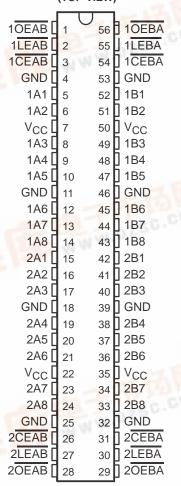
捷多邦,专业**SNE4性VTH.16543**3.3-V ABT 16-BIT REGISTERED TRANSCEIVERS WITH 3-STATE OUTPUTS

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- Members of the Texas Instruments
 Widebus™ Family
- State-of-the-Art Advanced BiCMOS Technology (ABT) Design for 3.3-V Operation and Low Static-Power Dissipation
- Support Mixed-Mode Signal Operation (5-V Input and Output Voltages With 3.3-V V_{CC})
- Support Unregulated Battery Operation Down to 2.7 V
- I_{off} and Power-Up 3-State Support Hot Insertion
- Bus Hold on Data Inputs Eliminates the Need for External Pullup/Pulldown Resistors
- Typical V_{OLP} (Output Ground Bounce)
 < 0.8 V at V_{CC} = 3.3 V, T_A = 25°C
- Distributed V_{CC} and GND Pin Configuration Minimizes High-Speed Switching Noise
- Flow-Through Architecture Optimizes PCB Layout
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 500 mA Per JESD 17
- ESD Protection Exceeds 2000 V Per MIL-STD-883, Method 3015; Exceeds 200 V Using Machine Model (C = 200 pF, R = 0)
- Package Options Include Plastic Shrink Small-Outline (DL) and Thin Shrink Small-Outline (DGG) Packages and 380-mil Fine-Pitch Ceramic Flat (WD) Package Using 25-mil Center-to-Center Spacings

SN54LVTH16543 WD PACKAGE
SN74LVTH16543 DGG OR DL PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)



description

The 'LVTH16543 devices are 16-bit registered transceivers designed for low-voltage (3.3-V) V_{CC} operation, but with the capability to provide a TTL interface to a 5-V system environment. These devices can be used as two 8-bit transceivers or one 16-bit transceiver. Separate latch-enable (LEAB or LEBA) and output-enable (OEAB or OEBA) inputs are provided for each register to permit independent control in either direction of data flow.

The A-to-B enable (CEAB) input must be low to enter data from A or to output data from B. If CEAB is low and LEAB is low, the A-to-B latches are transparent; a subsequent low-to-high transition of LEAB puts the A latches in the storage mode. With CEAB and OEAB both low, the 3-state B outputs are active and reflect the data present at the output of the A latches. Data flow from B to A is similar but requires using the CEBA, LEBA, and OEBA inputs.

Active bus-hold circuitry is provided to hold unused or floating data inputs at a valid logic level.



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description (continued)

When V_{CC} is between 0 and 1.5 V, the devices are in the high-impedance state during power up or power down. However, to ensure the high-impedance state above 1.5 V, \overline{OE} should be tied to V_{CC} through a pullup resistor; the minimum value of the resistor is determined by the current-sinking capability of the driver.

These devices are fully specified for hot-insertion applications using I_{off} and power-up 3-state. The I_{off} circuitry disables the outputs, preventing damaging current backflow through the devices when they are powered down. The power-up 3-state circuitry places the outputs in the high-impedance state during power up and power down, which prevents driver conflict.

The SN54LVTH16543 is characterized for operation over the full military temperature range of –55°C to 125°C. The SN74LVTH16543 is characterized for operation from –40°C to 85°C.

