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MQ342-01







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Real-Time Clock Module

RTC – 4553AC

- Designed for E-mater
- Built-in 32.768 kHz quartz crystal allows adjustment- free operation and assures high accuracy
- Integrated clock (hours, minutes, seconds) and calendar (year, month, day, day of the week) counter
- Automatic leap year compensation until 2099
- Selectable 24-hour/12-hour display mode (with AM/PM indication)
- Clock data modification using increment method
- Clock data serial output in BCD format
- Software controlled 30 second adjustment
- Selectable 1/10 Hz or 1024 Hz timing pulse output
- Built-in SRAM (30 × 4 bit)
- \bullet Constant voltage drive realizes low power consumption (1 μA Typ.)
- and minimizes voltage-induced frequency fluctuations
- Supports low-voltage operation (3 V)

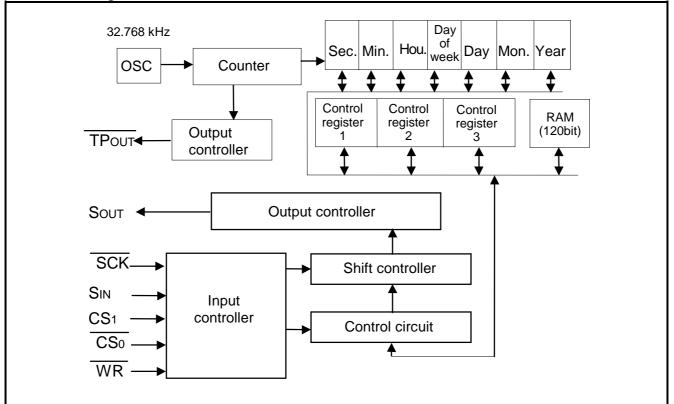
1. Overview

The RTC-4553 is a very compact real-time clock module with permanent calendar and serial data input/output. The module is designed for E-mater; time accuracy is within $\pm 5 \times 10^{-6}$ (± 0.432 sec./day). It incorporates a heat-resistant 32.768 kHz quartz oscillator. The space saving package allows high-density mounting and facilitates automated production.

Besides the clock and calendar functions (comprising all items from years to seconds), the RTC-4553 incorporates also a 30×4 bit SRAM and offers other useful features.

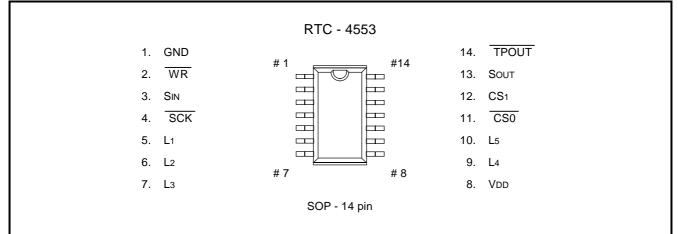
The use of a CMOS IC makes possible low-voltage, low-power operation, to ensure proper timekeeping also when powered from a backup battery.

2. Block Diagram



3. Terminal description

3.1. Terminal connections



3.2. Terminal functions

Signal designation	Pin No.	Input / Output	Function	
GND	1		Power supply negative pin. Connect to ground.	
WR (WRITE enable)	2	Ι	Address and data are written at $\overline{WR} = "L"$. Counter data (second digit to year digit) are written using the incrementing method. Data at the specified address are read at $\overline{WR} = "H"$. While the address is being set at SIN, the data at SOUT are for the previously specified address.	
S৷N (Serial input)	3	I	Serial address and data I/O pin. Serves for address and control register writing for the various counters, and for RAM address and data writing.	
SCK (Serial clock)	4	I	Serial I/O sync signal input pin. Input a sync signal to this pin to allow address and data read/write synchronized to this signal. One cycle comprises 8 clocks (4 address clocks + 4 data clocks)	
L1–L3 L4 , L5	5–7 9, 10	_	Test pins reserved for use by Epson. Be sure to leave these pins unconnected.	
Vdd	Power supply pin. Connect to a power source. For norm			
CS0 (Chip select 0)	11	Ι	This pin serves to select the RTC. While $\overline{CS0}$ is "L", the microprocessor can perform register access. While $\overline{CS0}$ is "H", $SOUT$ is in the high-impedance state.	
CS1 (Chip select 1)	12	Ι	Connect this pin to the power down detection circuit. If no power down detection circuit is used, fix the pin at "H" (VDD). When CS1 is "L", SOUT and $\overline{\text{TPOUT}}$ are in the high-impedance state, regardless of $\overline{\text{CS0}}$.	
So∪⊤ (Serial output)	13	0	Serial address and data output pin. Serves for address and control register readout of the various counters, and for RAM address and data readout.	
TPout (Timing pulse output)	14	0	Output pin for 1024 Hz or 1/10 Hz timing pulse, based on internal reference clock. For clock accuracy checking, use 1/10 Hz. For 1024 Hz, the duty cycle changes once every 10 seconds.	

Note1 At initial power-on or voltage restoration from an intermediate potential outside of the range where operation is assured (0.3 V to 1.9 V), the power-on reset circuit may not operate normally, leading to possible malfunction. (See section " 8.3.9. Power-On Reset ".)

Note2 Be sure to connect a bypass capacitor of 0.1 μ F or more directly between VDD and GND.

4. Absolute maximum ratings

4. Absolute maxir	num rati	ngs			GND=0 V	
Item	Symbol	Condition (pin)	Max.	Unit		
Power supply voltage	Vdd	Vdd-GND	-0.3	+6.0		
Input voltage	Vin	SIN, SCK, WR, CS0, CS1	-0.3	VDD+0.3	V	
Output voltage	Vout	SOUT, TPOUT	-0.3	VDD+0.3		
Storage temperature	TSTG	Stored bare product after unpacking	-55	+125	°C	
Soldering conditions	Tsol	_	Twice at under +260 °C within 10 seco under +230 °C within 3 minutes			

5. Recommended operating conditions

5. Recommended	Recommended operating conditions								
ltem	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit			
Power supply voltage	Vdd	Vdd-GND	2.7	5.0	5.5	V			
Operation temperature	TOPR	No condensation	-30	—	+70	°C			

6. Frequency characteristics

6. Frequency characteristics GND=									
Item	Symbol	Condition		Rating	Unit				
Frequency precision	A f / fo	Ta = +25 °C	AC	± 5	× 10 ⁻⁶				
	Δ f / fo	VDD = 5.0 V	AC	± 0.432	sec. / day				
Frequency/temperature characteristics	tOP	$Ta = -10 \degree C$ to +7 VDD = 5 V (Referenced a		+10 –120	× 10 ⁻⁶				
Frequency/voltage characteristics	f / V	Ta = Fixed, VDD = 2 V to 5.5 V (Referenced at 5 V)		± 5	× 10 ⁻⁶				
Aging	fa	Ta = +25 °C, VDD = 5 V	First year	± 5	imes 10 ⁻⁶ / year				

Note

(1) Frequency tolerance rating applies to VDD = 5.0 V.

