs are driven from the falling edge of TCK.

#### Test MODE SELECT (TMS)

The TMS input is used to give commands to the TAP controller and is sampled on the rising edge of TCK. It is allowable to leave this ball unconnected if the TAP is not used. The ball is pulled up internally, resulting in a logic HIGH level.

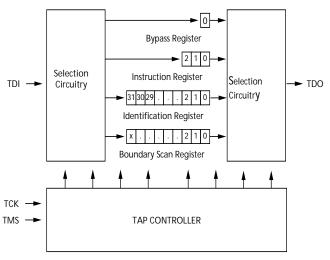
#### Test Data-In (TDI)

The TDI ball is used to serially input information into the registers and can be connected to the input of any of the registers. The register between TDI and TDO is chosen by the instruction that is loaded into the TAP instruction register. For information on loading the instruction register, see Figure . TDI is internally pulled up and can be unconnected if the TAP is unused in an application. TDI is connected to the most significant bit (MSB) of any register. (See Tap Controller Block Diagram.)

#### Test Data-Out (TDO)

The TDO output ball is used to serially clock data-out from the registers. The output is active depending upon the current state of the TAP state machine. The output changes on the falling edge of TCK. TDO is connected to the least significant bit (LSB) of any register. (See Tap Controller State Diagram.)

### **TAP Controller Block Diagram**



#### Performing a TAP Reset

A RESET is performed by forcing TMS HIGH (VDD) for five rising edges of TCK. This RESET does not affect the operation of the SRAM and may be performed while the SRAM is operating.

At power-up, the TAP is reset internally to ensure that TDO comes up in a High-Z state.

#### **TAP Registers**

Registers are connected between the TDI and TDO balls and allow data to be scanned into and out of the SRAM test circuitry. Only one register can be selected at a time through the instruction register. Data is serially loaded into the TDI ball on the rising edge of TCK. Data is output on the TDO ball on the falling edge of TCK.



#### Instruction Register

Three-bit instructions can be serially loaded into the instruction register. This register is loaded when it is placed between the TDI and TDO balls as shown in the Tap Controller Block Diagram. Upon power-up, the instruction register is loaded with the IDCODE instruction. It is also loaded with the IDCODE instruction if the controller is placed in a reset state as described in the previous section.

When the TAP controller is in the Capture-IR state, the two least significant bits are loaded with a binary "01" pattern to allow for fault isolation of the board-level serial test data path.

#### **Bypass Register**

To save time when serially shifting data through registers, it is sometimes advantageous to skip certain chips. The bypass register is a single-bit register that can be placed between the TDI and TDO balls. This allows data to be shifted through the SRAM with minimal delay. The bypass register is set LOW (Vss) when the BYPASS instruction is executed.

#### **Boundary Scan Register**

The boundary scan register is connected to all the input and bidirectional balls on the SRAM. The SRAM has a 75-bit-long register.

The boundary scan register is loaded with the contents of the RAM I/O ring when the TAP controller is in the Capture-DR state and is then placed between the TDI and TDO balls when the controller is moved to the Shift-DR state. The EXTEST, SAMPLE/PRELOAD and SAMPLE Z instructions can be used to capture the contents of the I/O ring.

The Boundary Scan Order tables show the order in which the bits are connected. Each bit corresponds to one of the bumps on the SRAM package. The MSB of the register is connected to TDI, and the LSB is connected to TDO.

#### Identification (ID) Register

The ID register is loaded with a vendor-specific, 32-bit code during the Capture-DR state when the IDCODE command is loaded in the instruction register. The IDCODE is hardwired into the SRAM and can be shifted out when the TAP controller is in the Shift-DR state. The ID register has a vendor code and other information described in the Identification Register Definitions table.

#### **TAP Instruction Set**

#### Overview

Eight different instructions are possible with the three bit instruction register. All combinations are listed in the Instruction Codes table. Three of these instructions are listed as RESERVED and should not be used. The other five instructions are described in detail below.

The TAP controller used in this SRAM is not fully compliant to the 1149.1 convention because some of the mandatory 1149.1 instructions are not fully implemented.

The TAP controller cannot be used to load address data or control signals into the SRAM and cannot preload the I/O buffers. The SRAM does not implement the 1149.1 commands EXTEST or INTEST or the PRELOAD portion of SAMPLE/PRELOAD; rather, it performs a capture of the I/O ring when these instructions are executed.

## CY7C1371C CY7C1373C

Instructions are loaded into the TAP controller during the Shift-IR state when the instruction register is placed between TDI and TDO. During this state, instructions are shifted through the instruction register through the TDI and TDO balls. To execute the instruction once it is shifted in, the TAP controller needs to be moved into the Update-IR state.

#### EXTEST

EXTEST is a mandatory 1149.1 instruction which is to be executed whenever the instruction register is loaded with all 0s. EXTEST is not implemented in this SRAM TAP controller, and therefore this device is not compliant to 1149.1. The TAP controller does recognize an all-0 instruction.

When an EXTEST instruction is loaded into the instruction register, the SRAM responds as if a SAMPLE/PRELOAD instruction has been loaded. There is one difference between the two instructions. Unlike the SAMPLE/PRELOAD instruction, EXTEST places the SRAM outputs in a High-Z state.

#### IDCODE

The IDCODE instruction causes a vendor-specific, 32-bit code to be loaded into the instruction register. It also places the instruction register between the TDI and TDO balls and allows the IDCODE to be shifted out of the device when the TAP controller enters the Shift-DR state.

The IDCODE instruction is loaded into the instruction register upon power-up or whenever the TAP controller is given a test logic reset state.

#### SAMPLE Z

The SAMPLE Z instruction causes the boundary scan register to be connected between the TDI and TDO balls when the TAP controller is in a Shift-DR state. It also places all SRAM outputs into a High-Z state.

#### SAMPLE/PRELOAD

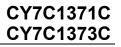
SAMPLE/PRELOAD is a 1149.1 mandatory instruction. The PRELOAD portion of this instruction is not implemented, so the device TAP controller is not fully 1149.1 compliant.

When the SAMPLE/PRELOAD instruction is loaded into the instruction register and the TAP controller is in the Capture-DR state, a snapshot of data on the inputs and bidirectional balls is captured in the boundary scan register.

The user must be aware that the TAP controller clock can only operate at a frequency up to 10 MHz, while the SRAM clock operates more than an order of magnitude faster. Because there is a large difference in the clock frequencies, it is possible that during the Capture-DR state, an input or output will undergo a transition. The TAP may then try to capture a signal while in transition (metastable state). This will not harm the device, but there is no guarantee as to the value that will be captured. Repeatable results may not be possible.

To guarantee that the boundary scan register will capture the correct value of a signal, the SRAM signal must be stabilized long enough to meet the TAP controller's capture setup plus hold time (<sup>t</sup>CS plus <sup>t</sup>CH).