FUNCTION TABLE[†] (each 8-bit section)

	OUTPUT			
CEAB	LEAB	OEAB	Α	В
Н	Χ	Х	Χ	Z
Х	Χ	Н	Χ	Z
L	Н	L	Χ	в ₀ ‡
L	L	L	L	L
L	L	L	Н	Н

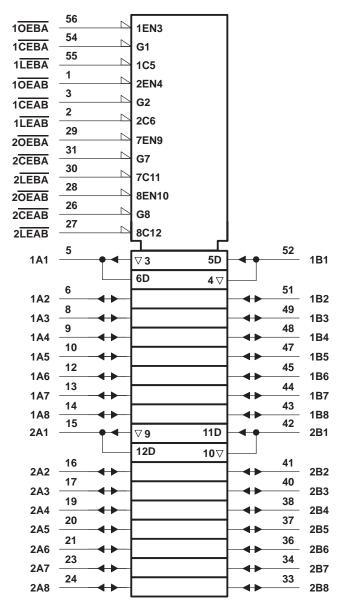
[†] A-to-B data flow is shown; B-to-A flow control is the same except that it uses CEBA, LEBA, and OEBA.



[‡]Output level before the indicated steady-state input conditions were established

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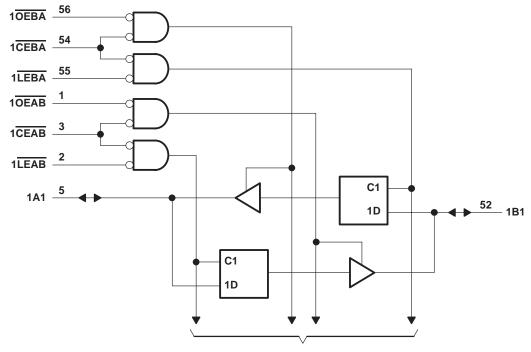
logic symbol†



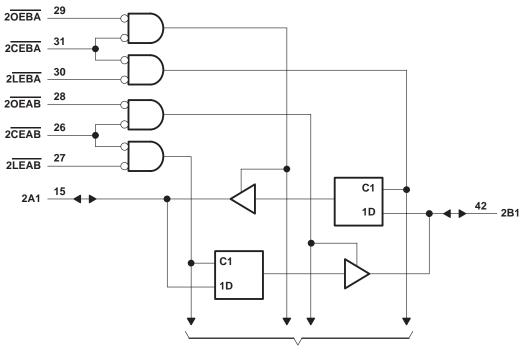
[†] This symbol is in accordance with ANSI/IEEE Std 91-1984 and IEC Publication 617-12.

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logic diagram (positive logic)



To Seven Other Channels



To Seven Other Channels

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absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)†

Supply voltage range, V _{CC} –	
Input voltage range, V _I (see Note 1)	–0.5 V to 7 V
Voltage range applied to any output in the high-impedance	
or power-off state, V _O (see Note 1)	-0.5~V to $7~V$
Voltage range applied to any output in the high state, V _O (see Note 1)	$V_{CC} + 0.5 V$
Current into any output in the low state, I _O : SN54LVTH16543	96 mA
SN74LVTH16543	128 mA
Current into any output in the high state, IO (see Note 2): SN54LVTH16543	48 mA
SN74LVTH16543	64 mA
Input clamp current, I _{IK} (V _I < 0)	–50 mA
Output clamp current, I _{OK} (V _O < 0)	–50 mA
Package thermal impedance, θ _{JA} (see Note 3): DGG package	81°C/W
DL package	74°C/W
Storage temperature range, T _{Stg}	35°C to 150°C

[†] Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

- NOTES: 1. The input and output negative-voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.
 - 2. This current flows only when the output is in the high state and $V_O > V_{CC}$.
 - 3. The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51.

recommended operating conditions (see Note 4)

		SN54LVTI	116543	SN74LVTI	116543	UNIT	
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNIT
Vcc	Supply voltage		2.7	3.6	2.7	3.6	V
VIH	High-level input voltage		2	2	2		V
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage		0.8		0.8	V	
VI	Input voltage	4	5.5		5.5	V	
loн	High-level output current		1	-24		-32	mA
loL	Low-level output current		3	48		64	mA
Δt/Δν	Input transition rise or fall rate	Outputs enabled	0/0/	10		10	ns/V
Δt/ΔV _{CC}	Power-up ramp rate		200		200		μs/V
TA	Operating free-air temperature	·	-55	125	-40	85	°C

NOTE 4: All unused control inputs of the device must be held at V_{CC} or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs, literature number SCBA004.



