



January 1996  
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## 74LCX16821

# Low Voltage 20-Bit D-Type Flip-Flop with 5V Tolerant Inputs and Outputs

### General Description

The LCX16821 contains twenty non-inverting D-type flip-flops with 3-STATE outputs and is intended for bus oriented applications. The device is designed for low voltage (2.5V or 3.3V)  $V_{CC}$  applications with capability of interfacing to a 5V signal environment.

The LCX16821 is fabricated with an advanced CMOS technology to achieve high speed operation while maintaining CMOS low power dissipation.

### Features

- 5V tolerant inputs and outputs
- 2.3V–3.6V  $V_{CC}$  specifications provided
- 6.2 ns  $t_{PD}$  max ( $V_{CC} = 3.3V$ ), 20  $\mu A$   $I_{CC}$  max
- Power down high impedance inputs and outputs
- Supports live insertion/withdrawal (Note 1)
- $\pm 24$  mA output drive ( $V_{CC} = 3.0V$ )
- Implements patented noise/EMI reduction circuitry
- Latch-up performance exceeds 500 mA
- ESD performance:
  - Human body model > 2000V
  - Machine model > 200V

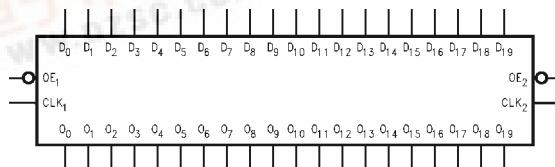
**Note 1:** To ensure the high-impedance state during power up or down,  $\overline{OE}$  should be tied to  $V_{CC}$  through a pull-up resistor; the minimum value of the resistor is determined by the current-sourcing capability of the driver.

### Ordering Code:

| Order Number  | Package Number | Package Description   |
|---------------|----------------|---|
| 74LCX16821MEA | MS56A          | 56-Lead Shrink Small Outline Package (SSOP), JEDEC MO-118, 0.300" Wide      |
| 74LCX16821MTD | MTD56          | 56-Lead Thin Shrink Small Outline Package (TSSOP), JEDEC MO-153, 6.1mm Wide |

Devices also available in Tape and Reel. Specify by appending suffix letter "X" to the ordering code.

### Logic Symbol

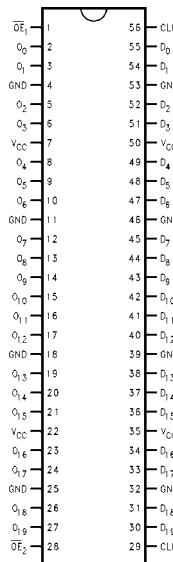


### Pin Descriptions

| Pin Names         | Description                      |
|-------------------|----------------------------------|
| $\overline{OE}_n$ | Output Enable Input (Active LOW) |
| $CLK_n$           | Clock Input                      |
| $D_0$ – $D_{19}$  | Inputs                           |
| $O_0$ – $O_{19}$  | Outputs                          |

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## Connection Diagram



## Truth Tables

| Inputs           |                 |                                | Outputs                        |
|------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| CLK <sub>1</sub> | OE <sub>1</sub> | D <sub>0</sub> -D <sub>9</sub> | O <sub>0</sub> -O <sub>9</sub> |
| X                | H               | X                              | Z                              |
| ✓                | L               | L                              | L                              |
| ✓                | L               | H                              | H                              |
| L or H           | L               | X                              | O <sub>0</sub>                 |

| Inputs           |                 |                                  | Outputs                          |
|------------------|-----------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| CLK <sub>2</sub> | OE <sub>2</sub> | D <sub>10</sub> -D <sub>19</sub> | O <sub>10</sub> -O <sub>19</sub> |
| X                | H               | X                                | Z                                |
| ✓                | L               | L                                | L                                |
| ✓                | L               | H                                | H                                |
| L or H           | L               | X                                | O <sub>0</sub>                   |

