

[查询LC75366供应商](#)

[捷多邦，专业PCB打样工厂，24小时加急出货](#)

Ordering number : EN4929A

CMOS LSI

SANYO

LC75366, 75366M

Two-Channel Electronic Volume Control

CCB

Overview

The LC75366 (DIP20) and the LC75366M (MFP20) are electronic volume controls that can be controlled by serial input data and provide volume, balance and loudness functions.

Features

- Silicon gate CMOS process for low switching noise

Functions

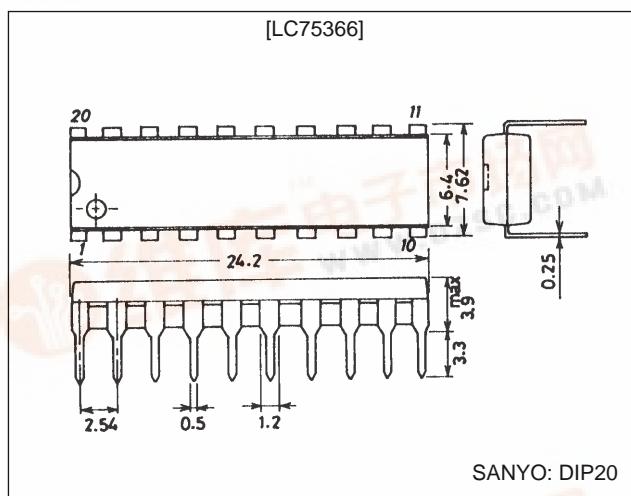
- Volume: 0 dB to -68 dB (in 2 dB steps) and $-\infty$; 36 positions.
A balance function can be implemented by controlling the left and right channel volume settings independently.
- Loudness: Taps are provided at the -20 dB positions in the 10 dB step resistor ladder used by the volume control function. A loudness function can be implemented by attaching external RC circuits at these tap points.
- An address selection pin (the S pin) allows two LC75366 chips to be used on the same bus.
- Serial data input: Supports CCB* format communication with the system controller.

- CCB is a trademark of SANYO ELECTRIC CO., LTD.
- CCB is SANYO's original bus format and all the bus addresses are controlled by SANYO.

Package Dimensions

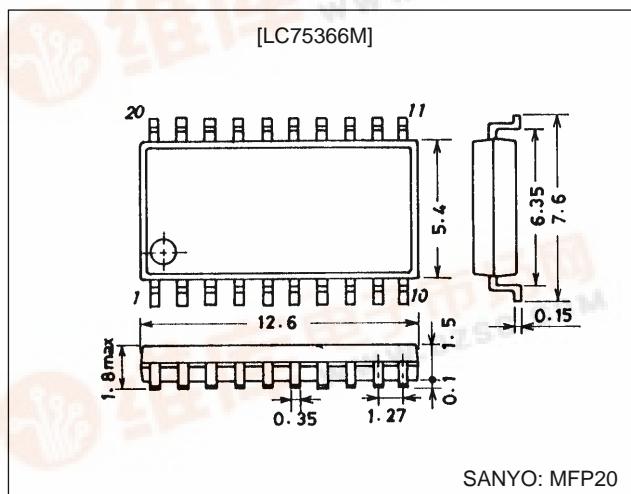
unit: mm

3021B-DIP20



unit: mm

3036B-MFP20



Specifications

Absolute Maximum Ratings at $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Maximum supply voltage	V_{DD} max	V_{DD}	12	V
Maximum input voltage	V_{IN} max1	CL, DI, CE, S	$V_{SS} - 0.3$ to $V_{DD} + 0.3$	V
	V_{IN} max2	L10dBIN, L2dBIN, R10dBIN, R2dBIN		
Allowable power dissipation	P_d max	$T_a \leq 85^\circ\text{C}$	140	mW
Operating temperature	T_{op}		-40 to +85	°C
Storage temperature	T_{stg}		-50 to +125	°C