The SRAM clock input might not be captured correctly if there is no way in a design to stop (or slow) the clock during a SAMPLE/PRELOAD instruction. If this is an issue, it is still





possible to capture all other signals and simply ignore the value of the CLK captured in the boundary scan register.

Once the data is captured, it is possible to shift out the data by putting the TAP into the Shift-DR state. This places the boundary scan register between the TDI and TDO balls.

Note that since the PRELOAD part of the command is not implemented, putting the TAP to the Update-DR state while performing a SAMPLE/PRELOAD instruction will have the same effect as the Pause-DR command.

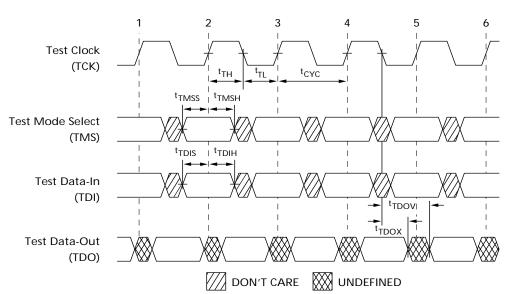
### **TAP Timing**

#### BYPASS

When the BYPASS instruction is loaded in the instruction register and the TAP is placed in a Shift-DR state, the bypass register is placed between the TDI and TDO balls. The advantage of the BYPASS instruction is that it shortens the boundary scan path when multiple devices are connected together on a board.

#### Reserved

These instructions are not implemented but are reserved for future use. Do not use these instructions.



## TAP AC Switching Characteristics Over the operating Range<sup>[9, 10]</sup>

| Parameter                     | Symbol            | Min. | Max | Units |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|------|-----|-------|
| Clock                         |                   |      |     |       |
| TCK Clock Cycle Time          | t <sub>TCYC</sub> | 100  |     | ns    |
| TCK Clock Frequency           | t <sub>TF</sub>   |      | 10  | MHz   |
| TCK Clock HIGH time           | t <sub>TH</sub>   | 40   |     | ns    |
| TCK Clock LOW time            | t <sub>TL</sub>   | 40   |     | ns    |
| Output Times                  |                   |      |     | •     |
| TCK Clock LOW to TDO Valid    | t <sub>TDOV</sub> |      | 20  | ns    |
| TCK Clock LOW to TDO Invalid  | t <sub>TDOX</sub> | 0    |     | ns    |
| Setup Times                   |                   |      |     |       |
| TMS Set-Up to TCK Clock Rise  | t <sub>TMSS</sub> | 10   |     | ns    |
| TDI Set-Up to TCK Clock Rise  | t <sub>TDIS</sub> | 10   |     | ns    |
| Capture Set-Up to TCK Rise    | t <sub>CS</sub>   | 10   |     |       |
| Hold Times                    |                   |      | •   |       |
| TMS hold after TCK Clock Rise | t <sub>TMSH</sub> | 10   |     | ns    |
| TDI Hold after Clock Rise     | t <sub>TDIH</sub> | 10   |     | ns    |
| Capture Hold after Clock Rise | t <sub>CH</sub>   | 10   |     | ns    |

Notes:

9. <sup>t</sup>CS and <sup>t</sup>CH refer to the setup and hold time requirements of latching data from the boundary scan register.

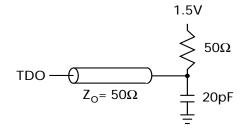
10. Test conditions are specified using the load in TAP AC test Conditions.  $t_R/t_F$  = 1ns



### 3.3V TAP AC Test Conditions

| Input pulse levels                   | Vss to 3.3V |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|
| Input rise and fall times            | 1ns         |
| Input timing reference levels        | 1.5V        |
| Output reference levels              | 1.5V        |
| Test load termination supply voltage | 1.5V        |

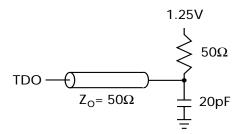
### 3.3V TAP AC Output Load Equivalent



### 2.5V TAP AC Test Conditions

| Input pulse levels                   | Vss to 2.5V |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|
| Input rise and fall time             | 1ns         |
| Input timing reference levels        | 1.25V       |
| Output reference levels              | 1.25V       |
| Test load termination supply voltage | 1.25V       |

### 2.5V TAP AC Output Load Equivalent



# TAP DC Electrical Characteristics And Operating Conditions (0°C < TA < +70°C; Vdd = $3.3V \pm 0.165V$ unless otherwise noted)<sup>[11]</sup>

| PARAMETER        | DESCRIPTION         | DESCRIPTION                    | CONDITIONS              | MIN  | MAX                   | UNITS |
|------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|------|-----------------------|-------|
| V <sub>OH1</sub> | Output HIGH Voltage | I <sub>OH</sub> = -4.0 mA      | V <sub>DDQ</sub> = 3.3V | 2.4  |                       | V     |
|                  |                     | I <sub>OH</sub> = -1.0 mA      | V <sub>DDQ</sub> = 2.5V | 2.0  |                       | V     |
| V <sub>OH2</sub> | Output HIGH Voltage | I <sub>OH</sub> = -100 μA      | V <sub>DDQ</sub> = 3.3V | 2.9  |                       | V     |
|                  |                     |                                | V <sub>DDQ</sub> = 2.5V | 2.1  |                       | V     |
| V <sub>OL1</sub> | Output LOW Voltage  | I <sub>OL</sub> = 8.0 mA       | V <sub>DDQ</sub> = 3.3V |      | 0.4                   | V     |
|                  |                     | I <sub>OL</sub> = 1.0 mA       | V <sub>DDQ</sub> = 2.5V |      | 0.4                   | V     |
| V <sub>OL2</sub> | Output LOW Voltage  | I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μΑ       | V <sub>DDQ</sub> = 3.3V |      | 0.2                   | V     |
|                  |                     |                                | V <sub>DDQ</sub> = 2.5V |      | 0.2                   | V     |
| V <sub>IH</sub>  | Input HIGH Voltage  |                                | V <sub>DDQ</sub> = 3.3V | 2.0  | V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.3 | V     |
|                  |                     |                                | V <sub>DDQ</sub> = 2.5V | 1.7  | V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.3 | V     |
| V <sub>IL</sub>  | Input LOW Voltage   |                                | V <sub>DDQ</sub> = 3.3V | -0.5 | 0.7                   | V     |
|                  |                     |                                | V <sub>DDQ</sub> = 2.5V | -0.3 | 0.7                   | V     |
| I <sub>X</sub>   | Input Load Current  | $GND \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{DDQ}$ |                         | -5   | 5                     | μA    |

Note:

11. All voltages referenced to Vss (GND).



## Identification Register Definitions

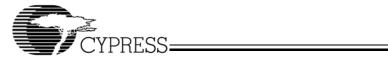
| Instruction Field                  | CY7C1371C<br>(512KX36) | CY7C1373C<br>(1MX18) | Description                                  |
|------------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|--|
| Revision Number (31:29)            | 010                    | 010                  | Describes the version number.                |
| Device Depth (28:24)               | 01010                  | 01010                | Reserved for Internal Use                    |
| Device Width (23:18)               | 001001                 | 001001               | Defines memory type and architecture         |
| Cypress Device ID (17:12)          | 100101                 | 010101               | Defines width and density                    |
| Cypress JEDEC ID Code (11:1)       | 00000110100            | 00000110100          | Allows unique identification of SRAM vendor. |
| ID Register Presence Indicator (0) | 1                      | 1                    | Indicates the presence of an ID register.    |

## **Scan Register Sizes**

| Register Name       | Bit Size(x36) | Bit Size(x18) |
|---------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Instruction         | 3             | 3             |
| Bypass              | 1             | 1             |
| ID                  | 32            | 32            |
| Boundary Scan Order | 70            | 70            |

### **Identification Codes**

| Instruction    | Code | Description   |
|----------------|------|---|
| EXTEST         | 000  | Captures I/O ring contents. Places the boundary scan register between TDI and TDO.<br>Forces all SRAM outputs to High-Z state. This instruction is not 1149.1-compliant.  |
| IDCODE         | 001  | Loads the ID register with the vendor ID code and places the register between TDI and TDO. This operation does not affect SRAM operations.  |
| SAMPLE Z       | 010  | Captures I/O ring contents. Places the boundary scan register between TDI and TDO. Forces all SRAM output drivers to a High-Z state.  |
| RESERVED       | 011  | Do Not Use: This instruction is reserved for future use.  |
| SAMPLE/PRELOAD | 100  | Captures I/O ring contents. Places the boundary scan register between TDI and TDO. Does not affect SRAM operation. This instruction does not implement 1149.1 preload function and is therefore not 1149.1-compliant. |
| RESERVED       | 101  | Do Not Use: This instruction is reserved for future use.  |
| RESERVED       | 110  | Do Not Use: This instruction is reserved for future use.  |
| BYPASS         | 111  | Places the bypass register between TDI and TDO. This operation does not affect SRAM operations.   |



## 119-Ball BGA Boundary Scan Order

|      | CY7C1371C (512K x 36) |      |                             | CY7C1373C (1M x 18) |                             |      |                             |  |
|------|-----------------------|------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|------|-----------------------------|--|
| Bit# | Ball ID               | Bit# | Ball ID                     | Bit#                | Ball Id                     | Bit# | Ball ID                     |  |
| 1    | K4                    | 37   | N4                          | 1                   | K4                          | 37   | N4                          |  |
| 2    | H4                    | 38   | R6                          | 2                   | H4                          | 38   | R6                          |  |
| 3    | M4                    | 39   | T5                          | 3                   | M4                          | 39   | T5                          |  |
| 4    | F4                    | 40   | Т3                          | 4                   | F4                          | 40   | Т3                          |  |
| 5    | B4                    | 41   | R2                          | 5                   | B4                          | 41   | R2                          |  |
| 6    | A4                    | 42   | R3                          | 6                   | A4                          | 42   | R3                          |  |
| 7    | G4                    | 43   | P2                          | 7                   | G4                          | 43   | Not Bonded<br>(Preset to 0) |  |
| 8    | C6                    | 44   | P1                          | 8                   | C6                          | 44   | Not Bonded<br>(Preset to 0) |  |
| 9    | A6                    | 45   | N2                          | 9                   | A6                          | 45   | Not Bonded<br>(Preset to 0) |  |
| 10   | D6                    | 46   | L2                          | 10                  | T6                          | 46   | Not Bonded<br>(Preset to 0) |  |
| 11   | D7                    | 47   | K1                          | 11                  | Not Bonded<br>(Preset to 0) | 47   | P2                          |  |
| 12   | E6                    | 48   | N1                          | 12                  | Not Bonded<br>(Preset to 0) | 48   | N1                          |  |
| 13   | G6                    | 49   | M2                          | 13                  | Not Bonded<br>(Preset to 0) | 49   | M2                          |  |
| 14   | H7                    | 50   | L1                          | 14                  | D6                          | 50   | L1                          |  |
| 15   | E7                    | 51   | K2                          | 15                  | E7                          | 51   | K2                          |  |
| 16   | F6                    | 52   | Not Bonded<br>(Preset to 0) | 16                  | F6                          | 52   | Not Bonded<br>(Preset to 0) |  |
| 17   | G7                    | 53   | H1                          | 17                  | G7                          | 53   | H1                          |  |
| 18   | H6                    | 54   | G2                          | 18                  | H6                          | 54   | G2                          |  |
| 19   | T7                    | 55   | E2                          | 19                  | T7                          | 55   | E2                          |  |
| 20   | K7                    | 56   | D1                          | 20                  | K7                          | 56   | D1                          |  |
| 21   | L6                    | 57   | H2                          | 21                  | L6                          | 57   | Not Bonded<br>(Preset to 0) |  |
| 22   | N6                    | 58   | G1                          | 22                  | N6                          | 58   | Not Bonded<br>(Preset to 0) |  |
| 23   | P7                    | 59   | F2                          | 23                  | P7                          | 59   | Not Bonded<br>(Preset to 0) |  |
| 24   | K6                    | 60   | E1                          | 24                  | Not Bonded<br>(Preset to 0) | 60   | Not Bonded<br>(Preset to 0) |  |
| 25   | L7                    | 61   | D2                          | 25                  | Not Bonded<br>(Preset to 0) | 61   | Not Bonded<br>(Preset to 0) |  |



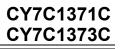
## 119-Ball BGA Boundary Scan Order

|      | CY7C1371C | (512K x 36) |         |                                   | CY7C1373C (1M x 18)         |       |                             |    |    |
|------|-----------|-------------|---------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------|-----------------------------|----|----|
| Bit# | Ball ID   | Bit#        | Ball ID | Bit#                              | Ball Id                     | Bit#  | Ball ID                     |    |    |
| 26   | M6        | 62          | A5      | A5 26 Not Bonded<br>(Preset to 0) |                             |       |                             | 62 | A5 |
| 27   | N7        | 63          | A3      | 27                                | Not Bonded<br>(Preset to 0) | 63    | A3                          |    |    |
| 28   | P6        | 64          | E4      | 28                                | Not Bonded<br>(Preset to 0) | 64    | E4                          |    |    |
| 29   | B5        | 65          | B2      | 29                                | B5                          | 65    | B2                          |    |    |
| 30   | B3        | 66          | L3      | 30                                | B3                          | 66    | Not Bonded<br>(Preset to 0) |    |    |
| 31   | C5        | 67          | G3      | 31                                | C5                          | 67    | G3                          |    |    |
| 32   | C3        | 68          | G5      | 32                                | C3                          | 68    | Not Bonded<br>(Preset to 0) |    |    |
| 33   | C2        | 69          | L5      | 33                                | C2                          | 69    | L5                          |    |    |
| 34   | A2        | 70          | B6      | 34                                | A2                          | A2 70 |                             |    |    |
| 35   | T4        |             |         | 35                                | T2                          |       |                             |    |    |
| 36   | P4        |             |         | 36                                | P4                          |       |                             |    |    |

