

## Contents

Features .....	1
Pin Assignment .....	1
Block Diagram.....	2
Absolute Maximum Ratings .....	2
Recommended Operating Conditions .....	2
Pin capacitance.....	3
DC Electrical Characteristics.....	3
Data Hold Characteristics .....	3
AC Electrical Characteristics.....	4
Operation Mode .....	6
Operation .....	6
Ordering Information .....	8
Characteristics .....	9
Dimensions .....	11

static RAM and a non-volatile electrically erasable and programmable memory ( $E^2PROM$ ) to backup the SRAM. The organization is word $\times$ 4-bit (total 1K bits) for the S-22H12 and the S-22S12, and word $\times$ 4-bit (total 256 bits) for the S-22H10 and the S-22S10.

## ■ Features

- 1K bits
  - S-22H12 : TTL input, compatible with the X2212 of Xicor
  - S-22S12 : Schmitt input for STORE and RECALL pins
- 256 bits
  - S-22H10 : TTL input, compatible with the X2210 of Xicor
  - S-22S10 : Schmitt input for STORE and RECALL pins
- Erroneous store protection  $\geq 3.5$  V
- +5-V single power supply (+5 V $\pm 10\%$ )
- Low current consumption
  - Operating : 10 mA typ.
  - Standby : 1  $\mu$ A max.
- Access time: 200 ns max.
- $E^2PROM$  store cycles :  $10^5$  times
- $E^2PROM$  data retention: 10 years
- 18-pin DIP/SOP package

## ■ Pin Assignment

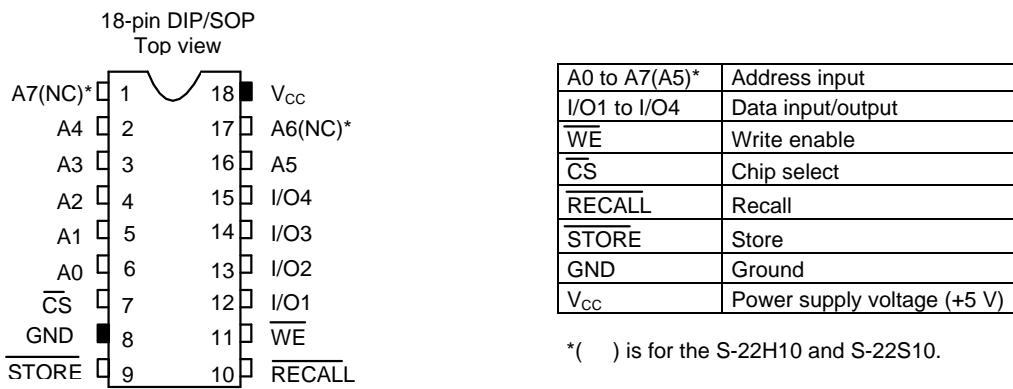
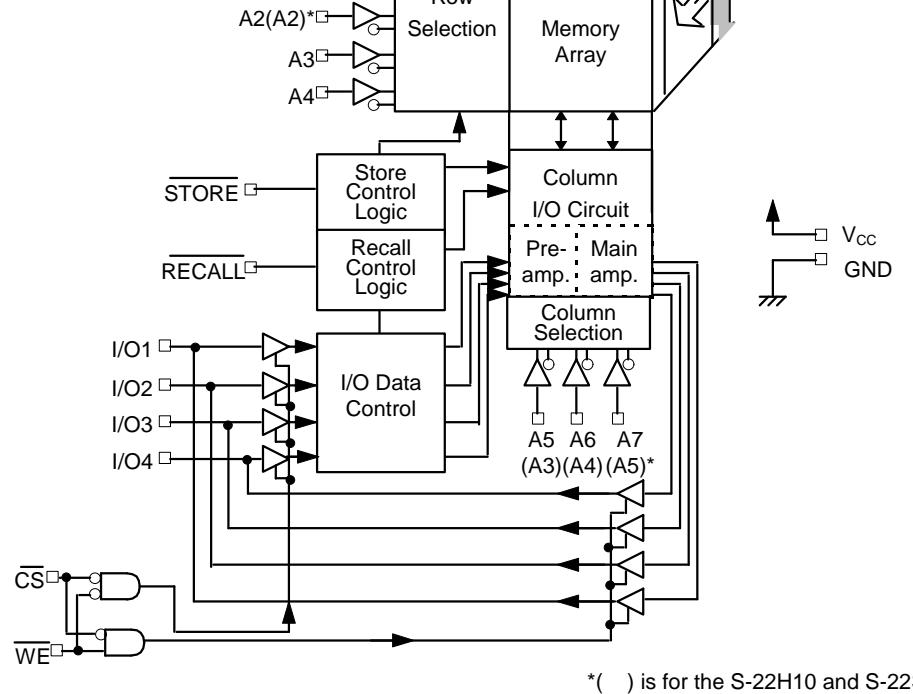