(At VDD = 3 V, voltage characteristics must be taken into consideration.)

(2) Frequency tolerance rating applies at the time of shipment.

(3) Design the peripheral circuitry so that power start-up time (tR) is $1.0 \ \mu s/V \le tR \le 1.6 \ ms/V$.

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7. Electrical characteristics

7.1. DC, AC Characteristics

7.1.1. VDD = 5 V

(1) DC Characteristics

(1) DC Characterist	tics			(GND=0 V ,	, Ta = −30 °0	C ~ +70 °C)	
ltem	Symbol	VD	Unit				
Item	Gymbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Onit	
Data retention voltage	Vdh	_	2.0		5.5	V	
	IDD1	SCK = 500 kHz					
Current	(normal operation)	CS0 = L, CS1 = H	_		100		
consumption	IDD2	SCK = 0 Hz				μA	
	(backup operation)	CS0 = H, CS1 = L	_	1.0	3.0		
Output voltage	Vон	ІОН = <i>—</i> 400 µА	Vdd - 0.4	_	—	V	
	Vol	IOL = 1.6 mA	—	0.4		ĺ l	
Output leak	ЮZH	VOUT = 5.5 V	-2.0		2.0		
current	IOZL	VOUT = 0 V	-2.0	_	2.0	μA	
Input voltage	Vih	—	4/5 Vdd		—	V	
input voltage	VIL		—		1/5 Vdd	v	
Input current	Ін	VIN = 5.5 V	-2.0	_	2.0	μA	
	lıL	VIN = 0 V	-2.0	_	2.0	μΑ	
Oscillation startup time	Ts	Ta = +25 °C	_	_	3.0	S	

(2) AC Characteristics

 $(\text{GND=0 V}, \text{Ta} = -30 \ ^{\circ}\text{C} \sim +70 \ ^{\circ}\text{C})$

Item	Symbol	Condition		$D = 5 V \pm 10$		Unit
	-		Min.	Тур.	Max.	
SCK frequency	fCLK	_	—	_	500	kHz
SCK "L" time	twckl	—	1.0	—	—	
SCK "H" time	twcкн	_	1.0		—	
SCK pause time	tPS	—	1.0		—	
CS0 setup time	tscs	—	0		—	
CS0 hold time	tHCS	_	0.5	_	_	μs
SIN data setup time	tSD	_	0.2	_	_	
SIN data hold time	tHD	—	0.2	_	_	
WR setup time	tswr	—	1.0	_	—	
WR hold time	tHWR		0.5	_	_	
Sout delay time	tDS0	CL=100 pF	_	150	500	
Time lag between CS0 , CS1 enable and Sout output	tDSZ1	CL=100 pF	_	_	100	
Time lag between CS0 disable and Sout high Z	tDSZ2	CL=100 pF	—	_	100	ns
Time lag between CS1 enable and TPOUT output	tDPZ1	CL=100 pF	_	_	100	
Time lag between CS1 disable and TPout high Z	tDPZ2	CL=100 pF	_	_	100	

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7.1.2. VDD = 3 V

 DC Characteristic 	ristics
---------------------------------------	---------

(1) DC Characterist	tics			(GND=0 V	, Ta = −30 °C	C ~ +70 °C)	
ltem	Symbol	Condition	VD	VDD = 3 V ±10 %			
item	Cymbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
Data retention voltage	Vdh	_	2.0		3.3	V	
Current	IDD1 (normal operation)	$\overline{SCK} = 300 \text{ kHz}$ $\overline{CS0} = L, CS1 = H$	_	_	100	μA	
consumption	IDD2 (backup operation)	$\overline{SCK} = 0 \text{ Hz}$ $\overline{CS0} = \text{H}, CS1 = \text{L}$	_	1.0	3.0	μΑ	
Output voltage	Voн	Іон = -400 μА	VDD-0.4	_	—	V	
Output voltage	Vol	IOL = 1.2 mA	—		0.4	v	
Output leak	ЮΖН	VOUT = 3.3 V	-2.0	_	2.0		
current	IOZL	VOUT = 0 V	-2.0	_	2.0	μA	
Input voltage	Vih	_	4/5 Vdd			V	
input voltage	VIL	_		_	1/5 Vdd	v	
Input current	Ін	VIN = 3.3 V	-2.0	_	2.0	۸	
input current	lı∟	VIN = 0 V	-2.0		2.0	μΑ	
Oscillation startup time	Ts	Ta = +25 °C	_	_	3.0	S	

(2) AC Characteristics

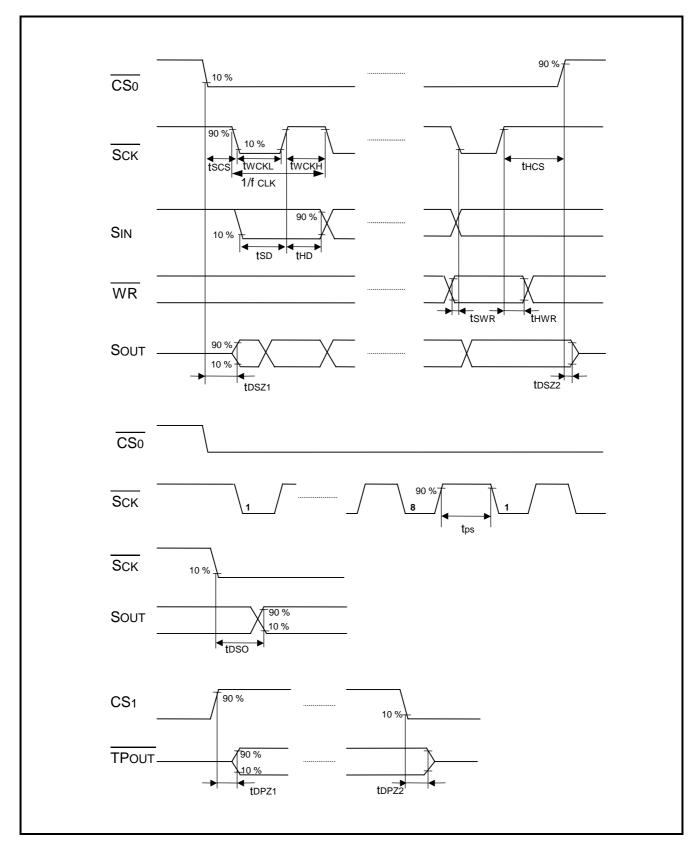
(GND=0 V , Ta = −30 °C ~ +70 °C)

