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SCHS185A

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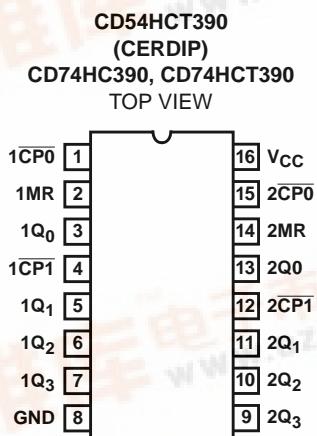
**CD74HC390,  
CD54/74HCT390**

## High Speed CMOS Logic Dual Decade Ripple Counter

### Features

- Two BCD Decade or Bi-Quinary Counters
- One Package Can Be Configured to Divide-by-2, 4, 5, 10, 20, 25, 50 or 100
- Two Master Reset Inputs to Clear Each Decade Counter Individually
- Fanout (Over Temperature Range)
  - Standard Outputs ..... 10 LSTTL Loads
  - Bus Driver Outputs ..... 15 LSTTL Loads
- Wide Operating Temperature Range ... -55°C to 125°C
- Balanced Propagation Delay and Transition Times
- Significant Power Reduction Compared to LSTTL Logic ICs
- HC Types
  - 2V to 6V Operation
  - High Noise Immunity:  $N_{IL} = 30\%$ ,  $N_{IH} = 30\%$  of  $V_{CC}$  at  $V_{CC} = 5V$
- HCT Types
  - 4.5V to 5.5V Operation
  - Direct LSTTL Input Logic Compatibility,  $V_{IL} = 0.8V$  (Max),  $V_{IH} = 2V$  (Min)
  - CMOS Input Compatibility,  $I_L \leq 1\mu A$  at  $V_{OL}, V_{OH}$

### Pinout



### Description

The CD74HC390 and 'HCT390 dual 4-bit decade ripple counters are high-speed silicon-gate CMOS devices and are pin compatible with low-power Schottky TTL (LSTTL). These devices are divided into four separately clocked sections. The counters have two divide-by-2 sections and two divide-by-5 sections. These sections are normally used in a BCD decade or bi-quinary configuration, since they share a common master reset (nMR). If the two master reset inputs (1MR and 2MR) are used to simultaneously clear all 8 bits of the counter, a number of counting configurations are possible within one package. The separate clock inputs ( $n\bar{CP}_0$  and  $n\bar{CP}_1$ ) of each section allow ripple counter or frequency division applications of divide-by-2, 4, 5, 10, 20, 25, 50 or 100. Each section is triggered by the High-to-Low transition of the input pulses ( $n\bar{CP}_0$  and  $n\bar{CP}_1$ ).

For BCD decade operation, the nQ0 output is connected to the  $n\bar{CP}_1$  input of the divide-by-5 section. For bi-quinary decade operation, the nQ3 output is connected to the  $n\bar{CP}_0$  input and nQ0 becomes the decade output.

The master reset inputs (1MR and 2MR) are active-High asynchronous inputs to each decade counter which operates on the portion of the counter identified by the "1" and "2" prefixes in the pin configuration. A High level on the nMR input overrides the clock and sets the four outputs Low.

### Ordering Information

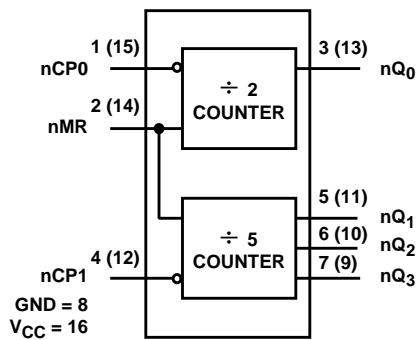
PART NUMBER	TEMP. RANGE (°C)	PACKAGE
CD74HC390E	-55 to 125	16 Ld PDIP
CD74HC390M	-55 to 125	16 Ld SOIC
CD54HCT390F3A	-55 to 125	16 Ld CERDIP
CD74HCT390E	-55 to 125	16 Ld PDIP
CD74HCT390M	-55 to 125	16 Ld SOIC

#### NOTES:

1. When ordering, use the entire part number. Add the suffix 96 to obtain the variant in the tape and reel.
2. Wafer for this part number is available which meets all electrical specifications. Please contact your local TI sales office or customer service for ordering information.