Figure 1



\*( ) is for the S-22H10 and S-22S10.

**Figure 2**

### ■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

**Table 1**

Parameter	Symbol	Ratings	Unit
Power supply voltage	$V_{CC}$	-0.3 to +6.0	V
Input voltage	$V_{IN}$	-0.3 to $V_{CC}+0.3$	V
Output voltage	$V_{OUT}$	0.0 to $V_{CC}$	V
Storage temperature under bias	$T_{bias}$	-50 to +95	°C
Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$	-65 to +150	°C

### ■ Recommended Operating Conditions

**Table 2**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Power supply voltage	$V_{CC}$		4.5	5.0	5.5	V
High level input voltage 1	$V_{IH}$	S-22H Series : All inputs S-22S Series : CS, WE, I/O and address	2.0	—	$V_{CC}$	V
High level input voltage 2	$V_{IHS}$	S-22S Series : STORE and RECALL	3.4	—	$V_{CC}$	V
Low level input voltage 1	$V_{IL}$	S-22H Series : All inputs S-22S Series : CS, WE, I/O and address	0.0	—	0.8	V
Low level input voltage 2	$V_{ILS}$	S-22S Series : STORE and RECALL	0.0	—	0.8	V
Operating temperature	$T_{opr}$		-40	—	+85	°C

## ■ DC Electrical Characteristics

Table 4

(Ta=-40°C to 85°C, V<sub>CC</sub>=+5 V±10%)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max	Unit
Operating current consumption	I <sub>CC</sub>		—	10	30	mA
Standby current	I <sub>SB</sub>	All inputs are V <sub>CC</sub>	—	—	1	µA
Input leakage current	I <sub>IL</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> =GND to V <sub>CC</sub>	—	0.1	1	µA
Output leakage current	I <sub>OL</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub> =GND to V <sub>CC</sub>	—	0.1	1	µA
	V <sub>OL</sub>	CMOS : I <sub>OL</sub> =100 µA TTL : I <sub>OL</sub> =4.2 mA	—	—	0.1	V
High level output voltage	V <sub>OH</sub>	CMOS : I <sub>OH</sub> =-100 µA TTL : I <sub>OH</sub> =-2 mA	V <sub>CC</sub> -0.7	—	—	V
			2.4	—	—	V
Store inhibition voltage	V <sub>WI</sub>		—	3.5	4.1	V
Schmitt width	V <sub>WD</sub>	S-22S Series : STORE and RECALL	0.4	—	—	V

## ■ Data Hold Characteristics

Table 5

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max	Unit
Data hold voltage	V <sub>DH</sub>	CS≥V <sub>CC</sub> -0.2V, RECALL≥V <sub>CC</sub> -0.2V	1.5	—	5.5	V
Data hold setup time	t <sub>CDH</sub>		50	—	—	ns
Recovery time	t <sub>R</sub>		300	—	—	ns

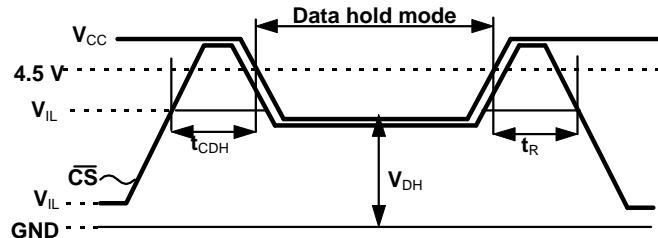


Figure 3 Data hold timing chart

	address	
S-22S Series : STORE and RECALL		0.0 to 4.0 V
Input pulse rise/fall time		10 ns
I/O reference voltage		1.5 V
Output load		1TTL+100pF