(2) AC Characteristics			(GND=0V, Ta = -30°C ~ +70°C)			
Item	Symbol	Condition	V	$D = 3 V \pm 10$	%	Unit
	eynisei	Contaition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	0111
SCK frequency	fclk	_	—	—	300	kHz
SCK "L" time	tWCKL	_	1.5	—	—	
SCK "H" time	twcкн	_	1.5	—	—	
SCK pause time	tPS	_	1.5	_	_	
CS0 setup time	tscs	_	0	_	_	
CS0 hold time	tHCS	—	1.0	—	—	μs
SIN data setup time	tSD	_	0.2	—	—	
SIN data hold time	tHD	_	0.2			
WR setup time	tSWR	_	1.5	—	—	
WR hold time	tHWR	_	1.0	_	_	
Sout delay time	tDSO	CL=100 pF	—	300	500	
Time lag between CS0 , CS1 enable and SOUT output	tDSZ1	CL=100 pF	_	_	200	
Time lag between \overline{CSO} disable and SOUT high Z	tDSZ2	CL=100 pF	_	_	200	ns
Time lag between CS1 enable and TPOUT output	tDPZ1	CL=100 pF	_	_	200	
Time lag between CS1 disable and TPOUT high Z	tDPZ2	CL=100 pF	—	—	200	

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7.2. Timing Chart



8. How to use

8.1. Registers

8.1.1. Register Table

							MODE 2 (User RAM register 2)											
											Add	ress	5			User I	RAM reg	ister
										A3	3 A	.2	A1	A0	D3	D2	2 D1	D0
									0	0	(0	0	0	RA ₆₃	3 RA	62 RA ₆₁	RA ₆₀
									Μ	OD	Ξ1(Use	r RA	M re	giste	r 1)		RA ₆₄
									Add		,				<u> </u>	M reg	lister	RA ₆₈
								A	3 A	\2	A1	A0	C)3	D2	D1	D0	RA ₇₂
							0	0) (0	0	0	R	A3	RA2	RA1	RA ₀	RA ₇₆
							MODE ()					-				RA ₄	RA ₈₀
	A	ddress	5		Register				Coun	ter co	ontrol	regist	ter				RA ₈	RA ₈₄
	A3	A2	A1	A0	designation	D3	D2	0	01	D	0		Re	egister	name		RA ₁₂	RA ₈₈
0	0	0	0	0	S1	S ₈	S ₄	5	S ₂ S ₁ 1-second digit counter				RA ₁₆	RA ₉₂				
1	0	0	0	1	S10	0	S ₄₀ S ₂₀			S	10	10-second digit counter			RA ₂₀	RA ₉₆		
2	0	0	1	0	MI1	mi ₈	mi ₄	n	ni ₂	m			1-minute digit counter			RA ₂₄	RA ₁₀₀	
3	0	0	1	1	MI10	0	mi ₄₀		ii ₂₀	m		10-minute digit counter			RA ₂₈	RA ₁₀₄		
4	0	1	0	0	H1	h ₈	h ₄		1 ₂	h					t count		RA ₃₂	RA ₁₀₈
5	0	1	0	1	H10		0	h	20	h	10		10-hc	bur dig	it coun	ter	RA ₃₆	RA ₁₁₂
6	0	1	1	0	W	0		<u> </u>	.,			Dav	of th		digit c	ountor	RA ₄₀	RA ₁₁₆
7	0	1	1	1	D1	d ₈	W ₄		v ₂ d ₂	w d		Day			counte		RA ₄₄	MS0
8	1	0	0	0	D10	0	0		20	d.					t count		RA ₄₈	
9	1	0	0	1	MO1	mo ₈	mo₄		10 ₂	m					it coun		RA ₅₂	
A	1	0	1	0	MO10	0	0		0	m					git cour		RA ₅₆	
В	1	0	1	1	Y1	У ₈	У4)	/2	у			1-ye	ar digi	t count	er	MS0	
С	1	1	0	0	Y10	y ₈₀	y ₄₀		20	y.	10		10-ye	ear dig	it count	ter		
D	1	1	0	1	CNT 1	TPS	30ADJ	CN	ITR	24/	12		Со	ntrol r	egister	1	1	
Е	1	1	1	0	CNT 2	BUSY	PONC	-	_	*	k		Со	ntrol r	egister	2	1	
F	1	1	1	1	CNT 3	SYSR	TEST	Μ	S1	MS	S0		Со	ntrol r	egister	3		

* In positive logic, "H" on the data bus corresponds to "1" in the register. "ADDRESS_F" of MODE 1 and MODE 2 is the same as "ADDRESS_F" of MODE 0.

Notes

(1) Do not set invalid (out of range) data for the time and calendar. Otherwise counting errors may occur.

(2) At power-on (before initialization), the data for each bit are cleared. Write the registers to set the values.

(3) Always set the D0 bit (* bit) of the control register 2 to "0".
(4) When reading the D1 bit (— bit) of the control register 2, data of this bit are undefined.
(5) Always set the D3 bit (TEST bit) of the control register 3 to "0".

8.1.2. Register Bit Functions

Bit name			F	unctio	n							
Bit marked "0"	Unused bit that cannot be	written										
Second to year digit	BCD code. Data are writte											
PM/ AM	"1" indicates PM and "0"					ead al	so whe	n 24-hc	our format is			
	selected (24/12=1). (AM:	00:00 to	11:59, F	PM: 12:	00 to 23	:59)						
	To be coded as 7-base counter.											
Day of the week digit	Example											
Day of the week digit	Data	0	1	2	3	4	5	6 Sat.				
	Coded day of the weel	Coded day of the week Sun. Mon. Tue. Wed. Thu. F										
Year digit	Automatic leap year comp	pensatior	up to 2	2099								
User RAM area	30 × 4 bit SRAM											
	Bit for selecting reference	signal o	utput		TPS b	oit	Frequer	ncy (cycl	e time)			
TPS	waveform.				0			976.5 µs				
(Timing pulse selection)	Note 1/10 Hz is not out	tout for	10 sec	onds	1		10 Hz (1		,			
	after power-on or sy							,				
	"L").											
30ADJ	Setting this bit to "1" perfo							- 4 70				
(30 seconds adjustment) CNTR	The bit automatically rese Setting this bit to "1" reset						pietea (after 76	.3 μs).			
(Counter reset)	Setting this bit to These		e anu c	alenua	counte	15.						
24/ 12	24-hour or 12-hour format	t selectio	n bit. W	hen se	t to "1", :	24-hou	ır forma	t is use	d. When set			
24/ 12	to "0", 12-hour format is u	sed.										
	Used when reading/writing	g time an	d calen	dar cou	inter dat	a. Set	to "1" w	hen ca	rry occurs.			
Durau	BUSY bit Mode											
Busy	0 No carry Time/calendar counter read/write possible 1 Carry Time/calendar counter read/write prohibited											
	1 Carry T	ime/calen	dar cou	nter rea	d/write p	rohibite	d					
	At power-on, the power-o		functior	autom	atically	sets th	nis bit t	o "1". T	his has the			
	same effect as data initialization. Register Data											
		00-year, 01	-month, (M 12-hour	,						
PONC (Power-on-clear detection)		00-minute, 00- second, 0-day of the week										
(Fower-on-clear detection)		All "0" (PONC = "1") Undefined										
							I					
	When PONC is "1", data											
Bit marked " – "	SYSR and then releasing Cannot be written. When						alenual	counter	5.			
Bit marked " * "	Can be written but must a				inica.							
	At SYSR = "1" all logic b				SYSR bi	t is res	et to "C)" bv ca	using an up			
	transition of CS0 and a do						_	.,	3 • • •			
01/07	Register			Data]					
SYSR	Time/calendar counters	00-year, 0'										
(System reset)	Control registers	00-minute, All "0" (SY:		nd, 0-day	of the we	ек	-					
	User RAM area	Undefined	51(= 1)				1					
							4					
TEST	Epson test bit. Must be se											
	These 2 bits serve for mo	de select	ion.				_					
	MS1 MS0 Mode nar			Conter			4					
	0 0 Mode 0		calendar ers 1 - 3	counters	and cont	rol						
MS0, MS1 (Mode selection)	0 1 Mode 0	' regist	ers 1 - 3		and cont							
	1 0 Mode 1	regist	er 3		RA59) and							
	1 1 Mode 2		RAM area		RA119) ar	nd						

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8.2. Register Description

8.2.1. Time/Calendar Counter Registers

• In normal mode (CNTR = "0"), the counter is incremented by a write operation.