SANYO Electric Co.,Ltd. Semiconductor Business Headquarters

TOKYO OFFICE Tokyo Bldg., 1-10, 1 Chome, Ueno, Taito-ku, TOKYO, 110 JAPAN

LC75366, 75366M

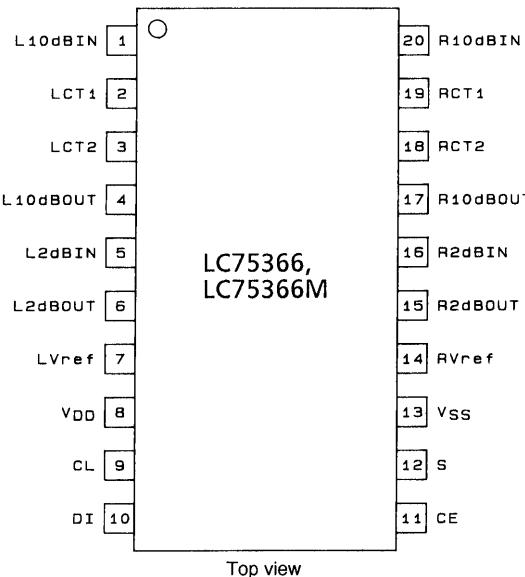
Allowable Operating Ranges at $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Supply voltage	V_{DD}	V_{DD}	4.0 to 11.0	V
Input high level voltage	V_{IH} (1)	CL, DI, CE	$0.3 V_{DD} + 1$ to V_{DD}	V
	V_{IH} (2)	S	$0.8 V_{DD}$ to V_{DD}	V
Input low level voltage	V_{IL} (1)	CL, DI, CE	V_{SS} to $0.2 V_{DD}$	V
	V_{IL} (2)	S	V_{SS} to $0.2 V_{DD}$	V
Input voltage amplitude	V_{IN}	L10dBIN, L2dBIN, R10dBIN, R2dBIN	V_{SS} to V_{DD}	Vp-p
Input pulse width	$t_{\varnothing W}$	CL	1 or longer	μs
Setup time	$t_{\text{set up}}$	CL, DI, CE	1 or longer	μs
Hold time	t_{hold}	CL, DI, CE	1 or longer	μs
Operating frequency	fop	CL	Up to 500	kHz

Electrical Characteristics at $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}$

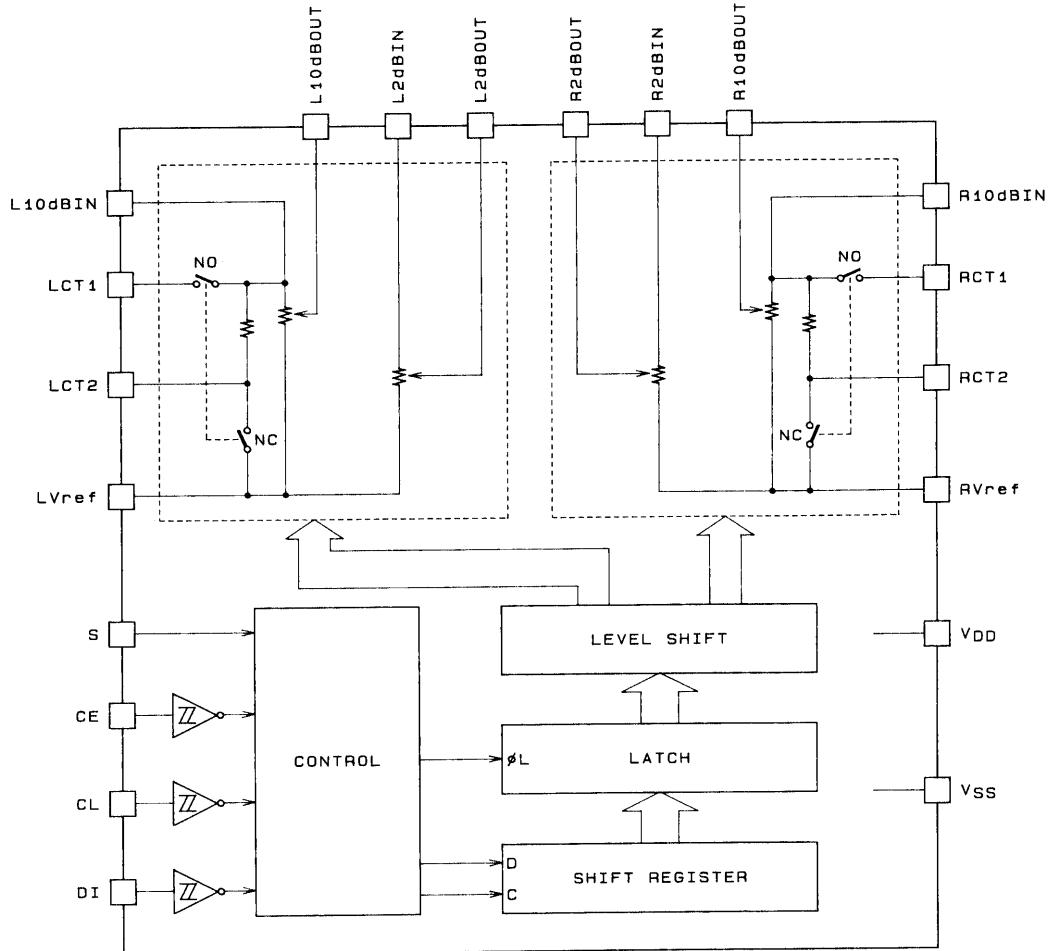
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	min	typ	max	Unit
Total harmonic distortion	THD (1)	$V_{IN} = 1 \text{ Vrms}$, $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$, all settings flat overall, $V_{DD} = 9 \text{ V}$		0.006		%
