查询SN75C1154供应商

捷多邦,专业PCB打样工厂,24小时加急出货SN75C1154 QUADRUPLE LOW-POWER DRIVERS/RECEIVERS

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 Meets or Exceeds the Requirements of ANSI EIA/TIA-232-E and ITU 	DW OR N PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)
Recommendation V.28	
 Very Low Power Consumption 5 mW Typ 	$V_{DD} \downarrow 1$ 20 $\downarrow V_{CC}$ 1RA $\downarrow 2$ 19 $\downarrow 1RY$
Wide Driver Supply Voltage ±4.5 V to ±15 V	2RA 4 17 2RY
 Driver Output Slew Rate Limited to 30 V/μs Max 	3RA [6 15] 3RY 3DY [7 14] 3DA
Receiver Input Hysteresis 1000 mV Typ	4RA 🛛 8 13 🗍 4RY
Push-Pull Receiver Outputs	4DY 🛛 9 12 🗍 4DA
 On-Chip Receiver 1-μs Noise Filter 	V _{SS} [10 11] GND
• Functionally interchangeable With Motorola MC145404	

description

The SN75C1154 is a low-power BiMOS device containing four independent drivers and receivers that are used to interface data terminal equipment (DTE) with data circuit-terminating equipment (DCE). This device has been designed to conform to ANSI EIA/TIA-232-E. The drivers and receivers of the SN75C1154 are similar to those of the SN75C188 quadruple driver and SN75C189A quadruple receiver, respectively. The drivers have a controlled output slew rate that is limited to a maximum of 30 V/ μ s and the receivers have filters that reject input noise pulses of shorter than 1 μ s. Both these features eliminate the need for external components.

The SN75C1154 is designed using low-power techniques in a BiMOS technology. In most applications, the receivers contained in these devices interface to single inputs of peripheral devices such as ACEs, UARTs, or microprocessors. By using sampling, such peripheral devices are usually insensitive to the transition times of the input signals. If this is not the case or for other uses, it is recommended that the SN75C1154 receiver outputs be buffered by single Schmitt input gates or single gates of the HCMOS, ALS, or 74F logic families.

The SN75C1154 is characterized for operation from 0°C to 70°C.

logic symbol[†]



logic diagram (positive logic)



[†] This symbol is in accordance with ANSI/IEEE Std 91-1984 and IEC Publication 617-12.



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schematics of inputs and outputs



Resistor values shown are nominal.



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absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)[†]

Supply voltage, V _{DD} (see Note 1)	15 V
Supply voltage, V _{SS}	15 V
Supply voltage, V _{CC}	
Input voltage range, VI: Driver	$V_{\mbox{\scriptsize SS}}$ to $V_{\mbox{\scriptsize DD}}$
Receiver	$\ldots \ldots -30$ V to 30 V
Output voltage range, V _O : Driver	$\dots \dots \dots (V_{SS} - 6 V)$ to $(V_{DD} + 6 V)$
Receiver	
Continuous total power dissipation	See Dissipation Rating Table
Operating free-air temperature range, TA: SN75C1154	\ldots 0°C to 70°C
Storage temperature range, T _{stg}	65°C to 150°C
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds	

[†] Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
NOTE 1: All voltages are with respect to the network GND terminal.

DIE 1: All voltages are with respect to the network GND terminal.

DISSIPATION RATING TABLE

PACKAGE	T _A ≤ 25°C POWER RATING	DERATING FACTOR ABOVE T _A = 25°C	T _A = 70°C POWER RATING	
DW	1125 mW	9.0 mW/°C	720 mW	
N	1150 mW	9.2 mW/°C	736 mW	

recommended operating conditions

		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
Supply voltage, VDD		4.5	12	15	V
Supply voltage, VSS		-4.5	-12	-15	V
Supply voltage, V _{CC}		4.5	5	6	V
Input voltage, V _I	Driver	V _{SS} +2		V _{DD}	v
	Receiver			±25	
High-level input voltage, VIH	Driver	2			
Low-level input voltage, VIL	Driver			0.8	v
High-level output current, IOH	Pagaiyar			-1	mA
High-level output current, IOL	Neceivei			3.2	mA
Operating free-air temperature, T _A		0		70	°C



