Ordering number : EN4624B

CMOS IC



LC78835K, 78835KM

18 Bits Digital Filter and D/A Converter for Digital Audio

Overview

The LC78835K and 78835KM are 18-bit digital-to-analog D/A converter CMOS ICs with an on-chip eight-times oversampling digital filter. The LC78835 and the LC78835M are pin compatible.

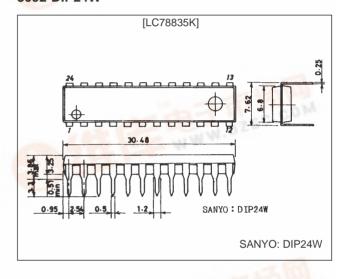
Features

- · Digital filter
 - 8 fs oversampling filter: 3-stage finite-impulseresponse (FIR) filter design (43rd-, 11th-, and thirdorders)
 - De-emphasis filter: Supports fs = 32 kHz, 44.1 kHz, or 48 kHz
 - Soft mute
 - Noise shaper
 - Supports double-rate sampling
- D/A converter
 - Dynamic level-shifting 18-bit digital-to-analog converter
 - On-chip 2-channel D/A converter (with corresponding output)
 - On-chip output op-amp
 - Supports 384 fs, 392 fs, 448 fs, or 512 fs system clock
 - Single 5 V supply
 - Permits low-voltage operation (3.5 V)
 - Low-power silicon-gate CMOS process

Package Dimensions

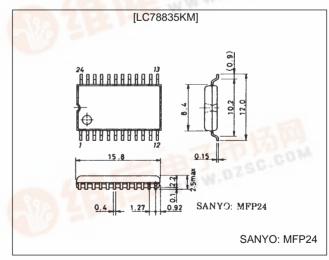
unit: mm

3092-DIP24W



unit: mm

3155-MFP24





Specifications

Absolute Maximum Ratings at $Ta=25^{\circ}C,\,V_{SS}=0^{\circ}C$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Maximum supply voltage	V _{DD} max		-0.3 to + 7.0	V
Input voltage	V_{IN}		-0.3 to V _{DD} + 0.3	V
Output voltage	V _{OUT}		-0.3 to V _{DD} + 0.3	V
Operating temperature	Topr		-30 to + 75	°C
Storage temperature	Tstg		-40 to + 125	°C

Allowable Operating Ranges

Б		0 ""		11.7		
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	min	typ	max	Unit
Supply voltage	V _{DD}		3.5	5.0	5.5	V
Reference voltage high	Vref H		V _{DD} - 0.3		V _{DD}	V
Reference voltage low	Vref L		0		0.3	V
Operating temperature	Topr		-30		+75	°C

DC Characteristics at Ta = –30 to +75°C, V_{DD} = 3.5 to 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V

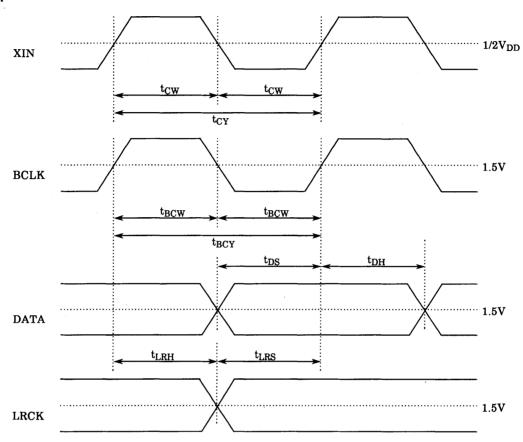
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Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	min	typ	max	Unit
Input high level voltage (1)	V _{IH} 1	3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17 and 18 pin	2.2			V
Input low level voltage (1)	V _{IL} 1	3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17 and 18 pin			0.8	V
Input high level voltage (2)	V _{IH} 2	11 pin	0.7V _{DD}			V
Input low level voltage (2)	V _{IL} 2	11 pin			0.3V _{DD}	V
Output high level voltage	V _{OH}	9 pin: I _{OH} = −3 mA	2.4			V
Output low level voltage	V _{OL}	9 pin: I _{OL} = 3 mA			0.4	V
Input leakage current	ΙL	$*, V_I = V_{SS}, V_{DD}$	-25		+25	μA

Note: * 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 11, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17 and 18 pin

AC Characteristics at Ta = –30 to +75°C, V_{DD} = 3.5 to 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V

