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#### 捷多邦,专业PCB打样工厂,24小时加急出货

Monolithic Digital IC

#### LB1836M

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-20 to +75

-40 to +125

## Low-saturation, Bidirectional Motor Driver for Low-voltage Applications

## **Overview**

The LB1836M is a low-saturation two-channel bidirectional motor driver IC for use in low-voltage applications. The LB1836M is a bipolar stepper-motor driver IC that is ideal for use in printers, FDDs, cameras and other portable devices.

## Features

- Low voltage operation (2.5 V min)
- Low saturation voltage (upper transistor + lower transistor residual voltage; 0.40 V typ at 400 mA).
- · Parallel connection (Upper transistor + lower transistor residual voltage; 0.5 V typ at 800 mA).
- · Separate logic power supply and motor power supply W.DZSC
- Brake function
- Spark killer diodes built in
- Thermal shutdown circuit built in
- Compact package (14-pin MFP)

# Specifications

Operating temperature

Storage temperature

PDF

### Absolute Maximum Ratings at $Ta = 25^{\circ}C$



unit : mm

3111-MFP14S

\*Note: Mounted on  $30 \times 30 \times 1.5 \text{ mm}^3$  glass epoxy PCB

#### Allowable Operating Ranges at $Ta = 25^{\circ}C$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Supply voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>		2.5 to 9.0	V
	V <sub>S</sub>		1.8 to 9.0	V
Input high-level voltage	VIH		1.8 to 9.0	V
Input low-level voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>		-0.3 to +0.7	V

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SANYO Electric Co., Ltd. Semiconductor Bussiness Headquarters TOKYO OFFICE Tokyo Bldg., 1-10, 1 Chome, Ueno, Taito-ku, TOKYO, 110 JAPAN

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[LB1836M]

Package Dimensions

### Electrical Characteristics at Ta = $25^{\circ}$ C, V<sub>CC</sub> = V<sub>S</sub>= 3 V

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions min typ		typ	max	Unit
Supply current	I <sub>CC</sub> 0	$V_{IN}$ 1, 2, 3, 4 = 0 V, I <sub>CC</sub> + I <sub>S</sub>		0.1	10	μA
	I <sub>CC</sub> 1	$V_{IN}1 = 3 V, V_{IN}2, 3, 4 = 0 V, I_{CC} + I_{S}$		14	20	mA
	I <sub>CC</sub> 2	$V_{IN}$ 1, 2 = 3 V, $V_{IN}$ 3, 4 = 0 V, $I_{CC}$ + $I_{S}$		22	35	mA
Output saturation voltage (upper + lower)	V <sub>OUT</sub> 1	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 200 mA		0.2	0.28	V
	V <sub>OUT</sub> 2	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 400 mA		0.4	0.6	V
	V <sub>OUT</sub> 3	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 400 mA, parallel connection		0.25	0.35	V
	V <sub>OUT</sub> 4	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 800 mA, parallel connection		0.5	0.7	V
Output sustaining voltage	V <sub>O</sub> (sus)	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 400 mA	9			V
Input current	I <sub>IN</sub>	$V_{IN} = 2 V, V_{CC} = 6 V$			80	μA
Spark killer diode reverse current	ls (leak)	V <sub>CC</sub> 1, 2 = 9 V			30	μA
Spark killer diode forward voltage	V <sub>SF</sub>	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 400 mA			1.7	V

#### **Pin Assignment**



Note) Both GNDs must be connected. P-GND of OUT2 and OUT4 and S-GND of the control section are connected to the pin 7 GND within the IC, and P-GND of OUT1 and OUT3 is connected to the pin 14 GND.

#### **Truth Table**

IN 1, 3	IN 2, 4	OUT 1, 3	OUT 2, 4	Mode
Н	L	Н	L	Forward
L	Н	L	Н	Reverse
Н	Н	L	L	Brake
L	L	OFF	OFF	Standby

#### **Design Notes**

If large current flows on the power supply  $(V_S)$  line and the GND line, then in some applications and layouts, misoperation due to line oscillation may result.

The modes during which large current flows are as follows:

- Motor surge current when the DC motor starts up or when it shifts rotation directions (forward  $\rightleftharpoons$  reverse).
- Passthrough current generated within the IC when shifting rotation directions (forward ⇔ reverse) or when shifting from forward/reverse rotation to braking, or vice versa.

The following points should be kept in mind regarding the pattern layout:

- Keep the wiring lines thick and short in order to reduce wiring inductance between the power supply (V<sub>S</sub>) and GND.
- Insert a passthrough capacitor near the IC. (Maximum effect is obtained by inserting the passthrough capacitor between  $V_S$  and the pin 7 GND at the closest distance possible.
- If the CPU and the LB1836M are mounted on separate boards and the difference between the ground potential of each board is large, install resistors of about 10 k $\Omega$  in series between the CPU and the LB1836M inputs.

#### **Block Diagram**



Note: As long as the voltages applied to  $V_{CC}$ ,  $V_S1$ ,  $V_S2$ , and IN1 through IN4 are within the limits set by the absolute maximum ratings, there are no restrictions on the relationship of each voltage level in comparison with the others (regarding which is higher or lower). (ex.  $V_{CC} = 3$  V,  $V_S1$ , 2 = 2 V, IN1 to IN4 = 5 V)

Vcont pin



As shown in the above diagram, the Vcont pin outputs the voltage of the band gap Zener  $V_Z+V_F$  (= 1.93 V). In normal use, this pin is left open.

The drive current I<sub>D</sub> is varied by the Vcont voltage. However, because the band gap Zener is shared, it functions as a bridge.



LB1836M



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