(1) Second digit counter

Counts values from 0 to 59. The counter can be read and incremented. When the second digit counter is incremented, fractions below full seconds are reset. Therefore a carry occurs 1 second after the increment operation is finished.

A3	A2	A1	A0	Name	D3	D2	D1	D0	Register contents
0	0	0	0	S1	S ₈	S ₄	S ₂	S ₁	1-second digit counter
0	0	0	1	S10	0	S ₄₀	S ₂₀	S ₁₀	10-second digit counter

(2) Minute digit counter

A3	A2	A1	A0	Name	D3	D2	D1	D0	Register contents
0	0	1	0	MI1	miଃ	mi4	mi ₂	mi₁	1-minute digit counter
0	0	1	1	MI10	0	mi ₄₀	mi ₂₀	mi ₁₀	10-minute digit counter
0 Counto v	U oluga fre	1 	1 :0 The c	-	U on ho ro	10		10	10-minute digit c

Counts values from 0 to 59. The counter can be read and incremented.

(3) Hour digit counter

A3	A2	A1	A0	Name	D3	D2	D1	D0	Register contents
0	1	0	0	H1	h ₈	h4	h ₂	h1	1-minute digit counter
0	1	0	1	H10	PM/AM	0	h ₂₀	h ₁₀	10-minute digit counter

Counts values from 0 to 23. The counter can be read, and the 1-hour digit counter can be incremented. (The 10-hour digit counter cannot be incremented.)

D0 in the control register 1 sets the 12-hour/24-hour display format.

24/12 bit	Displayed time
0 (12-hour format)	AM 12:00 to AM 11:59, PM 12:00 to PM 11:59
1 (24-hour format)	AM 00:00 to AM 11:59, PM 12:00 to PM 23:59

PM/AM bit: This bit is output also when 24-hour format is selected.

* Time keeping is not affected also when the 12-hour/24- hour format is switched during clock operation.

(4) Day of the week digit counter

ſ	A3	A2	A1	A0	Name	D3	D2	D1	D0	Register contents
	7.0	/\2	7.1	7.0	Nume	00	02		00	5
	0	1	1	0	W	0	W4	W ₂	W1	Day of the week digit
										counter

Counts values from 0 to 6. The counter can be read and incremented. The correspondence between count value and day of the week is set by the user.

Dala	0	I	2	3	4	5	0
Coded day of the week S	Sun.	Mon.	Tue.	Wed.	Thu.	Fri.	Sat.

(5) Day digit counter

Example

A3	A2	A1	A0	Name	D3	D2	D1	D0	Register contents
0	1	1	1	D1	d ₈	d ₄	d ₂	d ₁	1-day digit counter
1	0	0	0	D10	0	0	d ₂₀	d ₁₀	10-day digit counter

The counter value is different depending on the month.

(a) For long months (1, 3, 5, 7, 8, 10, 12), the counter counts values from 1 to 31. The counter can be read and incremented.

- (b) For short months (4, 6, 9, 11), the counter counts values from 1 to 30. The counter can be read and incremented.
- (c) For February, the counter counts values from 1 to 29 if it is a leap year and from 1 to 28 in other years. The counter can be read and incremented.

(6) Month digit counter

A3	A2	A1	A0	Name	D3	D2	D1	D0	Register contents
1	0	0	1	MO1	mo ₈	mo ₄	mo ₂	mo ₁	1-month digit counter
1	0	1	0	MO10	0	0	0	mo 10	10-month digit counter
Countor	Sounts volues from 1 to 12. The sounter can be read and incremented								

Counts values from 1 to 12. The counter can be read and incremented.

(7) Year digit counter

A3	A2	A1	A0	Name	D3	D2	D1	D0	Register contents
1	0	1	1	Y1	y 8	y 4	y 2	y 1	1-year digit counter
1	1	0	0	Y10	y 80	y 40	y 20	y 10	10-year digit counter

Counts values from 0 to 99 for the last two digits of the year. The counter can be read and incremented. Until 2099, leap year compensation is automatically provided. ('92, '96, '00, '04, '08, '12, '16, '20 ... are leap years.)

8.2.2. Control Registers

(1) Control register 1

A3	A2	A1	A0	Name	D3	D2	D1	D0	Register contents
1	1	0	1	CNT 1	TPS	30ADJ	CNTR	24/12	Control register 1
	• •	4 1	40	1 /0.4	1 1	1 (1. 1

Control register 1 performs 12-hour/24-hour display format switching, digit counter reset, 30 second adjustment, and timing pulse signal switching. The register allows data read and write.

(a) TPS bit (D3)

The TPS bit selects the timing pulse output waveform.

TPS bit	Frequency (cycle)	"L" level duty
0	1024 Hz (976.5 μs)	1/2 (488.28 μs)
1	1/10 Hz (10 s)	3/5 (6 s)

1/10 Hz is not output for 10 seconds after power-on or system reset (output is "L").

(b) 30ADJ bit (D2)

When "1" is written to this bit, one of the following reset operations is carried out.

Seconds digit after adjustment
Seconds reset to "00" without carry to 1-minute digit
uigit
Seconds reset to "00" with carry to 1-minute digit

When "1" was written to the 30ADJ bit, the bit automatically resets itself to "0" within 76.3 μ s The 30 second adjustment function also resets fractions below full seconds. The TPOUT 1/10 Hz duty changes for one cycle only during 30 second adjustment.

(c) CNTR bit (D1)

The CNTR bit resets the time/calendar counters.

CNTR bit	Content
0	Normal mode (time/calendar counters can be incremented)
1	Selected counter is reset to "0"

* For counters other than the year, selecting either the 1 or the 10 digit counter will reset both counters.

When CNTR is used to reset the seconds, fractions below full seconds are also reset. The TPOUT 1/10 Hz duty changes for one cycle only during reset.

(d) 24/12 bit (D0)

The 24/12 bit serves to switch between 12-hour and 24-hour format.