5				Ratings				
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	min	typ	max	Unit		
Oscillation frequency	f _X	XIN pin for crystal oscillator	1.0		25	MHz		
Clock pulse width	t _{CW}	With external clock input to other than XIN pin	18			ns		
Clock pulse phase	t _{CY}	With external clock input to other than XIN pin	40		1000	ns		
BCLK pulse width	t _{BCW}		60			ns		
BCLK pulse phase	t _{BCY}		120			ns		
Data setup time	t _{DS}		40			ns		
Data hold time	t _{DH}		40			ns		
LRCK setup time	t _{LRS}		40			ns		
LRCK hold time	t _{LRH}		40			ns		

Audio Input Waveforms



Electrical Characteristics (1) at Ta = 25° C, $AV_{DD} = DV_{DD} = V_{refH} = 5.0$ V, $AGND = DGND = V_{refL} = 0$ V, unless otherwise specified

		0 1111	Ratings				
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	min	typ	max	Unit	
D/A converter resolution	RES			18		Bits	
Total harmonic distortion	THD	At 1 kHz, 0 dB*1			0.08	%	
Dynamic range	DR	At 1 kHz, –60 dB	90			dB	
Crosstalk	СТ	At 1 kHz, 0 dB			-85	dB	
Signal-to-noise ratio	S/N	JIS-A	96			dB	
Full-scale output voltage	VFS			3.0		V _{P-P}	
Power dissipation	Pd	*2		135	200	mW	
Output load resistance	RL	21, 23 pin	5			kΩ	

Note: 1. "0 dB" signifies full scale.

2. XIN pulse width (pin 11) 1.5 to 3.5 V, fx = 16.9344 MHz

Test circuit: Based on application circuit

Electrical Characteristics (2)

at $Ta = 25^{\circ}C$, $AV_{DD} = DV_{DD} = VrefH 3.5 V$, AGND = DGND = VrefH = 0 V, unless otherwise specified

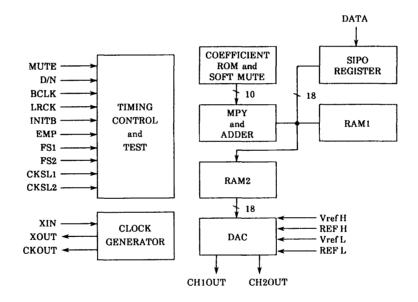
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Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	min	typ	max	Unit
D/A converter resolution	RES			18		Bits
Total harmonic distortion	THD	At 1 kHz, 0dB*1			0.09	%
Dynamic range	DR	At 1 kHz, -60 dB	90			dB
Crosstalk	СТ	At 1 kHz, 0 dB			-85	dB
Signal-to-noise ratio	S/N	JIS-A	96			dB
Full-scale output voltage	VFS			2.1		V _{P-P}
Power dissipation	Pd	*2		50	75	mW
Output load resistance	RL	21, 23 pin	15			kΩ

Note: 1. "0 dB" signifies full scale.

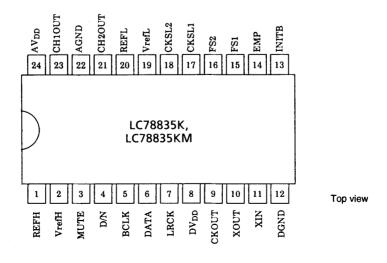
2. XIN pulse width (pin 11) 1.0 to 2.5 V, fx = 16.9344 MHz

