

TOSHIBA

TMP47P422V

CMOS 4-Bit Microcontroller

TMP47P422VN
TMP47P422VF
TMP47P422VU

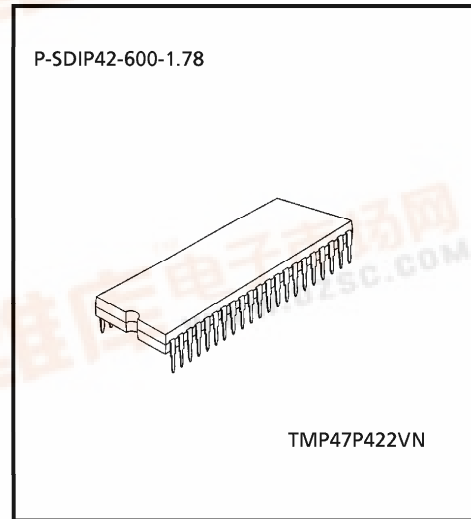
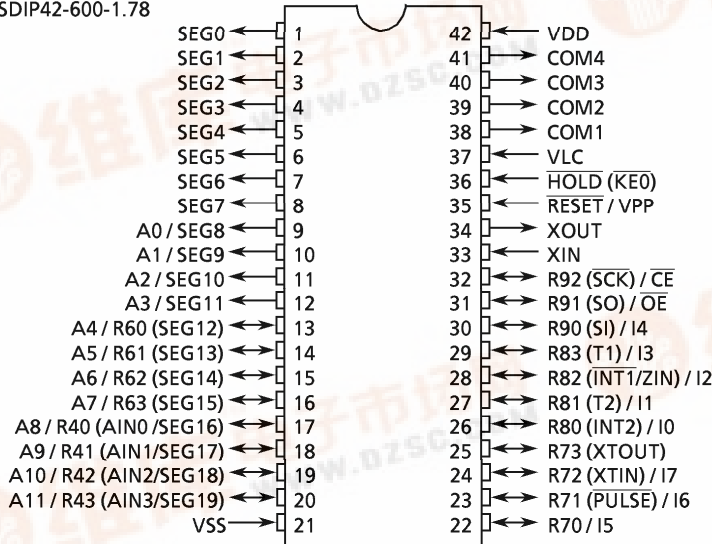
The TMP47P422V is the system evaluation LSI of TMP47C222/422 with a 32 Kbit one-time PROM. The TMP47P422V programs / verifies using an adapter socket to connect with PROM programmer, as it is in TMM27256AD.

In addition, the TMP47P422V and the TMP47C222/422 are pin compatible. The TMP47P422V operates as the same as the TMP47C222/422 by programming to the internal PROM.

Part No.	EPROM	RAM	Package	Adapter Socket
TMP47P422VN	OTP 4096 x 8-bit	256 x 4-bit	P-SDIP42-600-1.78	BM11102
TMP47P422VF			P-QFP44-1414-0.80D	BM11103
TMP47P422VU			P-QFP44-1010-0.80	BM11170

Pin Assignment (Top View)

