



AP3019

WHITE LED STEP-UP CONVERTER

General Description

The AP3019 is an inductor-based DC/DC converter designed to drive up to five white LEDs in series for backlight. Only one feedback resistor is needed to control the LED current and obtain satisfied brightness.

A constant frequency 1.0MHz PWM control scheme is employed in this IC, which means the tiny external components can be used. In fact, 1mm tall inductor and 0.22µF output capacitor for the typical application is very appropriate. Additionally, the schottky diode in boost circuit is integrated in this chip. AP3019 also provides a disable port to ease its use for different systems.

The over output voltage protection is equipped in AP3019. When any LED is broken or in other abnormal conditions, the output voltage will be clamped to 27V.

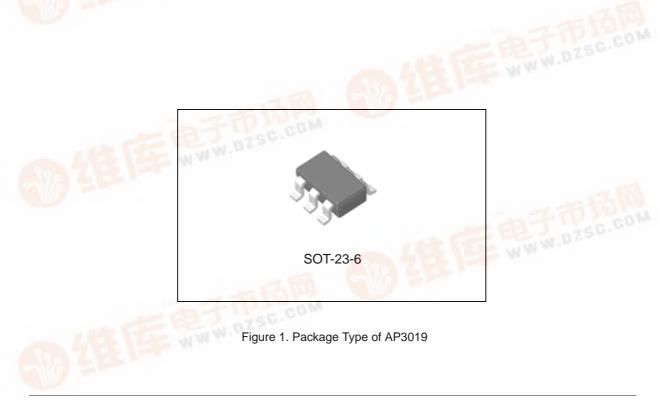
The AP3019 is available in standard SOT-23-6 package.

Features

- Inherently Uniform LED Current
- •
- No Need for Extra Schottky Diode D150 00 .
- **Over Output Voltage Protection**
- Drives 2 to 5 LEDs
- Fast 1.0MHz Switching Frequency
- ٠ Uses Tiny 1mm Tall Inductor
- Requires Only 0.22µF Output Capacitor

Applications

- Cellular Phones
- **Digital Cameras**
- LCD modules
- **GPS** Receivers
- PDAs, Handheld Computers



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Pin Configuration

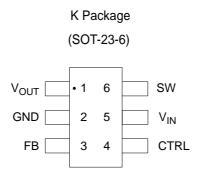


Figure 2. Pin Configuration of AP3019 (Top View)

Pin Description

Pin Number	Pin Name	Function
1	SW	Switch Pin. Connect external inductor
2	GND	Ground Pin
3	FB	Voltage Feedback. Reference voltage is 200mV
4	CTRL	Shutdown and Dimming Pin. Connect to 1.8V or higher to enable device; Connect to 50mV or less to disable device; Connect to a voltage between 1.8V and 50mV to achieve linear dimming
5	V _{OUT}	Output Pin. Connected to the cathode of internal schottky diode
6	V _{IN}	Input Supply Pin. Must be locally bypassed

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Functional Block Diagram

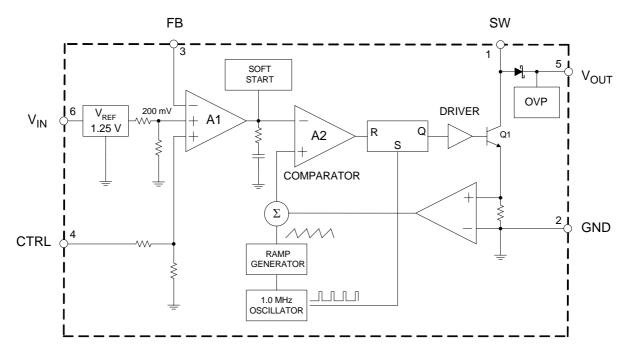
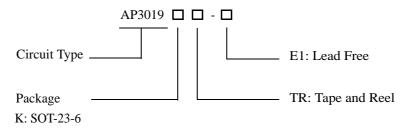


Figure 3. Functional Block Diagram of AP3019

Ordering Information



Package	Temperature Range	Part Number	Marking ID	Packing Type
SOT-23-6	-40 to 85°C	AP3019KTR-E1	E9S	Tape & Reel

BCD Semiconductor's Pb-free products, as designated with "E1" suffix in the part number, are RoHS compliant.

