# DATA SHEET

**74LV27**Triple 3-input NOR gate

Product data
Supersedes data of 1998 Apr 20

2003 Mar 10







## **Triple 3-input NOR gate**

74LV27

#### **FEATURES**

- Wide operating voltage: 1.0 to 5.5 V
- Optimized for Low Voltage applications: 1.0 to 3.6 V
- Accepts TTL input levels between V<sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V and V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.6 V
- Typical V<sub>OLP</sub> (output ground bounce) < 0.8 V at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V,  $T_{amb} = 25 \, ^{\circ}C.$
- Typical V<sub>OHV</sub> (output V<sub>OH</sub> undershoot) > 2 V at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V,  $T_{amb} = 25 \, ^{\circ}C.$
- Output capability: standard
- I<sub>CC</sub> category: SSI

#### **DESCRIPTION**

The 74LV27 is a low-voltage Si-gate CMOS device and is pin and function compatible with 74HC/HCT27.

The 74LV27 provides the 3-input NOR function.

#### **QUICK REFERENCE DATA**

GND = 0 V;  $T_{amb}$  = 25 °C;  $t_r = t_f \le 2.5$  ns

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	TYPICAL	UNIT
t <sub>PHL</sub> /t <sub>PLH</sub>	Propagation delay nA, nB, nC to nY	$C_L = 15 \text{ pF};$ $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$	8	ns
C <sub>I</sub>	Input capacitance		3.5	pF
C <sub>PD</sub>	Power dissipation capacitance per gate	See Notes 1 and 2	24	pF

#### NOTES:

1.  $C_{PD}$  is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation ( $P_D$  in  $\mu W$ )

 $P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i \times N + \Sigma (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$  where:

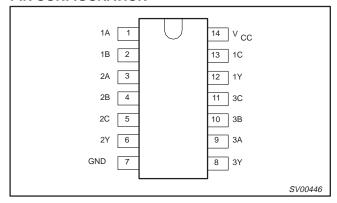
N = number of outputs switching;

 $f_i$  = input frequency in MHz;  $C_L$  = output load capacitance in pF;  $f_o$  = output frequency in MHz;  $V_{CC}$  = supply voltage in V;  $\Sigma (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$  = sum of the outputs. 2. The condition is  $V_I$  = GND to  $V_{CC}$ .

#### ORDERING INFORMATION

PACKAGES	TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDER CODE	PKG. DWG. #
14-Pin Plastic SO	–40 °C to +125 °C	74LV27D	SOT108-1

#### PIN CONFIGURATION



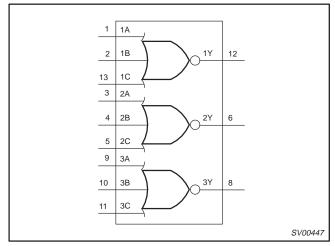
#### PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN NUMBER	SYMBOL	NAME AND FUNCTION
1, 3, 9	1A – 3A	Data inputs
2, 4, 10	1B – 3B	Data inputs
13, 5, 11	1C – 3C	Data inputs
7	GND	Ground (0 V)
12, 6, 8	1Y – 3Y	Data outputs
14	V <sub>CC</sub>	Positive supply voltage