H = HIGH Voltage Level

L = LOW Voltage Level

X = Immaterial

Z = High Impedance

O<sub>0</sub> = Previous O<sub>0</sub> before LOW-to-HIGH transition of Clock

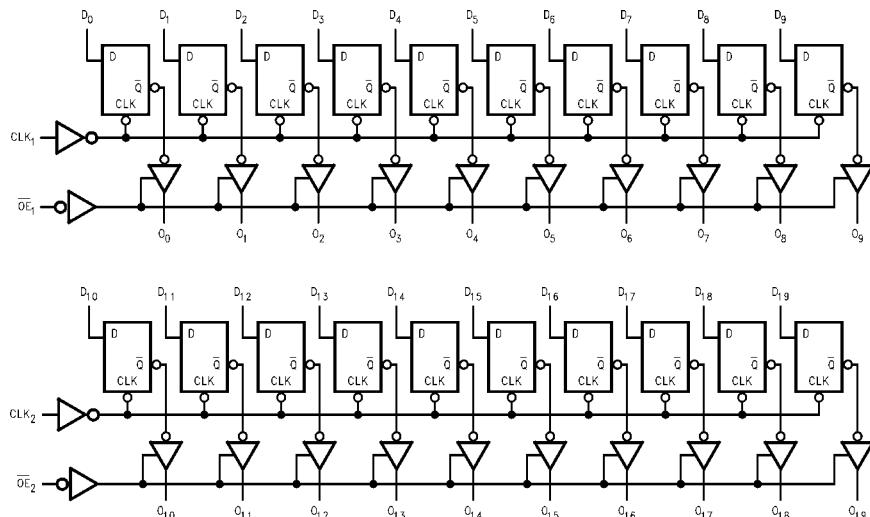
✓ = LOW-to-HIGH transition

## Functional Description

The LCX16821 contains twenty D-type flip-flops with 3-STATE standard outputs. The device is byte controlled with each byte functioning identically, but independent of the other. Control pins can be shorted together to obtain full 20-bit operation. The following description applies to each byte. The twenty flip-flops will store the state of their individual D inputs that meet the setup and hold time require-

ments on the LOW-to-HIGH Clock (CLK) transition. The 3-STATE standard outputs are controlled by the Output Enable ( $\overline{OE}_n$ ) input. When  $\overline{OE}_n$  is LOW, the standard outputs are in the 2-state mode. When  $\overline{OE}_n$  is HIGH, the standard outputs are in the high impedance mode but this does not interfere with entering new data into the flip-flops.

## Logic Diagram



Please note that this diagram is provided only for the understanding of logic operations and should not be used to estimate propagation delays.

### Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 3)

| Symbol    | Parameter                        | Value                                  | Conditions  | Units |
|-----------|----------------------------------|--|---|-------|
| $V_{CC}$  | Supply Voltage                   | -0.5 to +7.0                           |   | V     |
| $V_I$     | DC Input Voltage                 | -0.5 to +7.0                           |   | V     |
| $V_O$     | DC Output Voltage                | -0.5 to +7.0<br>-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$ | Output in 3-STATE<br>Output in HIGH or LOW State (Note 3) | V     |
| $I_{IK}$  | DC Input Diode Current           | -50                                    | $V_I < GND$   | mA    |
| $I_{OK}$  | DC Output Diode Current          | -50<br>+50                             | $V_O < GND$<br>$V_O > V_{CC}$                             | mA    |
| $I_O$     | DC Output Source/Sink Current    | $\pm 50$                               |   | mA    |
| $I_{CC}$  | DC Supply Current per Supply Pin | $\pm 100$                              |   | mA    |
| $I_{GND}$ | DC Ground Current per Ground Pin | $\pm 100$                              |   | mA    |
| $T_{STG}$ | Storage Temperature              | -65 to +150                            |   | °C    |

### Recommended Operating Conditions (Note 4)

| Symbol              | Parameter   |  | Min        | Max                             | Units |
|---------------------|---|--|------------|---------------------------------|-------|
| $V_{CC}$            | Supply Voltage  | Operating Data Retention   | 2.0<br>1.5 | 3.6<br>3.6                      | V     |
| $V_I$               | Input Voltage   |  | 0          | 5.5                             | V     |
| $V_O$               | Output Voltage  | HIGH or LOW State<br>3-STATE   | 0<br>0     | $V_{CC}$<br>5.5                 | V     |
| $I_{OH}/I_{OL}$     | Output Current  | $V_{CC} = 3.0V - 3.6V$<br>$V_{CC} = 2.7V - 3.0V$<br>$V_{CC} = 2.3V - 2.7V$ |            | $\pm 24$<br>$\pm 12$<br>$\pm 8$ | mA    |
| $T_A$               | Free-Air Operating Temperature                            |  | -40        | 85                              | °C    |
| $\Delta t/\Delta V$ | Input Edge Rate, $V_{IN} = 0.8V - 2.0V$ , $V_{CC} = 3.0V$ |  | 0          | 10                              | ns/V  |