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DRIVER SECTION

electrical characteristics over operating free-air temperature range, V_{DD} = 12 V, V_{SS} = –12 V, V_{CC} = 5 V $\pm 10\%$ (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS			MIN	TYP†	MAX	UNIT
Val	High lovel output veltage	$V_{II} = 0.8 V$, $R_{I} = 3 k\Omega$, V	V _{DD} = 5 V,	$V_{SS} = -5 V$	4	4.5		V	
⊻он	High-level output voltage	See Figure 1		V _{DD} = 12 V,	$V_{SS} = -12 V$	10	10.8		V
Voi	Low-level output voltage	V _{IH} = 2 V,	$R_L = 3 k\Omega$,	V _{DD} = 5 V,	$V_{SS} = -5 V$		-4.4	-4	V
VOL	(see Note 2)	See Figure 1	See Figure 1	V _{DD} = 12 V,	$V_{SS} = -12 V$		-10.7	-10	v
IIН	High-level input current	V _I = 5 V,	See Figure 2					1	μΑ
١ _{IL}	Low-level input current	$V_{I} = 0,$	See Figure 2					-1	μA
IOS(H)	High-level short circuit output current [‡]	VJ = 0.8 V,	$V_{O} = 0 \text{ or } V_{SS},$	See Figure 1		-7.5	-12	-19.5	mA
IOS(L)	Low-level short circuit output current‡	V ₁ = 2 V,	$V_{O} = 0 \text{ or } V_{DD},$	See Figure 1		7.5	12	19.5	mA
	Supply current from Vpp	No load All inn	ute at 2 \/ or 0 8 \/	V _{DD} = 5 V,	$V_{SS} = -5 V$		115	250	۸
סטי	IDD Supply current from VDD No load, All inputs at 2 v or 0.8 v		V _{DD} = 12 V	$V_{SS} = -12 V$		115	250	μΑ	
L Cumphu	Supply current from Vee	No load All inn		V _{DD} = 5 V,	$V_{SS} = -5 V$		-115	-250	۸
ISS	Supply current norm vSS	V[V _{DD} = 12 V	$V_{SS} = -12 V$		-115	-250	μΑ
r _o	Output resistance	$V_{DD} = V_{SS} = V_{SS}$	$V_{\rm CC} = 0$, $V_{\rm O} = -1$	2 V to 2 V,	See Note 3	300	400		Ω

[†] All typical values are at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$.

[‡] Not more than one output should be shorted at one time.

NOTES: 2. The algebraic convention, where the more positive (less negative) limit is designated as maximum, is used in this data sheet for logic levels only.

3. Test conditions are those specified by EIA/TIA-232-E.

switching characteristics, V_{DD} = 12 V, V_{SS} = –12 V, V_{CC} = 5 V $\pm 10\%$, T_A = 25°C

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS			MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
^t PLH	Propagation delay time, low- to high-level output§					1.2	3	μs
^t PHL	Propagation delay time, high- to low-level output§	$R_L = 3 \text{ to } 7 \text{ k}\Omega,$	CL = 15 pF,	See Figure 3		2.5	3.5	μs
t _{TLH}	Transition time, low- to high-level $\operatorname{output} \P$				0.53	2	3.2	μs
^t THL	Transition time, high- to low-level $\operatorname{output} \P$				0.53	2	3.2	μs
t _{TLH}	Transition time, low- to high-level output#	$R_L = 3 \text{ to } 7 \text{ k}\Omega$,	$C_{L} = 2500 \text{ pF},$	See Figure 3		1	2	μs
t _{THL}	Transition time, high- to low-level output#	$R_L = 3 \text{ to } 7 \text{ k}\Omega$,	$C_{L} = 2500 \text{ pF},$	See Figure 3		1	2	μs
SR	Output slew rate	$R_{L} = 3$ to 7 k Ω ,	CL = 15 pF,	See Figure 3	4	10	30	V/µs

§ tPHL and tPLH include the additional time due to on-chip slew rate control and are measured at the 50% points.

¶ Measured between 10% and 90% points of output waveform.