## 1. Read cycle

Table 7

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max	Unit
Read cycle time	$t_{RC}$	200	—	—	ns
Address access time	$t_{AA}$	—	—	200	ns
CS access time	$t_{CS}$	—	—	200	ns
Output data hold time	$t_{OH}$	20	—	—	ns
Output enable time ( $\overline{CS}$ )	$t_{CLZ}$	10	—	—	ns
Output disable time ( $\overline{CS}$ )	$t_{CHZ}$	10	—	70	ns

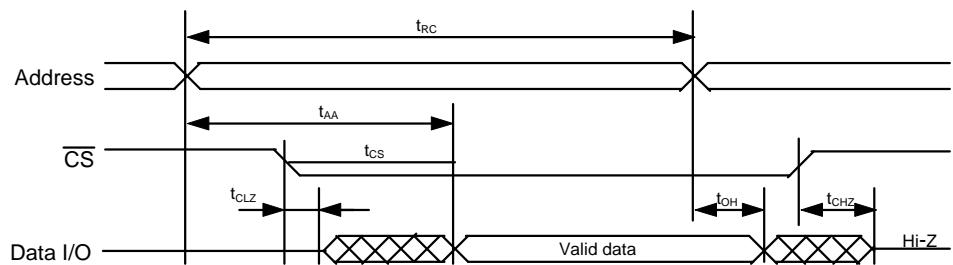
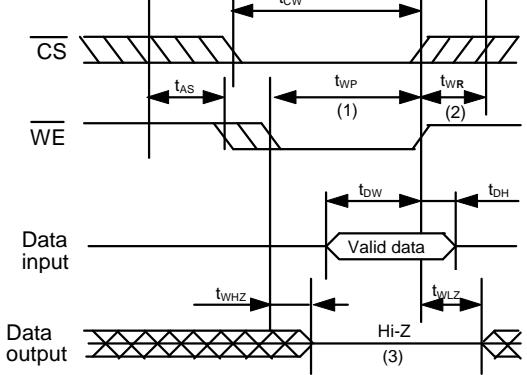


Figure 4

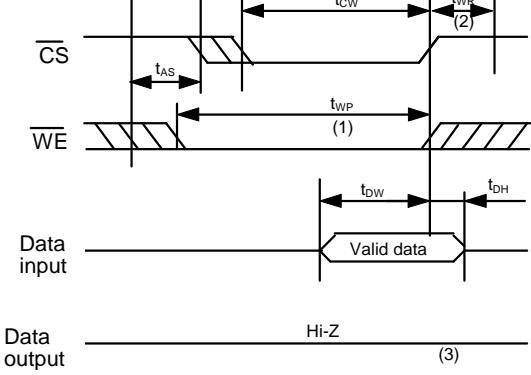
## 2. Write Cycle

Table 8

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max	Unit
Write cycle time	$t_{WC}$	200	—	—	ns
$\overline{CS}$ pulse width	$t_{CW}$	120	—	—	ns
Address setup time	$t_{AS}$	20	—	—	ns
$\overline{WE}$ pulse width	$t_{WP}$	120	—	—	ns
Write reset time	$t_{WR}$	25	—	—	ns
Input data setup time	$t_{DW}$	50	—	—	ns
Input data hold time	$t_{DH}$	20	—	—	ns
Output disable time ( $\overline{WE}$ )	$t_{WHZ}$	10	—	70	ns
Output enable time ( $\overline{WE}$ )	$t_{WLZ}$	10	—	—	ns



**Figure 5**



**Figure 6**

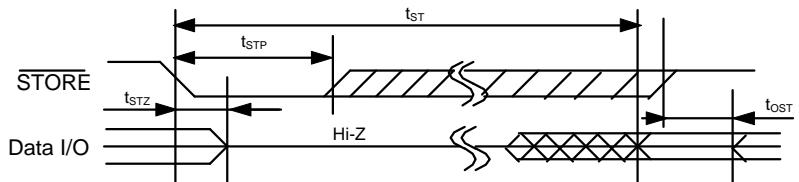
- (1) The write cycle starts when both  $\overline{CS}$  and  $\overline{WE}$  are low.
- (2)  $t_{WR}$  is the period of time from the rise of  $\overline{CS}$  or  $\overline{WE}$  whichever is the first to the end of write cycle.
- (3) Output remains in high-impedance state when  $\overline{CS}$  falls simultaneously with or after the fall of  $\overline{WE}$ .