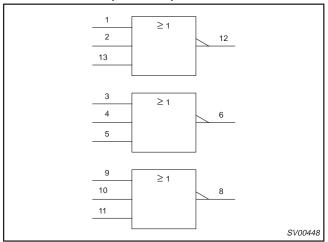
## Triple 3-input NOR gate

74LV27

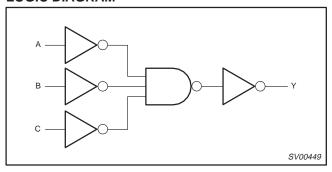
#### **LOGIC SYMBOL**



#### LOGIC SYMBOL (IEEE/IEC)



### **LOGIC DIAGRAM**



#### **FUNCTION TABLE**

	INPUTS							
nA	nB	nC	nY					
L	L	L	Н					
X	X	Н	L					
X	Н	X	L					
Н	X	X	L					

#### NOTES:

H = HIGH voltage level L = LOW voltage level X = don't care

#### RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>CC</sub>	DC supply voltage	See Note 1	1.0	3.3	5.5	V
VI	Input voltage		0	-	V <sub>CC</sub>	V
Vo	Output voltage		0	-	V <sub>CC</sub>	V
T <sub>amb</sub>	Operating ambient temperature range in free air	See DC and AC characteristics	-40 -40		+85 +125	°C
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.0 V to 2.0 V	-	-	500	ns/V
t <sub>r</sub> , t <sub>f</sub>	lanut vice and fall times	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0 V to 2.7 V	-	-	200	ns/V
	Input rise and fall times	$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	_	-	100	ns/V
		$V_{CC} = 3.6 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$	-	_	50	ns/V

NOTE:

1. The LV is guaranteed to function down to V<sub>CC</sub> = 1.0 V (input levels GND or V<sub>CC</sub>); DC characteristics are guaranteed from V<sub>CC</sub> = 1.2 V to V<sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V.

## Triple 3-input NOR gate

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#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS<sup>1, 2</sup>**

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 134). Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	RATING	UNIT
V <sub>CC</sub>	DC supply voltage		-0.5 to +7.0	V
±I <sub>IK</sub>	DC input diode current	$V_{I} < -0.5 \text{ V or } V_{I} > V_{CC} + 0.5 \text{ V}$	20	mA
±I <sub>OK</sub>	DC output diode current	$V_O < -0.5 \text{ V or } V_O > V_{CC} + 0.5 \text{ V}$	50	mA
±ΙΟ	DC output source or sink current (standard outputs)	$-0.5 \text{ V} < \text{V}_{\text{O}} < \text{V}_{\text{CC}} + 0.5 \text{ V}$	25	mA
±I <sub>GND</sub> , ±I <sub>CC</sub>	DC V <sub>CC</sub> or GND current for types with standard outputs		50	mA
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature range		-65 to +150	°C
P <sub>TOT</sub>	Power dissipation per package  – plastic mini-pack (SO)	for temperature range: -40 to +125 °C above +70 °C derate linearly with 8 mW/K	500	mW