Test circuit: Based on application circuit

Block Diagram



Pin Assignment



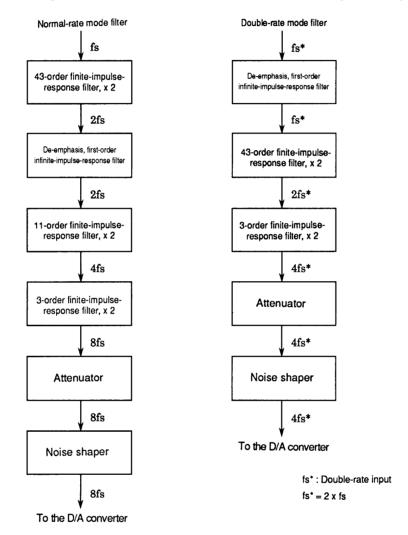
Pin Description

Number	Name		Description						
1	REFH		Reference voltage "H" pin Normally connected to AGND via a capacitor						
2	VrefH	Reference v	Reference voltage "H" input pin						
3	MUTE	Mute signal Soft mute is							
4	D/N	Normal/dou Double-spe				rmal ope	ation when low		
5	BCLK	Bit clock inp	ut pin						
6	DATA	Digital audio 2's compler		•	out from th	ne most s	ignificant bit (MSB)		
7	LRCK	Left-right clo			el 2 when	low			
8	DV _{DD}	Digital power	er supply	pin					
9	CKOUT	Clock outpu When at 39 When not a	2 fs: 196		iency cloc	:k			
10	XOUT	Crystal osci	llator out	put pin (s	ystem clo	ck outpu	pin)		
11	XIN	Crystal osci	llator inpu	ut pin (sy	stem cloc	k input pi	1)		
12	DGND	Digital grou	nd pin						
13	INITB		Initialization signal input pin Initialization performed when low						
14	EMP		On/Off toggle for the de-emphasis filter On when high, off when low						
15	FS1	32 kHz/44.1	kHz/48	kHz seled	ctor for the	e de-emp	nasis filter		
		FS1	L	Н	Н	L			
		FS2	L	L	Н	Н			
16	FS2	fs	44.1	kHz	32 kHz	48 kHz			
17	CKSL1	System clos	k selecto	or pin					
		CKSL1	CKSL2	2 Sy	stem Cloc	k			
		L	L		384 fs				
18	CKSL2	L	Н		392 fs				
		Н	L		448 fs				
		Н	H H 512 fs						
19	VrefL	Reference	Reference voltage "L" input pin						
20	REFL	Reference v	oltage "L	." pin		acitor			
21	CH2OUT	_	Normally connected to AGND via a capacitor Channel 2 analog output pin						
22	AGND		Analog ground pin						
23	CH1OUT		Channel 1 analog output pin						
24	AV _{DD}	_	Analog power supply pin						

Description of Operation

1. Digital Filter

The LC78835K and 78835KM perform arithmetic functions as shown in the following block diagrams.



· Oversampling

Constructed of twice as many interpolation filters with a cascade connection arrangement using finite-impulse-response (FIR) filters. When operating in normal-rate mode, data is transferred through a three-stage cascading process consisting of 43rd-order, 11th-order, and third-order finite impulse response (FIR) filters connected together to produce an eight-times oversampled signal. When operating in double-rate mode, data is transferred through a two-stage cascading process consisting of 43rd-order and second-order finite-impulse-response (FIR) connected filters to give a four-times oversampled signal. For further details concerning filter characteristics, refer to page 12.

• De-emphasis

Digital de-emphasis is performed using a first-order infinite-impulse-response (IIR) filter. Filter supported sampling frequencies include fs = 32 kHz, 44.1 kHz and 48 kHz (frequencies are all doubled with double-rate mode).

For further details concerning filter characteristics when de-emphasis is on, refer to page 13.

— De-emphasis on/off

De-emphasis on: EMP pin = "H" De-emphasis off: EMP pin = "L"

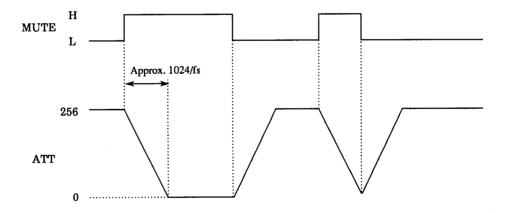
Selection of filter coefficient

FS1	L	Н	Н	L
FS2	L	L	Н	Н
fs	44.1 kHz		32 kHz	48 kHz

· Soft Mute

Soft muting is performed using the built-in digital attenuator. The attenuation amount of the attenuator circuit is as follows:

Although ATT = 0 to 256, when ATT = 0, attenuation sets to $-\infty$. If the MUTE pin is set to "H" level, ATT approaches 0 in single-decreasing increments and the attenuation changes towards $-\infty$. On the other hand, when the MUTE pin is set to the "L" level, ATT approaches 256 in single-increasing increments and the attenuation amount changes to approach 0. The approximate speed during soft mute is 1024/fs.



· Noise Shaper

In order to reduce noise during DF arithmetic output requantization, the first-order noise shaper is utilized.

• Double-Rate Support

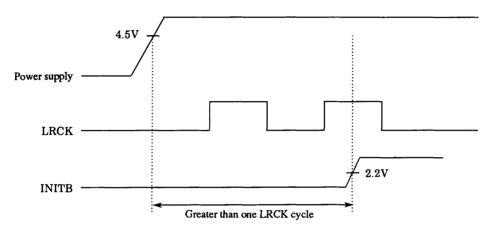
When the D/N pin is set to "H" level, CD high-speed playback is supported. At this time, BCLK, LRCK and DATA are input at double the frequency of normal operating times. The system clock operates at 384 fs and with a clock speed of 512 fs, double-rate is supported. Note that test mode is enabled for clock speeds of 392 fs and 448fs and double-rate is not supported.