	THD (2)	$V_{IN} = 1 \text{ Vrms}$, $f = 20 \text{ kHz}$, all settings flat overall, $V_{DD} = 9 \text{ V}$		0.015		%
Crosstalk	CT	$V_{IN} = 1 \text{ Vrms}$, $f = 20 \text{ kHz}$, all settings flat overall, $R_g = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$		85		dB
Output at maximum attenuation	V_O min	$V_{IN} = 1 \text{ Vrms}$, $f = 20 \text{ kHz}$, volume setting: $-\infty$, with a $470 \mu\text{F}$ capacitor between L/R Vref and V_{SS}		-80		dB
Total resistance	R_{VOL} (1)	10 dB steps	28.2	47	65.8	$\text{k}\Omega$
	R_{VOL} (2)	2 dB steps	12	20	28	$\text{k}\Omega$
Output off leakage current	I_{OFF}	L10dBIN, R10dBIN, LCT1, L2dBIN, R2dBIN, RCT1, L10dBOUT, R10dBOUT, LCT2, L2dBOUT, R2dBOUT, RCT2, LVref, RVref	-10		+10	μA
Input high level current	I_{IH}	$V_I = V_{DD}$ (CL, CE and DI pins)			10	μA
Input low level current	I_{IL}	$V_I = V_{SS}$ (CL, CE and DI pins)	-10			μA
Output noise voltage	V_N	All settings flat overall (IHF-A), $V_{DD} = 9 \text{ V}$, $R_g = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$		2	10	μV
Current drain	I_{DD}	$V_{DD} - V_{SS} = 11 \text{ V}$			1	mA
Analog switch on resistance (Design target value)	R_{ON}	CT1	180	300	420	Ω
		For use between CT2 and Vref	90	150	210	Ω
		0 dB, $-\infty$	0.6	1.0	1.4	$\text{k}\Omega$
		Other than the above	6.0	10.0	14.0	$\text{k}\Omega$