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Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit	
Input Voltage	V _{IN}	20	V	
SW Voltage		27	V	
FB Voltage		20	V	
CTRL Voltage		20	V	
Thermal Resistance (Junction to Atmosphere, no Heat sink)	$R_{\theta JA}$	265	°C/W	
Operating Junction Temperature		150	°C	
Storage Temperature Range	T _{STG}	-65 to 150	°C	
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10sec)	T _{LEAD}	260	°C	
ESD (Machine Model)		250	V	
ESD (Human Body Model)		2000	V	

Note 1: Stresses greater than those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "Recommended Operating Conditions" is not implied. Exposure to "Absolute Maximum Ratings" for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol Min		Max	Unit	
Operating Temperature Range	Т _{ОР} -40		85	°C	
Input Voltage	V _{IN}	2.5	16	V	
CTRL Voltage	V _{CTRL}		16	V	

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Electrical Characteristics

(V_{IN} =3V, V_{CTRL} =3V, T_A =25°C, unless otherwise specified.)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	
Minimum Operating Voltage	V _{IN} (min)		2.5			v	
Maximum Operating Voltage	V _{IN} (max)				16	v	
Feedback Voltage	V _{FB}	I_{OUT} =20mA, 4 LEDs, T_A =-40°C to 85°C	188	200	212	mV	
FB Pin Bias Current	I _{FB}			35	100	nA	
Supply Current	I _{CC}	V _{FB} =V _{IN} , Not Switching	1.3	2.0	2.7	mA	
Supply Current	I _Q	V _{CTRL} =0V	2.0	3.2	5.0	μΑ	
Switching Frequency	f		0.7	1.0	1.3	MHz	
Maximum Duty Cycle	D _{MAX}		90	93		%	
Switch Current Limit (Note 2)	I _{LIMIT}	T _A =25°C, D=40%		500		mA	
Switch Current Emilt (1000 2)		T _A =25°C, D=80%		350			
Switch V_{CE} Saturation Voltage	V _{CESAT}	I _{SW} =250mA		360		mV	
Switch Leakage Current		V _{SW} =5V		0.01	5	μΑ	
CTRL Pin Voltage	V _{CTRL}	High	1.8			V	
CIRLIN Voluge		Low			0.05		
			40	55	72		
CTRL Pin Bias Current	I _{CTRL}	T _A =85°C		50		μΑ	
		T _A =-40°C		75			
Schottky Forward Drop	V _{DROP}	I _D =150mA		0.7		V	
Schottky Leakage Current		V _R =23V		0.1	4	μΑ	
Schouky Leakage Currelit		V _R =27V			150	μΑ	
Soft Start Time	t			300		μS	

Note 2: The Switch Current Limit is related to Duty Cycle. Please refer to Figure 16 for detail.

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Typical Performance Characteristics

(V_F of WLED is 3.45V @ $I_F=20mA$, unless otherwise noted)

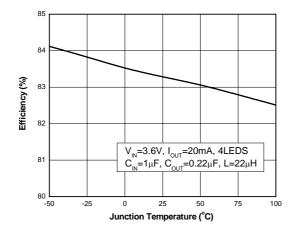


Figure 4. Efficiency vs. Junction Temperature

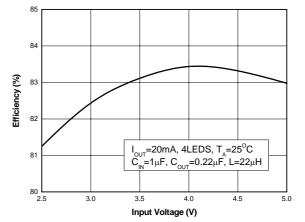


Figure 5. Efficiency vs. Input Voltage

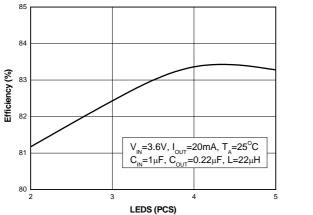
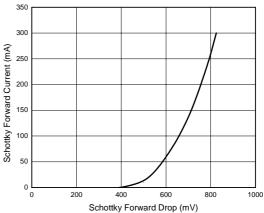
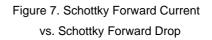