## 165-Ball fBGA Boundary Scan Order

|      | CY7C1371 | IC (512K x 36) | )       |      | CY7C13730                   | C (1M x 18) |                             |
|------|----------|----------------|---------|------|-----------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Bit# | Ball ID  | Bit#           | Ball ID | Bit# | Ball ID                     | Bit#        | Ball ID                     |
| 1    | B6       | 36             | R6      | 1    | B6                          | 36          | R6                          |
| 2    | B7       | 37             | P6      | 2    | B7                          | 37          | P6                          |
| 3    | A7       | 38             | R4      | 3    | A7                          | 38          | R4                          |
| 4    | B8       | 39             | R3      | 4    | B8                          | 39          | R3                          |
| 5    | A8       | 40             | P4      | 5    | A8                          | 40          | P4                          |
| 6    | B9       | 41             | P3      | 6    | B9                          | 41          | P3                          |
| 7    | A9       | 42             | R1      | 7    | A9                          | 42          | R1                          |
| 8    | B10      | 43             | N1      | 8    | B10                         | 43          | Not Bonded<br>(Preset to 0) |
| 9    | A10      | 44             | L2      | 9    | A10                         | 44          | Not Bonded<br>(Preset to 0) |
| 10   | C11      | 45             | K2      | 10   | A11                         | 45          | Not Bonded<br>(Preset to 0) |
| 11   | E10      | 46             | J2      | 11   | Not Bonded<br>(Preset to 0) | 46          | Not Bonded<br>(Preset to 0) |
| 12   | F10      | 47             | M2      | 12   | Not Bonded<br>(Preset to 0) | 47          | N1                          |
| 13   | G10      | 48             | M1      | 13   | Not Bonded<br>(Preset to 0) | 48          | M1                          |
| 14   | D10      | 49             | L1      | 14   | Not Bonded<br>(Preset to 0) | 49          | L1                          |
| 15   | D11      | 50             | K1      | 15   | D11                         | 50          | K1                          |
| 16   | E11      | 51             | J1      | 16   | E11                         | 51          | J1                          |





## 165-Ball fBGA Boundary Scan Order

|      | CY7C137 | 1C (512K x 36 | )                           |      | CY7C13730                   | C (1M x 18) |                             |
|------|---------|---------------|-----------------------------|------|-----------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Bit# | Ball ID | Bit#          | Ball ID                     | Bit# | Ball ID                     | Bit#        | Ball ID                     |
| 17   | F11     | 52            | Not Bonded<br>(Preset to 0) | 17   | F11                         | 52          | Not Bonded<br>(Preset to 0) |
| 18   | G11     | 53            | G2                          | 18   | G11                         | 53          | G2                          |
| 19   | H11     | 54            | F2                          | 19   | H11                         | 54          | F2                          |
| 20   | J10     | 55            | E2                          | 20   | J10                         | 55          | E2                          |
| 21   | K10     | 56            | D2                          | 21   | K10                         | 56          | D2                          |
| 22   | L10     | 57            | G1                          | 22   | L10                         | 57          | Not Bonded<br>(Preset to 0) |
| 23   | M10     | 58            | F1                          | 23   | M10                         | 58          | Not Bonded<br>(Preset to 0) |
| 24   | J11     | 59            | E1                          | 24   | Not Bonded<br>(Preset to 0) | 59          | Not Bonded<br>(Preset to 0) |
| 25   | K11     | 60            | D1                          | 25   | Not Bonded<br>(Preset to 0) | 60          | Not Bonded<br>(Preset to 0) |
| 26   | L11     | 61            | C1                          | 26   | Not Bonded<br>(Preset to 0) | 61          | Not Bonded<br>(Preset to 0) |
| 27   | M11     | 62            | A2                          | 27   | Not Bonded<br>(Preset to 0) | 62          | A2                          |
| 28   | N11     | 63            | B2                          | 28   | Not Bonded<br>(Preset to 0) | 63          | B2                          |
| 29   | R11     | 64            | A3                          | 29   | R11                         | 64          | A3                          |
| 30   | R10     | 65            | B3                          | 30   | R10                         | 65          | B3                          |
| 31   | R9      | 66            | B4                          | 31   | R9                          | 66          | Not Bonded<br>(Preset to 0) |
| 32   | R8      | 67            | A4                          | 32   | R8                          | 67          | Not Bonded<br>(Preset to 0) |
| 33   | P10     | 68            | A5                          | 33   | P10                         | 68          | A4                          |
| 34   | P9      | 69            | B5                          | 34   | P9                          | 69          | B5                          |
| 35   | P8      | 70            | A6                          | 35   | P8                          | 70          | A6                          |



## **Maximum Ratings**

| (Above which the useful life may be impaired. For user guide-<br>lines, not tested.)                                   |
|--|
| Storage Temperature65°C to +150°C  |
| Ambient Temperature with<br>Power Applied55°C to +125°C  |
| Supply Voltage on $V_{DD}$ Relative to GND –0.5V to +4.6V  |
| DC Voltage Applied to Outputs in Tri-State $-0.5V$ to $V_{DDQ}$ + $0.5V$ DC Input Voltage $-0.5V$ to $V_{DD}$ + $0.5V$ |

| Current into Outputs (LOW)                                 | 20 mA   |
|--|---------|
| Static Discharge Voltage<br>(per MIL-STD-883, Method 3015) | >2001V  |
| Latch-up Current   | >200 mA |

### **Operating Range**

| Range      | Ambient<br>Temperature | V <sub>DD</sub> | V <sub>DDQ</sub>   |
|------------|------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|
| Commercial | 0°C to +70°C           | 3.3V - 5%/+10%  |                    |
| Industrial | -40°C to +85°C         |                 | to V <sub>DD</sub> |