Pin Assignment



LC75366, 75366M

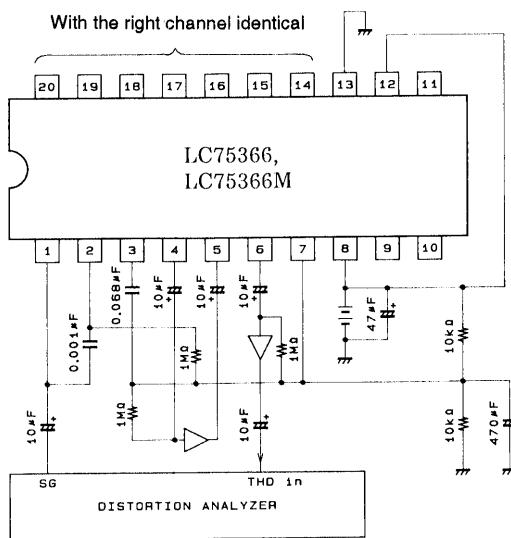
Equivalent Circuit Block Diagram



A02831

Test Circuits

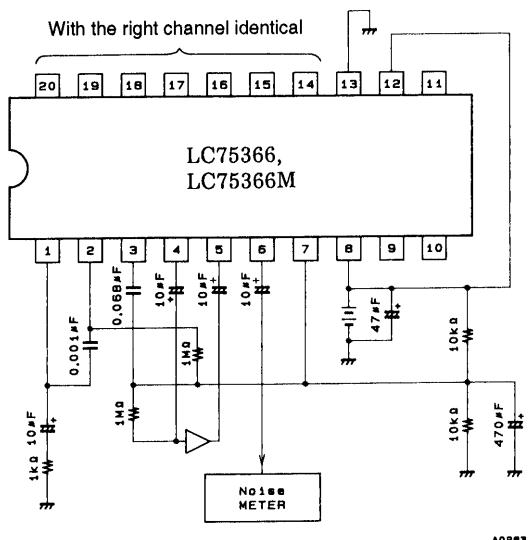
1. Total harmonic distortion



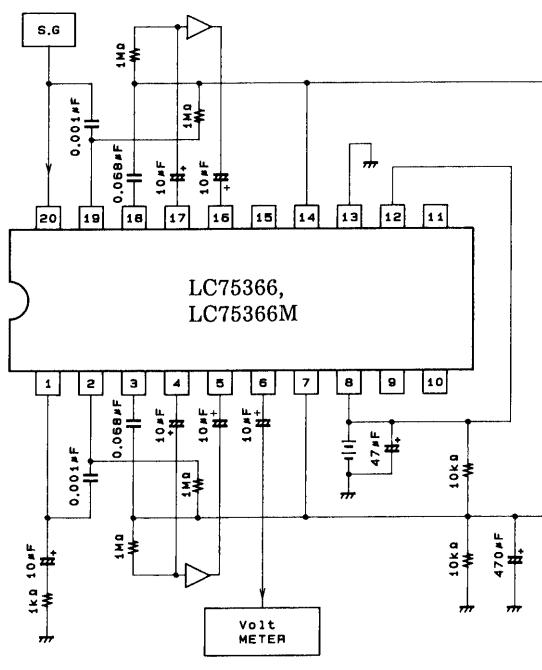
A02832

LC75366, 75366M

2. Output noise voltage

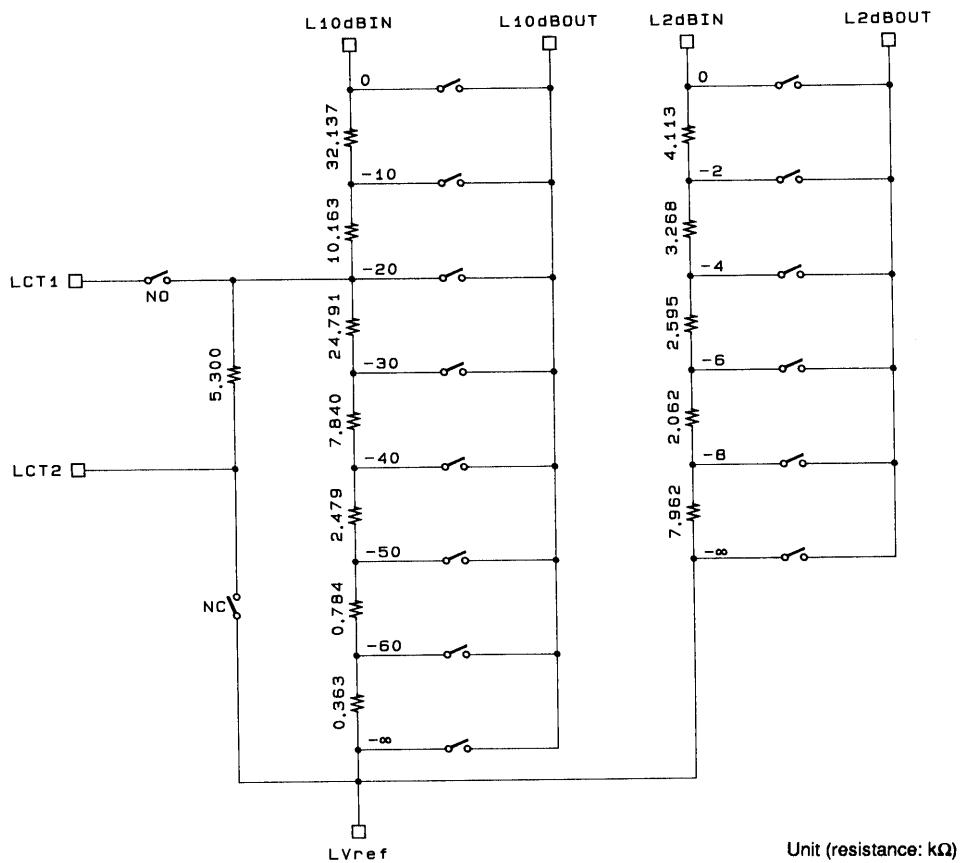


3. Crosstalk



LC75366, 75366M

Volume Block Equivalent Circuit

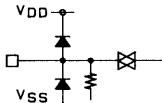
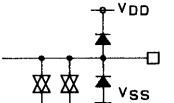
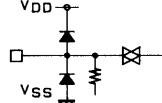
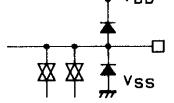
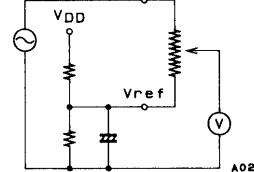
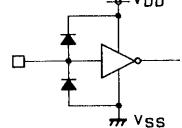
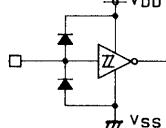
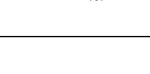


The right channel is identical.