## CD74HC390, CD54/74HCT390

### Functional Diagram



TRUTH TABLE

INPUTS		ACTION
CP	MR	
↑	L	No Change
↓	L	Count
X	H	All Qs Low

NOTE: H = High Voltage Level, L = Low Voltage Level, X = Don't Care,  
 ↑ = Transition from Low to High Level, ↓ = Transition from High to Low.

BCD COUNT SEQUENCE FOR 1/2 THE 390

COUNT	OUTPUTS			
	Q0	Q1	Q2	Q3
0	L	L	L	L
1	H	L	L	L
2	L	H	L	L
3	H	H	L	L
4	L	L	H	L
5	H	L	H	L
6	L	H	H	L
7	H	H	H	L
8	L	L	L	H
9	H	L	L	H

NOTE: Output nQ0 connected to  $\bar{nCP1}$  with counter input on  $n\bar{CP0}$ .

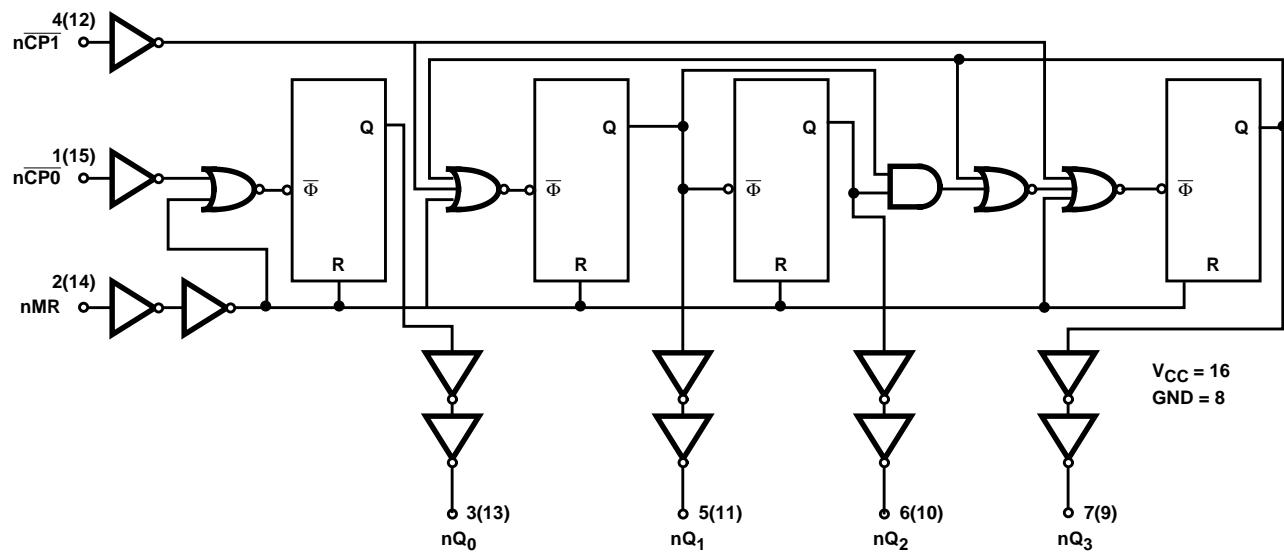
B-QUINARY COUNT SEQUENCE FOR 1/2 THE 390

COUNT	OUTPUTS			
	Q0	Q1	Q2	Q3
0	L	L	L	L
1	L	H	L	L
2	L	L	H	L
3	L	H	H	L
4	L	L	L	H
5	H	L	L	L
6	H	H	H	L
7	H	L	H	L
8	H	H	H	L
9	H	L	L	H

NOTE: Output nQ3 connected to  $\bar{nCP0}$  with counter input on  $n\bar{CP1}$ .

**CD74HC390, CD54/74HCT390**

**Logic Diagram**



## CD74HC390, CD54/74HCT390

### Absolute Maximum Ratings

DC Supply Voltage, V <sub>CC</sub>	.....	-0.5V to 7V
DC Input Diode Current, I <sub>IK</sub>		
For V <sub>I</sub> < -0.5V or V <sub>I</sub> > V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5V	.....	±20mA
DC Output Diode Current, I <sub>OK</sub>		
For V <sub>O</sub> < -0.5V or V <sub>O</sub> > V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5V	.....	±20mA
DC Output Source or Sink Current per Output Pin, I <sub>O</sub>		
For V <sub>O</sub> > -0.5V or V <sub>O</sub> < V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5V	.....	±25mA
DC V <sub>CC</sub> or Ground Current, I <sub>CC</sub> or I <sub>GND</sub>	.....	±50mA