Normal-rate mode: D/N pin = "L" Double-rate mode: D/N pin = "H"

2. Initialization

Initialization is necessary when power is applied or the system clock is replaced. When the INITB pin has been set to an "L" level, the supply to XIN, BCLK, and LRCK should be connected only after the supply has stabilized at the "L" level. As shown in the figure, a period greater than one LRCK cycle is required.

When INITB = "L," all 18-bit digital filter outputs set to 0, and the D/A converter's output (CH1OUT, CH2OUT) equals 0 analog output (approximately (VREFH + VREFL)/2 electric potential).



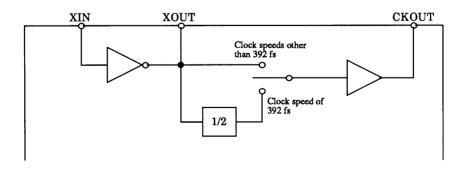
3. System Clock

This IC supports four system clock speeds including 384 fs, 392 fs, 448 fs, and 512 fs. These may be selected using the CKSL1 and CKSL2 pins.

CKSL1	CKSL2	System Clock
L	L	384 fs
L	Н	392 fs
Н	L	448 fs
Н	Н	512 fs

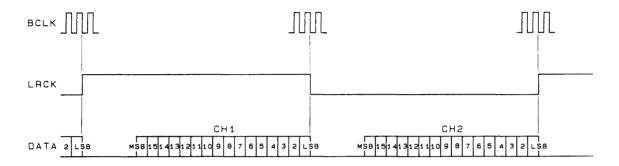
• CKOUT Pin

When operating at 392 fs, clock output is 196 fs or half that of the system clock. All other speeds result in clock output equal to that of the system.



4. Digital Audio Data Input

Digital audio data supports MSB first and 2's complement code using a 16-bit serial signal. 16-bit serial data is input from the DATA pin at the edge of BCLK rising and is input to the internal register along with readings at the rising and falling edges of LRCK.

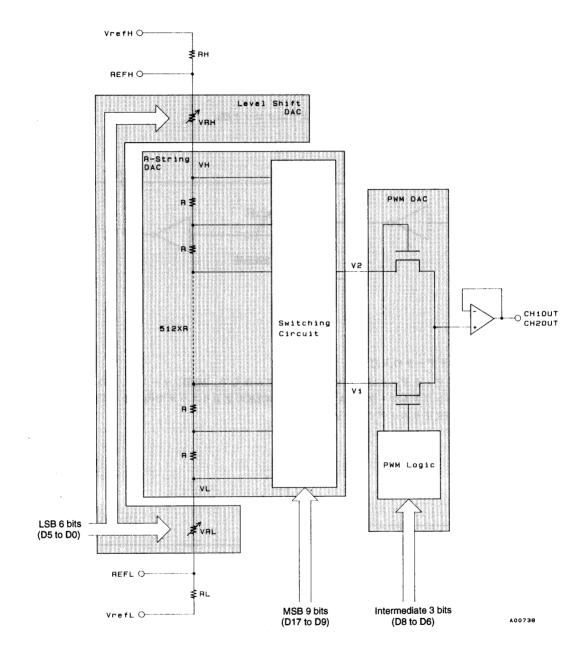


Digital Audio Data Input Timing

A00737

5. Digital-to-Analog (D/A) Converter

These chips have built-in output operational amplifiers which use two independent on-chip D/A converters for CH1 and CH2. Both use dynamic level shift, combining resistance strings (R-string D/A conversion), pulse-width modulation (PWM D/A conversion) and level shift D/A conversion modes. (See figure below.)



• Resistance String (R-string) D/A Converter

This 9-bit D/A converter circuit has 512 (=29) unit resistors (R) connected in series so that a potential applied to both ends is subjected to 512-way division. The two adjoining potentials V2 and V1 of the divided potentials corresponding to the values of the 9 MSBs of data (D15 to D9) are sent via a switching circuit to the PWM D/A converter. At this point, V2 - V1 = (VH - VL)/512.

• Pulse-Width Modulation (PWM) D/A Converter

This is a 3-bit circuit that applies pulse width modulation to voltages V2 and V1 output from the R-string D/A converter to produce an 8-way division. Depending on the value of the data in bits D8 to D6, one of the voltages, V2 or V1, is output to the CH1OUT (or CH2OUT) pin.

• Level Shift D/A Converter

The variable resistors VRH and VRL are connected in series to the two ends of the R-string D/A converter resistance, configuring a 6-bit D/A conversion circuit. Depending on the values of the data in the LSBs (bits D5 to D0), VRH and VRL change as follows.