**Note 2:** The Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which the safety of the device cannot be guaranteed. The device should not be operated at these limits. The parametric values defined in the Electrical Characteristics tables are not guaranteed at the Absolute Maximum Ratings. The "Recommended Operating Conditions" table will define the conditions for actual device operation.

**Note 3:**  $I_O$  Absolute Maximum Rating must be observed.

**Note 4:** Unused pins (Inputs and I/O) must be held HIGH or LOW. They may not float.

### DC Electrical Characteristics

| Symbol    | Parameter                 | Conditions  | $V_{CC}$<br>(V) | $T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$ |           | Units |
|-----------|---------------------------|---|-----------------|--|-----------|-------|
|           |                           |   |                 | Min  | Max       |       |
| $V_{IH}$  | HIGH Level Input Voltage  |   | 2.3 – 2.7       | 1.7  |           | V     |
|           |                           |   | 2.7 – 3.6       | 2.0  |           |       |
| $V_{IL}$  | LOW Level Input Voltage   |   | 2.3 – 2.7       |  | 0.7       | V     |
|           |                           |   | 2.7 – 3.6       |  | 0.8       |       |
| $V_{OH}$  | HIGH Level Output Voltage | $I_{OH} = -100 \mu\text{A}$                                 | 2.3 – 3.6       | $V_{CC} - 0.2$                                       |           | V     |
|           |                           | $I_{OH} = -8 \text{ mA}$                                    | 2.3             | 1.8  |           |       |
|           |                           | $I_{OH} = -12 \text{ mA}$                                   | 2.7             | 2.2  |           |       |
|           |                           | $I_{OH} = -18 \text{ mA}$                                   | 3.0             | 2.4  |           |       |
|           |                           | $I_{OH} = -24 \text{ mA}$                                   | 3.0             | 2.2  |           |       |
| $V_{OL}$  | LOW Level Output Voltage  | $I_{OL} = 100 \mu\text{A}$                                  | 2.3 – 3.6       |  | 0.2       | V     |
|           |                           | $I_{OL} = 8 \text{ mA}$                                     | 2.3             |  | 0.6       |       |
|           |                           | $I_{OL} = 12 \text{ mA}$                                    | 2.7             |  | 0.4       |       |
|           |                           | $I_{OL} = 16 \text{ mA}$                                    | 3.0             |  | 0.4       |       |
|           |                           | $I_{OL} = 24 \text{ mA}$                                    | 3.0             |  | 0.55      |       |
| $I_I$     | Input Leakage Current     | $0 \leq V_I \leq 5.5\text{V}$                               | 2.3 – 3.6       |  | $\pm 5.0$ | μA    |
| $I_{OZ}$  | 3-STATE Output Leakage    | $0 \leq V_O \leq 5.5\text{V}$<br>$V_I = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$ | 2.3 – 3.6       |  | $\pm 5.0$ | μA    |
| $I_{OFF}$ | Power-Off Leakage Current | $V_I$ or $V_O = 5.5\text{V}$                                | 0               |  | 10        | μA    |

## DC Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

| Symbol           | Parameter                             | Conditions  | V <sub>CC</sub><br>(V) | T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C to +85°C |     | Units |
|------------------|---------------------------------------|---|------------------------|---------------------------------|-----|-------|
|                  |                                       |   |                        | Min                             | Max |       |
| I <sub>CC</sub>  | Quiescent Supply Current              | V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND<br>3.6V ≤ V <sub>I</sub> , V <sub>O</sub> ≤ 5.5V (Note 5) | 2.3 – 3.6              |                                 | 20  | μA    |
| ΔI <sub>CC</sub> | Increase in I <sub>CC</sub> per Input | V <sub>IH</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.6V  | 2.3 – 3.6              |                                 | ±20 | μA    |

Note 5: Outputs disabled or 3-STATE only.