24/12 bit	Displayed time			
0 (12-hour format)	AM 12:00 to AM 11:59, PM 12:00 to PM 11:59			
1 (24-hour format)	AM 00:00 to AM 11:59, PM 12:00 to PM 23:59			
* DN/ANA bit. This bit is sutput also when 24 hour format is calented				

* PM/AM bit: This bit is output also when 24-hour format is selected.

* Time keeping is not affected also when the 12-hour/24- hour format is switched during clock operation.

(2) Control register 2

A3	A2	A1	A0	Name	D3	D2	D1	D0	Register contents
1	1	1	0	CNT 2	BUSY	PONC		*	Control register 2

Control register 2 provides flags for carry detect and power-on-clear detect.

(a) BUSY bit (D3)

The BUSY bit serves for time/calendar counter digit carry detection.

BUSY bit	Mode	Meaning
0	Normal mode	Time/calendar counter read/write possible
1	Carry	Time/calendar counter read/write prohibited

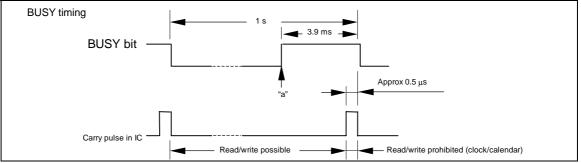
If the BUSY bit is "L", carry does not occur for at least 3.9 ms. (Also when read/write is carried out at point "a" in the chart below, carry does not occur for 3.9 ms.)

Take the processing time into consideration and design the read/write operation to complete within 3.8 ms. Clock read/write during carry

• Read It may not be possible to read correct data.

• Write Because the clock has priority, the write operation does not increment the counter.

(During carry, the result is the same as for a read operation.)



(b) PONC bit (D2)

The PONC bit is the power-on-clear detection bit (see next page). It is set to "1" when power-on-clear is detected. The PONC bit is reset $(1 \rightarrow 0)$ by setting the SYSR bit to "1".

(c) D1 bit (bit marked "---")

When this bit is read, data are undefined.

(d) D0 bit (bit marked " * ") When writing this bit, always set it to "0".

(3) Control register 3

Control registers 3 serves for reading and writing data for address mode switching and making system reset settings.

The control register 3 applies to modes 0 - 2	The	control	register	3	applies	to	modes	0	-	2	· .
-----------------------------------------------	-----	---------	----------	---	---------	----	-------	---	---	---	-----

A3	A2	A1	A0	Name	D3	D2	D1	D0	Register contents
1	1	1	1	CNT 3	SYSR	TEST	MS ₁	MS_0	Control register 3

(a) SYSR bit (D3)

The SYSR bit serves for clearing all counter registers (see section on initialization on next page).

This bit is reset by making CS0 High and SCK Low.

(b) TEST bit (D2)

The TEST bit serves to switch the IC to the test mode.

Note Be sure to permanently set this bit to "0". Otherwise correct operation is not assured.

(c) MS1, MS0 bit (D1, D0)

The MS1 and MS0 bits serve for address switching.

MS1	MS0	Mode name	Content
0	0	MODE 0	Time/calendar counters and control registers 1 - 3
0	1	MODE 0	Time/calendar counters and control registers 1 - 3
1	0	MODE 1	User RAM area (RA ₀ - RA ₅₉) and control register 3
1	1	MODE 2	User RAM area (RA60 - RA119) and control register 3

8.3. How to use

8.3.1. Data Read

When CS0 is "L", the serial address data input at SIN is read at the leading edge of SCK . Next, when

 \overline{WR} = "H" is taken in on the 8th pulse leading edge of \overline{SCK} the counter control register or RAM address is selected. The data of the selected counter control register or RAM address are output in the following cycle from SOUT, in sync with the \overline{SCK} trailing edge.

8.3.2. Data Write/Modify

When \overline{CSO} is "L", the serial address data input at SIN is read at the leading edge of \overline{SCK} . Next, when \overline{WR} = "H" is taken in on the 8th pulse leading edge of \overline{SCK} , the counter control register or RAM address is selected, and data are written as shown below.

Item	Content
Time/calendar	Counter, counter data increment (+1) *
Control register/RAM	Serial address/lower 4 bit of data are written

The selected counter register or RAM address data are output in the following cycle from Sout, in sync with the \overline{SCK} trailing edge.

* The hour digit counter can be incremented via the 1-hour digit counter.

8.3.3. Initialize

(1) System reset

When the SYSR bit in the control register 3 is set to "1", all logic bits are initialized. The SYSR bit is reset to "0" by causing an up transition of $\overline{CS0}$ and a down transition of \overline{SCK} .

Register	Data
Time/calendar counters	 year, 01-month, 01-day, AM 12-hour, 00-minute, 00- second, 0-day of the week
Control registers	All "0" (SYSR = "1")
User RAM area	Undefined

Until system reset is released, TPOUT is fixed to "L".

1/10 Hz is not output for 10 seconds after system reset is released.

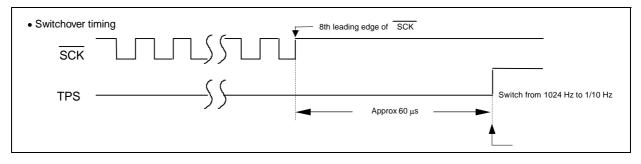
(2) Power-on-clear

At power-on, the power-on-clear function automatically performs a sequence identical to system reset. However, because the PONC bit remains at "1", a system reset must be performed to set the PONC bit to "0" before setting the time and calendar.

8.3.4. Timing Pulse Output

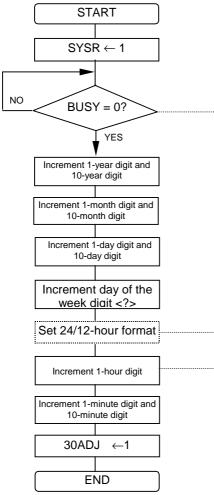
The timing pulse is output from the **TPOUT** pin.

Normally, a 1024 Hz signal is output. By setting the TPS bit in the control register 1 to "1", this can be switched to 1/10 Hz.



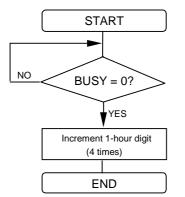
8.3.5. Sample Operation Flow Charts

- (1) Time/calendar initialize example
 - (Example for initialization through power-on-clear when battery was changed etc.)



- Release PONC bit = "1" $(1 \rightarrow 0)$
- While BUSY = "1", a carry operation is in progress and the setting should not be carried out. The following processing steps must be completed within 996 ms after SYSR ← "1" or after the BUSY bit down transition was detected. If the process takes longer, the BUSY bit must be checked again for continued processing.
- It is advisable to start the setting from the year digit, to prevent setting nonexistent data.
- When the 1-digit of the year, month, day, hour, minute, or second is set, carry to the 10-digit can occur.
- It is advisable to set this before setting the hour digit, to prevent setting nonexistent data.
- Set the 10-hour digit by incrementing the 1-hour digit.