- (1) The sum of VRH and VRL is constant, irrespective of the data value.
- (2) Irrespective of the data value, VRH and VRL are in the range of 0 to 63R/512 (where R is the unit resistance of the R-string D/A converter) and resistance changes in R/512 steps in accordance with the data value.

This means that the R-string D/A converter outputs, V2 and V1, each vary in the range of 0 to $63 \times \Delta V/512$ ($\Delta V = (VH - VL)/512$) in $\Delta V/512$ steps.

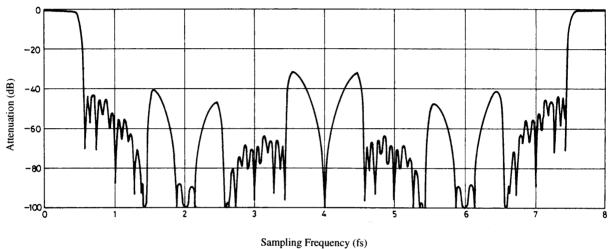
— Vref H/L, REF H/L Pins

The voltage on the Vref pins, used to apply the reference voltage to the resistance strings, are usually set so that $VrefH = AV_{DD}$ and VrefL = AGND. In addition, a 10 μF rated condenser connects REFH and AGND as well as REFL and AGND. When VrefH = 5.0 V, VrefL = 0 V, the LC78835K on-chip RH and RL resistors maximum output amplitude at 0 dB playback is output in the 3.0 Vp-p range extending from a minimum 0.6 V to maximum 3.6 V.

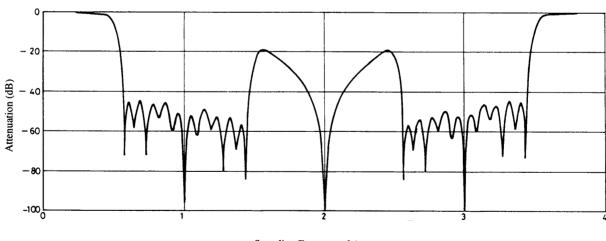
Filter Characteristics (theoretical values)

Normal-rate mode: 8 fs oversampling Double-rate mode: 4 fs oversampling Ripple: within ±0.05 dB Attenuation amount: -40 dB or less

•Normal Rate (De-emphasis Off)



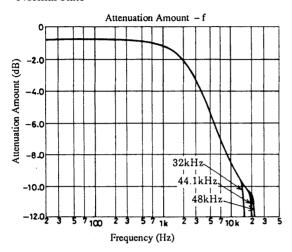
•Double Rate (De-emphasis Off)



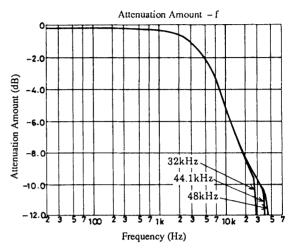
Sampling Frequency fs* $(fs* = 2 \times fs)$

Pass Band Characteristics with De-emphasis On

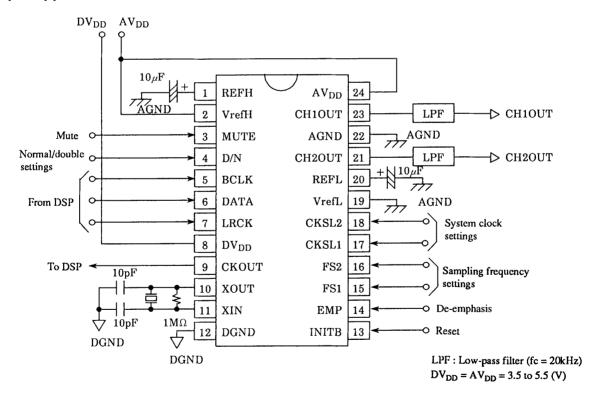




Double Rate



Sample Application Circuit



Note: 1. Within the sample application circuit, DV_{DD} connects to DGND as the digital ground, and AV_{DD} connects to AGND as the analog ground.

- 2. For AV_{DD} and VrefH, a low-impedance high-stability power supply (commercially available 3-pin regulator or compatible) should be used.
- 3. If 8-pin (DV_{DD}) and 24-pin (AV_{DD}) rise timings deviate, latch-up may occur. For this reason, no difference should exist between 8 and 24 pin power application timing.
- 4. A clock signal must be supplied to the XIN pin immediately after power is applied. The IC may be destroyed if the XIN pin is held either high or low when power is applied.

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