TOSHIBA PHOTOINTERRUPTER INFRARED + PHOTODARLINGTONTRANSISTOR

TLP871

VCR, COMPACT DISC PLAYER

COPYING MACHINE, FACSIMILE, PRINTER VENDING MACHINE, TICKETING MACHINE FOR VARIOUS POSITION DETECTION

The TLP871 is a photointerrupter combining GaAs infrared LED with high sensitivity Si photodarlingtontransistor.

The TLP871 has a high current transfer ratio, can be driven by low input current and is best suited to a low power circuit.

- Small package
- Printed wiring board direct mounting type.

• Gap

: 3mm

• Resolution

: Slit width 0.5mm

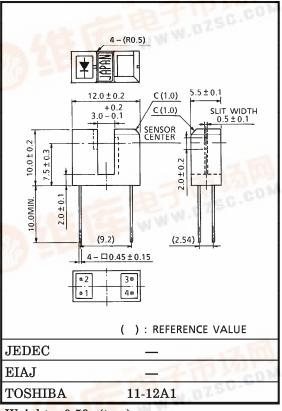
• High current transfer ratio : IC/IF=50% (min) at

 $I_F = 1mA$

The detector side is of visible light cut type.

• Material of the package : Polycarbonate

Unit in mm

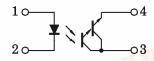


Weight: 0.59g (typ.)

MAXIMUM RATINGS (Ta = 25°C)

	CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
LED	Forward Current	${ m I_F}$	50	mA
	Forward Current Derating (Ta>25°C)	$\Delta I_{\mathbf{F}}/^{\circ}\mathbf{C}$	-0.33	mA/°C
	Reverse Voltage	$v_{ m R}$	5	V
	Collector-Emitter Voltage	v_{CEO}	30	V
)R	Emitter-Collector Voltage	$v_{\rm ECO}$	5	V
CT	Collector Power Dissipation	$P_{\mathbf{C}}$	75	mW
DETECTOR	Collector Power Dissipation Derating (Ta>25°C)	△PC/°C	-1	mW/°C
	Collector Current	$I_{\mathbf{C}}$	40	mA
Operating Temperature Range		$T_{ m opr}$	-25~85	°C
Storage Temperature Range		T _{stg} -40~100		°C
So	ldering Temperature (5s)	$T_{ m sol}$	260	°C

PIN CONNECTION



- 1. ANODE
- 2. CATHODE
- 3. COLLECTOR
- 4. EMITTER

961001EBC

TOSHIBA is continually working to improve the quality and the reliability of its products. Nevertheless, semiconductor devices in general can malfunction or fail due to their inherent electrical sensitivity and vulnerability to physical stress. It is the responsibility of the buyer, when utilizing TOSHIBA products, to observe standards of safety, and to avoid situations in which a malfunction or failure of a TOSHIBA product could cause loss of human life, bodily injury or damage to property. In developing your designs, please ensure that TOSHIBA products are used within specified operating ranges as set forth in the most recent products specifications. Also, please keep in mind the precautions and conditions set forth in the TOSHIBA Semiconductor Reliability Handbook.

TOSHIBA TLP871

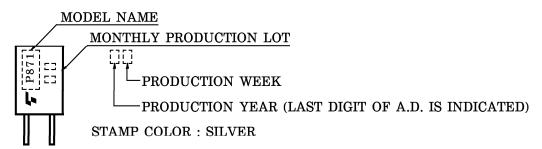
RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITION

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Supply Voltage	v_{cc}	_	5	16	V
Forward Current	$ m I_{f F}$	_	_	20	mA
Operating Temperature	T_{opr}	-10	_	70	$^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$

OPTO-ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Ta = 25°C)