### Thermal Information

Thermal Resistance (Typical, Note 3)	θ <sub>JA</sub> (°C/W)
PDIP Package	90
SOIC Package	190
Maximum Junction Temperature	150°C
Maximum Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to 150°C
Maximum Lead Temperature (Soldering 10s)	300°C
(SOIC - Lead Tips Only)	

### Operating Conditions

Temperature Range (T <sub>A</sub> )	.....	-55°C to 125°C
Supply Voltage Range, V <sub>CC</sub>		
HC Types	.....	2V to 6V
HCT Types	.....	4.5V to 5.5V
DC Input or Output Voltage, V <sub>I</sub> , V <sub>O</sub>	.....	0V to V <sub>CC</sub>
Input Rise and Fall Time		
2V	.....	1000ns (Max)
4.5V	.....	500ns (Max)
6V	.....	400ns (Max)

**CAUTION:** Stresses above those listed in "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress only rating and operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied.

#### NOTE:

3. θ<sub>JA</sub> is measured with the component mounted on an evaluation PC board in free air.

### DC Electrical Specifications

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS		V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	25°C			-40°C TO 85°C		-55°C TO 125°C		UNITS
		V <sub>I</sub> (V)	I <sub>O</sub> (mA)		MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
<b>HC TYPES</b>												
High Level Input Voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	-	-	2	1.5	-	-	1.5	-	1.5	-	V
				4.5	3.15	-	-	3.15	-	3.15	-	V
				6	4.2	-	-	4.2	-	4.2	-	V
Low Level Input Voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>	-	-	2	-	-	0.5	-	0.5	-	0.5	V
				4.5	-	-	1.35	-	1.35	-	1.35	V
				6	-	-	1.8	-	1.8	-	1.8	V
High Level Output Voltage CMOS Loads	V <sub>OH</sub>	V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>	-0.02	2	1.9	-	-	1.9	-	1.9	-	V
			-0.02	4.5	4.4	-	-	4.4	-	4.4	-	V
			-0.02	6	5.9	-	-	5.9	-	5.9	-	V
High Level Output Voltage TTL Loads			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	V
			-4	4.5	3.98	-	-	3.84	-	3.7	-	V
			-5.2	6	5.48	-	-	5.34	-	5.2	-	V
Low Level Output Voltage CMOS Loads	V <sub>OL</sub>	V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>	0.02	2	-	-	0.1	-	0.1	-	0.1	V
			0.02	4.5	-	-	0.1	-	0.1	-	0.1	V
			0.02	6	-	-	0.1	-	0.1	-	0.1	V
Low Level Output Voltage TTL Loads			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	V
			4	4.5	-	-	0.26	-	0.33	-	0.4	V
			5.2	6	-	-	0.26	-	0.33	-	0.4	V
Input Leakage Current	I <sub>I</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	-	6	-	-	±0.1	-	±1	-	±1	µA
Quiescent Device Current	I <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	0	6	-	-	8	-	80	-	160	µA

## CD74HC390, CD54/74HCT390

### DC Electrical Specifications (Continued)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS		V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	25°C			-40°C TO 85°C		-55°C TO 125°C		UNITS
		V <sub>I</sub> (V)	I <sub>O</sub> (mA)		MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
<b>HCT TYPES</b>												
High Level Input Voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	-	-	4.5 to 5.5	2	-	-	2	-	2	-	V
Low Level Input Voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>	-	-	4.5 to 5.5	-	-	0.8	-	0.8	-	0.8	V
High Level Output Voltage CMOS Loads	V <sub>OH</sub>	V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>	-0.02	4.5	4.4	-	-	4.4	-	4.4	-	V
High Level Output Voltage TTL Loads			-4	4.5	3.98	-	-	3.84	-	3.7	-	V
Low Level Output Voltage CMOS Loads	V <sub>OL</sub>	V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>	0.02	4.5	-	-	0.1	-	0.1	-	0.1	V
Low Level Output Voltage TTL Loads			4	4.5	-	-	0.26	-	0.33	-	0.4	V
Input Leakage Current	I <sub>I</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> and GND	0	5.5	-	-	±0.1	-	±1	-	±1	µA
Quiescent Device Current	I <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	0	5.5	-	-	8	-	80	-	160	µA
Additional Quiescent Device Current Per Input Pin: 1 Unit Load	ΔI <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> -2.1	-	4.5 to 5.5	-	100	360	-	450	-	490	µA

NOTE: For dual-supply systems theoretical worst case (V<sub>I</sub> = 2.4V, V<sub>CC</sub> = 5.5V) specification is 1.8mA.

