- Member of the Texas Instruments Widebus™ Family
- EPIC™ (Enhanced-Performance Implanted CMOS) Submicron Process
- Output Ports Have Equivalent 26-Ω Series Resistors, So No External Resistors Are Required
- ESD Protection Exceeds 2000 V Per MIL-STD-883, Method 3015; Exceeds 200 V Using Machine Model (C = 200 pF, R = 0)
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 250 mA Per JESD 17
- Bus Hold on Data Inputs Eliminates the Need for External Pullup/Pulldown Resistors
- Package Options Include Plastic 300-mil Shrink Small-Outline (DL) and Thin Shrink Small-Outline (DGG) Packages

NOTE: For tape and reel order entry:
The DGGR package is abbreviated to GR.

#### description

This 16-bit buffer/driver is designed for 1.65-V to 3.6-V V<sub>CC</sub> operation.

The SN74ALVCH162244 is designed specifically to improve the performance and density of 3-state memory address drivers, clock drivers, and bus-oriented receivers and transmitters.

The device can be used as four 4-bit buffers, two 8-bit buffers, or one 16-bit buffer. It provides true outputs and symmetrical active-low outputenable (OE) inputs.

The outputs, which are designed to sink up to 12 mA, include equivalent 26- $\Omega$  resistors to reduce overshoot and undershoot.

To ensure the high-impedance state during power up or power down,  $\overline{OE}$  should be tied to  $V_{CC}$  through a pullup resistor; the minimum value of the resistor is determined by the current-sinking capability of the driver.

Active bus-hold circuitry is provided to hold unused or floating data inputs at a valid logic level.

The SN74ALVCH162244 is characterized for operation from -40°C to 85°C.

### DGG OR DL PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)

	-1		П		
10E	q	1	$\cup$	48	20E
1Y1	Q	2		47	] 1A1
1Y2		3		46	] 1A2
GND		4		45	GND
1Y3		5		44	] 1A3
1Y4	D	6		43	] 1A4
$V_{CC}$	d	7		42	] v <sub>cc</sub>
2Y1		8		41	
2Y2				40	] 2A2
GND	d	10		39	GND
2Y3	d	11		38	2A3
2Y4	d	12		37	2A4
3Y1	d	13		36	3A1
3Y2	d	14		35	3A2
GND	d	15		34	GND
3Y3	d	16		33	3A3
3Y4	d	17		32	3A4
$V_{CC}$	d	18		31	] v <sub>cc</sub>
4Y1	0			30	4A1
4Y2	d	20		29	4A2
GND		21		28	GND
4Y3	d	22		27	4A3
4Y4	0	23		26	4A4
4OE	d	24		25	3OE
					-eG

 $\Delta \setminus$ 

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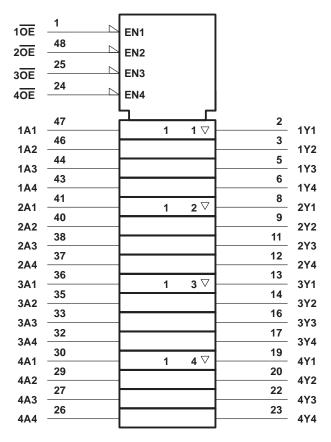
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### FUNCTION TABLE (each 4-bit buffer)

INP	JTS	OUTPUT
ŌE	Α	Y
L	Н	Н
L	L	L
Н	Χ	Z

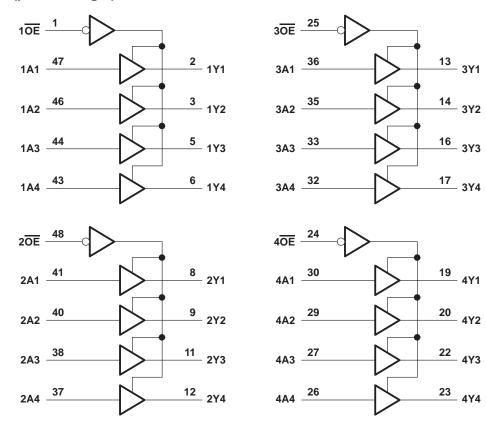
### logic symbol†



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> This symbol is in accordance with ANSI/IEEE Std 91-1984 and IEC Publication 617-12.



#### logic diagram (positive logic)



### absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)†

Supply voltage range, $V_{CC}$ Input voltage range, $V_{I}$ (see Note 1) Output voltage range, $V_{O}$ (see Notes 1 and 2) Input clamp current, $I_{IK}$ ( $V_{I}$ < 0) Output clamp current, $I_{OK}$ ( $V_{O}$ < 0) Continuous output current, $I_{O}$ Continuous current through each $V_{CC}$ or GND Package thermal impedance, $\theta_{JA}$ (see Note 3): DGG package	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Storage temperature range, T <sub>stg</sub>	

<sup>†</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

- 2. This value is limited to 4.6 V maximum.
- 3. The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51.