Figure 6. Efficiency vs. LED's Number





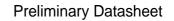
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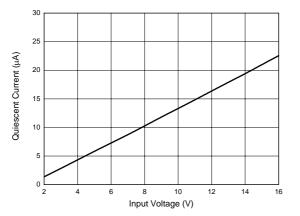


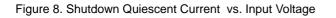


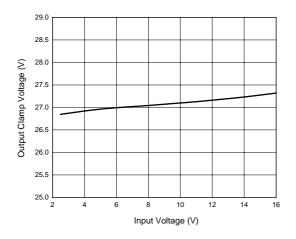
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Typical Performance Characteristics (Continued)

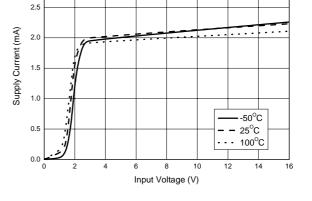
(V_F of WLED is 3.45V @ I_F =20mA, unless otherwise noted)





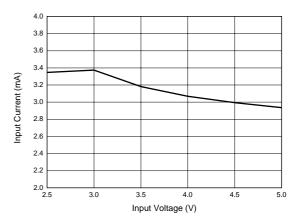


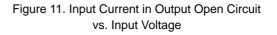




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Figure 9. Supply Current vs. Input Voltage





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Typical Performance Characteristics (Continued)

(V_F of WLED is 3.45V @ $I_F=20mA$, unless otherwise noted)

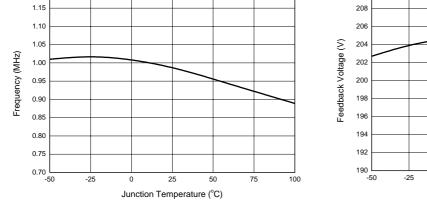
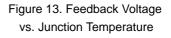


Figure 12. Switching Frequency vs. Junction Temperature



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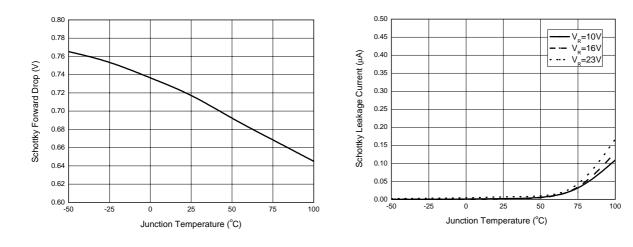
Junction Temperature (°C)

50

75

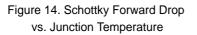
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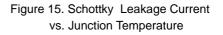
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Figure 17. Switch Saturation Voltage vs. Switch Current

Typical Performance Characteristics (Continued)

(V_F of WLED is 3.45V @ I_F =20mA, unless otherwise noted)

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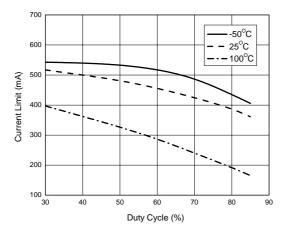
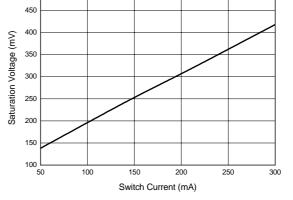


Figure 16. Switch Current Limit vs. Duty Cycle





500

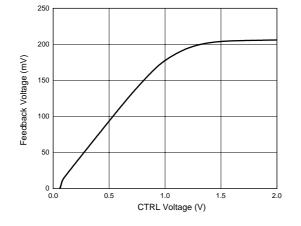


Figure 18. Feedback Voltage vs. CTRL Pin Voltage

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Application Information

Operation

The AP3019 is a boost DC-DC converter which uses a constant frequency, current mode control scheme to provide excellent line and load regulation. Operation can be best understood by referring to the Figure 3.