### 3. Store Cycle

**Table 9**

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max	Unit
Store time	$t_{ST}$	—	—	10	ms
Store pulse width	$t_{STP}$	200	—	—	ns
Store disable time	$t_{STZ}$	—	—	100	ns
Store enable time	$t_{OST}$	10	—	—	ns

Store operation starts at the falling of  $\overline{STORE}$ .



**Figure 7**

Recall disable time	$t_{RCZ}$	--	--	100	ns
Recall enable time	$t_{ORC}$	10	--	--	ns
Recall data access time	$t_{ARC}$	--	--	1100	ns

Recall operation starts at the rise of RECALL. It can be repeated without limitation.

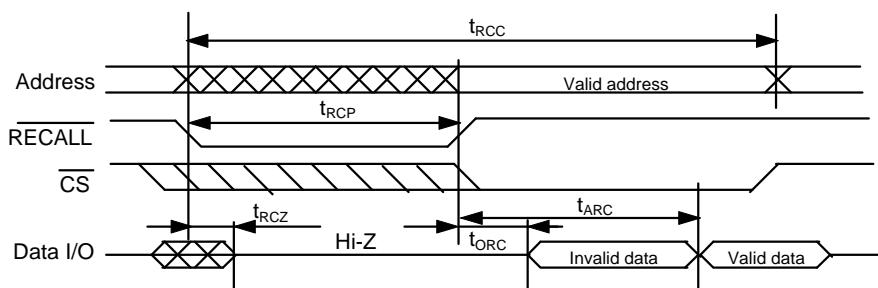


Figure 8

## ■ Operation Mode

Table 11

Mode	Input				Input/output
	$\overline{CS}$	$\overline{WE}$	$\overline{RECALL}$	$\overline{STORE}$	
Standby mode	H	X	H	H	Output is high impedance
Read mode	L	H	H	H	Output data
Write mode	L	L	H	H	Input data
Recall mode	X H	H X	L L	H H	Output is high impedance
Store mode	X H	H X	H H	L L	Output is high impedance

X : Don't care

- Notes
- When  $\overline{RECALL}$  and  $\overline{STORE}$  are simultaneously input,  $\overline{RECALL}$  is valid.
  - When  $\overline{RECALL}$  is low,  $\overline{STORE}$  cannot be received.
  - When power supply voltage ( $V_{CC}$ ) is below store inhibition voltage  $V_{WI}$ , the store operation is inhibited.

## ■ Operation

### 1. Standby mode

When  $\overline{CS}$  goes high, the S-22 Series enters into the standby mode: power consumption becomes lowest, and I/O1 to I/O4 are high impedance.

### 2. SRAM modes

#### 2.1 Read mode

When  $\overline{CS}$  is low and  $\overline{WE}$  is high, the S-22 Series enters into the read mode: the SRAM data is output to I/O1 to I/O4.

#### 2.2 Write mode

When  $\overline{CS}$  and  $\overline{WE}$  are low, the S-22 Series enters into the write mode: the data input in I/O1 to I/O4 is written to the SRAM.

starts, I<sub>S</sub>1 to I<sub>S</sub>4 go to high impedance and other operations are inhibited until store operation is finished and V<sub>CC</sub> goes to high. During store operation, the CPU can access other instructions.

The store operation is inhibited if power supply voltage ( $V_{CC}$ ) is under  $V_{WI}$  ( $\geq 3.5$  V).

The following two methods prevent erroneous store, caused by noise when power turns on or off:

- RECALL goes  $V_{IL}(V_{ILS})$  when power turns on or off (see Figure 9).
- STORE connects to  $V_{CC}$  with pull-up resistor.