NOTES: 1. The input negative-voltage and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

### SN74ALVCH162244 **16-BIT BUFFER/DRIVER** WITH 3-STATE OUTPUTS SCES065D – JANUARY 1996 – REVISED JUNE 1999

### recommended operating conditions (see Note 4)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT	
Vcc	Supply voltage		1.65	3.6	V	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	0.65 × V <sub>CC</sub>			
VIH	High-level input voltage	$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$	1.7		V	
	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 \( \text{ to } 1.95 \( \text{ V} \)   0.65 \( \text{V}_{CC} \)					
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V		0.35 × V <sub>CC</sub>		
VIL	Low-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V		0.7	V	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V to 3.6 V	1.65 3.6  0.1.95 V 0.65 × V <sub>CC</sub> 2.7 V 1.7  3.6 V 2  0.1.95 V 0.35 × V <sub>CC</sub> 2.7 V 0.7  3.6 V 0.8  0 V <sub>CC</sub> 0 V <sub>CC</sub> -2  -6  -8  -12  6  8  12			
VI	Input voltage		0	Vcc	V	
Vo	Output voltage		0	Vcc	V	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V		-2	mA	
1 11 - 1	light loved evenus evenus	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V		-6		
ЮН	High-level output current	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V		-8		
		VCC = 3 V		3.6  OC  0.35 × V <sub>CC</sub> 0.7  0.8  V <sub>CC</sub> V <sub>CC</sub> -2  -6  -8  -12  2  6  8  12  10		
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V		2		
l loi	Low lovel output ourrent	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V		6	mA	
lOL	Low-level output current	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V		8	IIIA	
		VCC = 3 V		12		
Δt/Δν	Input transition rise or fall rate			10	ns/V	
TA	Operating free-air temperature		-40	85	°C	

NOTE 4: All unused control inputs of the device must be held at V<sub>CC</sub> or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs, literature number SCBA004.

#### electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PAI	RAMETER	TEST CO	ONDITIONS	vcc	MIN	TYP <sup>†</sup>	MAX	UNIT
		I <sub>OH</sub> = -100 μA		1.65 V to 3.6 V	V <sub>CC</sub> -0.	2		
		I <sub>OH</sub> = -2 mA		1.65 V	1.2			
		I <sub>OH</sub> = -4 mA		2.3 V	1.9			
Vон		1 C.m.A		2.3 V	1.7			V
		I <sub>OH</sub> = -6 mA		3 V	2.4			
		I <sub>OH</sub> = -8 mA		2.7 V	2			
		I <sub>OH</sub> = -12 mA		3 V	2			
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA		1.65 V to 3.6 V			0.2	
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 2 mA		1.65 V			0.45	
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 4 mA		2.3 V			0.4	
VOL		1- C-A		2.3 V			0.55	V
		IOL = 6 mA		3 V			0.55	
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 8 mA		2.7 V			0.6	
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 12 mA		3 V			0.8	
ΙΙ		$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND		3.6 V			±5	μΑ
		V <sub>I</sub> = 0.58 V	1.65 V	25				
		V <sub>I</sub> = 1.07 V		1.65 V	-25			
		V <sub>I</sub> = 0.7 V		2.3 V	45			
I <sub>I(hold)</sub>		V <sub>I</sub> = 1.7 V		2.3 V	-45			μΑ
		V <sub>I</sub> = 0.8 V		3 V	75			
		V <sub>I</sub> = 2 V	3 V	<del>-</del> 75				
		$V_{I} = 0 \text{ to } 3.6 \text{ V}^{\ddagger}$		3.6 V			±500	
loz		VO = VCC or GND		3.6 V			±10	μΑ
Icc		$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND,	IO = 0	3.6 V			40	μΑ
Δlcc		One input at V <sub>CC</sub> – 0.6 V,	Other inputs at V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	3 V to 3.6 V			750	μΑ
Ci	Control inputs	VI = VCC or GND		3.3 V		3		pF
	Data inputs					6		-
Co	Outputs	$V_O = V_{CC}$ or GND		3.3 V		7		pF

# switching characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (see Figures 1 through 3)

PARAMETER		FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.8 V	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V		UNIT
		(INFOT)	(001101)	TYP	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t <sub>pd</sub>		А	Y	§	1	4.9		4.7	1	4.2	ns
t <sub>en</sub>		ŌĒ	Y	§	1	6.8		6.7	1	5.6	ns
t <sub>dis</sub>		ŌĒ	Y	§	1	6.3		5.7	1	5.5	ns

<sup>§</sup> This information was not available at the time of publication.



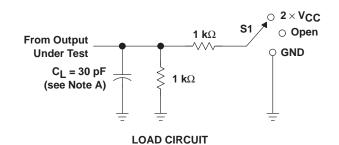
<sup>†</sup> All typical values are at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V, T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C. ‡ This is the bus-hold maximum dynamic current. It is the minimum overdrive current required to switch the input from one state to another.