CHARACTERISTIC		SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
	Forward Voltage	$v_{\mathbf{F}}$	$I_{ m F} = 10 { m mA}$	1.00	1.15	1.30	V
LED	Reverse Current	$I_{ m R}$	$V_R = 5V$	1	ı	10	μ A
LED	Peak Emission Wavelength	$\lambda_{\mathbf{P}}$	$I_{ m F} = 10 { m mA}$	-	940		nm
	Dark Current	$I_{D}(I_{CEO})$	$V_{CE} = 16V, I_{F} = 0$		1	0.25	μ A
DETECTOR	Peak Sensitivity Wavelength	$\lambda_{\mathbf{P}}$	_	_	870	_	nm
	Current Transfer Ratio	I_C/I_F	$V_{CE}=2V, I_F=1mA$	50	ı	2000	%
COUPLED	Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage	V _{CE} (sat)	I_{F} =2mA, I_{C} =0.5mA	_	0.75	1	V
	Rise Time	$\mathbf{t_r}$	$V_{CC}=5V, I_{C}=10mA$	_	80	400	//6
	Fall Time	t_f	$R_L = 100\Omega$	_	70	340	μ s

PRODUCT INDICATION



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Gallium arsenide (GaAs) is a substance used in the products described in this document. GaAs dust and fumes are toxic. Do not break, cut or pulverize the product, or use chemicals to dissolve them. When disposing of the products, follow the appropriate regulations. Do not dispose of the products with other industrial waste or with domestic garbage.

The products described in this document are subject to foreign exchange and foreign trade control laws.

The information contained herein is presented only as a guide for the applications of our products. No responsibility is assumed by TOSHIBA CORPORATION for any infringements of intellectual property or other rights of the third parties which may result from its use. No license is granted by implication or otherwise under any intellectual property or other rights of TOSHIBA CORPORATION or others.

The information contained herein is subject to change without notice.

TOSHIBA

PRECAUTION

Please be careful of the followings.

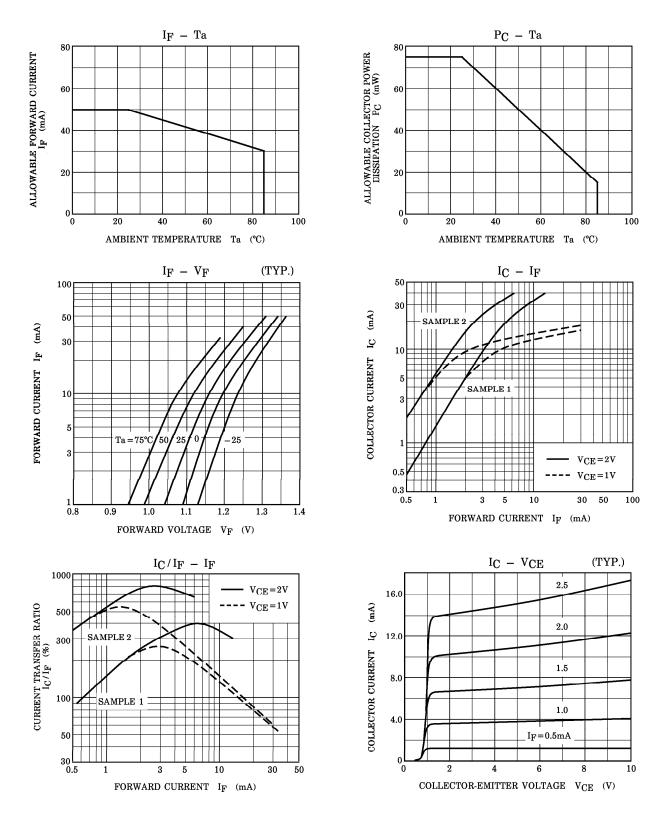
- 1. If chemical are used for cleaning, the soldered surface only shall be cleaned with chemicals avoiding the whole cleaning of the package.
- 2. The container is made of polycarbonate. Polycarbonate is usually stable with acid, alcohol, and aliphatic hydrocarbons however, with pertochemicals (such as benzene, toluene, and acetone), alkali, aromatic hydrocarbons, or chloric hydrocarbons, polycarbonate becomes cracked, swollen, or melted. Please take care when chosing a packaging material by referencing the table below.