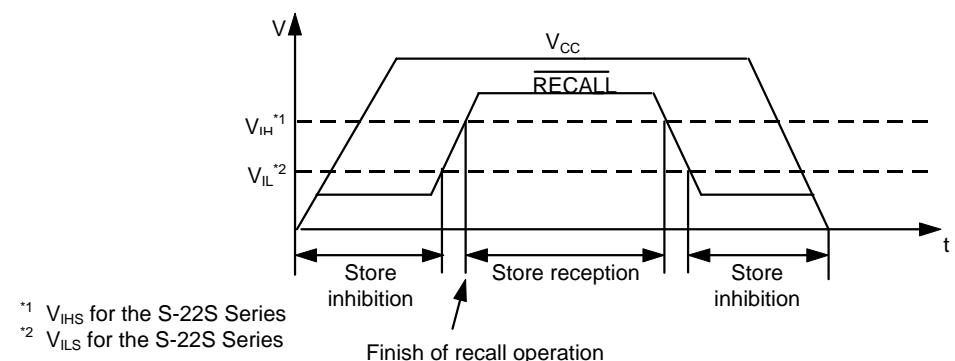
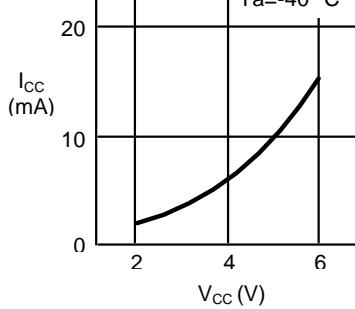


Figure 9 STORE inhibition period and reception period at power ON and OFF

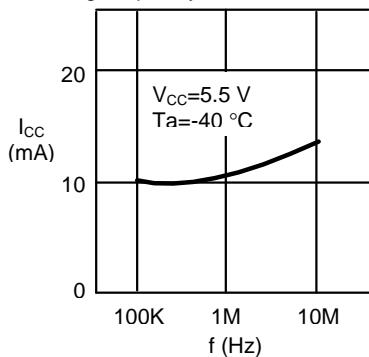
### 3.2 Recall mode

When RECALL goes  $V_{IL}(V_{ILS})$ , the S-22 Series enters into the recall mode: the data copied into the E<sup>2</sup>PROM is recopied to the SRAM. The recopied data can be read or written as SRAM data. Even if the data is copied repeatedly, the data in the E<sup>2</sup>PROM does not change. Other operations are inhibited during its operation.

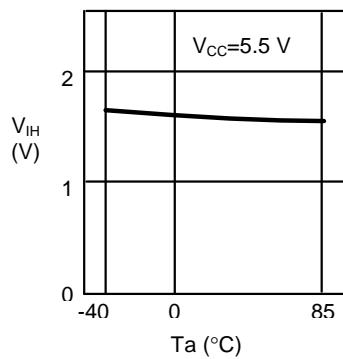
Package	Blank : DIP
	F : SOP
Temperature	I : -40°C to 85°C
Memory size	10 : 256-bit
	12 : 1K-bit
Input level	H : All pins TTL compatible
	S : Schmitt input for <u>STORE</u> and <u>RECALL</u> pins



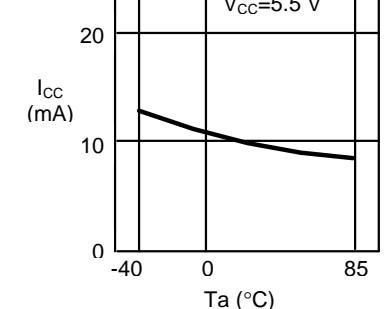
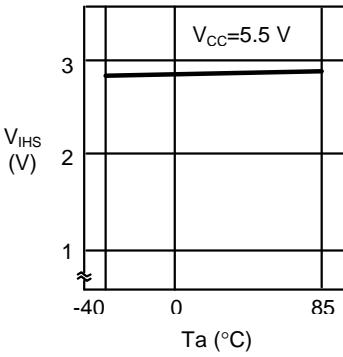
1.3 Operating current consumption  $I_{CC}$  –  
Reading frequency