(2) Time/calendar modify example (8:00 \rightarrow 12:00)



MS0=0, MS1=0

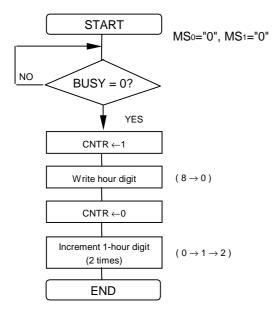
While BUSY = "1", a carry operation is in progress and the setting should not be carried out.

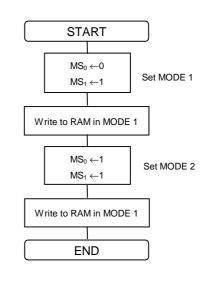
4 times (8 \rightarrow 9 \rightarrow 10 \rightarrow 11 \rightarrow 12) \uparrow

10-hour digit is automatically carried. The processing should be completed within 3.8 ms after detecting BUSY = "0".

Note 2

(3) Time/calendar modify example using counter reset (8:00 \rightarrow 2:00)





(4) RAM write example

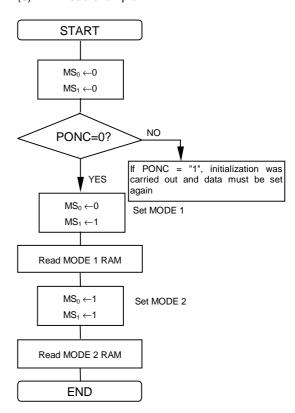
Note 1 If processing is not completed within 3.8 ms, check the BUSY bit again.

Reset (CNTR \leftarrow "1") applies to the digits for which writing was performed [1-hour digit and 10-hour digit in example (3)]. Consequently, to change the setting from 11:00 to 2:00, the hour digit must be reset (CNTR \rightarrow "1").

For the year, CNTR is used separately for the 1-year digit and 10-year digit. Performing CNTR on the 1-year digit does not change the 10-year digit. Conversely, performing CNTR on the 10-year digit does not change the 1-year digit.

(5) Time/calendar read example START $\mathsf{MS}_0 \gets 0$ $\mathsf{MS}_1 \gets 0$ NO PONC=0? If PONC = "1", initialization was YES carried out and data must be set again NO BUSY = 0?YES If BUSY = "0", there will Read time/calendar be no carry for at least 3.8 ms. END

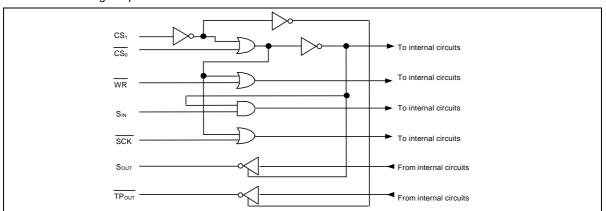
(6) RAM read example



- START $MS_0 \leftarrow \!\! 0$ $MS_1 \leftarrow \! 0$ NO PONC=0? If PONC = "1", initialization was YES carried out and data must be set again NO BUSY = 1?YES NC PONC=0? Read time/calendar Time and calendar read interval is 996 ms. END
- (7) Time/calendar read example using BUSY bit down transition

8.3.6. CS1 and CS0 Operation

When designing a floating arrangement, take the following into consideration. CS0 can be floating while CS1 = "L", but CS1 can never be floating. (Otherwise a through current would flow, leading to increased current consumption during operation on backup battery power.) When CS1 = "L", input is disabled, and SOUT and TPOUT are at high impedance.

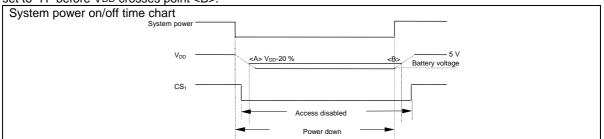


8.3.7. System Power Down During Interface Operation

When the system power goes down during interface operation with the CPU, causing CS1 to become "L", the incomplete data will be invalid. Immediately after system power restoration, when CS1 has become "H", the output data from SOUT are undefined for one cycle.

8.3.8. Power Supply and CS1 Operation

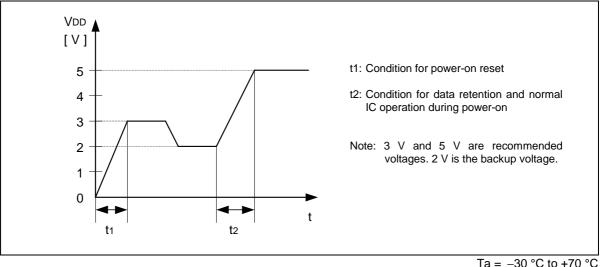
When the system power is shut down, VDD falls to the battery voltage. When used at VDD ±10%, CS1 must be set to "L" before VDD crosses point <A> in the diagram below. When system power is restored, CS1 must be set to "H" before VDD crosses point .



8.3.9. Power-On Reset

When the system power is turned on, the power-on reset function operates automatically, performing a sequence identical to system reset. However, because the PONC bit remains at "1", a system reset must be performed to set the PONC bit to "0" before setting the time and calendar.

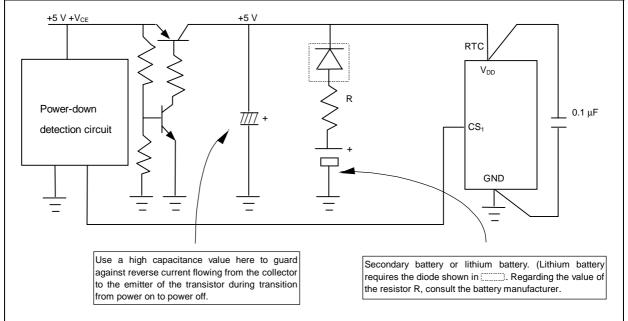
The conditions for power-on reset and the conditions for data retention and normal IC operation during power fluctuation are shown below.



			$1a = -30 \ 0 \ 10 + 10 \ 0$
t 1	Condition tR for power-on reset at $0^{+0.3}$ V \rightarrow 3 V or $0^{+0.3}$ V \rightarrow 5 V	(Note 1)	1.0 $\mu s/V \leq t_R \leq 1.6~ms/V$
t 2	Condition tR for no power-on reset at 2 V \rightarrow 3 V or 2 V \rightarrow 5 V	(Note 2)	1.0 $\mu s/V \leq t R \leq 1.6 \ ms/V$

- Note 1 The voltage level before initial power-on should be 0.3 V or less. If powering up from an intermediate potential, power-on reset may not be performed correctly. Be sure to verify correct operation.
- Note 2 Within the voltage range for data retention and clock operation (2.0 V 5.5 V), power-on reset is designed not to be performed under the above conditions, to prevent data loss. When the voltage level falls below 2 V, operation and data retention are no longer assured.
- Note 3 During power-on or power restoration from an intermediate potential outside of the assured operation range (0.3 V 1.9 V), the power-on reset circuit will not operate normally, leading to possible malfunction. If the backup battery voltage has fallen below 2.0 V, the VDD pin of the RTC must be temporarily set to ground potential before restoring the power.