### HCT Input Loading Table

INPUT	UNIT LOADS
nCP0	0.45
nCP1, MR	0.6

NOTE: Unit Load is ΔI<sub>CC</sub> limit specified in DC Electrical Table, e.g., 360µA max at 25°C.

### Prerequisite for Switching Specifications

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	25°C			-40°C TO 85°C		-55°C TO 125°C		UNITS
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
<b>HC TYPES</b>										
Maximum Clock Frequency	f <sub>MAX</sub>	2	6	-	-	5	-	4	-	MHz
		4.5	30	-	-	24	-	20	-	MHz
		6	35	-	-	28	-	24	-	MHz
Clock Pulse Width, nCP0, nCP1	t <sub>W</sub>	2	80	-	-	100	-	120	-	ns
		4.5	16	-	-	20	-	24	-	ns
		6	14	-	-	17	-	20	-	ns
Reset Removal Time	t <sub>REM</sub>	2	70	-	-	90	-	105	-	ns
		4.5	14	-	-	18	-	21	-	ns
		6	12	-	-	15	-	18	-	ns

## CD74HC390, CD54/74HCT390

### Prerequisite for Switching Specifications (Continued)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	25°C			-40°C TO 85°C		-55°C TO 125°C		UNITS
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Reset Pulse Width	t <sub>W</sub>	2	50	-	-	65	-	75	-	ns
		4.5	10	-	-	13	-	15	-	ns
		6	9	-	-	11	-	13	-	ns
<b>HCT TYPES</b>										
Maximum Clock Frequency	f <sub>MAX</sub>	4.5	27	-	-	22	-	18	-	MHz
Clock Pulse Width, nCP0, nCP1	t <sub>W</sub>	4.5	19	-	-	24	-	29	-	ns
Reset Removal Time	t <sub>REM</sub>	4.5	15	-	-	19	-	22	-	ns
Reset Pulse Width	t <sub>W</sub>	4.5	13	-	-	16	-	20	-	ns

### Switching Specifications Input t<sub>r</sub>, t<sub>f</sub> = 6ns

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	25°C			-40°C TO 85°C		-55°C TO 125°C		UNITS
				MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
<b>HC TYPES</b>											
Propagation Delay (Figure 1) nCP0 to nQ <sub>0</sub>	t <sub>PLH</sub> , t <sub>PHL</sub>	C <sub>L</sub> = 50pF	2	-	-	175	-	220	-	265	ns
			4.5	-	-	35	-	44	-	53	ns
			5	-	14	-	-	-	-	-	ns
			6	-	-	30	-	37	-	45	ns
nCP1 to nQ <sub>1</sub>	t <sub>PLH</sub> , t <sub>PHL</sub>	C <sub>L</sub> = 50pF	2	-	-	185	-	230	-	280	ns
			4.5	-	-	37	-	46	-	56	ns
			6	-	-	31	-	39	-	48	ns
nCP1 to nQ <sub>2</sub>	t <sub>PLH</sub> , t <sub>PHL</sub>	C <sub>L</sub> = 50pF	2	-	-	245	-	305	-	370	ns
			4.5	-	-	49	-	61	-	74	ns
			6	-	-	42	-	52	-	63	ns
nCP1 to nQ <sub>3</sub>	t <sub>PLH</sub> , t <sub>PHL</sub>	C <sub>L</sub> = 50pF	2	-	-	180	-	225	-	270	ns
			4.5	-	-	36	-	45	-	54	ns
			5	-	15	-	-	-	-	-	ns
			6	-	-	31	-	38	-	46	ns
nCP0 to nQ <sub>3</sub> (nQ <sub>0</sub> connected to nCP1)	t <sub>PLH</sub> , t <sub>PHL</sub>	C <sub>L</sub> = 50pF	2	-	-	365	-	455	-	550	ns
			4.5	-	-	73	-	91	-	110	ns
			6	-	-	62	-	77	-	94	ns
MR to Q <sub>n</sub>	t <sub>PLH</sub> , t <sub>PHL</sub>	C <sub>L</sub> = 50pF	2	-	-	190	-	240	-	285	ns
			4.5	-	-	38	-	48	-	57	ns
			5	-	16	-	-	-	-	-	ns
			6	-	-	32	-	41	-	48	ns
Output Transition Time (Figure 1)	t <sub>TLH</sub> , t <sub>THL</sub>	C <sub>L</sub> = 50pF	2	-	-	75	-	95	-	110	ns
			4.5	-	-	15	-	19	-	22	ns
			6	-	-	13	-	16	-	19	ns
Input Capacitance	C <sub>IN</sub>	C <sub>L</sub> = 50pF	-	-	-	10	-	10	-	10	pF
Power Dissipation Capacitance (Notes 4, 5)	C <sub>PD</sub>	C <sub>L</sub> = 15pF	5	-	28	-	-	-	-	-	pF