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electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		SN5	4LVTH16	5543	SN7	4LVTH16	6543	UNIT
PAR			CNDITIONS	MIN	TYP†	MAX	MIN	TYP†	MAX	UNIT
VIK		$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V},$	I _I = -18 mA			-1.2			-1.2	V
		$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V},$	$I_{OH} = -100 \mu A$	V _{CC} -0	.2		V _{CC} -0	.2		
\/011		$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V},$	$I_{OH} = -8 \text{ mA}$	2.4			2.4			V
VOH		VCC = 3 V	I _{OH} = -24 mA	2						V
		VCC = 3 V	$I_{OH} = -32 \text{ mA}$				2			
		V _{CC} = 2.7 V	I _{OL} = 100 μA			0.2			0.2	
		VCC = 2.7 V	I _{OL} = 24 mA			0.5			0.5	
VOL			I _{OL} = 16 mA			0.4			0.4	V
VOL		V _{CC} = 3 V	$I_{OL} = 32 \text{ mA}$			0.5			0.5	V
		\(\frac{1}{2}\)	$I_{OL} = 48 \text{ mA}$			0.55				
			I _{OL} = 64 mA						0.55	
	Control inputs	$V_{CC} = 3.6 \text{ V},$	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND			±1			±1	
	Control inputs	$V_{CC} = 0 \text{ or } 3.6 \text{ V},$	V _I = 5.5 V		1	10			10	
ΙΙ	A or B ports‡	V _{CC} = 3.6 V	V _I = 5.5 V		777	20	20			μΑ
			AI = ACC	1			1			
			V _I = 0		2	- 5			– 5	
l _{off}		$V_{CC} = 0$,	V_I or $V_O = 0$ to 4.5 V	Q	Ó,				±100	μΑ
		V _{CC} = 3 V	V _I = 0.8 V	75			75			
l _l (hold)	A or B ports	vCC = 2 v	V _I = 2 V	-75			-75			μΑ
		V _{CC} = 3.6 V§,	$V_{I} = 0 \text{ to } 3.6 \text{ V}$						±500	
IOZPU		$\frac{V_{CC}}{OE} = 0$ to 1.5 V, $V_{O} = 0$	0.5 V to 3 V,			±100*			±100	μА
I _{OZPD}		$\frac{V_{CC}}{OE}$ = 1.5 V to 0, V_{O} = $\frac{V_{CC}}{OE}$ = don't care	0.5 V to 3 V,			±100*			±100	μА
		V _{CC} = 3.6 V,	Outputs high			0.19			0.19	
Icc	$I_{O} = 0$,	Outputs low			5			5	mA	
		$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND	Outputs disabled	0.19					0.19	
ΔI_{CC} V _{CC} = 3 V to 3.6 V, One in Other inputs at V _{CC} or G					0.2			0.2	mA	
Ci		V _I = 3 V or 0			4			4		pF
C _{io}		V _O = 3 V or 0			10			10		pF

^{*} On products compliant to MIL-PRF-38535, this parameter is not production tested.



[†] All typical values are at V_{CC} = 3.3 V, T_{A} = 25°C. ‡ Unused pins at V_{CC} or GND

[§] This is the bus-hold maximum dynamic current. It is the minimum overdrive current required to switch the input from one state to another.

This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at the specified TTL voltage level rather than V_{CC} or GND.