A02835

LC75366, 75366M

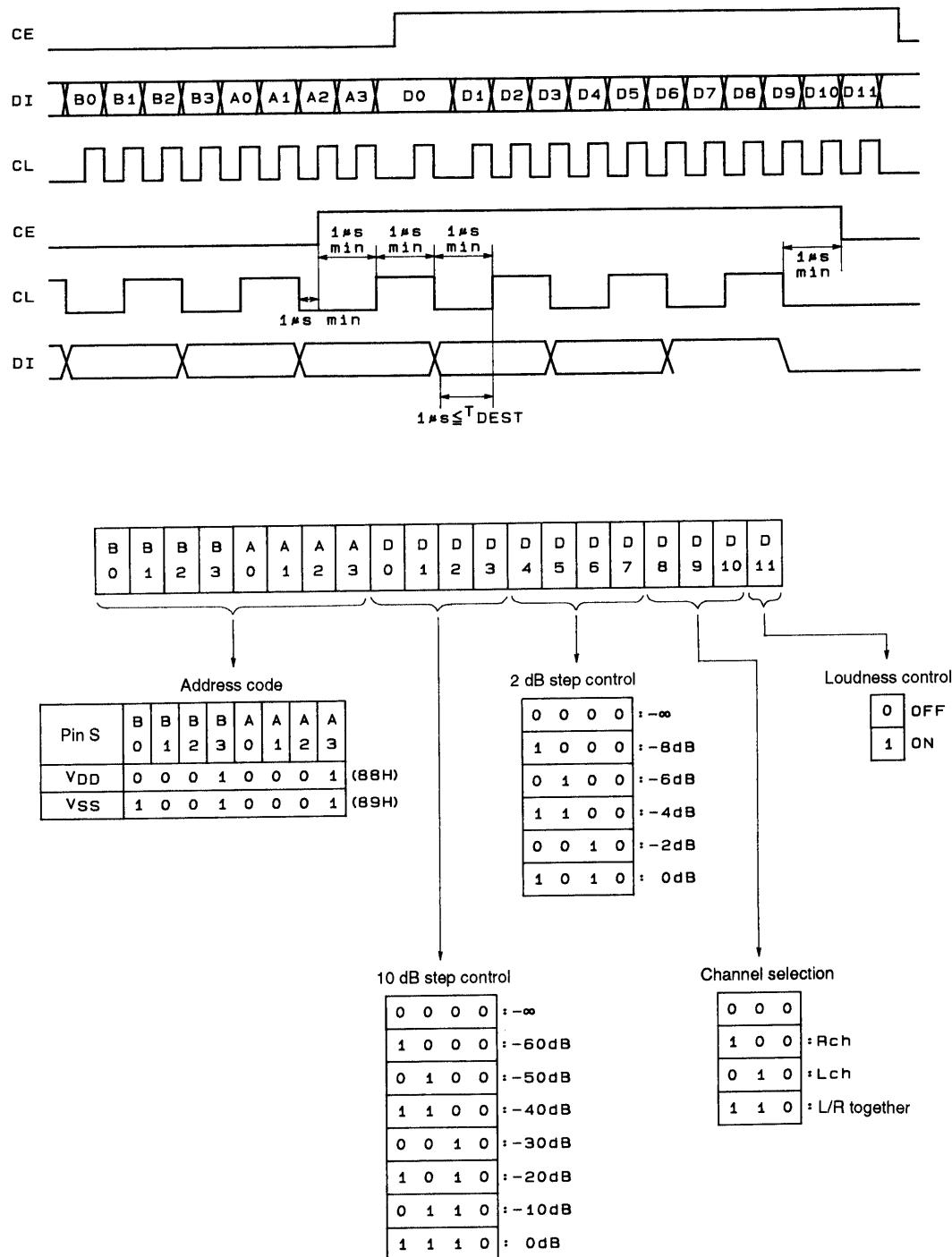
Pin Functions

Pin No.	Symbol	Function	Note
1	L10dBIN	Input pins for the 10 dB step attenuator. Must be driven from a low impedance.	 A02836
20	R10dBIN		
2	LCT1	Loudest connections. Connect a high band compensation capacitor between CT1 and 10dBIN and connect a low band compensation capacitor between CT2 and Vref.	
3	LCT2		
19	RCT1		
18	RCT2		
4	L10dBOUT	Output pins for the 10 dB step attenuator. These outputs must be received by a load of about 1 MΩ.	 A02837
17	R10dBOUT		
5	L2dBIN	Input pins for the 2 dB step attenuator. Must be driven from a low impedance.	 A02836
16	R2dBIN		
6	L2dBOUT	Output pins for the 2 dB step attenuator. These outputs must be received by a load of about 1 MΩ.	 A02837
15	R2dBOUT		
7	LVref	Volume circuit common pins. The impedance of the pattern connected to these pins should be kept as low as possible. Since the capacitors between Vref and VSS form the residual resistance components when the volume is cut, adequate care must be taken in determining the value of these capacitors.	 A02838
14	RVref		
12	S	Pin that selects the address code in the data format. Data will be accepted for an address code of 88 when this pin is tied to VDD, and for an address code of 89 when tied to VSS.	 A02839
9	CL	Serial data and clock inputs for control	 A02840
10	DI		
11	CE	Chip enable. The internally latched data is written and the analog switches operate when this pin goes from high to low. Data transfer is enabled when this pin is at the high level.	 A02840
8	V _{DD}	These pins must be connected to the power supply.	
13	V _{SS}		

