

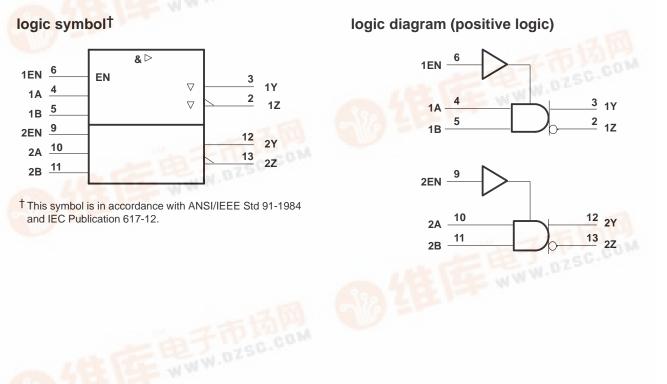
- Short-Circuit Protection
- Dual Channels
- Clamp Diodes at Inputs

#### description

The SN75159 dual differential line driver with 3-state outputs is designed to provide all the features of the SN75158 line driver with the added feature of driver output controls. There is an individual control for each driver. When the output control is low, the associated outputs are in a high-impedance state and the outputs can neither drive nor load the bus. This permits many devices to be connected together on the same transmission line for party-line applications.

NC-No internal connection

The SN75159 is characterized for operation from 0°C to 70°C.

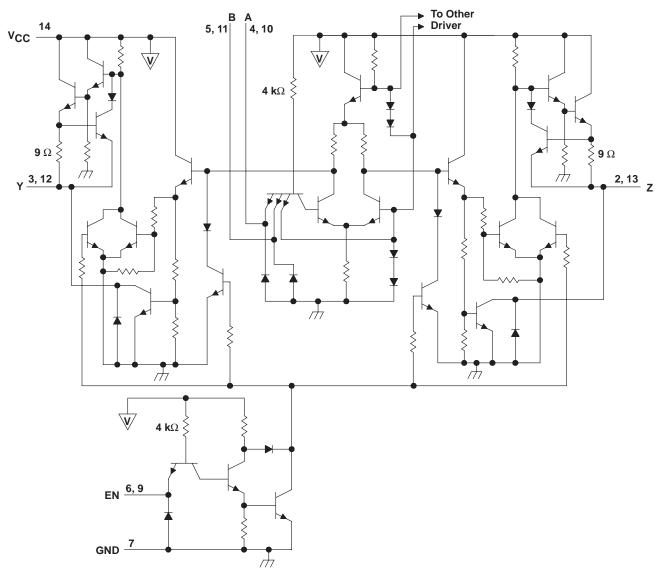




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# schematic (each driver)





Resistor values shown are nominal.



#### absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)<sup>†</sup>

Supply voltage, V <sub>CC</sub> (see Note 1)	
Input voltage, V <sub>1</sub>	5.5 V
Off-state voltage applied to open-collector outputs	12 V
Continuous total dissipation	. See Dissipation Rating Table
Operating free-air temperature range, T <sub>A</sub>	0°C to 70°C
Storage temperature range, T <sub>stg</sub>	–65°C to 150°C
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds	260°C

<sup>†</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTE 1: All voltage values except differential output voltage V<sub>OD</sub> are with respect to the network ground terminal. V<sub>OD</sub> is at the Y output with respect to the Z output.

DISSIFATION RATING TABLE					
PACKAGE	T <sub>A</sub> ≤ 25°C POWER RATING	DERATING FACTOR ABOVE T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	T <sub>A</sub> = 70°C POWER RATING		
D	950 mW	7.6 mW/°C	608 mW		
N	1150 mW	9.2 mW/°C	736 mW		

# DISSIPATION RATING TABLE

## recommended operating conditions

	MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
Supply voltage, V <sub>CC</sub>	4.75	5	5.25	V
High-level input voltage, VIH	2			V
Low-level input voltage, VIL			0.8	V
High-level output voltage, IOH			-40	mA
Low-level output current, IOL			40	mA
Operating free-air temperature, T <sub>A</sub>	0		70	°C