Measured between 3 V and -3 V points of output waveform (EIA/TIA-232-E conditions) with all unused inputs tied either high or low.



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RECEIVER SECTION

electrical characteristics over operating free-air temperature range, $V_{DD} = 12 V$, $V_{SS} = -12 V$, V_{CC} = 5 V \pm 10% (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER		TEST CON	IDITIONS	MIN	TYP†	MAX	UNIT
VIT+	Positive-going input threshold voltage	See Figure 5			1.7	2.1	2.55	V
VIT-	Negative-going input threshold voltage	See Figure 5	See Figure 5			1	1.25	V
V _{hys}	Input hysteresis voltage (VIT+ [_] VIT–)				600	1000		mV
		V _I = 0.75 V,	$I_{OH} = -20 \ \mu A$,	See Figure 5 and Note 4	3.5			
Val	High-level output voltage			V _{CC} = 4.5 V	2.8	4.4		V
∣∨он		$V_{I} = 0.75 V, I_{O}$ See Figure 5	$I_{OH} = -1 \text{ mA},$	V _{CC} = 5 V	3.8	4.9		
				V _{CC} = 5.5 V	4.3	5.4		
VOL	Low-level output voltage	V _I = 3 V,	I _{OL} = 3.2 mA,	See Figure 5		0.17	0.4	V
	Llich lovel input ourrest	V _I = 25 V			3.6	4.6	8.3	
'IH	High-level input current	V _I = 3 V			0.43	0.55	1	~ ^
1		V _I = -25 V			-3.6	-5	-8.3	ША
'IL	Low-level input current	$V_{I} = -3 V$			-0.43	-0.55	-1	
IOS(H)	Short-circuit output at high level	V _I = 0.75 V,	$V_{O} = 0,$	See Figure 4		-8	-15	mA
IOS(L)	Short-circuit output at low level	$V_{I} = V_{CC},$	$V_{O} = V_{CC},$	See Figure 4		13	25	mA
	C Supply current from V _{CC} No load, All inputs at 0 or 5 V		$V_{DD} = 5 V$, $V_{SS} = -5 V$		400	600		
		All inputs at 0 or 5 V V_D		$V_{DD} = 12 \text{ V}, V_{SS} = -12 \text{ V}$		400	600	μΑ

[†] All typical values are at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$. NOTE 4: If the inputs are left unconnected, the receiver interprets this as an input low and the receiver outputs will remain in the high state.

switching characteristics, V_{DD} = 12 V, V_{SS} = –12 V, V_{CC} = 5 V \pm 10%, T_A = 25°C

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
^t PLH	Propagation delay time, low- to high-level output			3	4	μs
^t PHL	Propagation delay time, high- to low-level output	$C_{1} = 50 \text{ pE}$ $P_{1} = 5 k_{0}$ Son Figure 6		3	4	μs
^t TLH	Transition time, low- to high-level output	$C_L = 50 \text{ pF}, R_L = 5 \text{ k}\Omega, \text{ See Figure 6}$		300	450	ns
^t THL	Transition time, high- to low-level output	Γ		100	300	ns
^t w(N)	Duration of longest pulse rejected as noise [‡]	$C_L = 50 \text{ pF}, R_L = 5 \text{ k}\Omega$	1		4	μs

[‡] The receiver ignores any positive- or negative-going pulse that is less than the minimum value of t_{w(N)} and accepts any positive- or negative-going pulse greater than the maximum of $t_{W(N)}$.



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NOTES: A. The pulse generator has the following characteristics: $t_W = 25 \ \mu$ s, PRR = 20 kHz, $Z_O = 50 \ \Omega$, $t_f = t_f < 50 \ ns$. B. CL includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 3. Driver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



Figure 4. Receiver Test Circuit, I_{OSH}, I_{OSL}



Figure 5. Receiver Test Circuit, V_{IT}, V_{OL}, V_{OH}



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PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

NOTES: A. The pulse generator has the following characteristics: $t_W = 25 \ \mu$ s, PRR = 20 kHz, $Z_O = 50 \ \Omega$, $t_f = t_f < 50 \ ns$. B. CL includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 6. Receiver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



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