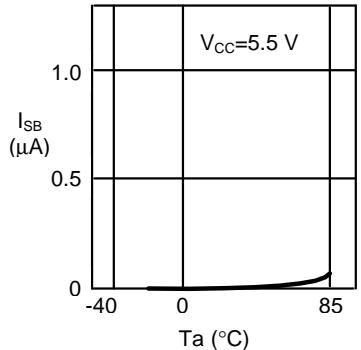
1.5 High level input voltage  $V_{IH}$   
–Ambient temperature  $T_a$   
S-22H Series : All inputs  
S-22S Series : CS, WE, I/O and address



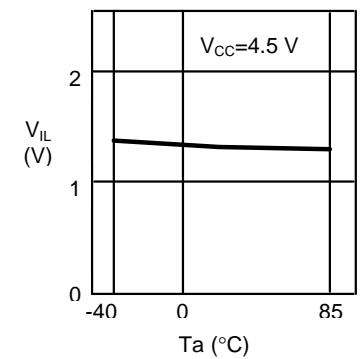
1.6 Low level input voltage  $V_{IL}$   
–Ambient temperature  $T_a$   
S-22H Series : All inputs  
S-22S Series : CS, WE, I/O and address



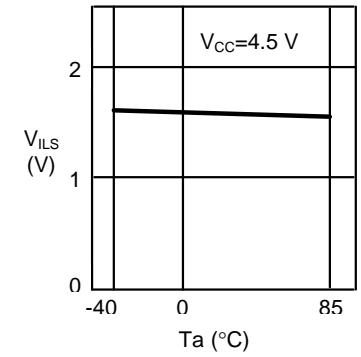
1.4 Standby current consumption  $I_{SB}$  –  
Ambient temperature  $T_a$



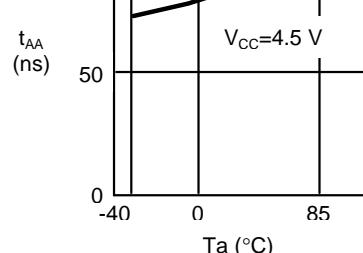
1.7 High level input voltage  $V_{IHS}$   
–Ambient temperature  $T_a$   
S-22S Series : STORE and RECALL



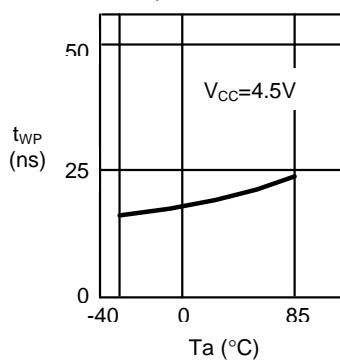
1.8 Low level input voltage  $V_{ILS}$   
–Ambient temperature  $T_a$   
S-22S Series : STORE and RECALL



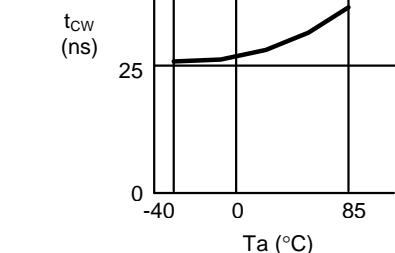
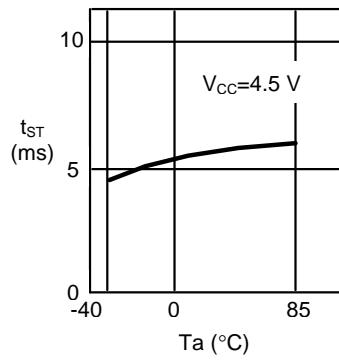
Seiko Instruments Inc.