At the start of each oscillator cycle, the SR latch is set and switch Q1 turns on. The switch current will increase linearly. The voltage on sense resistor is proportional to the switch current. The output of the current sense amplifier is added to a stabilizing ramp and the result is fed into the non-inversion input of the PWM comparator A2. When this voltage exceeds the output voltage level of the error amplifier A1, the SR latch is reset and the switch is turned off.

It is clear that the voltage level at non-inversion input of A2 sets the peak current level to keep the output in regulation. This voltage level is the output signal of error amplifier A1, and is the amplified signal of the voltage difference between feedback voltage and reference voltage of 200mV. So, a constant output current can be provided by this operation mode.

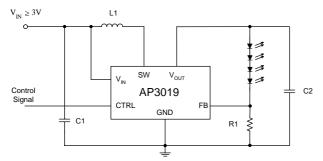


Figure 19. Typical Application circuit to Decide R1

LED Current Control

Refer to Figure 19, the LED current is controlled by the feedback resistor R1. LEDs' current accuracy is determined by the regulator's feedback threshold accuracy and is independent of the LED's forward voltage variation. So the precise resistors are preferred. The resistance of R1 is in inverse proportion to the LED current since the feedback reference is fixed at 200mV. The relation for R1 and LED current can be expressed as below:

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$$R_1 = \frac{200mV}{I_{LED}}$$

Over Voltage Protection

The AP3019 has an internal open-circuit protection circuit. When the LEDs are disconnected from circuit or fail open, the output voltage is clamped at 27V. The AP3019 will switch at a low frequency, and minimize input current.

Soft Start

The AP3019 has an internal soft start circuit to limit the inrush current during startup. The time of startup is controlled by internal soft start capacitor. Please refer to Figure 20.

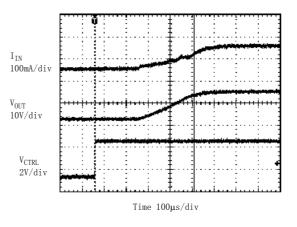


Figure 20. Soft Start Waveform V_{IN}=3.6V, 4LEDS, I_{LED}=20mA

Dimming Control

Two typical types of dimming control circuit are present as below. First, controlling CTRL Pin voltage to change operation state is a good choice. Second, changing the feedback voltage to get appropriate duty and luminous intensity is also useful.

(1). Adding a Control Signal to CTRL Pin

There are three methods to control CTRL pin signal

First, adding a PWM Signal to CTRL pin directly. The AP3019 is turned on or off by the PWN signal when it is applied on the CTRL pin. The typical frequency of



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Application Information (Continued)

this PWM signal is 500Hz to 1KHz. Please refer to Figure 21.



500Hz to 1KHz

Figure 21. Dimming Control Using a PWM Signal in CTRL Pin

Secondly, adding a constant DC voltage through a resistor divider to CTRL pin can control the dimming. The FB voltage is indirectly adjusted when the CTRL pin voltage is between 50mV to 1.8V, which can be used as dimming control. Please refer Figure 22.

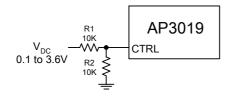


Figure 22. Dimming Control Using a DC Voltage in CTRL Pin

Thirdly, using a filtered PWM signal adding to CTRL pin can achieve dimming control. The filtered PWM signal can be considered as an adjustable DC voltage. It will change the FB voltage indirectly and achieve dimming control. The circuit is shown in Figure 23.

