

# SN74ALVC16245 16-BIT BUS TRANSCEIVER WITH 3-STATE OUTPUTS

SCAS419D – JANUARY 1993 – REVISED AUGUST 1995

- **EPIC™ (Enhanced-Performance Implanted CMOS) Submicron Process**
- **Member of the Texas Instruments Widebus™ Family**
- **ESD Protection Exceeds 2000 V Per MIL-STD-883C, Method 3015; Exceeds 200 V Using Machine Model (C = 200 pF, R = 0)**
- **Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 250 mA Per JEDEC Standard JESD-17**
- **Bus Hold on Data Inputs Eliminates the Need for External Pullup/Pulldown Resistors**
- **Package Options Include Plastic 300-mil Shrink Small-Outline (DL) and Thin Shrink Small-Outline (DGG) Packages**

## description

The SN74ALVC16245 16-bit (dual-octal) noninverting bus transceiver is designed for 2.3-V to 3.6-V  $V_{CC}$  operation; it is tested at 2.5-V, 2.7-V, and 3.3-V  $V_{CC}$ .

The SN74ALVC16245 is designed for asynchronous communication between data buses. The control-function implementation minimizes external timing requirements.

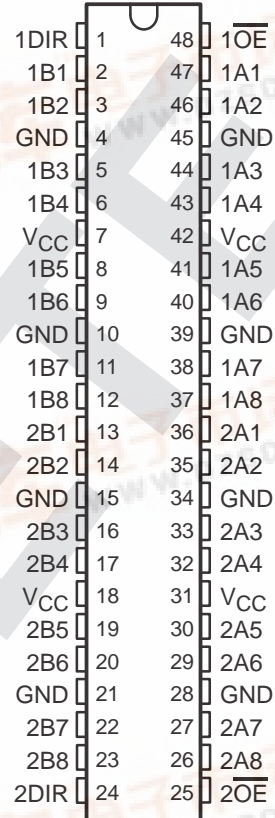
This device can be used as two 8-bit transceivers or one 16-bit transceiver. It allows data transmission from the A bus to the B bus or from the B bus to the A bus, depending on the logic level at the direction-control (DIR) input. The output-enable ( $\overline{OE}$ ) input can be used to disable the device so that the buses are effectively isolated.

Active bus-hold circuitry is provided to hold unused or floating data inputs at a valid logic level.

The SN74ALVC16245 is available in TI's shrink small-outline (DL) and thin shrink small-outline (DGG) packages, which provide twice the I/O pin count and functionality of standard small-outline packages in the same printed-circuit-board area.

The SN74ALVC16245 is characterized for operation from  $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $85^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

DGG OR DL PACKAGE  
(TOP VIEW)



FUNCTION TABLE  
(each 8-bit section)

INPUTS		OPERATION
$\overline{OE}$	DIR	
L	L	B data to A bus
L	H	A data to B bus
H	X	Isolation

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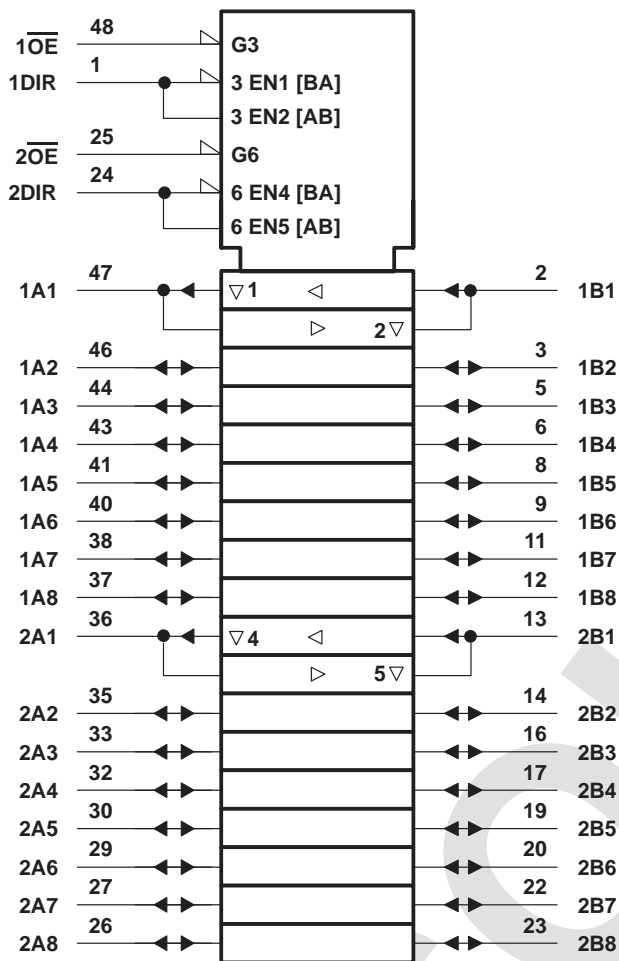
# SN74ALVC16245