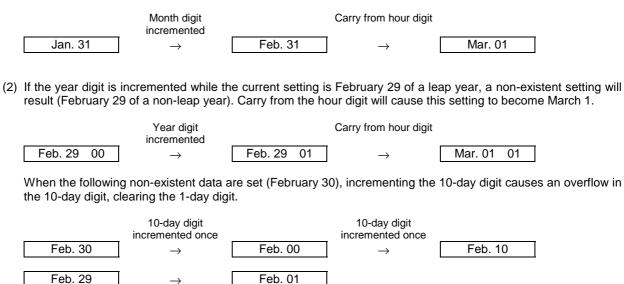
8.3.10. Power Supply Connection Example



RTC - 4553AC

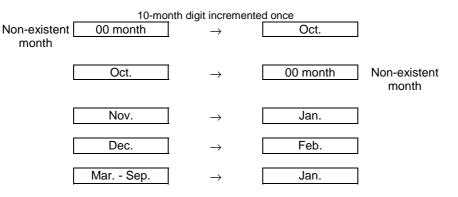
8.3.11. Processing of Non-Existent Data

(1) If the month digit is incremented while the current setting is January 31, a non-existent setting will result (February 31). Carry from the hour digit will cause this setting to become March 1.



When a valid date is set, overflow of the 10-day digit does not clear the 1-day digit.

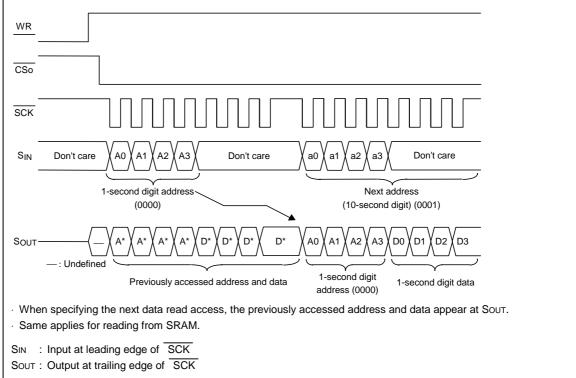
- (3) When the 10-day digit is incremented past "31", the day digit counter becomes "01".
- (4) When the 10-month digit is incremented, the month digit overflow processing will differ according to the month.



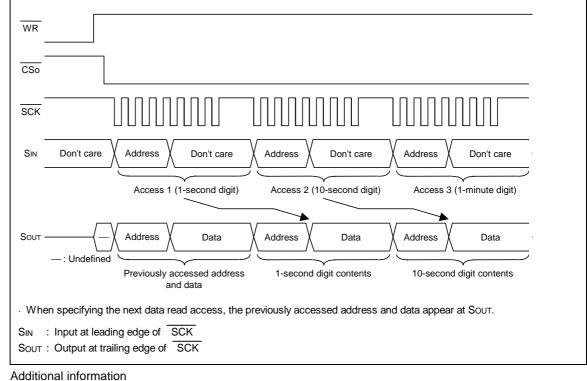
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8.3.12. Timing Charts

(1) Data readout example

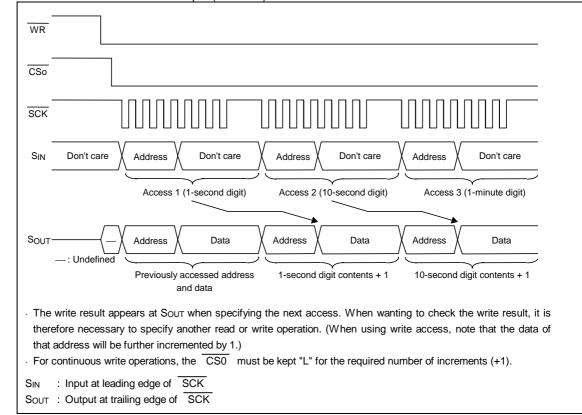


(2) Continuous data readout example



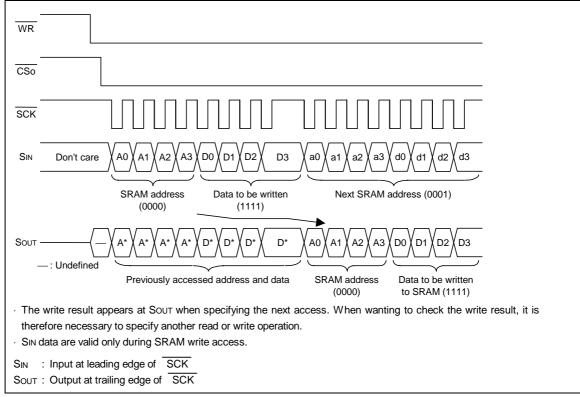
• When $\overline{\text{CS0}}$ is "L", the serial address data input at SIN are read at the leading edge of $\overline{\text{SCK}}$. Next, when WR = "H" is taken in on the 8th pulse leading edge of $\overline{\text{SCK}}$, the counter control register

- Next, when WR = "H" is taken in on the 8th pulse leading edge of \overline{SCK} , the counter control register or RAM address is selected, and the data from the selected counter control register or RAM address are output from SOUT in sync with the trailing edge of \overline{SCK} .
- When the \overline{SCK} clock is less than 8 pulses, the module enters the command standby mode. When the \overline{SCK} clock is more than 8 pulses, the command is not input correctly. The internal \overline{SCK} clock counter is cleared at the leading edge of $\overline{CS0}$.



(3) Time/calendar continuous write example (CNTR=0)

(4) SRAM data write example



Additional information

When CS0 is "L", the serial address data input at SIN are read at the leading edge of SCK. Next, when WR = "H" is taken in on the 8th pulse leading edge of SCK ., the counter control register or RAM address is selected, and data are written as shown below.

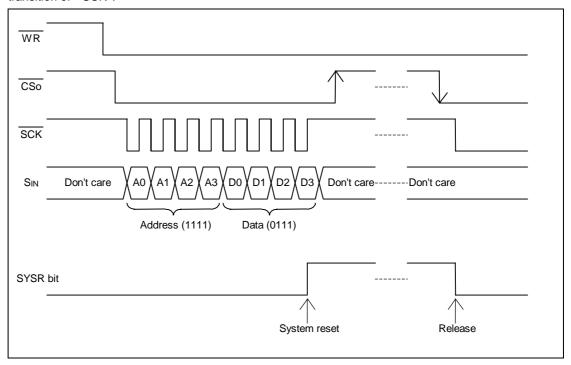
	Counter data are ir Example	ncremented.	
Time/calendar (CNTR = "0")	Data before incrementing	Number of incrementing steps	Data after incrementing
	0	4	4
	8	3	11 (10-digit is carried automatically.)
Control register and CDAM		1.4	· · · ·

Control register and SRAM Address and 4-bit data are written.

The selected counter register or RAM address data are output in the following cycle from Sout, in sync with the SCK trailing edge.