Electrical Characteristics Over the Operating Range<sup>[12, 13]</sup>

| Parameter        | Description                                       | Test Conditio  | ons                   | Min.  | Max.                   | Unit |
|------------------|---|--|-----------------------|-------|------------------------|------|
| V <sub>DD</sub>  | Power Supply Voltage                              |  |                       | 3.135 | 3.6                    | V    |
| V <sub>DDQ</sub> | I/O Supply Voltage                                | V <sub>DDQ</sub> = 3.3V  |                       | 3.135 | V <sub>DD</sub>        | V    |
|                  |   | $V_{DDQ} = 2.5V$   |                       | 2.375 | 2.625                  | V    |
| V <sub>OH</sub>  | Output HIGH Voltage                               | $V_{DDQ}$ = 3.3V, $V_{DD}$ = Min., $I_{OH}$ = -4   | .0 mA                 | 2.4   |                        | V    |
|                  |   | $V_{DDQ}$ = 2.5V, $V_{DD}$ = Min., $I_{OH}$ = -1   | .0 mA                 | 2.0   |                        | V    |
| V <sub>OL</sub>  | Output LOW Voltage                                | $V_{DDQ}$ = 3.3V, $V_{DD}$ = Min., $I_{OL}$ = 8.0  |                       |       | 0.4                    | V    |
|                  |   | V <sub>DDQ</sub> = 2.5V, V <sub>DD</sub> = Min., I <sub>OL</sub> = 1.0   | mA                    |       | 0.4                    | V    |
| V <sub>IH</sub>  | Input HIGH Voltage <sup>[12]</sup>                | $V_{DDQ} = 3.3V$   |                       | 2.0   | V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.3V | V    |
|                  |   | $V_{DDQ} = 2.5V$   |                       | 1.7   | V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.3V | V    |
| V <sub>IL</sub>  | Input LOW Voltage <sup>[12]</sup>                 | $V_{DDQ} = 3.3V$   |                       | -0.3  | 0.8                    | V    |
|                  |   | $V_{DDQ} = 2.5V$   |                       | -0.3  | 0.7                    | V    |
| Ι <sub>X</sub>   | Input Load  | $GND \le V_I \le V_{DDQ}$  |                       | -5    | 5                      | μA   |
|                  | Input Current of MODE                             |  |                       | -30   | 30                     | μA   |
| I <sub>OZ</sub>  | Output Leakage Current                            | $GND \le V_I \le V_{DD}$ , Output Disabled   |                       | -5    | 5                      | μA   |
| I <sub>DD</sub>  | V <sub>DD</sub> Operating Supply                  | V <sub>DD</sub> = Max., I <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 mA,   | 7.5-ns cycle, 133 MHz |       | 210                    | mA   |
|                  | Current   | $f = f_{MAX} = 1/t_{CYC}$  | 8.5-ns cycle, 117 MHz |       | 190                    | mA   |
|                  |   |  | 10-ns cycle, 100 MHz  |       | 175                    | mA   |
| I <sub>SB1</sub> | Automatic CE                                      | V <sub>DD</sub> = Max, Device Deselected,  | 7.5-ns cycle, 133 MHz |       | 120                    | mA   |
| 02.              | Power-down  | $V_{IN} \ge V_{IH}$ or $V_{IN} \le V_{IL}$   | 8.5-ns cycle, 117 MHz |       | 110                    | mA   |
|                  | Current—TTL Inputs                                | f = f <sub>MAX</sub> , inputs switching  | 10-ns cycle, 100 MHz  |       | 100                    | mA   |
| I <sub>SB2</sub> | Automatic CE<br>Power-down<br>Current—CMOS Inputs | $\label{eq:VDD} \begin{array}{l} V_{DD} = Max, \mbox{ Device Deselected}, \\ V_{IN} \leq 0.3 \mbox{ V or } V_{IN} \geq V_{DD} - 0.3 \mbox{ V}, \\ f = 0, \mbox{ inputs static } \end{array}$ | All speeds            |       | 70                     | mA   |
| I <sub>SB3</sub> | Automatic CE                                      | V <sub>DD</sub> = Max, Device Deselected, or   | 7.5-ns cycle, 133 MHz |       | 105                    | mA   |
| -                | Power-down  | $V_{IN} \le 0.3V \text{ or } V_{IN} \ge V_{DDQ} - 0.3V$  | 8.5-ns cycle, 117 MHz |       | 90                     | mA   |
|                  | Current—CMOS Inputs                               | f = f <sub>MAX</sub> , inputs switching  | 10-ns cycle, 100 MHz  |       | 95                     | mA   |
| I <sub>SB4</sub> | Automatic CE<br>Power-down<br>Current—TTL Inputs  | $V_{DD}$ = Max, Device Deselected, $V_{IN} \geq V_{DD}$ - 0.3V or $V_{IN} \leq_{0.3V}$ , f = 0, inputs static  | All Speeds            |       | 80                     | mA   |

**Notes:** 12. Overshoot:  $V_{IL}(AC) < V_{DD}$  +1.5V (Pulse width less than  $t_{CYC}/2$ ), undershoot:  $V_{IL}(AC) > -2V$  (Pulse width less than  $t_{CYC}/2$ ). 13.  $T_{Power-up}$ : Assumes a linear ramp from 0v to  $V_{DD}(min.)$  within 200ms. During this time  $V_{IH} \le V_{DD}$  and  $V_{DDQ} \le V_{DD}$ 



### Thermal Resistance<sup>[14]</sup>

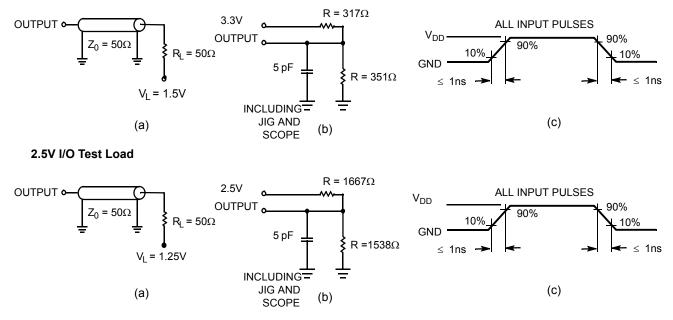
| Parameter     | Description           | Test Conditions   | TQFP<br>Package | BGA<br>Package | fBGA<br>Package | Unit |
|---------------|-----------------------|---|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|------|
| $\Theta_{JA}$ | (Junction to Ambient) | Test conditions follow standard test methods and procedures | 31              | 45             | 46              | °C/W |
| $\Theta_{JC}$ |                       | for measuring thermal<br>impedance, per EIA / JESD51.       | 6               | 7              | 3               | °C/W |

### Capacitance<sup>[14]</sup>

| Parameter        | Description              | Test Conditions                                    | TQFP<br>Package | BGA<br>Package | fBGA<br>Package | Unit |
|------------------|--------------------------|--|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|------|
| C <sub>IN</sub>  | Input Capacitance        | T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, f = 1 MHz,                  | 5               | 8              | 9               | pF   |
| C <sub>CLK</sub> | Clock Input Capacitance  | V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.3V.<br>V <sub>DDQ</sub> = 2.5V | 5               | 8              | 9               | pF   |
| C <sub>I/O</sub> | Input/Output Capacitance |  | 5               | 8              | 9               | pF   |

