General Description

The MAX3864 evaluation kit (EV kit) simplifies evaluation of the MAX3864 transimpedance preamplifier.

The EV kit includes a circuit that emulates the highspeed, current input signal that would be produced by a photodiode.

The MAX3864 EV kit is fully assembled and tested.

Features

- ♦ Fully Assembled and Tested
- ♦ Includes Photodiode Emulation Circuit

Ordering Information

PART	TEMP. RANGE	IC PACKAGE
MAX3864EVKIT-SO	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO

Component List

DESIGNATION	QTY	DESCRIPTION
C1, C2, C4, C7	4	1000pF ±10%, 25V (min) ceramic capacitors (0603) Murata GRM39X7R102K050A
C10, C11	2	1000pF ±10%, 25V (min) ceramic capacitors (0805) Murata GRM40X7R102K050A
C3, C5, C6, C12–C17	9	0.1µF ±10%, 25V (min) ceramic capacitors (0603) Murata GRM39X7R104K016A
C8, C9	2	33μF ±10%, 25V (min) tantalum capacitors AVX TAJE336K025
R1, R9	2	200Ω ±5% resistors (0603)
R2, R10	4	$510\Omega \pm 5\%$ resistors (0402) Note: R2 and R10 = two 510Ω resistors in series
R3, R11	2	51Ω ±5% resistors (0603)
R4, R12	2	1kΩ ±5% resistors (0603)
R5	1	1kΩ variable resistor Bourns or Digi-Key 3296W-102-ND
R6	1	5kΩ ±5% resistor (0805)
R7	1	10kΩ variable resistor Bourns or Digi-Key 3296W-103-ND
R8	1	10kΩ ±5% resistor (0805)
L1, L2	2	Ferrite beads Murata BLM11A601S
U1	1	MAX3864ESA 8-pin SOIC
U2	1	CMPT3906 PNP Transistor Central Semiconductor
U3	1	MAX400CSA 8-pin SOIC

Component List

DESIGNATION	QTY	DESCRIPTION
U4, U5	2	User-supplied optical modules
J1–J5	5	SMA connectors (edge mount) E.F. Johnson 142-0701-801 or Digi-key J502-ND
VCC, +15V, GND	3	Test points Digi-key 5000-ND
JU1	1	2-pin header (0.1in centers) Digi-Key S1012-36-ND
JU2	1	470pF capacitor (0805) Murata GRM40COG471J050A
None	1	Shunt for JU1 Digi-Key S9000-ND
None	1	MAX3864 EV kit (Rev. A) circuit board
None	1	MAX3864 data sheet
None	1	MAX3864 EV kit data sheet

Component Suppliers

SUPPLIER	PHONE	FAX
AVX	843-444-2863	843-626-3123
Central Semiconductor	516-435-1110	516-435-1824
Murata	415-964-6321	415-964-8165

Note: Please indicate that you are using the MAX3864 when contacting these component suppliers.

Maxim Integrated Products 1

Quick Start

- 1) Remove shunt from jumper JU1.
- 2) Connect a +3.3V supply to the VCC terminal and ground to the GND terminal.
- 3) Connect OUT+ and OUT- to the 50Ω inputs of a high-speed oscilloscope.
- 4) Connect a signal source to INPUT. Set the signal amplitude to 50mVp-p (this may require some attenuation between the source and the MAX3864 EV kit.) The signal should have a data rate between 1000Mbps and 2500Mbps.
- 5) The differential signal at the oscilloscope should be between 75mVp-p and 150mVp-p.

Detailed Description

The MAX3864 is designed to accept a DC-coupled input from a high-speed photodiode, with a total amplitude of 10µA to 2mA. Unfortunately, high-speed current sources are not common laboratory equipment. Also, because the MAX3864 provides a DC bias for the photodiode, it cannot be DC-coupled to signal sources. To allow characterization without a photodiode, the MAX3864 EV kit provides a simple circuit that emulates a photodiode using common voltage output signal sources.

The connector at INPUT is terminated with 50Ω to ground. This voltage is then AC-coupled to a resistance in series with the MAX3864 input, creating an input current. U2 and U3 form a simple DC current source that is used to apply a DC offset to the input signal.

The values of the series resistive elements, R1 and R2, have been carefully selected not to change the bandwidth of the transimpedance amplifier. Surface-mount

Table 1. Recommended Resistor Values

EVALUATION KIT	R1, R9	R2, R10
MAX3864EVKIT-SO	200Ω (0402)	1020 Ω (composed of two 510 Ω (0402) resistors)

resistors have parasitic capacitance that reduces their impedance at frequencies above 1GHz. The user should carefully evaluate any changes to R1 and R2. Table 1 shows the recommended resistor values.