LC75366, 75366M

Control System Timing and Data Format

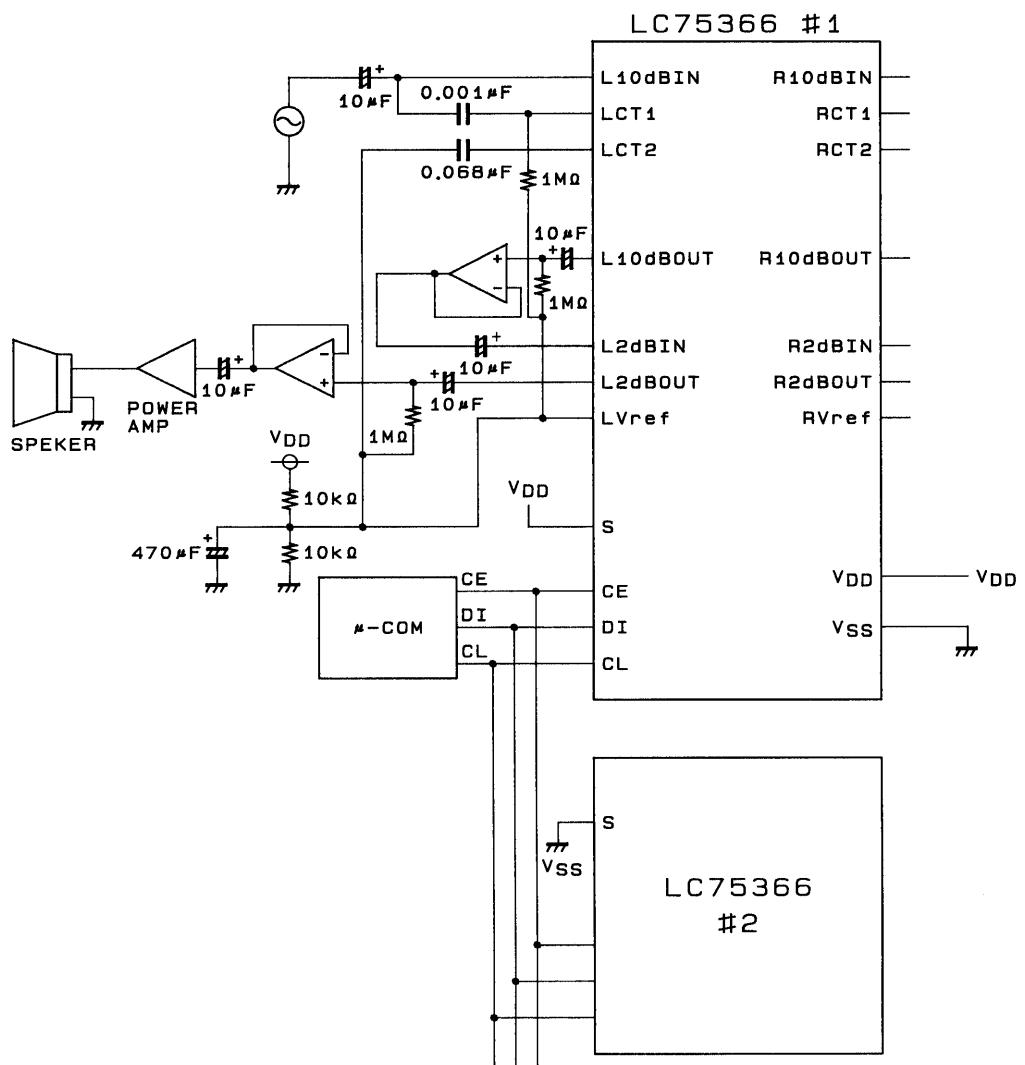
Apply the stipulated serial data to the CE, CL and DI pins to control the LC75366 and LC75366M. The data consists of 20 bits, of which 8 bits are the address and 12 bits are control data.



A02841

LC75366, 75366M

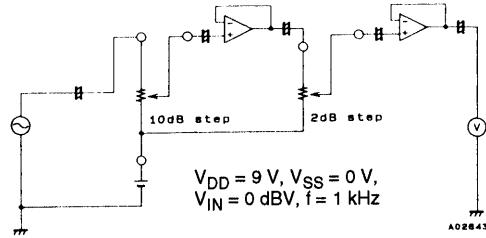
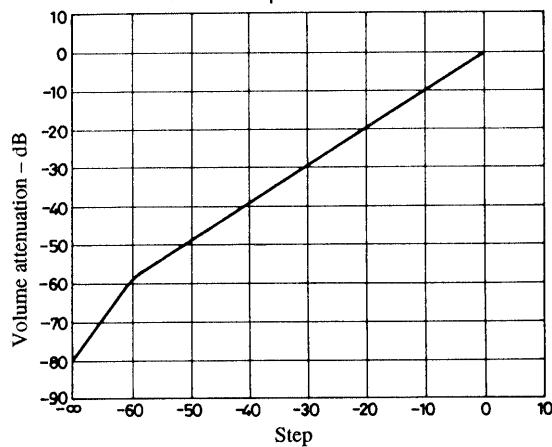
Sample Application Circuit



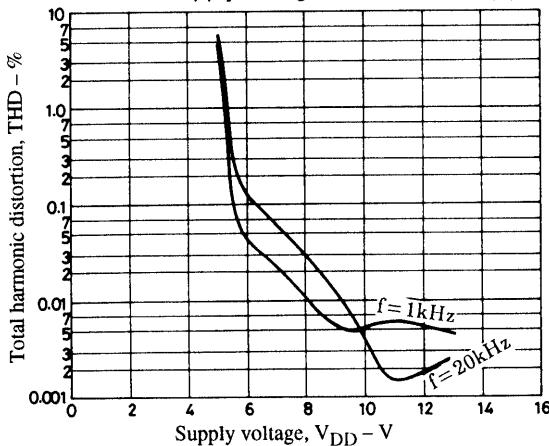
A02842

LC75366, 75366M

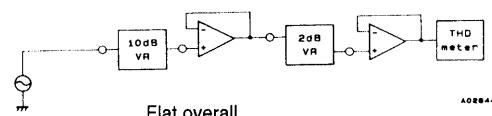
Volume step characteristics



THD – Supply voltage characteristics (1)