### **AC Test Loads and Waveforms**

3.3V I/O Test Load



#### Note:

14. Tested initially and after any design or process change that may affect these parameters.



## Switching Characteristics Over the Operating Range<sup>[19, 20]</sup>

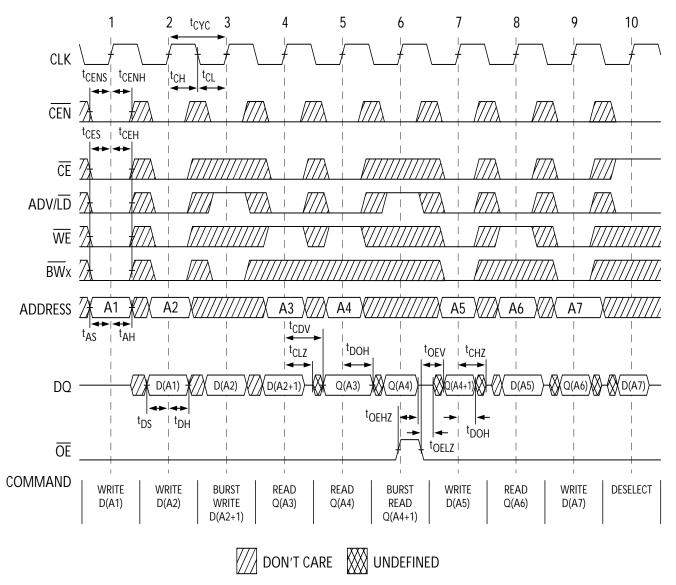
|                     |  | 133  | MHz  | 117  | MHz  | 100 MHz |      |      |
|---------------------|--|------|------|------|------|---------|------|------|
| Parameter           | Description                                      | Min. | Max. | Min. | Max. | Min.    | Max. | Unit |
| t <sub>POWER</sub>  | Note 15  | 1    |      | 1    |      | 1       |      | ms   |
| Clock               |  |      | •    |      |      |         | •    |      |
| t <sub>CYC</sub>    | Clock Cycle Time                                 | 7.5  |      | 8.5  |      | 10      |      | ns   |
| t <sub>CH</sub>     | Clock HIGH                                       | 2.1  |      | 2.3  |      | 2.5     |      | ns   |
| t <sub>CL</sub>     | Clock LOW  | 2.1  |      | 2.3  |      | 2.5     |      | ns   |
| <b>Output Times</b> |  |      | •    |      |      |         | •    |      |
| t <sub>CDV</sub>    | Data Output Valid After CLK Rise                 |      | 6.5  |      | 7.5  |         | 8.5  | ns   |
| t <sub>DOH</sub>    | Data Output Hold After CLK Rise                  | 2.0  |      | 2.0  |      | 2.0     |      | ns   |
| t <sub>CLZ</sub>    | Clock to Low-Z <sup>[16, 17, 18]</sup>           | 2.0  |      | 2.0  |      | 2.0     |      | ns   |
| t <sub>CHZ</sub>    | Clock to High-Z <sup>[16, 17, 18]</sup>          |      | 4.0  |      | 4.0  |         | 5.0  | ns   |
| t <sub>OEV</sub>    | OE LOW to Output Valid                           |      | 3.2  |      | 3.4  |         | 3.8  | ns   |
| t <sub>OELZ</sub>   | OE LOW to Output Low-Z <sup>[16, 17, 18]</sup>   | 0    |      | 0    |      | 0       |      | ns   |
| t <sub>OEHZ</sub>   | OE HIGH to Output High-Z <sup>[16, 17, 18]</sup> |      | 4.0  |      | 4.0  |         | 5.0  | ns   |
| Setup Times         | · · _ · _ · _ · _ · _ · _ ·                      |      | •    |      |      |         | •    |      |
| t <sub>AS</sub>     | Address Set-up Before CLK Rise                   | 1.5  |      | 1.5  |      | 1.5     |      | ns   |
| t <sub>ALS</sub>    | ADV/LD Set-up Before CLK Rise                    | 1.5  |      | 1.5  |      | 1.5     |      | ns   |
| t <sub>WES</sub>    | WE, BW <sub>X</sub> Set-up Before CLK Rise       | 1.5  |      | 1.5  |      | 1.5     |      | ns   |
| t <sub>CENS</sub>   | CEN Set-up Before CLK Rise                       | 1.5  |      | 1.5  |      | 1.5     |      | ns   |
| t <sub>DS</sub>     | Data Input Set-up Before CLK Rise                | 1.5  |      | 1.5  |      | 1.5     |      | ns   |
| t <sub>CES</sub>    | Chip Enable Set-Up Before CLK Rise               | 1.5  |      | 1.5  |      | 1.5     |      | ns   |
| Hold Times          |  |      |      |      |      |         | •    |      |
| t <sub>AH</sub>     | Address Hold After CLK Rise                      | 0.5  |      | 0.5  |      | 0.5     |      | ns   |
| t <sub>ALH</sub>    | ADV/LD Hold After CLK Rise                       | 0.5  |      | 0.5  |      | 0.5     |      | ns   |
| t <sub>WEH</sub>    | WE, BW <sub>X</sub> Hold After CLK Rise          | 0.5  | Ì    | 0.5  |      | 0.5     |      | ns   |
| t <sub>CENH</sub>   | CEN Hold After CLK Rise                          | 0.5  |      | 0.5  |      | 0.5     |      | ns   |
| t <sub>DH</sub>     | Data Input Hold After CLK Rise                   | 0.5  |      | 0.5  |      | 0.5     |      | ns   |
| t <sub>CEH</sub>    | Chip Enable Hold After CLK Rise                  | 0.5  |      | 0.5  |      | 0.5     |      | ns   |

Notes: 15. This part has a voltage regulator internally; t<sub>POWER</sub> is the time that the power needs to be supplied above V<sub>DD</sub>(minimum) initially, before a read or write operation can be initiated. The time that the power needs to be supplied above V<sub>DD</sub>(minimum) initially, before a read or write operation can be initiated. The time that the power needs to be supplied above V<sub>DD</sub>(minimum) initially, before a read or write operation the time that the power needs to be supplied above V<sub>DD</sub>(minimum) initially, before a read or write operation the time that the power needs to be supplied above V<sub>DD</sub>(minimum) initially, before a read or write operation the time that the power needs to be supplied above V<sub>DD</sub>(minimum) initially, before a read or write operation the time that the power needs to be supplied above V<sub>DD</sub>(minimum) initially, before a read or write operation the time that the power needs to be supplied above V<sub>DD</sub>(minimum) initially, before a read or write operation the time that the power needs to be supplied above V<sub>DD</sub>(minimum) initially, before a read or write operation the time that the power needs to be supplied above V<sub>DD</sub>(minimum) initially, before a read or write operation the time that the power needs to be supplied above V<sub>DD</sub>(minimum) initially, before a read or write operation the time that the power needs to be supplied above V<sub>DD</sub>(minimum) initially, before a read or write operation the time that the power needs to be supplied above V<sub>DD</sub>(minimum) initially, before a read or write operation the time that the power needs to be supplied above V<sub>DD</sub>(minimum) initially, before a read or write operation the time that the power needs to be supplied above V<sub>DD</sub>(minimum) initially, before a read or write operation the time that the power needs to be supplied above V<sub>DD</sub>(minimum) initially, before a read or write operation the time that the power needs to be supplied above V<sub>DD</sub>(minimum) initially, before a read or write operation the time that the power needs to be supplied above