## AC Electrical Characteristics

| Symbol            | Parameter                                  | T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C to +85°C, R <sub>L</sub> = 500Ω |     |                        |     |                               |     | Units |  |
|-------------------|--|--|-----|------------------------|-----|-------------------------------|-----|-------|--|
|                   |  | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3V ± 0.3V                          |     | V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7V |     | V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5V ± 0.2V |     |       |  |
|                   |  | C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF                                 |     | C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF |     | C <sub>L</sub> = 30 pF        |     |       |  |
|                   |  | Min  | Max | Min                    | Max | Min                           | Max |       |  |
| f <sub>MAX</sub>  | Maximum Clock Frequency                    | 150  |     |                        |     |                               |     | MHz   |  |
| t <sub>PHL</sub>  | Propagation Delay<br>CLK to O <sub>n</sub> | 1.5  | 6.2 | 1.5                    | 6.5 | 1.5                           | 7.4 | ns    |  |
| t <sub>PLH</sub>  |  | 1.5  | 6.2 | 1.5                    | 6.5 | 1.5                           | 7.4 |       |  |
| t <sub>PZL</sub>  | Output Enable Time                         | 1.5  | 6.5 | 1.5                    | 7.0 | 1.5                           | 8.5 | ns    |  |
| t <sub>PZH</sub>  |  | 1.5  | 6.5 | 1.5                    | 7.0 | 1.5                           | 8.5 |       |  |
| t <sub>PLZ</sub>  | Output Disable Time                        | 1.5  | 6.5 | 1.5                    | 7.0 | 1.5                           | 7.8 | ns    |  |
| t <sub>PHZ</sub>  |  | 1.5  | 6.5 | 1.5                    | 7.0 | 1.5                           | 7.8 |       |  |
| t <sub>OSHL</sub> | Output to Output Skew (Note 6)             |  |     | 1.0                    |     |                               |     | ns    |  |
| t <sub>OSLH</sub> |  |  |     | 1.0                    |     |                               |     |       |  |
| t <sub>S</sub>    | Setup Time, D <sub>n</sub> to CLK          | 2.5  |     | 2.5                    |     | 3.0                           |     | ns    |  |
| t <sub>H</sub>    | Hold Time, D <sub>n</sub> to CLK           | 1.5  |     | 1.5                    |     | 2.0                           |     | ns    |  |
| t <sub>W</sub>    | CLK Pulse Width                            | 3.3  |     | 3.3                    |     | 3.8                           |     | ns    |  |

Note 6: Skew is defined as the absolute value of the difference between the actual propagation delay for any two separate outputs of the same device. The specification applies to any outputs switching in the same direction, either HIGH-to-LOW (t<sub>OSHL</sub>) or LOW-to-HIGH (t<sub>OSLH</sub>).

## Dynamic Switching Characteristics

| Symbol           | Parameter                                   | Conditions   | V <sub>CC</sub><br>(V) | T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C |     | Units |
|------------------|---|--|------------------------|-----------------------|-----|-------|
|                  |   |  |                        | Typical               |     |       |
| V <sub>OLP</sub> | Quiet Output Dynamic Peak V <sub>OL</sub>   | C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF, V <sub>IH</sub> = 3.3V, V <sub>IL</sub> = 0V<br>C <sub>L</sub> = 30 pF, V <sub>IH</sub> = 2.5V, V <sub>IL</sub> = 0V | 3.3                    | 1.0                   |     | V     |
| V <sub>OLV</sub> | Quiet Output Dynamic Valley V <sub>OL</sub> | C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF, V <sub>IH</sub> = 3.3V, V <sub>IL</sub> = 0V<br>C <sub>L</sub> = 30 pF, V <sub>IH</sub> = 2.5V, V <sub>IL</sub> = 0V | 3.3                    | -0.8                  | 2.5 | V     |