## CD74HC390, CD54/74HCT390

### Switching Specifications Input $t_r, t_f = 6\text{ns}$ (Continued)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	25°C			-40°C TO 85°C		-55°C TO 125°C		UNITS
				MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
<b>HCT TYPES</b>											
Propagation Delay (Figure 1) nCP0 to nQ0	t <sub>PLH</sub> , t <sub>PHL</sub>	C <sub>L</sub> = 50pF	4.5	-	-	40	-	50	-	60	ns
		C <sub>L</sub> = 15pF	5	-	17	-	-	-	-	-	ns
nCP1 to nQ1	t <sub>PLH</sub> , t <sub>PHL</sub>	C <sub>L</sub> = 50pF	4.5	-	-	43	-	51	-	65	ns
nCP1 to nQ2	t <sub>PLH</sub> , t <sub>PHL</sub>	C <sub>L</sub> = 50pF	4.5	-	-	55	-	69	-	83	ns
nCP1 to nQ3 (nQ0 connected to nCP1)	t <sub>PLH</sub> , t <sub>PHL</sub>	C <sub>L</sub> = 50pF	4.5	-	-	42	-	53	-	63	ns
		C <sub>L</sub> = 15pF	5	-	18	-	-	-	-	-	ns
nCP0 to nQ2 (nQ0 connected to nCP1)	t <sub>PLH</sub> , t <sub>PHL</sub>	C <sub>L</sub> = 50pF	4.5	-	-	84	-	105	-	126	ns
MR to Q <sub>n</sub>	t <sub>PLH</sub> , t <sub>PHL</sub>	C <sub>L</sub> = 50pF	4.5	-	-	42	-	53	-	63	ns
		C <sub>L</sub> = 15pF	5	-	18	-	-	-	-	-	ns
Output Transition	t <sub>TLH</sub> , t <sub>THL</sub>	C <sub>L</sub> = 50pF	4.5	-	-	15	-	19	-	22	ns
Input Capacitance	C <sub>IN</sub>	C <sub>L</sub> = 15pF	-	-	-	10	-	10	-	10	pF
Power Dissipation Capacitance (Notes 4, 5)	C <sub>PD</sub>	C <sub>L</sub> = 15pF	5	-	32	-	-	-	-	-	pF

#### NOTES:

4. C<sub>PD</sub> is used to determine the dynamic power consumption, per multiplexer.
5. P<sub>D</sub> = V<sub>CC</sub><sup>2</sup> f<sub>i</sub> (C<sub>PD</sub> + C<sub>L</sub>) where f<sub>i</sub> = Input Frequency, C<sub>L</sub> = Output Load Capacitance, V<sub>CC</sub> = Supply Voltage.

### Test Circuits and Waveforms

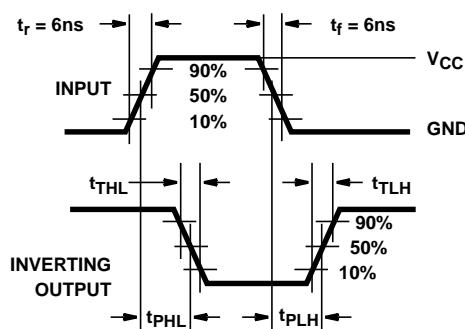


FIGURE 1. HC AND HCU TRANSITION TIMES AND PROPAGATION DELAY TIMES, COMBINATION LOGIC

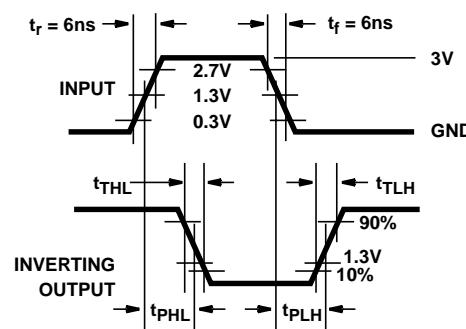


FIGURE 2. HCT TRANSITION TIMES AND PROPAGATION DELAY TIMES, COMBINATION LOGIC

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