can be initiated.
16. t<sub>CHZ</sub>, t<sub>CLZ</sub>, t<sub>OELZ</sub>, and t<sub>OEHZ</sub> are specified with AC test conditions shown in part (b) of AC Test Loads. Transition is measured ± 200 mV from steady-state voltage.
17. At any given voltage and temperature, t<sub>OEHZ</sub> is less than t<sub>OELZ</sub> and t<sub>CHZ</sub> is less than t<sub>CLZ</sub> to eliminate bus contention between SRAMs when sharing the same data bus. These specifications do not imply a bus contention condition, but reflect parameters guaranteed over worst case user conditions. Device is designed to achieve High-Z prior to Low-Z under the same system conditions
18. This parameter is sampled and not 100% tested.
19. Timing reference level is 1.5V when V<sub>DDQ</sub> = 3.3V and is 1.25V when V<sub>DDQ</sub> = 2.5V.
20. Test conditions shown in (a) of AC Test Loads unless otherwise noted.



### Switching Waveforms Read/Write Waveforms<sup>[21, 22, 23]</sup>



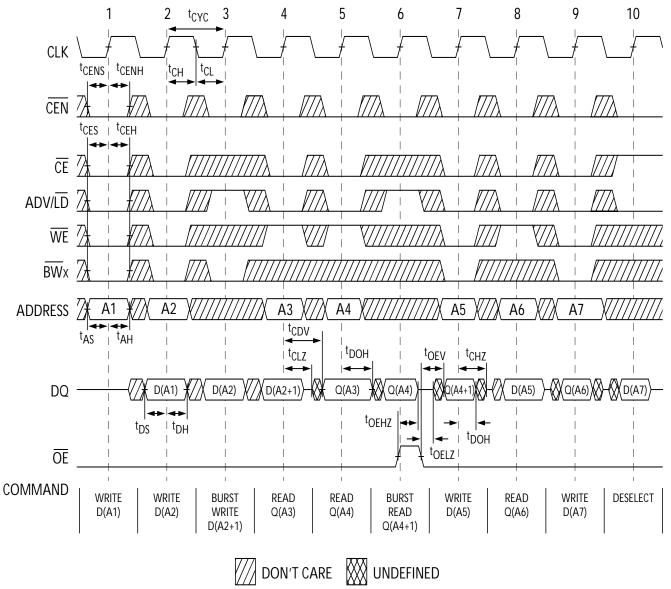
Notes:

21. For this waveform ZZ is tied low.

22. When  $\overline{CE}$  is LOW,  $\overline{CE}_1$  is LOW,  $CE_2$  is HIGH and  $\overline{CE}_3$  is LOW. When  $\overline{CE}$  is HIGH,  $\overline{CE}_1$  is HIGH or  $CE_2$  is LOW or  $\overline{CE}_3$  is HIGH. 23. Order of the Burst sequence is determined by the status of the MODE (0= Linear, 1= Interleaved). Burst operations are optional.



## Switching Waveforms (continued) NOP, STALL AND DESELECT Cycles<sup>[21, 22, 24]</sup>



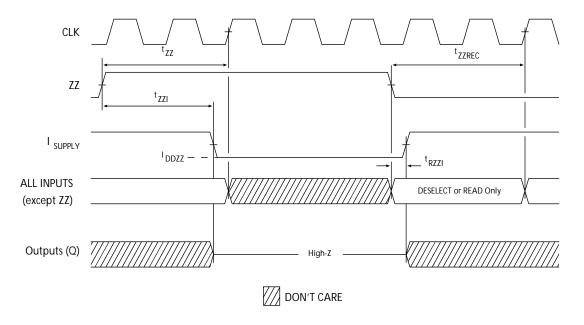
#### Notes:

24. The IGNORE CLOCK EDGE or STALL cycle (Clock 3) illustrates CEN being used to create a pause. A write is not performed during this cycle.



### Switching Waveforms (continued)

### ZZ Mode Timing <sup>[25, 26]</sup>



#### Notes:

25. Device must be deselected when entering ZZ mode. See truth table for all possible signal conditions to deselect the device. 26. DQs are in high-Z when exiting ZZ sleep mode.