(5) System reset

The SYSR (system reset) condition can be released by causing an up transition of CSO and a down



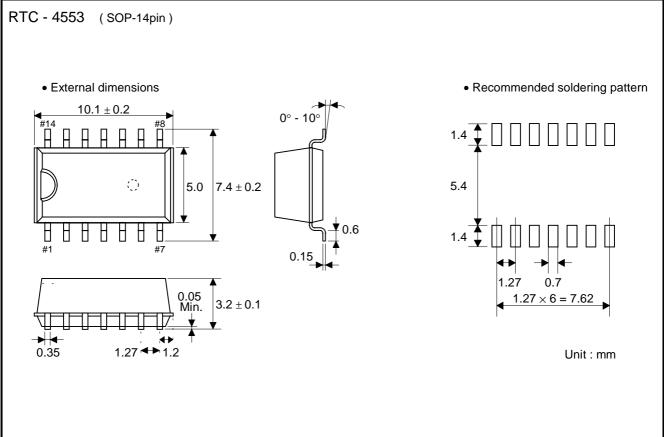
transition of SCK .

RTC - 4553AC

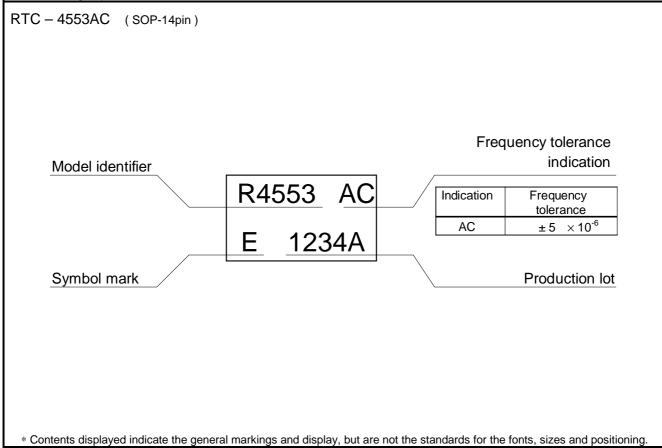
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9. External dimensions / Marking layout

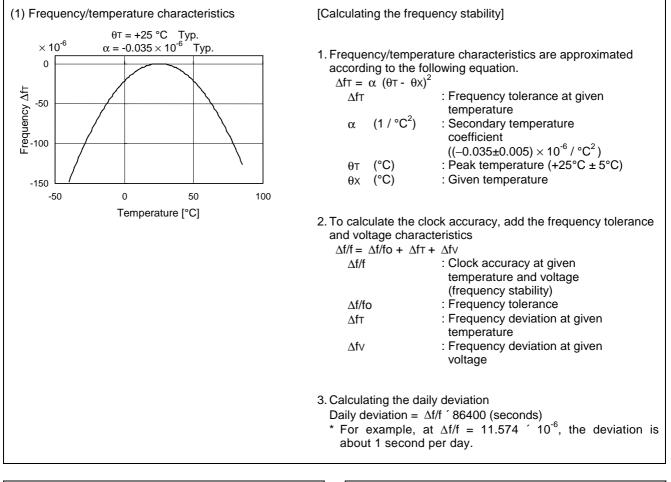
9.1. External dimensions

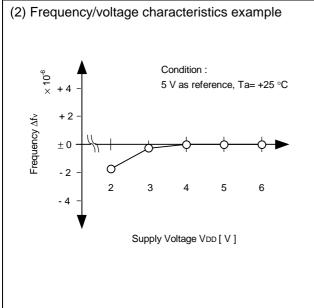


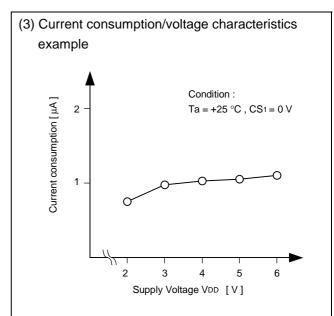
9.2. Marking layout

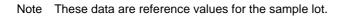


10. Reference Data









11. Application notes

11.1. Notes on handling

This module uses a C-MOS IC to realize low power consumption. Carefully note the following cautions when handling.

(1) Static electricity

While this module has built-in circuitry designed to protect it against electrostatic discharge, the chip could still be damaged by a large discharge of static electricity. Containers used for packing and transport should be constructed of conductive materials. In addition, only soldering irons, measurement circuits, and other such devices which do not leak high voltage should be used with this module, which should also be grounded when such devices are being used.

(2) Noise

If a signal with excessive external noise is applied to the power supply or input pins, the device may malfunction or "latch up." In order to ensure stable operation, connect a filter capacitor (preferably ceramic) of greater that 0.1 μ F as close as possible to the power supply pins (between VDD and GND). Also, avoid placing any device that generates high level of electronic noise near this module.

* Do not connect signal lines to the shaded area in the figure shown in Fig.1 and, if possible, embed this area in a GND land.

(3) Voltage levels of input pins

When the input pins are at the mid-level, this will cause increased current consumption and a reduced noise margin, and can impair the functioning of the device. Therefore, try as much as possible to apply the voltage level close to VDD or GND.

(4) Handling of unused pins

Since the input impedance of the input pins is extremely high, operating the device with these pins in the open circuit state can lead to unstable voltage level and malfunctions due to noise. Therefore, pull-up or pull-down resistors should be provided for all unused input pins. (except L1–L5 pins)

11.2. Notes on packaging

(1) Soldering temperature conditions

If the temperature within the package exceeds +260 °C, the characteristics of the crystal oscillator will be degraded and it may be damaged. Therefore, always check the mounting temperature before mounting this device. Also, check again if the mounting conditions are later changed.

* See Fig.2 for the soldering conditions of SMD products.

(2) Mounting equipment

While this module can be used with general-purpose mounting equipment, the internal crystal oscillator may be damaged in some circumstances, depending on the equipment and conditions. Therefore, be sure to check this. In addition, if the mounting conditions are later changed, the same check should be performed again.

(3) Ultrasonic cleaning

Depending on the usage conditions, there is a possibility that the crystal oscillator will be damaged by resonance during ultrasonic cleaning. Since the conditions under which ultrasonic cleaning is carried out (the type of cleaner, power level, time, state of the inside of the cleaning vessel, etc.) vary widely, this device is not warranted against damage during ultrasonic cleaning.

- (4) Mounting orientation
 - This device can be damaged if it is mounted in the wrong orientation. Always confirm the orientation of the device before mounting.
- (5) Leakage between pins

Leakage between pins may occur if the power is turned on while the device has condensation or dirt on it. Make sure the device is dry and clean before supplying power to it.

Fig. 1: Example GND Pattern	Fig. 2: Soldering Conditions of SMD Products Air Reflow Profile
RTC - 4553 (SOP-14pin)	Temperature[°C] $+240 \circ C Max$ $+235 \circ C \pm 5 \circ C$ $+200 \circ C$ $+150 \circ C \pm 10 \circ C$ $90 \pm 30 \pm 30 \pm 10 \pm 1 \pm 10 \pm 1 \pm 10 \pm 1 \pm 10 \pm 1 \pm 1$

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