－Member of the Texas Instruments Widebus ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ Family
－EPIC ${ }^{\text {TM }}$（Enhanced－Performance Implanted CMOS）Submicron Process
－Latch－Up Performance Exceeds 250 mA Per JESD 17
－Package Options Include Plastic $300-\mathrm{mil}$ Shrink Small－Outline（DL）and Thin Shrink Small－Outline（DGG）Packages

## description

This 16－bit（dual－octal）noninverting bus transceiver contains two separate supply rails； $B$ port has $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CCB}}$ ，which is set at 5 V ，and A port has $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CCA }}$ ，which is set to operate at 3.3 V ．This allows for translation from a 3．3－V to a $5-\mathrm{V}$ environment and vice versa．

The SN74ALVC164245 is designed for asynchronous communication between data buses．

To ensure the high－impedance state during power up or power down，the output－enable（ $\overline{\mathrm{OE}}$ ）input should be tied to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ through a pullup resistor；the minimum value of the resistor is determined by the current－sinking capability of the driver．

DGG OR DL PACKAGE
（TOP VIEW）

| 1DIR 1 | $\mathrm{C}_{1}{ }_{48}$ | $1 \overline{O E}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $1 \mathrm{B1} 2$ | $2 \quad 47$ | 1A1 $\mathrm{C}^{1}$ |
| $1 \mathrm{B2} 3$ | $3 \quad 46$ | 1 A 2 |
| GND 4 | 4 45 | GND |
| $1 \mathrm{B3} 5$ | 544 | 1A3 |
| 1846 | $6 \quad 43$ | 1A4 |
| （ 5 V ） $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CCB }} 7$ | $7 \quad 42$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CCA }}(3.3 \mathrm{~V})$ |
| 185 8 | $8 \quad 41$ | 1A5 |
| $1 \mathrm{B6} 9$ | 940 | 1A6 |
| GND 10 | 1039 | ］GND |
| 187 | $11 \quad 38$ | 1A7 |
| $1 \mathrm{B8} 1$ | $12 \quad 37$ | 1A8 |
| $2 \mathrm{B1} 13$ | $13 \quad 36$ | 2A1 |
| $2 \mathrm{B2} 14$ | 1435 | 2A2 |
| GND ${ }^{15}$ | $15 \quad 34$ | GND |
| 2 B 3 －19 | 1633 | 2A3 |
| $2 \mathrm{B4} 1$ | $17 \quad 32$ | 2A4 |
| $(5 \mathrm{~V}) \mathrm{V}_{\text {CCB }} 18$ | $18 \quad 31$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CCA }}(3.3 \mathrm{~V})$ |
| 2B5 19 | 1930 | 2A5 |
| 2B6 20 | $20 \quad 29$ | 2A6 |
| GND 2 | $21 \quad 28$ | GND |
| $2 \mathrm{B7} 2$ | $22 \quad 27$ | 2A7 |
| $2 \mathrm{B8}$［23 | $23 \quad 26$ | 2A8 |
| 2 DIR ［ 2 | $24 \quad 25$ | $2 \overline{O E}$ |

The SN74ALVC164245 is characterized for operation from $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ．

FUNCTION TABLE
（each 8－bit section）

| INPUTS |  | OPERATION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\overline{\mathrm{OE}}$ | DIR |  |
| L | L | B data to $A$ bus |
| L | $H$ | A data to B bus |
| $H$ | $X$ | Isolation |

logic symbol $\dagger$

$\dagger$ This symbol is in accordance with ANSI/IEEE Std 91-1984 and IEC Publication 617-12.
logic diagram (positive logic)


To Seven Other Channels


To Seven Other Channels
absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range for $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CCB}}$ at 5 V and$\mathrm{V}_{\text {CCA }}$ at 3.3 V (unless otherwise noted) $\dagger$
Supply voltage range: $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CCA }}$ ..... -0.5 V to 4.6 V
$V_{C C B}$ ..... -0.5 V to 6 V
Input voltage range, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}$ : Except I/O ports (see Note 1) ..... -0.5 V to 6 V
I/O port A (see Note 2) ..... $\mathrm{V}_{C C A}+0.5 \mathrm{~V}$
I/O port B (see Note 1) -0.5 V to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CCB}}+0.5 \mathrm{~V}$
Input clamp current, $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{IK}}\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}<0\right)$ ..... $-50 \mathrm{~mA}$
Output clamp current, $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OK}}\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}<0\right)$ ..... $-50 \mathrm{~mA}$
Continuous output current, Io ..... $\pm 50 \mathrm{~mA}$
Continuous current through each $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ or GND ..... $\pm 100 \mathrm{~mA}$
Package thermal impedance, $\theta_{\mathrm{JA}}$ (see Note 3): DGG package ..... $89^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$
DL package ..... $94^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$
Storage temperature range, $\mathrm{T}_{\text {stg }}$ ..... $-65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
$\dagger$ Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
NOTES: 1. This value is limited to 6 V maximum.
2. This value is limited to 4.6 V maximum.
3. The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51.
recommended operating conditions for $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CCB }}$ at 5 V (see Note 4)

|  |  | MIN | MAX |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | :---: |
| UNIT |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CCB}}$ | Supply voltage | 4.5 | 5.5 |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ | High-level input voltage | 2 | V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{IL}}$ | Low-level input voltage | V |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IA}}$ | Input voltage | 0 | $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CCB}}$ |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OB}}$ | Output voltage | 0 | V |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ | High-level output current | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CCB}}$ | V |
| IOL | Low-level output current | -24 | mA |
| $\Delta \mathrm{t} / \Delta \mathrm{V}$ | Input transition rise or fall rate | -40 | 85 |
| $\mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}$ | Operating free-air temperature | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |

NOTE 4: All unused inputs of the device must be held at the associated $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs, literature number SCBA004.
recommended operating conditions for $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CCA}}$ at 3.3 V (see Note 4)

|  |  |  | MIN | MAX | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CCA }}$ | Supply voltage |  | 2.7 | 3.6 | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IH }}$ | High-level input voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CCA }}=2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ to 3.6 V | 2 |  | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IL }}$ | Low-level input voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CCA }}=2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ to 3.6 V |  | 0.8 | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IB }}$ | Input voltage |  | 0 | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CCA }}$ | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OA}}$ | Output voltage |  | 0 | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CCA }}$ | V |
| ${ }^{\mathrm{IOH}}$ | High-level output current | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CCA }}=2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | -12 | mA |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CCA }}=3 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | -24 |  |
| IOL | Low-level output current | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CCA }}=2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | 12 | mA |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CCA }}=3 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | 24 |  |
| $\Delta t / \Delta v$ | Input transition rise or fall rate |  |  | 10 | ns/V |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}$ | Operating free-air temperature |  | -40 | 85 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

NOTE 4: All unused inputs of the device must be held at the associated $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs, literature number SCBA004.
electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range for $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CCB}}=5 \mathrm{~V}$ (unless otherwise noted) (see Note 5)

| PARAMETER |  |  | ONDITIONS | $V_{\text {cci }}$ | MIN | TYP $\dagger$ MAX | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}(\mathrm{A}$ to B$)$ |  | ${ }^{\mathrm{I}} \mathrm{OH}=-100 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ |  | 4.5 V | 4.3 |  | V |
|  |  | 5.5 V | 5.3 |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{I} \mathrm{OH}=-24 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  | 4.5 V | 3.7 |  |  |
|  |  | 5.5 V | 4.7 |  |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OL}}(\mathrm{A}$ to B$)$ |  |  |  | $\mathrm{IOL}=100 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ |  | 4.5 V |  | 0.2 | V |
|  |  | 5.5 V |  |  |  | 0.2 |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{IOL}=24 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  | 4.5 V |  | 0.55 |  |  |
|  |  | 5.5 V |  | 0.55 |  |  |
| 1 | Control inputs |  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{1}=\mathrm{V}_{\text {CCB }}$ or GND |  | 5.5 V |  | $\pm 5$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\mathrm{I}^{\text {Oz }}$ | A or B ports | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=\mathrm{V}_{\text {CCB }}$ or GND |  | 5.5 V |  | $\pm 10$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |  |
| ICC |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{\text {CCB }}$ or GND, | $10=0$ | 5.5 V |  | 40 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |  |
| $\Delta^{\mathrm{l}} \mathrm{CC}{ }^{\text {§ }}$ |  | One input at 3.4 V , | Other inputs at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CCB}}$ or GND | 4.5 V to 5.5 V |  | 750 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |  |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{i}}$ | Control inputs | $\mathrm{V}_{1}=\mathrm{V}_{\text {CCB }}$ or GND |  | 5 V |  | 6.5 | pF |  |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\text {io }}$ | A or B ports | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=\mathrm{V}_{\text {CCB }}$ or GND |  | 5 V |  | 6.5 | pF |  |

$\dagger$ Typical values are measured at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
$\ddagger$ For I/O ports, the parameter loz includes the input leakage current.
§ This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at one of the specified TTL voltage levels rather than at 0 or the associated $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$. NOTE 5: $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CCA}}=2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ to 3.6 V
electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range for $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CCA}}=3.3 \mathrm{~V}$ (unless otherwise noted) (see Note 6)