## **Ordering Information**

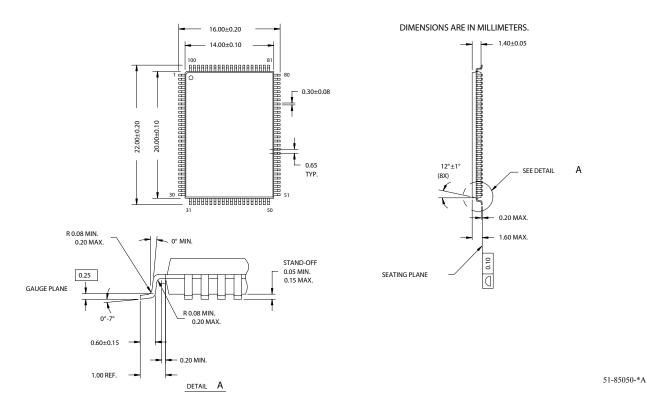
| Speed<br>(MHz) | Ordering Code                      | Package<br>Name | Part and Package Type  | Operating<br>Range |
|----------------|------------------------------------|-----------------|--|--------------------|
| 133            | CY7C1371C-133AC                    | A101            | 100-lead Thin Quad Flat Pack (14 x 20 x 1.4mm)                   | Commercial         |
|                | CY7C1373C-133AC                    |                 | 3 Chip Enables   |                    |
|                | CY7C1371C-133AI<br>CY7C1373C-133AI | A101            | 100-lead Thin Quad Flat Pack (14 x 20 x 1.4mm)<br>3 Chip Enables | Industrial         |
|                | CY7C1371C-133BGC                   | BG119           | 119-ball (14 x 22 x 2.4 mm) BGA 3 Chip Enables and               | Commercial         |
|                | CY7C1373C-133BGC                   |                 | JTAG   |                    |
|                | CY7C1371C-133BGI                   | BG119           | 119-ball (14 x 22 x 2.4 mm) BGA 3 Chip Enables and               | Industrial         |
|                | CY7C1373C-133BGI                   |                 | JTAG   |                    |
|                | CY7C1371C-133BZC                   | BB165A          | 165-ball Fine-Pitch Ball Grid Array (13 x 15 x 1.2mm)            | Commercial         |
|                | CY7C1373C-133BZC                   |                 | 3 Chip Enables and JTAG  |                    |
|                | CY7C1371C-133BZI                   | BB165A          | 165-ball Fine-Pitch Ball Grid Array (13 x 15 x 1.2mm)            | Industrial         |
|                | CY7C1373C-133BZI                   |                 | 3 Chip Enables and JTAG  |                    |
| 117            | CY7C1371C-117AC                    | A101            | 100-lead Thin Quad Flat Pack (14 x 20 x 1.4mm)                   | Commercial         |
|                | CY7C1373C-117AC                    |                 | 3 Chip Enables   |                    |
|                | CY7C1371C-117AI<br>CY7C1373C-117AI | A101            | 100-lead Thin Quad Flat Pack (14 x 20 x 1.4mm)<br>3 Chip Enables | Industrial         |
|                | CY7C1371C-117BGC                   | BG119           | 119-ball (14 x 22 x 2.4 mm) BGA 3 Chip Enables and               | Commercial         |
|                | CY7C1373C-117BGC                   |                 | JTAG   |                    |
|                | CY7C1371C-117BGI                   | BG119           | 119-ball (14 x 22 x 2.4 mm) BGA 3 Chip Enables and               | Industrial         |
|                | CY7C1373C-117BGI                   |                 | JTAG   |                    |
|                | CY7C1371C-117BZC                   | BB165A          | 165-ball Fine-Pitch Ball Grid Array (13 x 15 x 1.2mm)            | Commercial         |
|                | CY7C1373C-117BZC                   |                 | 3 Chip Enables and JTAG  |                    |
|                | CY7C1371C-117BZI                   | BB165A          | 165-ball Fine-Pitch Ball Grid Array (13 x 15 x 1.2mm)            | Industrial         |
|                | CY7C1373C-117BZI                   |                 | 3 Chip Enables and JTAG  |                    |
| 100            | CY7C1371C-100AC                    | A101            | 100-lead Thin Quad Flat Pack (14 x 20 x 1.4mm)                   | Commercial         |
|                | CY7C1373C-100AC                    |                 | 3 Chip Enables   |                    |
|                | CY7C1371C-100AI                    | A101            | 100-lead Thin Quad Flat Pack (14 x 20 x 1.4mm)                   | Industrial         |
|                | CY7C1373C-100AI                    |                 | 3 Chip Enables   |                    |
|                | CY7C1371C-100BGC                   | BG119           | 119-ball (14 x 22 x 2.4 mm) BGA 3 Chip Enables and               | Commercial         |
|                | CY7C1373C-100BGC                   |                 | JTAG   |                    |
|                | CY7C1371C-100BGI                   | BG119           | 119-ball (14 x 22 x 2.4 mm) BGA 3 Chip Enables and               | Industrial         |
|                | ICY7C1373C-100BGI                  |                 | JTAG   |                    |
|                | CY7C1371C-100BZC                   | BB165A          | 165-ball Fine-Pitch Ball Grid Array (13 x 15 x 1.2mm)            | Commercial         |
|                | CY7C1373C-100BZC                   |                 | 3 Chip Enables and JTAG  |                    |
|                | CY7C1371C-100BZI                   | BB165A          | 165-ball Fine-Pitch Ball Grid Array (13 x 15 x 1.2mm)            | Industrial         |
|                | CY7C1373C-100BZI                   |                 | 3 Chip Enables and JTAG  |                    |

Shaded areas contain advance information. Please contact your local sales representative for availability of these parts.



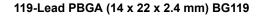
### Package Diagrams

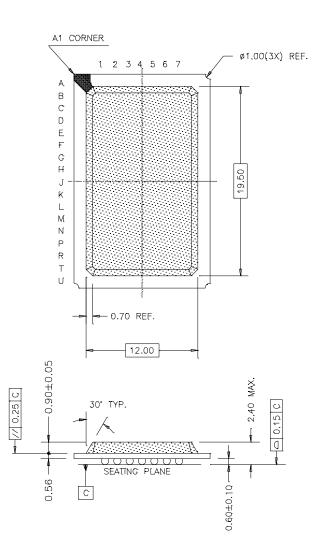


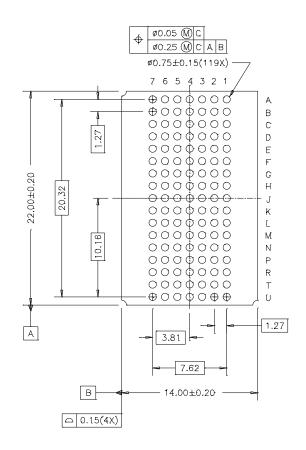




#### Package Diagrams (continued)





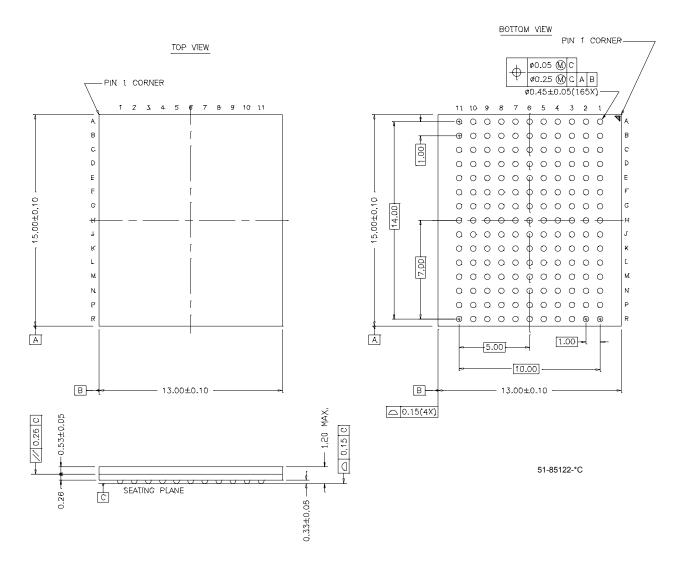


51-85115-\*B



### Package Diagrams (continued)

#### 165-Ball FBGA (13 x 15 x 1.2 mm) BB165A



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## **Document History Page**

| Document Title: CY7C1371C/CY7C1373C 18-Mbit (512K x 36/1M x 18) Flow-Through SRAM with NoBL™ Architecture Document Number: 38-05234 |         |            |                    |   |
|---|---------|------------|--------------------|---|
| REV.  | ECN NO. | Issue Date | Orig. of<br>Change | Description of Change   |
| **  | 116274  | 08/29/02   | SKX                | New Data Sheet  |
| *A  | 121537  | 11/21/02   | DSG                | Updated package diagrams 51-85115 (BG199) to rev. *B and 51-85122 (BB165A) to rev. *C |
| *В  | 206100  | see ECN    | RKF                | Final Data Sheet  |
| *C  | 225487  | See ECN    | VBL                | Update Ordering Info section: unshade active part numbers.                            |
| *D  | 231349  | See ECN    | DIM                | Pin H2 (165 fBGA) changed from NC to NC/V <sub>DD</sub> .                             |