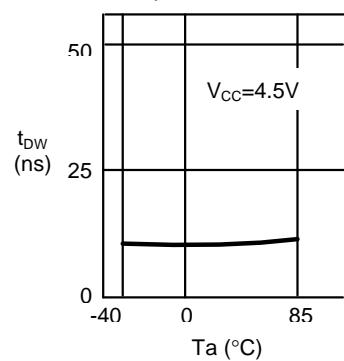
2.3 WE pulse width  $t_{WP}$   
– Ambient temperature  $T_a$



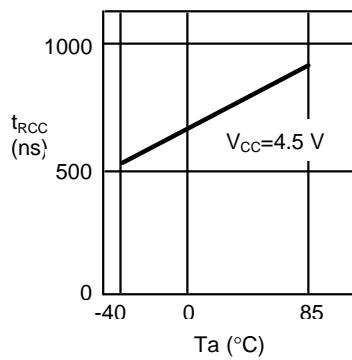
2.5 Store time  $t_{ST}$   
–Ambient temperature  $T_a$



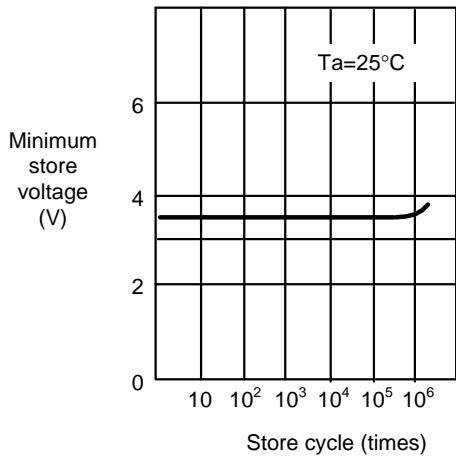
2.4 Input data setup time  $t_{DW}$   
– Ambient temperature  $T_a$