## 16-BIT BUS TRANSCEIVER

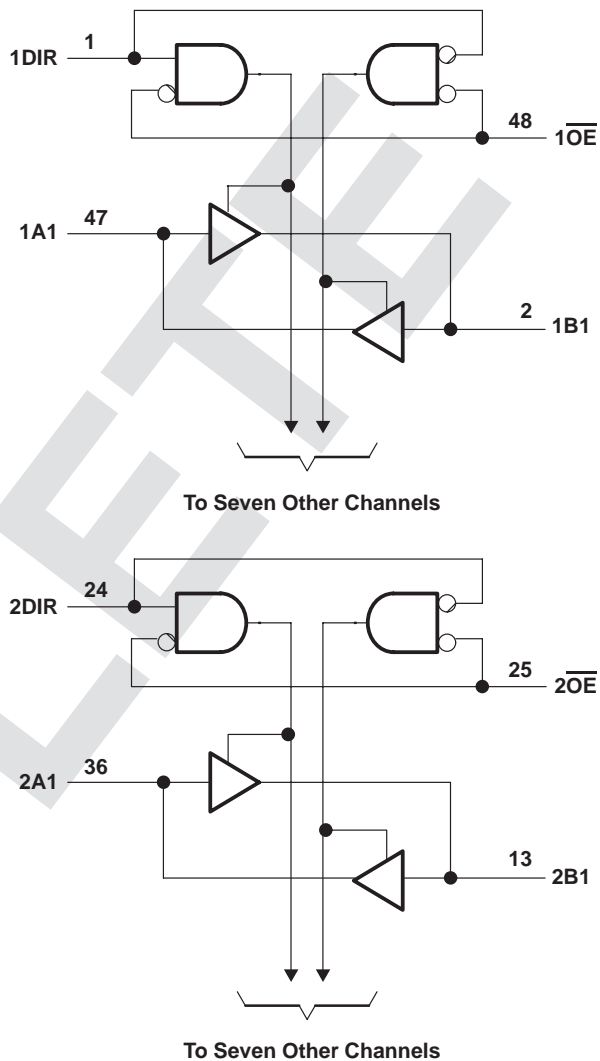
### WITH 3-STATE OUTPUTS

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#### logic symbol†



#### logic diagram (positive logic)



† This symbol is in accordance with ANSI/IEEE Std 91-1984 and IEC Publication 617-12.

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**absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)†**

Supply voltage range, $V_{CC}$	–0.5 V to 4.6 V
Input voltage range, $V_I$ : Except I/O ports (see Note 1)	–0.5 V to $V_{CC} + 4.6$ V
I/O ports (see Notes 1 and 2)	–0.5 V to $V_{CC} + 0.5$ V
Output voltage range, $V_O$ (see Notes 1 and 2)	–0.5 V to $V_{CC} + 0.5$ V
Input clamp current, $I_{IK}$ ( $V_I < 0$ )	–50 mA
Output clamp current, $I_{OK}$ ( $V_O < 0$ or $V_O > V_{CC}$ )	±50 mA
Continuous output current, $I_O$ ( $V_O = 0$ to $V_{CC}$ )	±50 mA
Continuous current through $V_{CC}$ or GND	±100 mA
Maximum power dissipation at $T_A = 55^\circ\text{C}$ (in still air) (see Note 3): DGG package	0.85 W
DL package	1.2 W
Storage temperature range, $T_{stg}$	–65°C to 150°C

† Stresses beyond those listed under “absolute maximum ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under “recommended operating conditions” is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

- NOTES: 1. The input and output negative-voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.  
2. This value is limited to 4.6 V maximum.  
3. The maximum package power dissipation is calculated using a junction temperature of 150°C and a board trace length of 750 mils. For more information, refer to the *Package Thermal Considerations* application note in the 1994 *ABT Advanced BiCMOS Technology Data Book*, literature number SCBD002B.