#### NOTES:

2. The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

#### DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Over recommended operating conditions. Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	-40	°C to +8	5 °C	40.004	400.0	1
			0 .0 .0	J C	-40 °C to	+125 °C	UNIT
		MIN	TYP <sup>1</sup>	MAX	MIN	MAX	1
	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.2 V	0.9			0.9		
HIGH level Input	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0 V	1.4			1.4		V
voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V to 3.6 V	2.0			2.0		1
	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V to 5.5 V	0.7 * V <sub>CC</sub>			0.7 * V <sub>CC</sub>		
	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.2 V			0.3		0.3	
LOW level Input	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0 V			0.6		0.6	V
voltage	$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$			0.8		0.8	ľ
	$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}$			0.3 * V <sub>CC</sub>		0.3 * V <sub>CC</sub>	
	$V_{CC} = 1.2 \text{ V}; V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL;} -I_O = 100 \mu\text{A}$		1.2				
V <sub>OH</sub> HIGH level output voltage: all outputs	$V_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V}; V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL;} -I_O = 100 \mu\text{A}$	1.8	2.0		1.8		٧
	, -	2.5	2.7		2.5		
3-,	$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}; V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL;} -I_O = 100 \mu\text{A}$	2.8	3.0		2.8		
	$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL;} -I_O = 100 \mu\text{A}$	4.3	4.5		4.3		
HIGH level output	$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}; V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}; -I_O = 6 \text{ mA}$	2.40	2.82		2.20		V
outputs	$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$ ; $V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$ ; $-I_O = 12 \text{ mA}$	3.60	4.20		3.50		Ů
	$V_{CC}$ = 1.2 V; $V_I$ = $V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$ ; $I_O$ = 100 $\mu$ A		0				
LOW lovel output	$V_{CC}$ = 2.0 V; $V_I$ = $V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL;}$ $I_O$ = 100 $\mu A$		0	0.2		0.2	
	$V_{CC}$ = 2.7 V; $V_I$ = $V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$ ; $I_O$ = 100 $\mu A$		0	0.2		0.2	V
			0	0.2		0.2	
	$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}; V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}; I_O = 100  \mu\text{A}$		0	0.2		0.2	
LOW level output	$V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}; V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}; I_O = 6 \text{ mA}$		0.25	0.40		0.50	V
outputs	$V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V; $V_{I}$ = $V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL;}$ $I_{O}$ = 12 mA		0.35	0.55		0.65	Ů
Input leakage current	$V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V}; V_I = V_{CC} \text{ or GND}$			1.0		1.0	μА
Quiescent supply current; SSI	$V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V}; V_I = V_{CC} \text{ or GND}; I_O = 0$			20.0		40	μА
Additional quiescent supply current	$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}; V_{I} = V_{CC} - 0.6 \text{ V}$			500		850	μΑ
	LOW level Input voltage  HIGH level output voltage; all outputs  HIGH level output voltage; STANDARD outputs  LOW level output voltage; all outputs  LOW level output voltage; STANDARD outputs  Input leakage current  Quiescent supply current; SSI  Additional quiescent	$ \begin{array}{c} \text{Voltage} \\ \text{Voc} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V} \\ \text{Voc} = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V} \\ \text{Voc} = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V} \\ \text{Voc} = 2.0 \text{ V} \\ \text{Voc} = 2.0 \text{ V} \\ \text{Voc} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V} \\ \text{Voc} = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V} \\ \text{Voc} = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V} \\ \text{Voc} = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V} \\ \text{Voc} = 1.2 \text{ V}; \text{ V}_{I} = \text{V}_{IH} \text{ or } \text{V}_{IL}; -\text{I}_{O} = 100  \mu\text{A} \\ \text{Voc} = 2.0 \text{ V}; \text{ V}_{I} = \text{V}_{IH} \text{ or } \text{V}_{IL}; -\text{I}_{O} = 100  \mu\text{A} \\ \text{Voc} = 2.7 \text{ V}; \text{ V}_{I} = \text{V}_{IH} \text{ or } \text{V}_{IL}; -\text{I}_{O} = 100  \mu\text{A} \\ \text{Voc} = 3.0 \text{ V}; \text{ V}_{I} = \text{V}_{IH} \text{ or } \text{V}_{IL}; -\text{I}_{O} = 100  \mu\text{A} \\ \text{Voc} = 4.5 \text{ V}; \text{ V}_{I} = \text{V}_{IH} \text{ or } \text{V}_{IL}; -\text{I}_{O} = 100  \mu\text{A} \\ \text{Voc} = 4.5 \text{ V}; \text{ V}_{I} = \text{V}_{IH} \text{ or } \text{V}_{IL}; -\text{I}_{O} = 6 \text{ mA} \\ \text{Voc} = 4.5 \text{ V}; \text{ V}_{I} = \text{V}_{IH} \text{ or } \text{V}_{IL}; -\text{I}_{O} = 12 \text{ mA} \\ \text{Voc} = 4.5 \text{ V}; \text{ V}_{I} = \text{V}_{IH} \text{ or } \text{V}_{IL}; -\text{I}_{O} = 100  \mu\text{A} \\ \text{Voc} = 2.0 \text{ V}; \text{ V}_{I} = \text{V}_{IH} \text{ or } \text{V}_{IL}; -\text{I}_{O} = 100  \mu\text{A} \\ \text{Voc} = 2.0 \text{ V}; \text{ V}_{I} = \text{V}_{IH} \text{ or } \text{V}_{IL}; -\text{I}_{O} = 100  \mu\text{A} \\ \text{Voc} = 2.0 \text{ V}; \text{ V}_{I} = \text{V}_{IH} \text{ or } \text{V}_{IL}; -\text{I}_{O} = 100  \mu\text{A} \\ \text{Voc} = 2.0 \text{ V}; \text{ V}_{I} = \text{V}_{IH} \text{ or } \text{V}_{IL}; -\text{I}_{O} = 100  \mu\text{A} \\ \text{Voc} = 2.0 \text{ V}; \text{ V}_{I} = \text{V}_{IH} \text{ or } \text{V}_{IL}; -\text{I}_{O} = 100  \mu\text{A} \\ \text{Voc} = 3.0 \text{ V}; \text{ V}_{I} = \text{V}_{IH} \text{ or } \text{V}_{IL}; -\text{I}_{O} = 100  \mu\text{A} \\ \text{Voc} = 3.0 \text{ V}; \text{ V}_{I} = \text{V}_{IH} \text{ or } \text{V}_{IL}; -\text{I}_{O} = 100  \mu\text{A} \\ \text{Voc} = 4.5 \text{ V}; \text{ V}_{I} = \text{V}_{IH} \text{ or } \text{V}_{IL}; -\text{I}_{O} = 100  \mu\text{A} \\ \text{Voc} = 4.5 \text{ V}; \text{ V}_{I} = \text{V}_{IH} \text{ or } \text{V}_{IL}; -\text{I}_{O} = 6 \text{ mA} \\ \text{Voc} = 4.5 \text{ V}; \text{ V}_{I} = \text{V}_{I} \text{ or } \text{V}_{I} = \text{V}_{I} = 0 \text{ or } \text{O} \text{I} = 0 \\ \text{Voc} = 4.5 \text{ V}; \text{ V}_{I} = \text{V}_{I} = 0 \text{ or } \text{O} \text{ or } \text{O} = 0 \\ \text{Voc} = 5.5 \text{ V}; \text{ V}_{I} = \text{V}_{C} \text{ or } $	Voltage         V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V to 3.6 V         2.0           V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V to 5.5 V         0.7 * V <sub>CC</sub> LOW level Input voltage         V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.2 V           V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V to 3.6 V         V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V to 3.6 V           V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V to 5.5 V         V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V to 5.5 V           HIGH level output voltage; all outputs voltage; all outputs         V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.2 V; V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> ; -I <sub>O</sub> = 100 μA         2.5           V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V; V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> ; -I <sub>O</sub> = 100 μA         2.8         2.8           V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> ; -I <sub>O</sub> = 100 μA         2.40           V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V; V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> ; -I <sub>O</sub> = 6 mA         2.40           V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> ; -I <sub>O</sub> = 12 mA         3.60           V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.2 V; V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> ; I <sub>O</sub> = 100 μA         2.20           V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.2 V; V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> ; I <sub>O</sub> = 100 μA         2.20           V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.2 V; V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> ; I <sub>O</sub> = 100 μA         2.20           V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.2 V; V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> ; I <sub>O</sub> = 100 μA         2.20           V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V; V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> ; I <sub>O</sub> = 100 μA         2.20           V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V; V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> ; I <sub>O</sub> = 100 μA         2.20           V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V; V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> ; I <sub>O</sub> = 100 μA         2.20           V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V; V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> ; I <sub>O</sub> = 100 μA         2.20           V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0	$ \begin{array}{c} \text{Voltage} \\ \text{Voc} = 2.7 \ \text{V to } 3.6 \ \text{V} \\ \text{Vcc} = 4.5 \ \text{V to } 5.5 \ \text{V} \\ \text{Voc} = 1.2 \ \text{V} \\ \text{Voc} = 2.7 \ \text{V to } 3.6 \ \text{V} \\ \text{Voc} = 2.0 \ \text{V} \\ \text{Voc} = 2.0 \ \text{V} \\ \text{Voc} = 2.7 \ \text{V to } 3.6 \ \text{V} \\ \text{Voc} = 2.7 \ \text{V to } 3.6 \ \text{V} \\ \text{Voc} = 2.7 \ \text{V to } 3.6 \ \text{V} \\ \text{Voc} = 2.7 \ \text{V to } 5.5 \ \text{V} \\ \text{Voc} = 2.0 \ \text{V} \\ \text{Voc} = 2.0 \ \text{V} \\ \text{Voc} = 2.0 \ \text{V} \\ \text{Volemonth} = 1.2 \ \text{Voc} \\ \text{Voc} = 2.0 \ \text{V} \\ \text{Voc} = 2.0 \ \text{V} \\ \text{Volemonth} = 1.2 \ \text{Voc} \\ \text{Voc} = 2.0 \ \text{V} \\ \text{Voc} = 2.0 \ \text{V} \\ \text{Volemonth} = 1.0 \ \text{Uph} \\ \text{Voc} = 2.7 \ \text{V} \\ \text{Volemonth} = 1.0 \ \text{Uph} \\ \text{Voc} = 2.7 \ \text{V} \\ \text{Volemonth} = 1.0 \ \text{Uph} \\ \text{Voc} = 2.7 \ \text{V} \\ \text{Volemonth} = 1.0 \ \text{Uph} \\ \text{Voc} = 2.7 \ \text{V} \\ \text{Volemonth} = 1.0 \ \text{Uph} \\ \text{Voc} = 2.7 \ \text{V} \\ \text{Volemonth} = 1.0 \ \text{Uph} \\ \text{Voc} = 2.0 \ \text{V} \\ \text{Volemonth} = 1.0 \ \text{Uph} \\ \text{Volemonth} = 1.0 \ \text{Uph} \\ \text{Voc} = 2.0 \ \text{V} \\ \text{Volemonth} = 1.0 \ \text{Uph} \\ \text{Volemonth}$	voltage         V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V to 3.6 V         2.0           V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V to 5.5 V         0.7 * V <sub>CC</sub> LOW level Input voltage         V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.2 V         0.3           V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V to 3.6 V         0.6           V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V to 5.5 V         0.3 * V <sub>CC</sub> HIGH level output voltage; all outputs voltage; all outputs voltage; all outputs voltage; STANDARD outputs         V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.2 V; V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> , -I <sub>O</sub> = 100 μA         1.8         2.0           V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0 V; V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> , -I <sub>O</sub> = 100 μA         1.8         2.0           V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0 V; V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> , -I <sub>O</sub> = 100 μA         2.5         2.7           V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0 V; V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> , -I <sub>O</sub> = 100 μA         2.8         3.0           V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V; V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> , -I <sub>O</sub> = 100 μA         4.3         4.5           HIGH level output voltage; STANDARD outputs         