2.6 Recall cycle time  $t_{RCC}$   
–Ambient temperature  $T_a$



### 3. Rewriting Characteristics

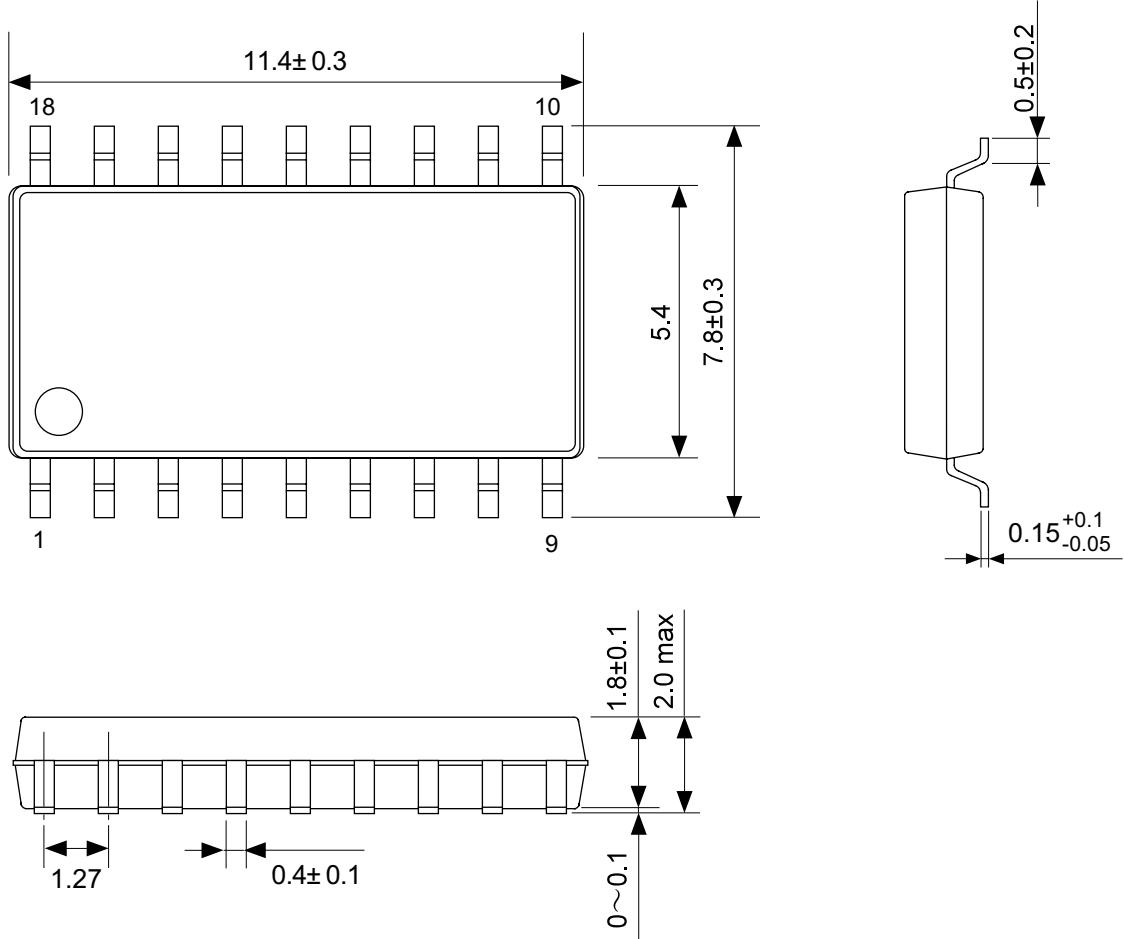


## ■ 18-pin SOP

FE018-A 990531

### ● Dimensions

Unit:mm



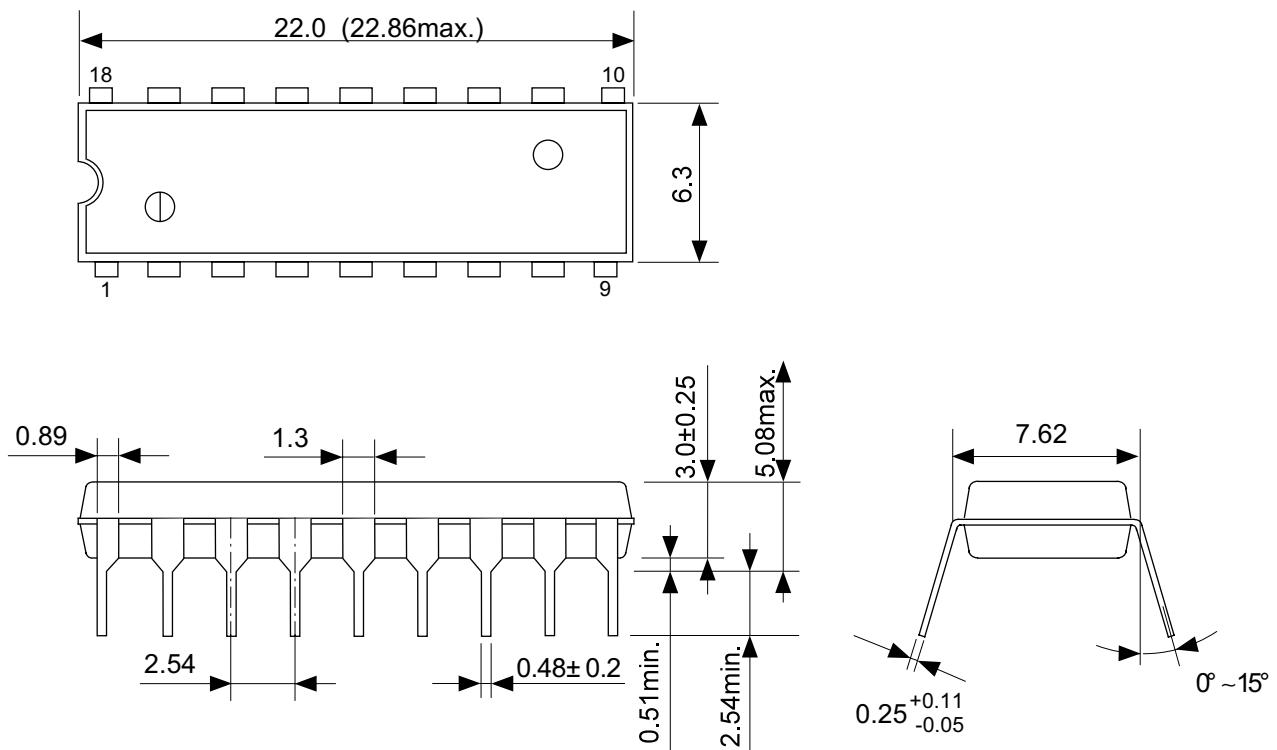
No. : F E 0 1 8 - A - P - S D - 1 . 0

## ■ 18-pin DIP

DP018-A 990531

### ● Dimensions

Unit:mm



No. : DP018-A-P-SD-1. 0

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