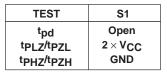
#### operating characteristics, T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C

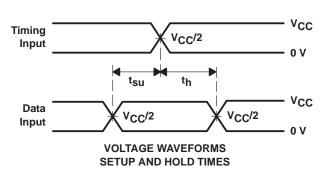
PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.8 V	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5 V TYP	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V	UNIT		
Power dissipation		Outputs enabled	C. FO. F. 4 40 MHz	†	16	19	n.E	
C <sub>pd</sub>	capacitance	Outputs disabled	$C_L = 50 \text{ pF},  f = 10 \text{ MHz}$	†	4	5	рF	

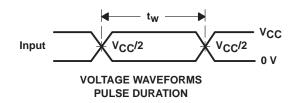
<sup>†</sup> This information was not available at the time of publication.

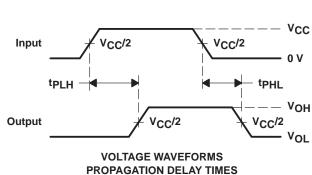
## PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION V<sub>CC</sub> = 1.8 V

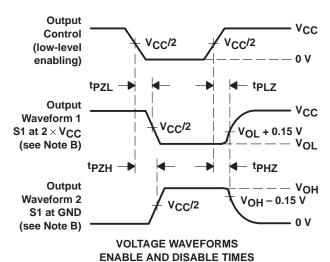












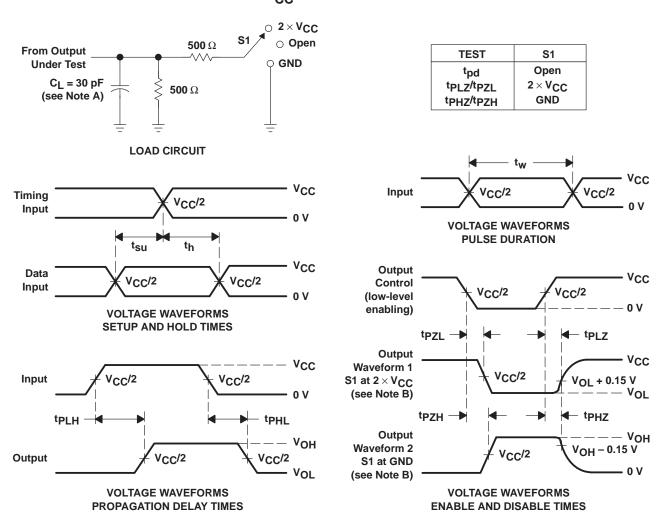
NOTES: A. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.

- B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control.
- C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  10 MHz,  $Z_Q = 50~\Omega$ ,  $t_f \leq$  2 ns.  $t_f \leq$  2 ns.
- D. The outputs are measured one at a time with one transition per measurement.
- E. tpLZ and tpHZ are the same as tdis.
- F. tpzL and tpzH are the same as ten.
- G. tplH and tpHL are the same as tpd.

Figure 1. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



# PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION $V_{CC} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$



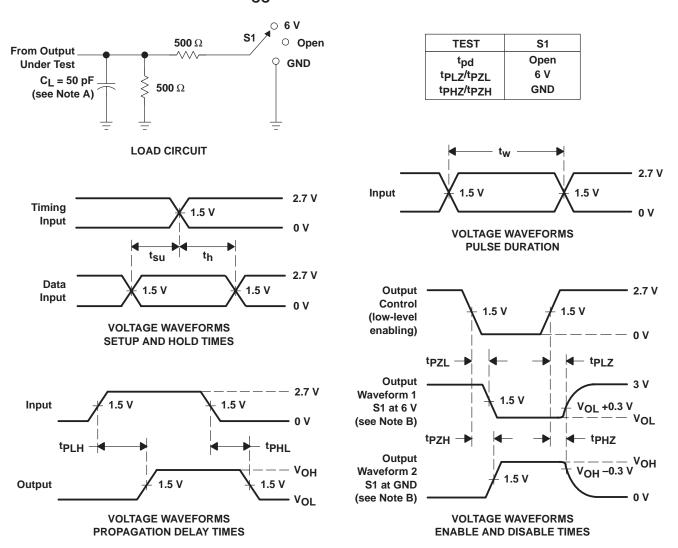
NOTES: A. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.

- B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control.
- C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  10 MHz,  $Z_Q = 50 \Omega$ ,  $t_r \leq 2$  ns,  $t_f \leq 2$  ns.
- D. The outputs are measured one at a time with one transition per measurement.
- E. tpLz and tpHz are the same as tdis.
- F. tpzL and tpzH are the same as ten.
- G. tpLH and tpHL are the same as tpd.

Figure 2. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



# PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION $V_{CC}$ = 2.7 V AND 3.3 V $\pm$ 0.3 V



- NOTES: A. C<sub>I</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.
  - B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control.
  - C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  10 MHz,  $Z_O = 50 \ \Omega$ ,  $t_f \leq 2.5 \ ns$ ,  $t_f \leq 2.5 \ ns$ .
  - D. The outputs are measured one at a time with one transition per measurement.
  - E. tpLz and tpHz are the same as tdis.
  - F. tpZL and tpZH are the same as ten.
  - G. tpLH and tpHL are the same as tpd.

Figure 3. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



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