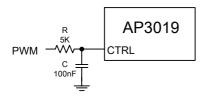


Figure 23. Dimming Control Using a Filtered PWM Signal Voltage in CTRL Pin

(2). Changing the Effective Feedback Voltage

There are three methods to change the effective feedback voltage.

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First, adding a constant DC voltage through a resistor divider to FB pin can control the dimming. Changing the DC voltage or resistor between the FB Pin and the DC voltage can get appropriate luminous intensity. Comparing with all kinds of PWM signal control, this method features a stable output voltage and LEDs current. Please refer Figure 24.

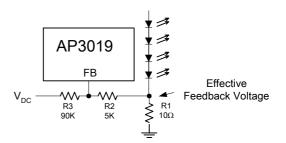
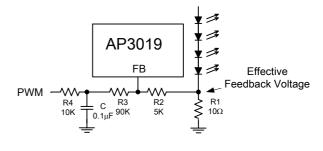
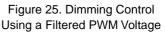


Figure 24. Dimming Control Using DC Voltage

Second, using a filtered PWM signal can do it. The filtered PWM signal can be considered as a varying and adjustable DC voltage.





Third, using a logic signal to change the feedback voltage. For example, the FB pin is connected to the GND through a mosFET and a resistor. And this mosFET is controlled a logic signal. The luminous intensity of LEDs will be changed when the mosFET turns on or off.



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Application Information (Continued)

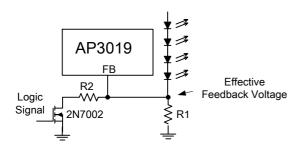


Figure 26. Dimming Control Using Logic Signal

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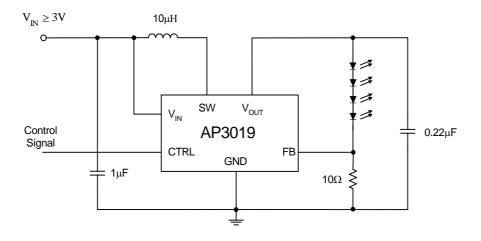
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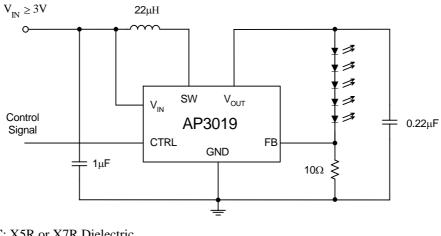
AP3019

Typical Application



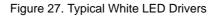
C: X5R or X7R Dielectric L: SUMIDA CDRH5D28R-100NC or Equivalent This circuit can work in full temperature

A. Four White LEDs Driver



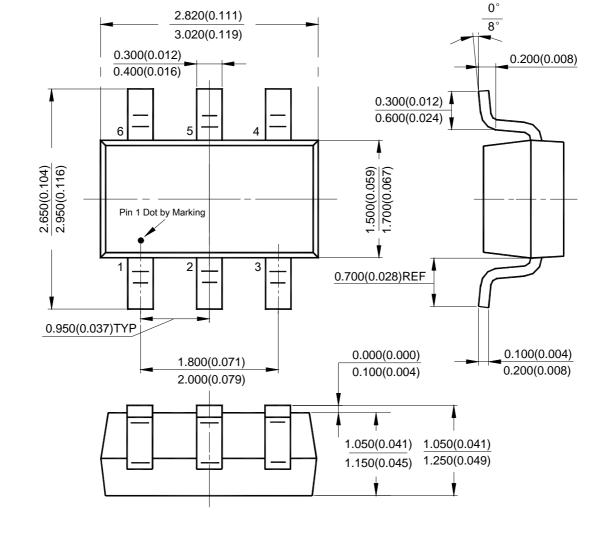
C: X5R or X7R Dielectric L: SUMIDA CDRH5D28R-220NC or Equivalent This circuit can work in full temperature

B. Five White LEDs Driver



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Mechanical Dimensions

WHITE LED STEP-UP CONVERTER



Unit: mm(inch)

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