## Capacitance

| Symbol          | Parameter                     | Conditions  | Typical | Units |
|-----------------|-------------------------------|---|---------|-------|
| C <sub>IN</sub> | Input Capacitance             | V <sub>CC</sub> = Open, V <sub>I</sub> = 0V or V <sub>CC</sub>              | 7       | pF    |
| C <sub>O</sub>  | Output Capacitance            | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3V, V <sub>I</sub> = 0V or V <sub>CC</sub>              | 8       | pF    |
| C <sub>PD</sub> | Power Dissipation Capacitance | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3V, V <sub>I</sub> = 0V or V <sub>CC</sub> , f = 10 MHz | 20      | pF    |

## AC LOADING and WAVEFORMS Generic for LCX Family

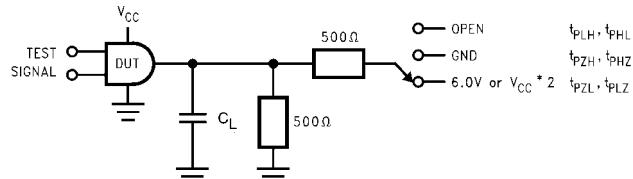
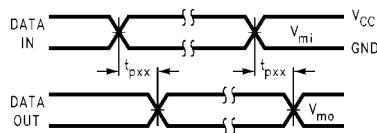
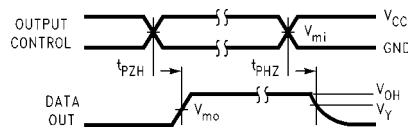


FIGURE 1. AC Test Circuit ( $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance)

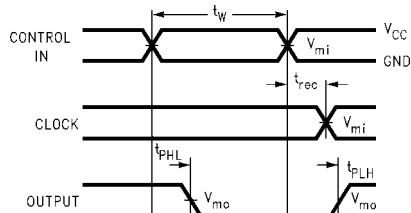
| Test               | Switch  |
|--------------------|---|
| $t_{PLH}, t_{PHL}$ | Open  |
| $t_{PZH}, t_{PHZ}$ | 6V at $V_{CC} = 3.3 \pm 0.3$ V<br>$V_{CC} \times 2$ at $V_{CC} = 2.5 \pm 0.2$ V |
| $t_{PLZ}, t_{PLH}$ | GND   |



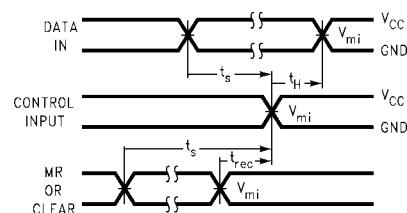
Waveform for Inverting and Non-Inverting Functions



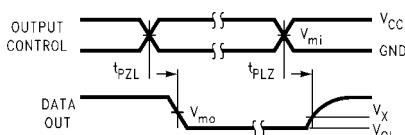
3-STATE Output High Enable and Disable Times for Logic