V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V; V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> , -I <sub>O</sub> = 6 mA         2.40         2.82           V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V; V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> , -I <sub>O</sub> = 12 mA         3.60         4.20           V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0 V; V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> , I <sub>O</sub> = 100 μA         0         0.2           V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0 V; V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> , I <sub>O</sub> = 100 μA         0         0.2           V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V; V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> , I <sub>O</sub> = 100 μA         0         0.2           LOW level output voltage; STANDARD out	$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	voltage  V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V to 3.6 V  V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V to 5.5 V  V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.2 V  V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V to 3.6 V  V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.2 V  V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.2 V  V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.2 V V  V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V to 3.6 V  V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V to 3.6 V  V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V to 5.5 V  V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.2 V, V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> , -I <sub>O</sub> = 100 μA  V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0 V, V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> , -I <sub>O</sub> = 100 μA  V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0 V, V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> , -I <sub>O</sub> = 100 μA  V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V, V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> , -I <sub>O</sub> = 100 μA  V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V, V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> , -I <sub>O</sub> = 100 μA  V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V, V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> , -I <sub>O</sub> = 100 μA  V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V, V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> , -I <sub>O</sub> = 100 μA  V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V, V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> , -I <sub>O</sub> = 6 mA  V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V, V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> , -I <sub>O</sub> = 6 mA  V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V, V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> , -I <sub>O</sub> = 100 μA  V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V, V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> , -I <sub>O</sub> = 100 μA  V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V, V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> , -I <sub>O</sub> = 100 μA  V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V, V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> , -I <sub>O</sub> = 100 μA  V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V, V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> , -I <sub>O</sub> = 100 μA  V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V, V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> , -I <sub>O</sub> = 100 μA  V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V, V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> , -I <sub>O</sub> = 100 μA  V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V, V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> , -I <sub>O</sub> = 100 μA  V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V, V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> , -I <sub>O</sub> = 100 μA  V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V, V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> , -I <sub>O</sub> = 100 μA  V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V, V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> , -I <sub>O</sub> = 100 μA  V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V, V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> , -I <sub>O</sub> = 100 μA  V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V, V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> , -I <sub>O</sub> = 100 μA  V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V, V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> , -I <sub>O</sub> = 6 mA  V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V, V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> , -I <sub>O</sub> = 6 mA  V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V, V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> , -I <sub>O</sub> = 6 mA  V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V, V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> , -I <sub>O</sub> = 6 mA  V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V, V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> , -I <sub>O</sub> = 6 mA  V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V, V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> , -I <sub>O</sub> = 100 μA  V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V, V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> , -I <sub>O</sub> = 6 mA  V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V, V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> , -I <sub>O</sub> = 6 mA  V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V, V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> , -I <sub>O</sub> = 6 mA  V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V, V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> , -I <sub>O</sub> = 100 μA  V <sub></sub>