**recommended operating conditions (see Note 4)**

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
$V_{CC}$	Supply voltage	2.3	3.6	V
$V_{IH}$	High-level input voltage	$V_{CC} = 2.3$ V to 2.7 V	1.7	V
		$V_{CC} = 2.7$ V to 3.6 V	2	
$V_{IL}$	Low-level input voltage	$V_{CC} = 2.3$ V to 2.7 V	0.7	V
		$V_{CC} = 2.7$ V to 3.6 V	0.8	
$V_I$	Input voltage	0	$V_{CC}$	V
$V_O$	Output voltage	0	$V_{CC}$	V
$I_{OH}$	High-level output current	$V_{CC} = 2.3$ V	–12	mA
		$V_{CC} = 2.7$ V	–12	
		$V_{CC} = 3$ V	–24	
$I_{OL}$	Low-level output current	$V_{CC} = 2.3$ V	12	mA
		$V_{CC} = 2.7$ V	12	
		$V_{CC} = 3$ V	24	
$\Delta t/\Delta v$	Input transition rise or fall rate	0	10	ns/V
$T_A$	Operating free-air temperature	–40	85	°C

NOTE 4: Unused control inputs must be held high or low to prevent them from floating.

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**electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)**

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V <sub>CC</sub> †	T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C to 85°C			UNIT	
			MIN	TYP‡	MAX		
V <sub>OH</sub>	I <sub>OH</sub> = -100 μA	MIN to MAX	V <sub>CC</sub> -0.2			V	
	I <sub>OH</sub> = -6 mA, V <sub>IH</sub> = 1.7 V	2.3 V	2.0				
	I <sub>OH</sub> = -12 mA	V <sub>IH</sub> = 1.7 V	2.3 V	1.7			
		V <sub>IH</sub> = 2 V	2.7 V	2.2			
		V <sub>IH</sub> = 2 V	3 V	2.4			
I <sub>OH</sub> = -24 mA, V <sub>IH</sub> = 2 V	3 V	2					
V <sub>OL</sub>	I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA	MIN to MAX	0.2			V	
	I <sub>OL</sub> = 6 mA, V <sub>IL</sub> = 0.7 V	2.3 V	0.4				
	I <sub>OL</sub> = 12 mA	V <sub>IL</sub> = 0.7 V	2.3 V	0.7			
		V <sub>IL</sub> = 0.8 V	2.7 V	0.4			
	I <sub>OL</sub> = 24 mA, V <sub>IL</sub> = 0.8 V	3 V	0.55				
I <sub>I</sub>	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	3.6 V	±5			μA	
I <sub>hold</sub>	V <sub>I</sub> = 0.7 V	2.3 V	45			μA	
	V <sub>I</sub> = 1.7 V		-45				
	V <sub>I</sub> = 0.8 V	3 V	75				
	V <sub>I</sub> = 2 V		-75				
I <sub>OZ</sub> §	V <sub>O</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	3.6 V	±10			μA	
I <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND, I <sub>O</sub> = 0	3.6 V	40			μA	
ΔI <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V to 3.6 V, Other inputs at V <sub>CC</sub> or GND One input at V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.6 V,		750			μA	
C <sub>i</sub>	Control inputs V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	3.3 V	4			pF	
C <sub>io</sub>	A or B ports V <sub>O</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	3.3 V	9			pF	

† For conditions shown as MIN or MAX, use the appropriate values under recommended operating conditions.

‡ All typical values are at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V.

§ For I/O ports, the parameter I<sub>OZ</sub> includes the input leakage current.