Propagation Delay, Pulse Width and  $t_{rec}$  Waveforms



Setup Time, Hold Time and Recovery Time for Logic



3-STATE Output Low Enable and Disable Times for Logic

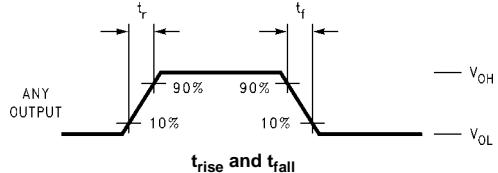
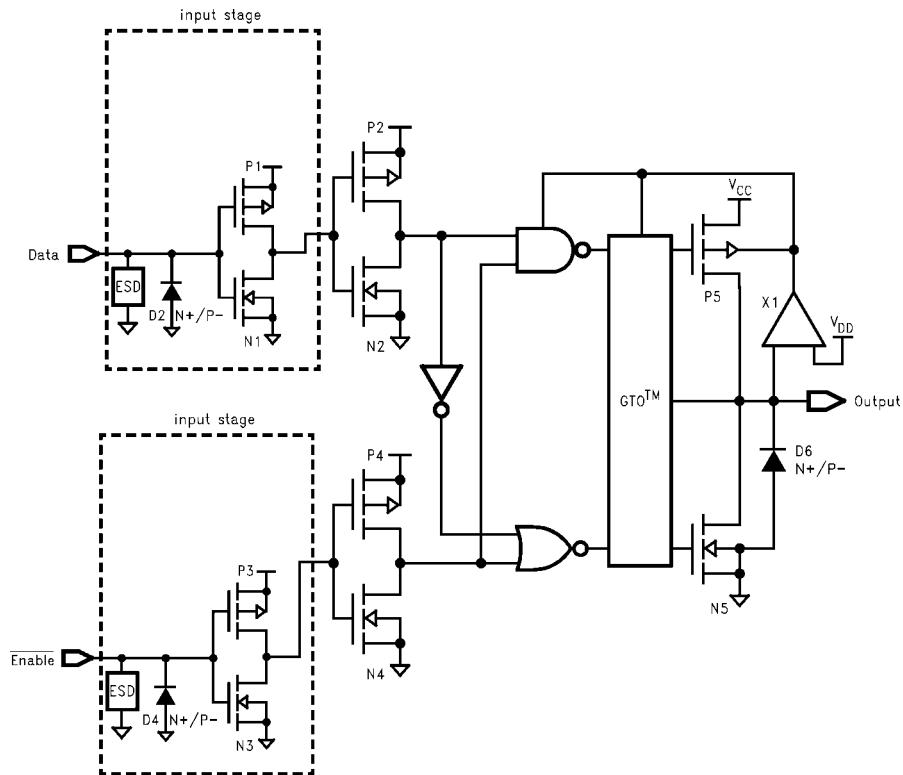


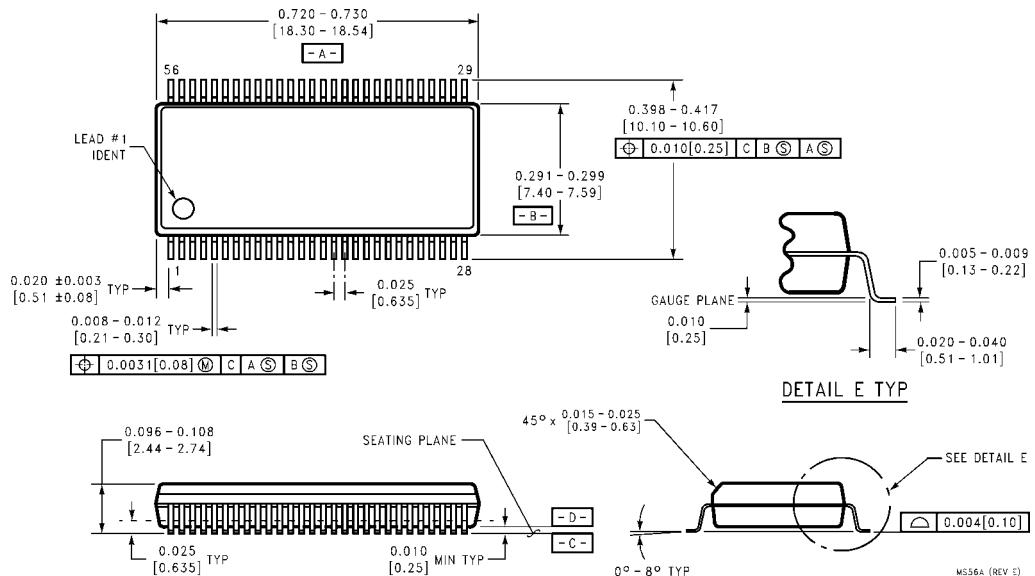
FIGURE 2. Waveforms  
(Input Characteristics;  $f = 1\text{MHz}$ ,  $t_R = t_F = 3\text{ns}$ )

| Symbol   | $V_{CC}$        |                 |                  |
|----------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|
|          | $3.3V \pm 0.3V$ | $2.7V$          | $2.5V \pm 0.2V$  |
| $V_{mi}$ | 1.5V            | 1.5V            | $V_{CC}/2$       |
| $V_{mo}$ | 1.5V            | 1.5V            | $V_{CC}/2$       |
| $V_x$    | $V_{OL} + 0.3V$ | $V_{OL} + 0.3V$ | $V_{OL} + 0.15V$ |
| $V_y$    | $V_{OH} - 0.3V$ | $V_{OH} - 0.3V$ | $V_{OH} - 0.15V$ |