| PARAMETER |  | TEST | NDITIONS | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CCA }}$ | MIN | TYP $\dagger$ MAX | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ (B to A) |  | $\mathrm{IOH}=-100 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ |  | 2.7 V to 3.6 V | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}-0.2$ |  | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{IOH}=-12 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  | 2.7 V | 2.2 |  |  |
|  |  | 3 V | 2.4 |  |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{I} \mathrm{OH}=-24 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  | 3 V | 2 |  |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OL}}$ (B to A$)$ |  |  |  | $\mathrm{IOL}=100 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ |  | 2.7 V to 3.6 V |  | 0.2 | V |
|  |  | $\mathrm{IOL}=12 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  | 2.7 V |  | 0.4 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 3 V |  | 0.55 |  |  |
| 1 | Control inputs | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{\text {CCA }}$ or GND |  | 3.6 V |  | $\pm 5$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |  |
| ${ }^{\text {l }}$ Oz ${ }^{\ddagger}$ |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=\mathrm{V}_{\text {CCA }}$ or GND |  | 3.6 V |  | $\pm 10$ | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |  |
| ICC |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{\text {CCA }}$ or GND, | $\mathrm{I}=0$ | 3.6 V |  | 40 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |  |
| $\Delta_{\text {ICC }}{ }^{\text {® }}$ |  | One input at $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CCA }}-0.6 \mathrm{~V}$ | Other inputs at $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CCA }}$ or GND | 3 V to 3.6 V |  | 750 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |  |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{i}}$ | Control inputs | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{\text {CCA }}$ or GND |  | 3.3 V |  | 6.5 | pF |  |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{i}}$ | A or B ports | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=\mathrm{V}_{\text {CCA }}$ or GND |  | 3.3 V |  | 8.5 | pF |  |

$\dagger$ Typical values are measured at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
$\ddagger$ For I/O ports, the parameter IOZ includes the input leakage current.
§ This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at one of the specified TTL voltage levels rather than at 0 or the associated $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$. NOTE 6: $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CCB}}=5 \mathrm{~V} \pm 0.5 \mathrm{~V}$
switching characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \mathrm{pF}$ (unless otherwise noted) (see Figures 1 and 2)

| PARAMETER | FROM (INPUT) | TO (OUTPUT) | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CCB }}=5 \mathrm{~V} \pm 0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CCA }}=2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CCA}}=3.3 \mathrm{~V} \\ \pm 0.3 \mathrm{~V} \end{gathered}$ |  |
|  |  |  | MIN MAXII | MINTI MAXII |  |
| $t_{\text {pd }}$ | A | B | 5.9 | 15.8 | ns |
|  | B | A | 6.7 | 1.25 .8 |  |
| ten | $\overline{\mathrm{OE}}$ | B | 9.3 | 18.9 | ns |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {dis }}$ | $\overline{\mathrm{OE}}$ | B | 9.2 | 2.19 .5 | ns |
| ten | $\overline{\mathrm{OE}}$ | A | 10.2 | 29.1 | ns |
| $\mathrm{t}_{\text {dis }}$ | $\overline{\mathrm{OE}}$ | A | 9 | 2.98 .6 | ns |

IThis limit can vary among suppliers.
operating characteristics, $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

| PARAMETER |  |  | TEST CONDITIONS |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \mathrm{V}_{\text {CCA }}=3.3 \mathrm{~V} \\ \mathrm{v}_{\text {CCB }}=5 \mathrm{~V} \end{array}$ | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{pd}}$ | Power dissipation capacitance | Outputs enabled (A or B) | $C_{L}=50 \mathrm{pF}, \quad \mathrm{f}=10 \mathrm{MHz}$ |  | 56 |  |
|  |  | Outputs disabled (A or B) |  |  | 6 |  |

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION
$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CCA}}=2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ AND $3.3 \mathrm{~V} \pm 0.3 \mathrm{~V}$


| TEST | S1 |
| :---: | :---: |
| $t_{\text {pd }}$ | Open |
| tPLZ/tPZL | 6 V |
| tPHZ/tPZH | GND |



NOTES: A. $C_{L}$ includes probe and jig capacitance.
B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control.
C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: $\mathrm{PRR} \leq 10 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{Z}_{\mathrm{O}}=50 \Omega, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{r}} \leq 2.5 \mathrm{~ns}, \mathrm{tf}_{\mathrm{f}} \leq 2.5 \mathrm{~ns}$.
D. The outputs are measured one at a time with one transition per measurement.
E. $t_{P L Z}$ and $\mathrm{tPH}_{\mathrm{P}} \mathrm{Z}$ are the same as $\mathrm{t}_{\text {dis }}$.
F. $t_{P Z L}$ and $\mathrm{tPZH}_{\mathrm{H}}$ are the same as ten.
G. $t_{P L H}$ and $t_{P H L}$ are the same as $t_{p d}$.

Figure 1. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

## PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION <br> $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CCB }}=5 \mathrm{~V} \pm 0.5 \mathrm{~V}$



NOTES: A. $C_{L}$ includes probe and jig capacitance.
B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control.
C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: $\mathrm{PRR} \leq 10 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{Z}_{\mathrm{O}}=50 \Omega, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{r}} \leq 2.5 \mathrm{~ns}, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{f}} \leq 2.5 \mathrm{~ns}$.
D. The outputs are measured one at a time with one transition per measurement.
E. $t_{P L Z}$ and $t_{P H Z}$ are the same as $t_{d i s}$.
F. $t_{P Z L}$ and $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{P}} \mathrm{ZH}$ are the same as $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{en}}$.
G. tPLH and tPHL are the same as $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{pd}}$.

Figure 2. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

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