### electrical characteristics over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS			MIN	TYP†	MAX	UNIT	
Vik	Input clamp voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.75 V,	l <sub>l</sub> = – 12 mA			-0.9	-1.5	V	
Vон	High-level output voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.75 V, V <sub>IH</sub> = 2 V,	V <sub>IL</sub> = 0.8 V, I <sub>OH</sub> = -40 mA	A	2.4	3		V	
Vol	Low-level output voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.75 V, V <sub>IH</sub> = 2 V,	V <sub>IL</sub> = 0.8 V, I <sub>OL</sub> = 40 mA			0.25	0.4	V	
Vок	Output clamp voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.25 V,	$I_{O} = -40 \text{ mA}$			-1.1	-1.5	V	
Vo	Output voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.75 V to 5.25 V,	I <sup>O</sup> = 0		0		6	V	
VOD1	Differential output voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.25 V,	IO = 0			3.5	2V <sub>OD2</sub>	V	
IVOD2	Differential output voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.75 V			2	3		V	
∆ V <sub>OD</sub>	Change in magnitude of differential output voltage‡	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.75 V				±0.02	±0.4	V	
	Common-mode output	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.25 V	1			1.8	3	N	
Voc	voltage§	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.75 V	R <sub>L</sub> = 100 Ω,	See Figure 1		1.5	3	V	
∆ Voc	Change in magnitude of common-mode output voltage‡	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.75 V to 5.25 V				±0.01	±0.4	V	
			$V_{O} = 6 V$ $V_{O} = -0.25 V$ $V_{O} = -0.25 V \text{ to } 6 V$			0.1	100		
IO	Output current with power off	$V_{CC} = 0$			$V_{O} = -0.25 V$ –	-0.1	-100	μA	
							±100		
	Off-state (high-impedance state) output current	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.25 V, Output controls at 0.8 V	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	$V_{O} = 0$ to $V_{CC}$			±10	-	
			T <sub>A</sub> = 70°C	$V_{O} = 0$			-20		
IOZ				V <sub>O</sub> = 0.4 V			±20	μΑ	
				V <sub>O</sub> = 2.4 V			±20		
				$V_{O} = V_{CC}$			20		
łı	Input current at maximum input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.25 V,	Vj = 5.5 V				1	mA	
IIН	High-level input current	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.25 V,	V <sub>I</sub> = 2.4 V				40	μΑ	
۱ <sub>IL</sub>	Low-level input current	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.25 V,	V <sub>I</sub> = 0.4 V			-1	-1.6	mA	
los	Short-circuit output current	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.25 V			-40	-90	-150	mA	
ICC	Supply current (both drivers)	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.25 V, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C,	Inputs grounded, No load			47	65	mA	

<sup>†</sup> All typical values are at  $V_{CC}$  = 5 V and  $T_A$  = 25°C except for  $V_{OC}$ , for which  $V_{CC}$  is as stated under test conditions. <sup>‡</sup>  $\Delta |V_{OD}|$  and  $\Delta |V_{OC}|$  are the changes in magnitudes of  $V_{OD}$  and  $V_{OC}$ , respectively, that occur when the input is changed from a high level to a low level.  $\frac{9}{10}$  In ANSI Standard EIA/TIA-422-B, V<sub>OC</sub>, which is the average of the two output voltages with respect to GND, is called output offset voltage, V<sub>OS</sub>.

¶ Only one output should be shorted at a time, and duration of the short circuit should not exceed one second.



# switching characteristics over operating free-air temperature range, V<sub>CC</sub> = 5 V

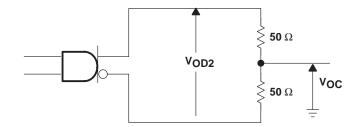
	PARAMETER TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	түр†	MAX	UNIT
<sup>t</sup> PLH	Propagation delay time, low-to-high-level output	$C_L = 30 \text{ pF}, R_L = 100 \Omega$ , See Figure	2,	16	25	ns
<sup>t</sup> PHL	Propagation delay time, high-to-low-level output	Termination A		11	20	ns
<sup>t</sup> PLH	Propagation delay time, low-to-high-level output	C <sub>1</sub> = 15 pF, See Figure 2, Terminatio	P	13	20	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>	Propagation delay time, high-to-low-level output	CL = 15 pr, See Figure 2, Terminatio		9	15	ns
t <sub>TLH</sub>	Transition time, low-to-high-level output	$C_L = 30 \text{ pF}, R_L = 100 \Omega, \text{ See Figure}$	2,	4	20	ns
tTHL	Transition time, high-to-low-level output	Termination A		4	20	ns
<sup>t</sup> PZH	Output enable time to high level	$C_L = 30 \text{ pF}, R_L = 180 \Omega,$ See Figure	3	7	20	ns
tpzL	Output enable time to low level	$C_L = 30 \text{ pF}, R_L = 250 \Omega, \text{See Figure}$	4	14	40	ns
<sup>t</sup> PHZ	Output disable time from high level	$C_L = 30 \text{ pF}, R_L = 180 \Omega, \text{See Figure}$	3	10	30	ns
t <sub>PLZ</sub>	Output disable time from low level	$C_L = 30 \text{ pF}, R_L = 250 \Omega, \text{See Figure}$	4	17	35	ns
	Overshoot factor	$R_L = 100 \Omega$ , See Figure 2, Terminatio	пС		10%	

<sup>†</sup> All typical values are at  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ .

DATA-SHEET PARAMETER	EIA/TIA-422-B
VO	V <sub>oa,</sub> V <sub>ob</sub>
IVOD1	Vo
IVOD2	Vt
$\Delta  V_{OD} $	$  V_t  -  \overline{V}_t  $
V <sub>OC</sub>	V <sub>OS</sub>
$\Delta  V_{OC} $	$ V_{OS} - \overline{V}_{OS} $
los	<sub>sa</sub>   ,    <sub>sb</sub>
ΙO	I <sub>xa</sub>   ,  I <sub>xb</sub>

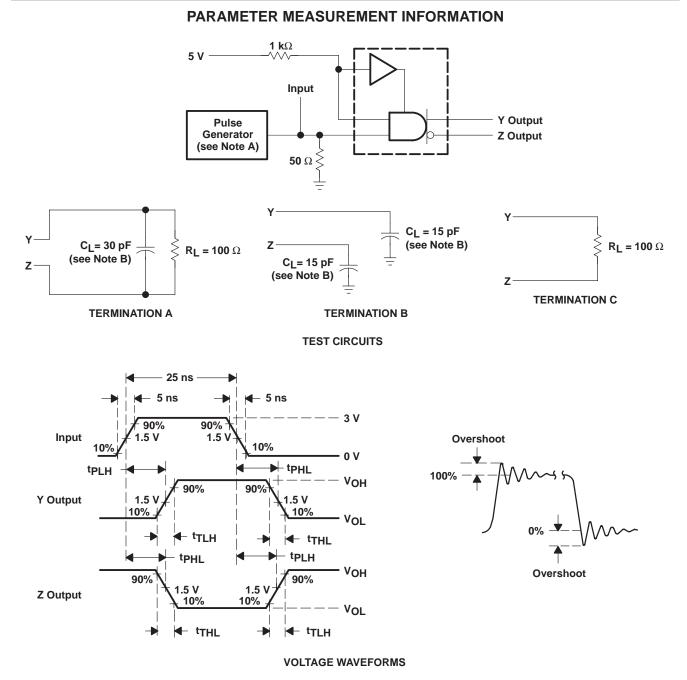
#### SYMBOL EQUIVALENTS

# PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION







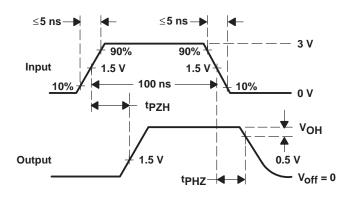


NOTES: A. The pulse generator has the following characteristics:  $Z_O = 50 \Omega$ , PRR  $\leq 10$  MHz. B. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.





**TEST CIRCUIT** 



**VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS** 

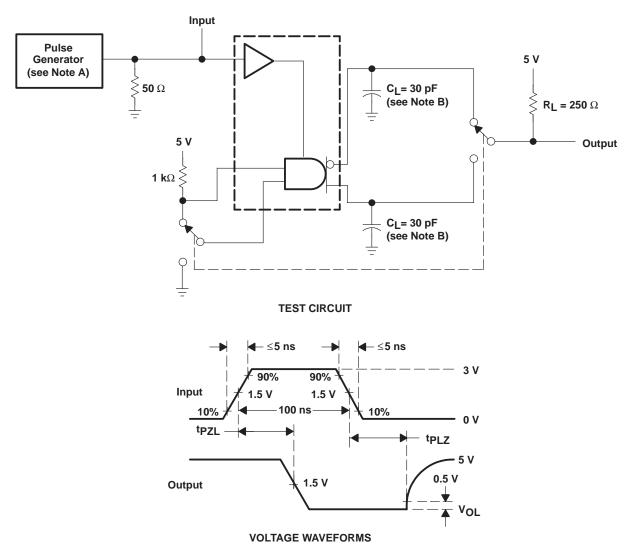
NOTES: A. The pulse generator has the following characteristics:  $Z_0 = 50 \Omega$ , PRR  $\leq 500 \text{ kHz}$ . B. CL includes probe and jig capacitance.