**switching characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range, C<sub>L</sub> = 50 pF (unless otherwise noted) (see Figures 1 and 2)**

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V		UNIT
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t <sub>pd</sub>	A or B	B or A	1	5	4	1	3.6	ns	
t <sub>en</sub>	$\overline{OE}$	B or A	1	6.8	6	1	5	ns	
t <sub>dis</sub>	$\overline{OE}$	B or A	1	6	5.2	1	5	ns	

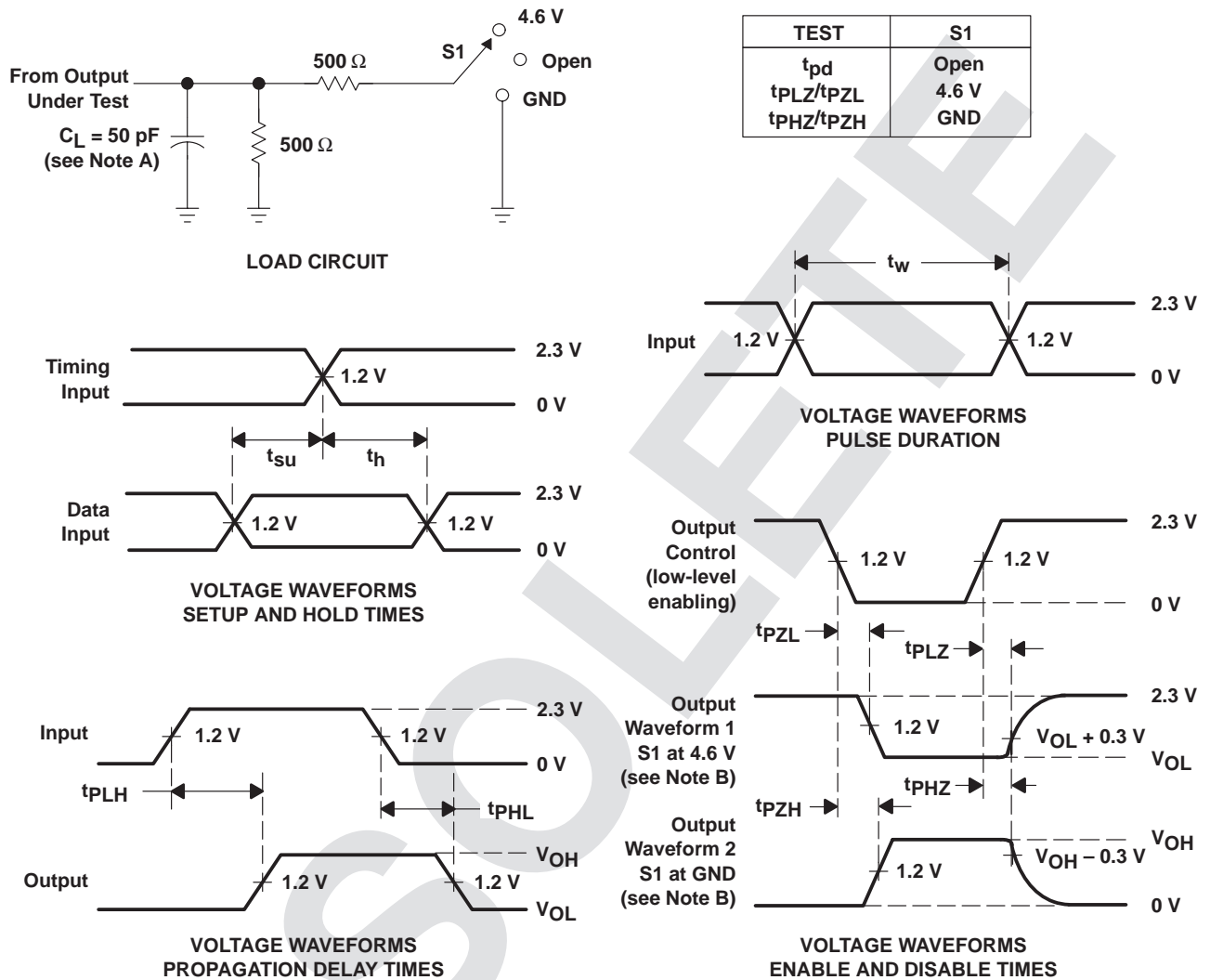
**operating characteristics, T<sub>A</sub> = 25° C**

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V	UNIT
		TYP	TYP	
C <sub>pd</sub> Power dissipation capacitance	Outputs enabled	22	29	pF
	Outputs disabled	4	5	

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## PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION $V_{CC} = 2.5\text{ V} \pm 0.2\text{ V}$