<Chemicals to avoid with polycarbonate>

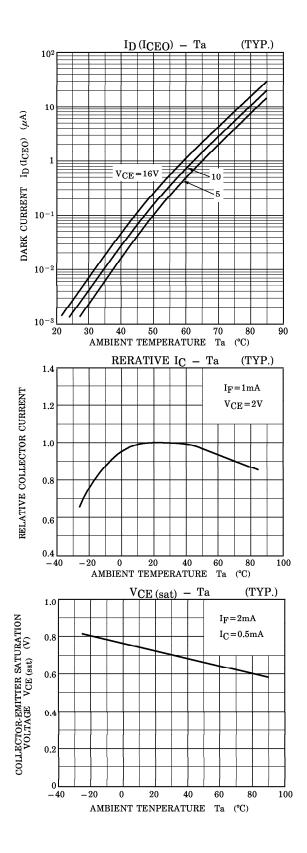
	PHENOMENON	CHEMICALS
Α	Little deterioration but staining	• nitric acid (low concentration), hydrogen peroxide, chlorine
В	Cracked, crazed, or swollen	 acetic acid (70% or more) gasoline methyl ethyl ketone, ehtyl acetate, butyl acetate ethyl methacrylate, ethyl ether, MEK acetone, m-amino alcohol, carbon tetrachloride carbon disulfide, trichloroethylene, cresol thinners, oil of turpentine triethanolamine, TCP, TBP
C	Melted { }: Used as solvent.	 concentrated sulfuric acid benzene styrene, acrylonitrile, vinyl acetate ethylenediamine, diethylenediamine [chloroform, methyl chloride, tetrachloromethane, dioxane,] 1, 2-dichloroethane
D	Decomposed	ammonia water other alkali

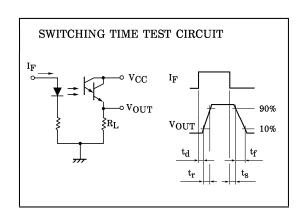
3. TLP871 shall be mounted on an unwarped surface.

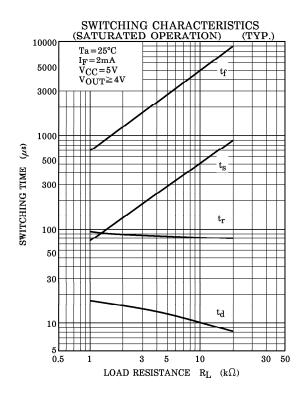
TOSHIBA TLP871



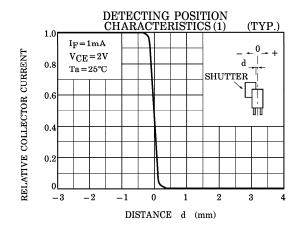
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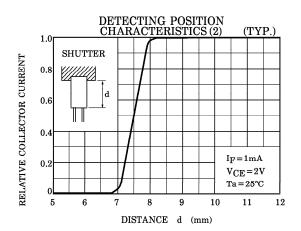






TOSHIBA TLP871



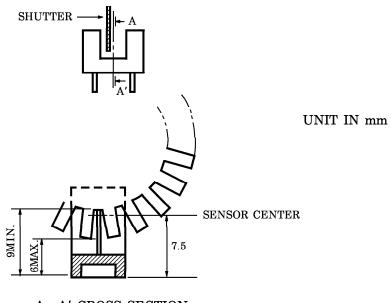


POSITIONING OF SHUTTER AND DEVICE

To operate correctly, make sure that the shutter and the device are positioned as shown in the figure below.

The shit pitch of the shutter must be set wider than the slit width of the device.

Determine the width taking the switching time into consideration.



A-A' CROSS SECTION