Pulse Generator (see Note A)

5 V

Figure 3. Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



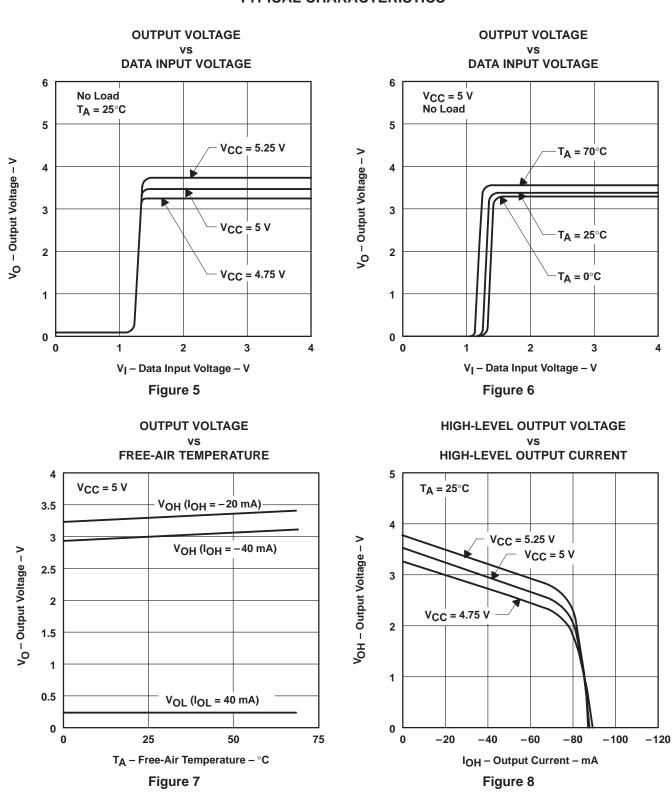


## PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

NOTES: A. The pulse generator has the following characteristics:  $Z_0 = 50 \Omega$ , PRR  $\leq 500 \text{ kHz}$ . B. CL includes probe and jig capacitance.

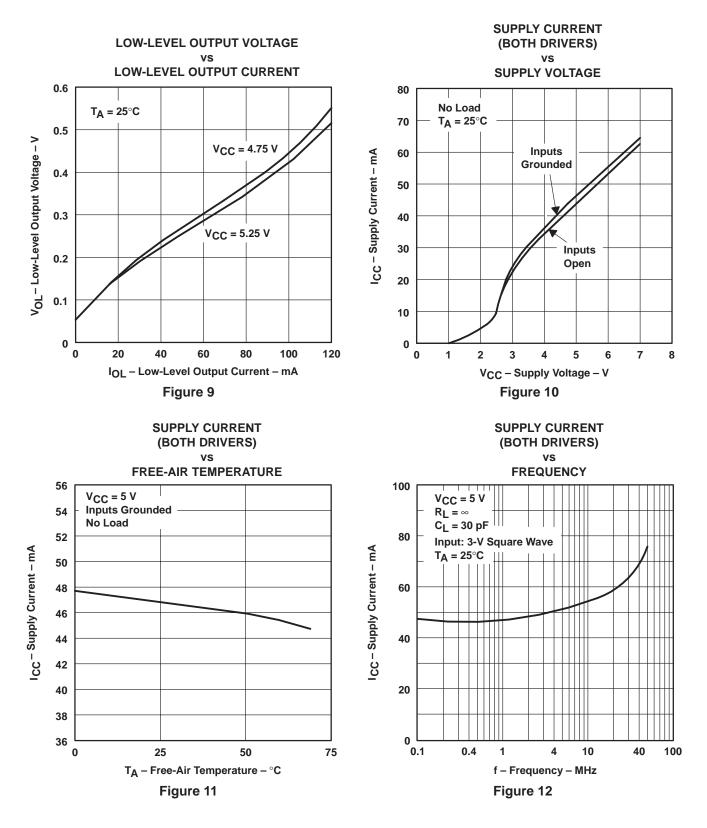
Figure 4. Test Circuit and Voltage Waveform





### **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**





# **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**



**PROPAGATION DELAY TIME OUTPUT ENABLE AND DISABLE TIME** FROM DATA INPUTS vs vs FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE 30 20  $V_{CC} = 5 V$ Propagtion Delay Time From Data Inputs – ns 18 See Figures 3 and 4 <sup>t</sup>PLH **Output Enable and Disable Time – ns** 25 16 14 20 <sup>t</sup>PLZ <sup>t</sup>PHL 12 <sup>t</sup>PZL 15 10 8 <sup>t</sup>PHZ 10 6 <sup>t</sup>PZH 4 5  $V_{CC} = 5 V$ C<sub>L</sub> = 30 pF R<sub>L</sub> = 100 Ω 2 0 0 0 25 50 75 75 0 25 50 T<sub>A</sub> – Free-Air Temperature – °C T<sub>A</sub> – Free-Air Temperature – °C Figure 13 Figure 14

## **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**



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