Photodiode Emulation

The following procedure can be used to emulate the high-speed current signal generated by a photodiode:

- Select the desired average optical power (P_{AVE}) and extinction ratio (r_e).
- Calculate the average current (I_{AVE}), and adjust R7 and R5 to obtain it.

$$I_{AVE} = \frac{10^{(PAVE/10)}}{1000} \, \rho$$

 $\rho = \text{photodiode responsivity in A/W} \\ \text{PAVE in dBm} \\ \text{IAVE in Amps} \\$

3) Calculate the AC signal current, and adjust the signal generator to obtain it.

$$I_{INPUT} = 2 \times I_{AVE}(r_e - 1) / (r_e + 1)$$
 I_{INPUT} in Amps

Table 2. Connections, Adjustments, and Control

CONTROL	DESCRIPTION
VCC	Supply Voltage Connection (3.0V to 5.5V, 100mA current limit)
+15V	Supply Voltage Connection for Photodiode Emulator Circuit (+15V, 25mA)
GND	Connection for Ground
JU1	When shunted, the photodiode emulation circuit is active. This is a convenient location to measure the emulated photodiode current.
R5	Potentiometer. Fine adjustment of the DC current input.
R7	Potentiometer. Coarse adjustment of the DC current input.
OUT+, OUT-	Connections for the MAX3864 Output Signal
INPUT	Input Connection for a Signal Generator

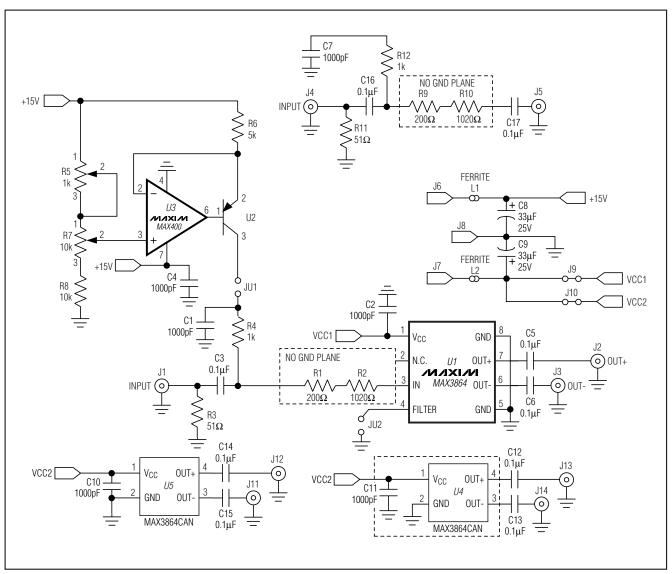


Figure 1. MAX3864 EV Kit Schematic

For example:

- 1) Emulate a signal with an average power of -20dBm and an extinction ratio of 10.
- -20dBm optical power will produce 10μA of average input current (assume photodiode responsivity of 1A/W). Install a current meter at JU1. Adjust R7 and R5 until the current is 10μA.
- 3) The signal amplitude is $2I_{AVE}(r_e 1) / (r_e + 1) = 16\mu A$. To generate this current through the 2200Ω input resistors, set the signal source to produce an output level of $16\mu A \times 1220\Omega = 20 \text{mVp-p}$.

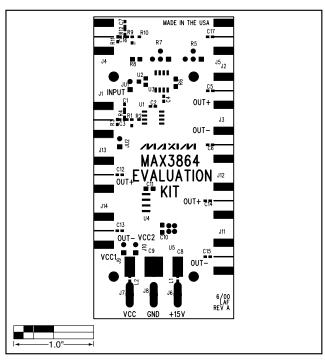


Figure 2. MAX3864 EV Kit Component Placement Guide

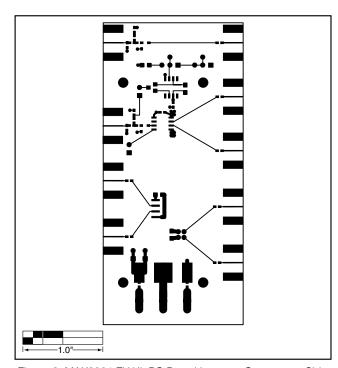


Figure 3. MAX3864 EV Kit PC Board Layout—Component Side

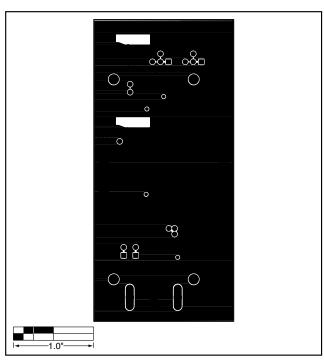
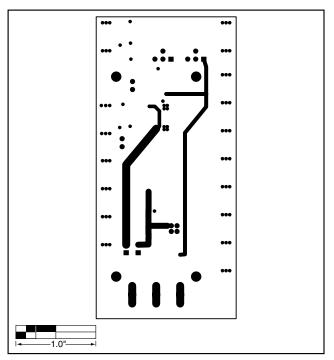


Figure 4. MAX3864 EV Kit PC Board Layout—Ground Plane



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Figure 5. MAX3864 EV Kit PC Board Layout—Power Plane

Figure 6. MAX3864 EV Kit PC Board Layout—Solder Side

NOTES

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