#### NOTE:

1. All typical values are measured at  $T_{amb} = 25$  °C.

<sup>1.</sup> Stresses beyond those listed may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

## Triple 3-input NOR gate

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#### **AC CHARACTERISTICS**

GND = 0 V;  $t_{\text{r}}$  =  $t_{\text{f}}$   $\leq$  2.5 ns;  $C_{\text{L}}$  = 50 pF;  $R_{\text{L}}$  = 1 k $\Omega$ 

			CONDITION			LIMITS			
SYMBOL	SYMBOL PARAMETER		CONDITION	-40	°C to +85	°C to +85 °C			
			V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	MIN	TYP <sup>1</sup>	MAX	MIN	MAX	
		1.2		50					
			2.0		17	22		27	
t <sub>PHL/PLH</sub>	t <sub>PHL/PLH</sub> Propagation delay nA, nB, nC to nY	Figures 1, 2	2.7		13	16		20	ns
			3.0 to 3.6		10 <sup>2</sup>	13		16	
		4.5 to 5.5			11		14		

#### NOTES:

- 1. Unless otherwise stated, all typical values are measured at  $T_{amb}$  = 25  $^{\circ}C$
- 2. Typical values are measured at  $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ .

#### **AC WAVEFORMS**

 $V_M$  = 1.5 V at  $V_{CC} \ge$  2.7 V and  $\le$  3.6 V;  $V_M = 0.5 \times V_{CC}$  at  $V_{CC} < 2.7$  V and  $\ge 4.5$  V;

 $V_{OL}$  and  $V_{OH}$  are the typical output voltage drop that occur with the

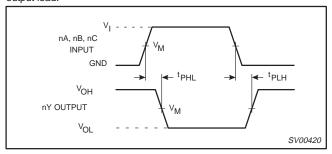


Figure 1. Input (nA, nB, nC) to output (nY) propagation delays.