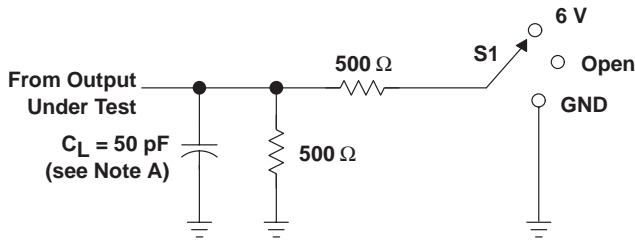
- NOTES: A.  $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.  
 B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control.  
 C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics:  $PRR \leq 10\text{ MHz}$ ,  $Z_O = 50\ \Omega$ ,  $t_r \leq 2.5\text{ ns}$ ,  $t_f \leq 2.5\text{ ns}$ .  
 D. The outputs are measured one at a time with one transition per measurement.  
 E.  $t_{PLZ}$  and  $t_{PHZ}$  are the same as  $t_{dis}$ .  
 F.  $t_{PZL}$  and  $t_{PZH}$  are the same as  $t_{en}$ .  
 G.  $t_{PLH}$  and  $t_{PHL}$  are the same as  $t_{pd}$ .

**Figure 1. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms**

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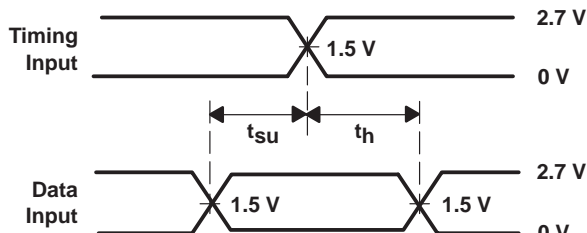
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**PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION**  
 $V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V AND } 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$

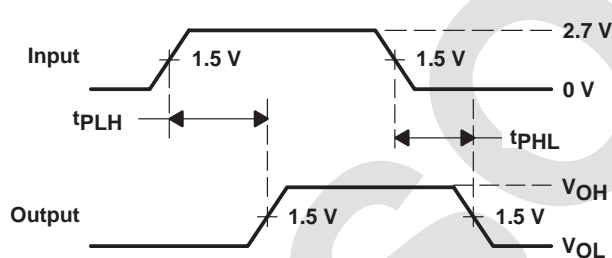


**LOAD CIRCUIT**

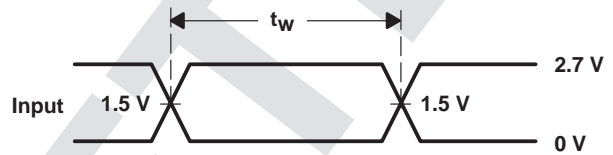
TEST	S1
$t_{pd}$	Open
$t_{PLZ}/t_{PZL}$	6 V
$t_{PHZ}/t_{PZH}$	GND



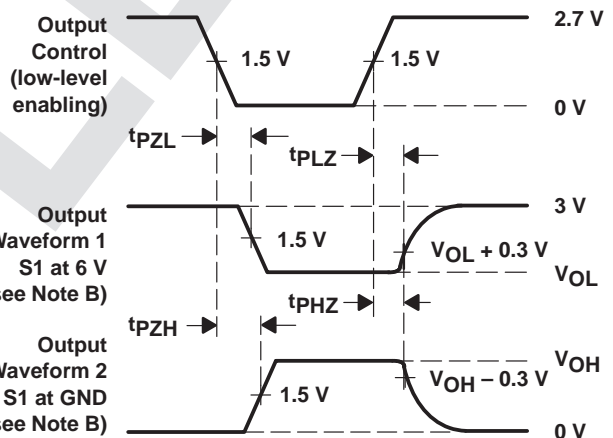
**VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS SETUP AND HOLD TIMES**



**VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS PROPAGATION DELAY TIMES**



**VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS PULSE DURATION**



**VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS ENABLE AND DISABLE TIMES**

- NOTES: A.  $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.  
 B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control.  
 C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics:  $PRR \leq 10\text{ MHz}$ ,  $Z_O = 50\ \Omega$ ,  $t_r \leq 2.5\text{ ns}$ ,  $t_f \leq 2.5\text{ ns}$ .  
 D. The outputs are measured one at a time with one transition per measurement.  
 E.  $t_{PLZ}$  and  $t_{PHZ}$  are the same as  $t_{dis}$ .  
 F.  $t_{PZL}$  and  $t_{PZH}$  are the same as  $t_{en}$ .  
 G.  $t_{PLH}$  and  $t_{PHL}$  are the same as  $t_{pd}$ .

**Figure 2. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms**

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