**Schematic Diagram** Generic for LCX Family

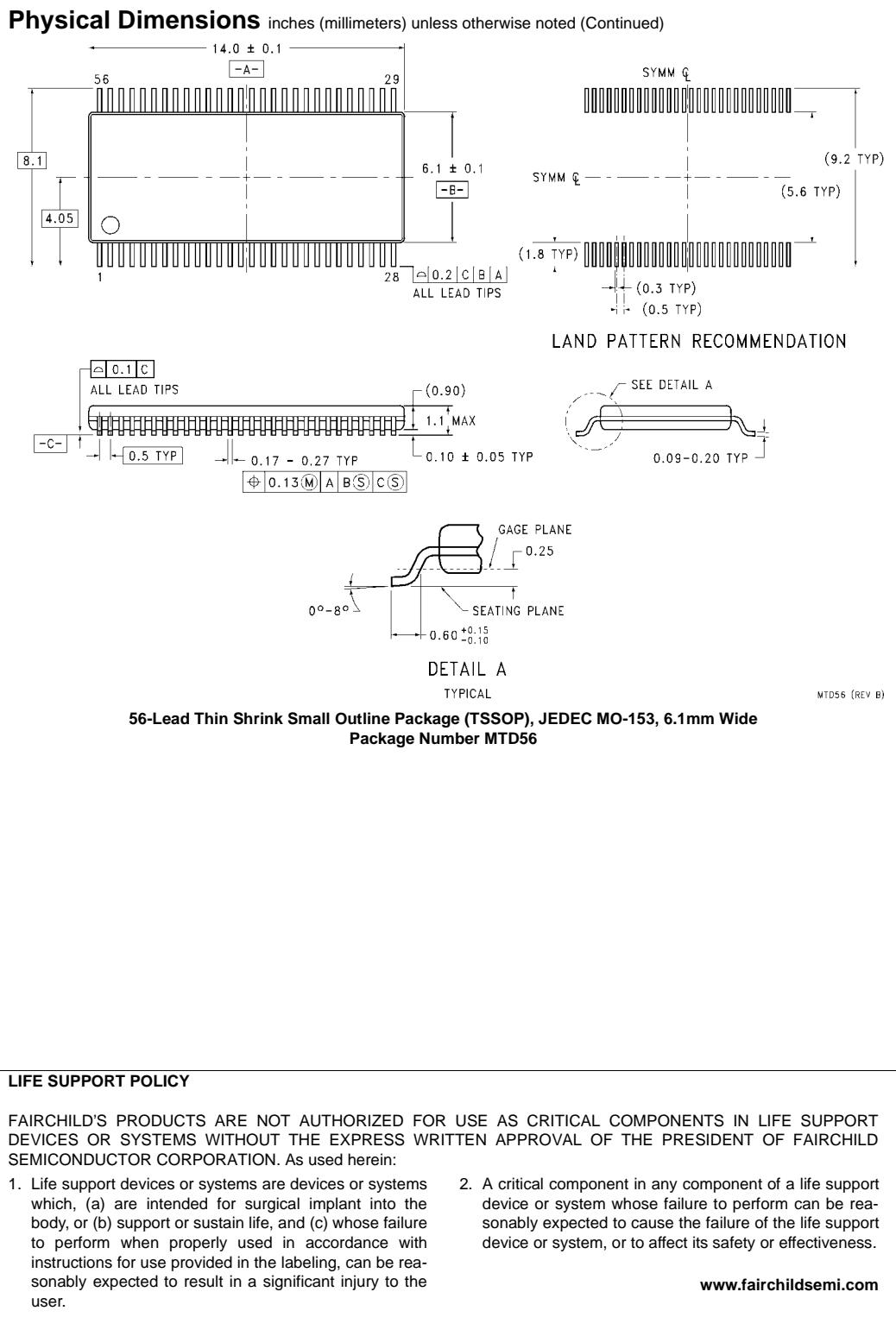
74LCX16821

**Physical Dimensions** inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted



56-Lead Shrink Small Outline Package (SSOP), JEDEC MO-118, 0.300" Wide  
Package Number MS56A

## 74LCX16821 Low Voltage 20-Bit D-Type Flip-Flop with 5V Tolerant Inputs and Outputs



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