#### **TEST CIRCUIT**

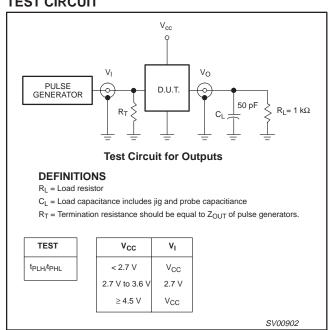


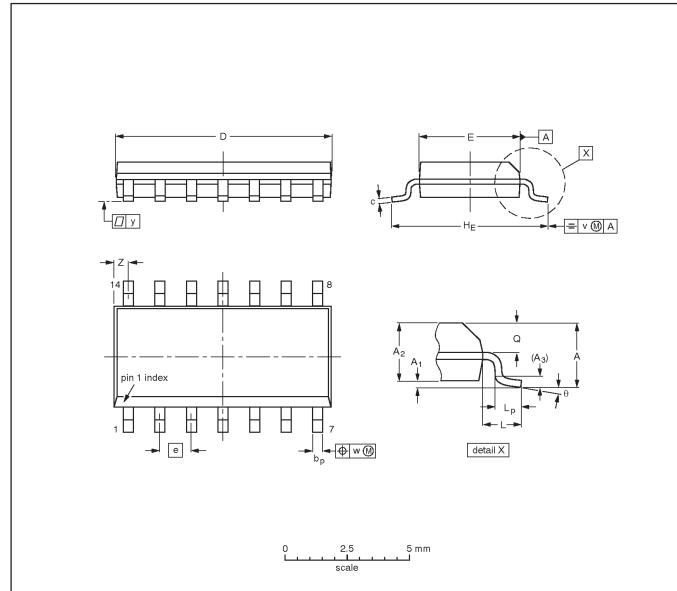
Figure 2. Load circuitry for switching times.

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## SO14: plastic small outline package; 14 leads; body width 3.9 mm

SOT108-1



#### DIMENSIONS (inch dimensions are derived from the original mm dimensions)

UNIT	A max.	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>3</sub>	bp	С	D <sup>(1)</sup>	E <sup>(1)</sup>	е	HE	L	Lp	Q	v	w	у	Z <sup>(1)</sup>	θ
mm	1.75	0.25 0.10	1.45 1.25	0.25	0.49 0.36	0.25 0.19	8.75 8.55	4.0 3.8	1.27	6.2 5.8	1.05	1.0 0.4	0.7 0.6	0.25	0.25	0.1	0.7 0.3	8°
inches	0.069	0.010 0.004	0.057 0.049	0.01		0.0100 0.0075	0.35 0.34	0.16 0.15	0.050	0.244 0.228	0.041	0.039 0.016	0.028 0.024	0.01	0.01	0.004	0.028 0.012	0°

#### Note

1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15 mm maximum per side are not included.

OUTLINE		REFEF	EUROPEAN	ISSUE DATE			
VERSION	ON IEC JEDEC		EIAJ		PROJECTION	1920E DATE	
SOT108-1	076E06	MS-012				<del>97-05-22</del> 99-12-27	

## Triple 3-input NOR gate

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## **REVISION HISTORY**

Rev	Date	Description
_4	20030310	Product data (9397 750 11225). ECN 853-1896 29488 of 07 February 2003. Supersedes Product specification of 1998 Apr 20 (9397 750 04412).
		Modifications:
		Delete DIL, SSOP and TSSOP package ordering and package outlines (discontinued options).
		Quick Reference Data: Correct power dissipation formula in Note 1.
_3	19980420	Product specification (9397 750 04412). ECN 853-1896 19258 of 20 April 1998. Supersedes data of 1997 Feb 03.

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#### **Data sheet status**

Level	Data sheet status [1]	Product status <sup>[2] [3]</sup>	Definitions
I	Objective data	Development	This data sheet contains data from the objective specification for product development.  Philips Semiconductors reserves the right to change the specification in any manner without notice.
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- [2] The product status of the device(s) described in this data sheet may have changed since this data sheet was published. The latest information is available on the Internet at URL http://www.semiconductors.philips.com.
- [3] For data sheets describing multiple type numbers, the highest-level product status determines the data sheet status.

#### **Definitions**

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Limiting values definition — Limiting values given are in accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Stress above one or more of the limiting values may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and operation of the device at these or at any other conditions above those given in the Characteristics sections of the specification is not implied. Exposure to limiting values for extended periods may affect device reliability.

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