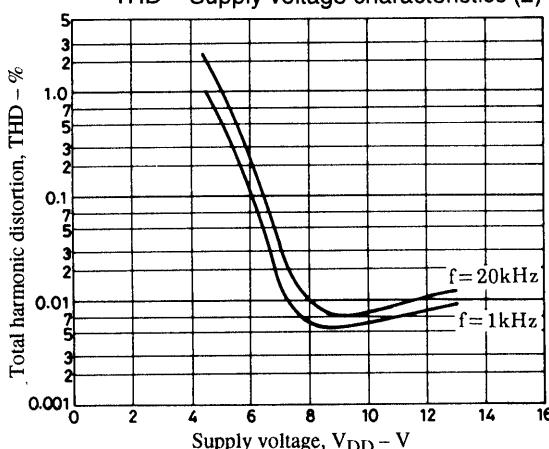


V_{DD} = 9 V, V_{SS} = 0 V,
V_{IN} = 0 dBV, f = 1 kHz

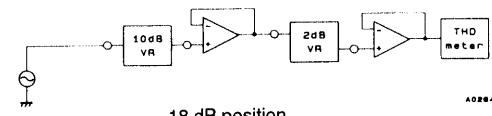


Flat overall,
100 kHz low-pass weight,
V_{IN} = 0 dBV, V_{SS} = 0 V

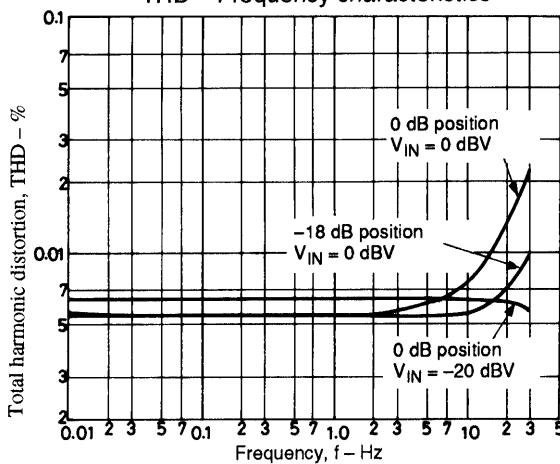
THD – Supply voltage characteristics (2)



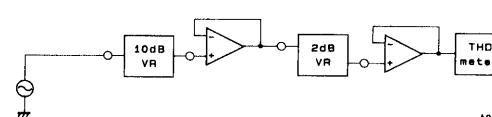
-18 dB position,
100 kHz low-pass weight,
V_{IN} = 0 dBV, V_{SS} = 0 V,



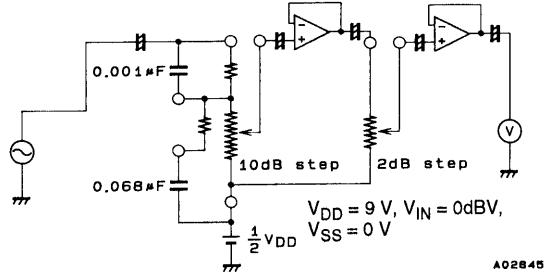
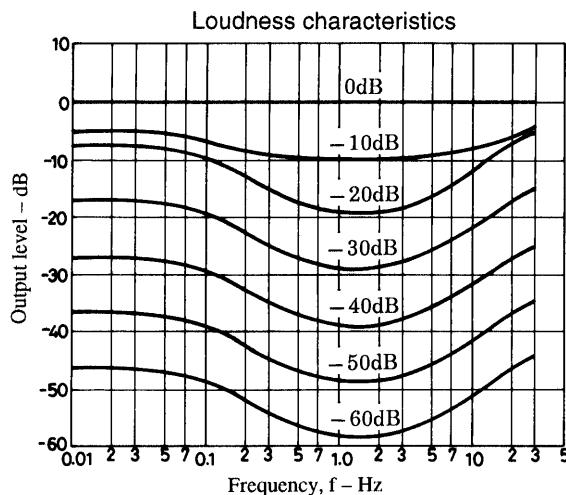
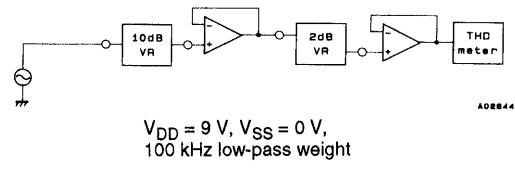
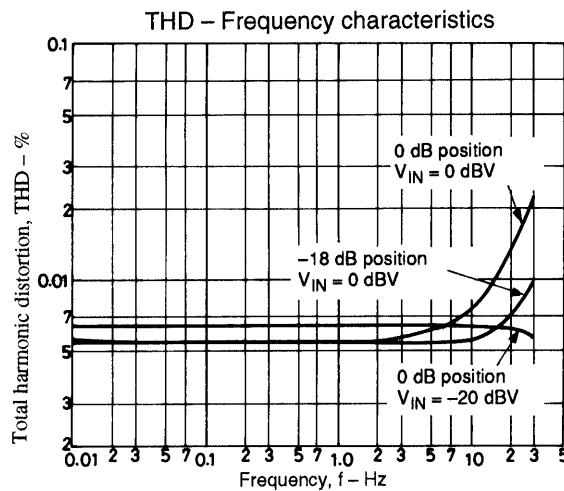
THD – Frequency characteristics