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timing requirements over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 1)

				5	SN54LVTH16543			SN74LVTH16543				
			V _{CC} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V V _{CC} = 2.7 V		V _{CC} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V		V _{CC} = 2.7 V		UNIT			
				MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t _W Pulse duration, LEAB or LEBA low			3.3		3.3		3.3		3.3		ns	
	t _{SU} Setup time	A or B before LEAB↑ or LEBA↑ A or B before CEAB↑ or CEBA↑	Data high	0.5		0.5		0.5		0.5		
١.			Data low	0.8		1.3		0.8		1.3		ns
'su			Data high	0		0		0		0		115
			Data low	0.6	1	1.1		0.6		1.1		
		A or B after	Data high	1.5	700	0.7		1.5		0.7		
t _h Hold time	LEAB↑ or LEBA↑	Data low	1.2	702	1.3		1.2		1.3		ns	
l 'h	t _h Hold time	A or B after	Data high	1.7	0	0.9		1.7		0.9		115
		CEAB↑ or CEBA↑	Data low	1.6		1.8		1.6		1.8		

switching characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$ (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 1)

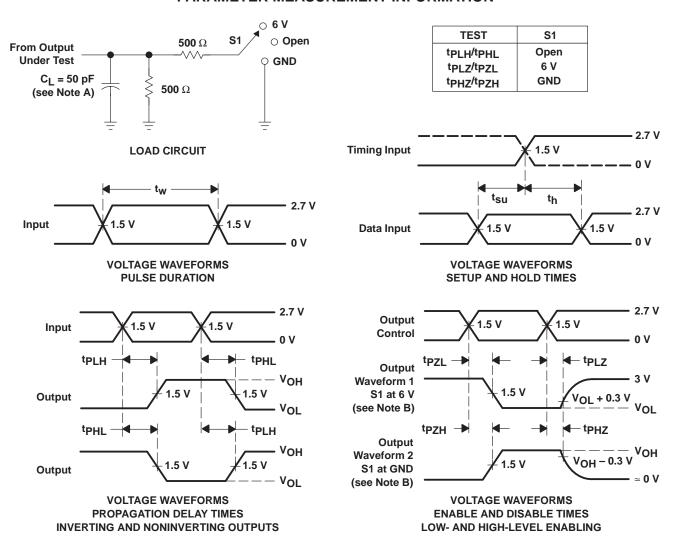
				SN54LV	ГН16543			SN74	LVTH16	6543		
PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	V _{CC} =		VCC =	2.7 V		CC = 3.3 ± 0.3 V	V	VCC =	2.7 V	UNIT
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t _{PLH}	A or B	B or A	1.1	3.4		3.9	1.2	2.3	3.2		3.7	ns
t _{PHL}	AOIB	BOIA	1.1	3.4		3.9	1.2	2.1	3.2		3.7	110
t _{PLH}	<u>IE</u>	A or B	1.2	4.1	1	5.1	1.3	2.5	3.9		4.9	ns
t _{PHL}	LE		1.2	4.1	13/	5.1	1.3	2.3	3.9		4.9	110
^t PZH	ŌĒ	A or B	1.2	4.5	13/	5.6	1.3	2.8	4.3		5.4	ns
^t PZL	OE	AOIB	1.2	4.5	d	5.6	1.3	2.8	4.3		5.4	115
t _{PHZ}	ŌE	A or B	1.9	4.9		5.4	2	3.5	4.7		5.2	ns
t _{PLZ}	OE	AOIB	1.9	4.6		4.7	2	3.3	4.4		4.5	110
^t PZH	<u> </u>	A or B	1.2	4.7		5.8	1.3	3	4.5		5.6	ns
t _{PZL}	CE	AUID	1.2	4.7		5.8	1.3	3	4.5		5.6	115
t _{PHZ}	CE	A or B	1.9	5.1		5.6	2	3.6	4.9		5.4	ns
t _{PLZ}	CE	AUIB	1.9	4.9		5.1	2	3.5	4.7		4.9	115

[†] All typical values are at $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$.



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PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



NOTES: A. C_I includes probe and jig capacitance.

- B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control.
- C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR \leq 10 MHz, $Z_{O} = 50 \Omega$, $t_{r} \leq 2.5$ ns. $t_{f} \leq 2.5$ ns.
- D. The outputs are measured one at a time with one transition per measurement.

Figure 1. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

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