V_{DD} = 9 V, V_{SS} = 0 V,
100 kHz low-pass weight



LC75366, 75366M



Loudness Function External Circuit Constant Calculation Example

First, refer to the LC75366 and LC75366M 10 dB step internal equivalent circuit shown on page 5. Figure 1 below shows this circuit simplified with the external components used for the loudness function connected for this calculation. The sample calculation below uses this diagram to acquire a 5 dB boost at f = 100 Hz.

(f = 100 Hz, 5 dB boost)

Let R and C in Figure 1 be:

$$R1 = R2 = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$$

$$R3 = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$$

$$C1 = Z1, C2 = Z2$$

Then:

$$V_{\text{OUT}} = \frac{\frac{R2(R3 + Z2)}{R2 + R3 + Z2}}{\frac{R1 \cdot Z1}{R1 + Z1} + \frac{R2(R3 + Z2)}{R2 + R3 + Z2}} = -20 \text{ dB}$$

(at = 1 kHz)

$$V_{\text{OUT}} = \frac{\frac{R2(R3 + 10 \cdot Z2)}{R2 + R3 + 10 \cdot Z2}}{\frac{R1 \cdot 10 \cdot Z1}{R1 + 10 \cdot Z1} + \frac{R2(R3 + 10 \cdot Z2)}{R2 + R3 + 10 \cdot Z2}} = -15 \text{ dB}$$

(at = 100 Hz)

Solving the above equations gives:

$$Z1 \neq 178.3 \text{ k}\Omega \text{ and } Z2 = 176 \Omega$$

LC75366, 75366M

Therefore, under such conditions where $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$, specifications may be satisfied if C (capacitor) having these impedances is supplied externally.

The result is that $C1 = 893 \text{ pF}$ and $C2 = 0.9 \mu\text{F}$.

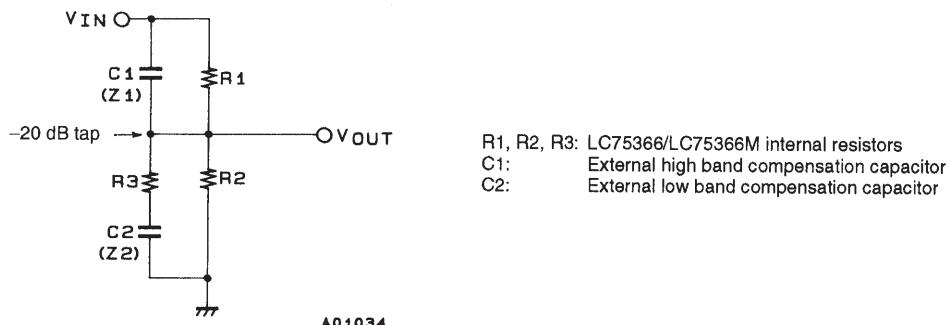


Figure 1

Usage Notes

1. The states of the internal analog switches will be indeterminate when power is first applied. Muting should be applied externally until control data has been transferred and stored.
2. The signal lines for the CL, DI and CE pins should either be covered by the pattern ground or be formed from shielded cable to prevent the high-frequency digital signals transmitted over these lines from entering the analog system.

- No products described or contained herein are intended for use in surgical implants, life-support systems, aerospace equipment, nuclear power control systems, vehicles, disaster/crime-prevention equipment and the like, the failure of which may directly or indirectly cause injury, death or property loss.
- Anyone purchasing any products described or contained herein for an above-mentioned use shall:
 - ① Accept full responsibility and indemnify and defend SANYO ELECTRIC CO., LTD., its affiliates, subsidiaries and distributors and all their officers and employees, jointly and severally, against any and all claims and litigation and all damages, cost and expenses associated with such use;
 - ② Not impose any responsibility for any fault or negligence which may be cited in any such claim or litigation on SANYO ELECTRIC CO., LTD., its affiliates, subsidiaries and distributors or any of their officers and employees jointly or severally.
- Information (including circuit diagrams and circuit parameters) herein is for example only; it is not guaranteed for volume production. SANYO believes information herein is accurate and reliable, but no guarantees are made or implied regarding its use or any infringements of intellectual property rights or other rights of third parties.