P-SDIP42-600-1.78



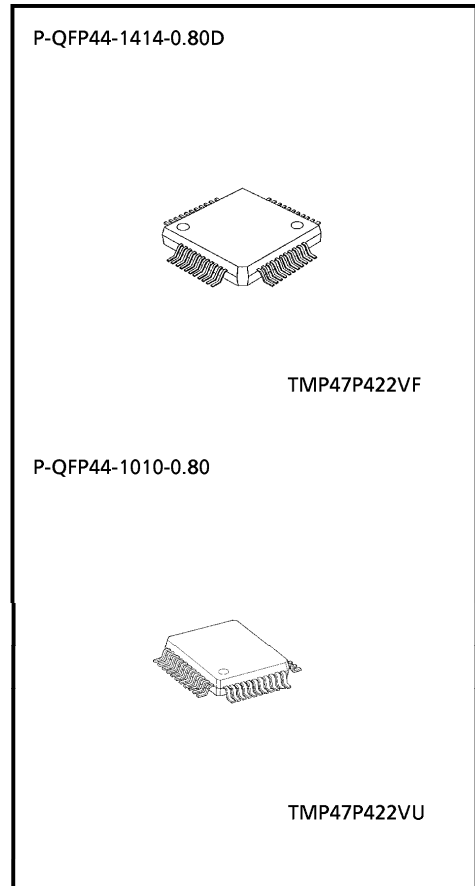
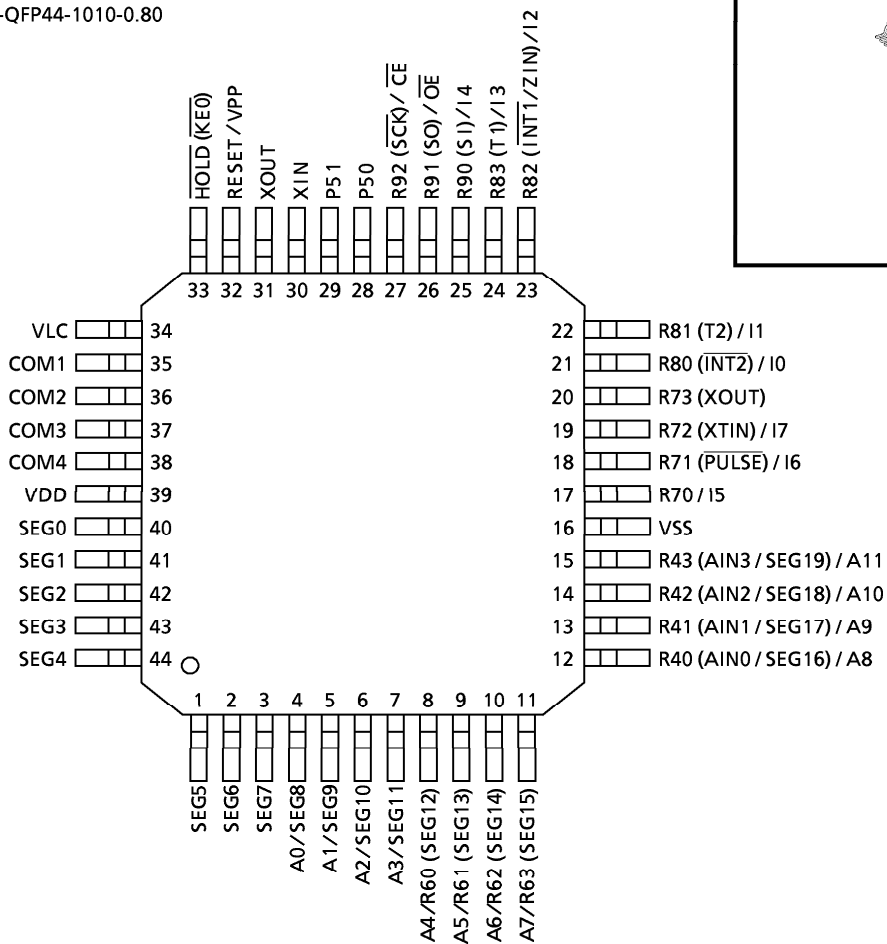
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Pin Assignment (Top View)

P-QFP44-1414-0.80D
P-QFP44-1010-0.80



Pin Function

The TMP47P422V has MCU mode and PROM mode.

(1) MCU mode

The TMP47C222/422 and the TMP47P422V are pin compatible.

(2) PROM mode

Pin Name	Input / Output	Functions	Pin Name (MCU mode)
A11 to A8	Input	Address inputs	R43 to R40
A7 to A4			R63 to R60
A3 to A0			SEG11 to SEG8
I7 to I5	I/O	Data inputs / outputs	R72 to R70
I4			R90
I3 to I0			R83 to R80
\overline{CE}	Input	Chip Enable input	R92
\overline{OE}		Output Enable input	R91
VPP	Power supply	+ 12.5 V / 5 V (Program supply voltage)	RESET
VCC		+ 5 V	VDD
VSS		0 V	VSS
\overline{HOLD}	Input	PROM mode setting pin. Be fixed to low level.	
XIN	Input	Input the clock from the external oscillator. (8 MHz typ.)	
XOUT	Input	Be pulled down to VSS level. (750 Ω typ.)	
SEG7 to SEG0	Output	Open	
COM4 to COM0			
VLC	Power supply	Be fixed to VSS level.	

Operational Description

The following is an explanation of hardware configuration and operation in relation to the TMP47P422V. The TMP47P422V is the same as the TMP47C222/422 except that an OTP is used instead of a built-in mask ROM.

1. Operation mode

The TMP47P422V has a MCU mode and a PROM mode.

1.1 MCU mode

The MCU mode is set by attaching a resonator between the XIN and Xout pins. Operation in the MCU mode is the same as for the TMP47C222/422. In the TMP47P422V, RC oscillation is impossible.

1.1.1 Program Memory

The program storage area is the same as for the TMP47C422.

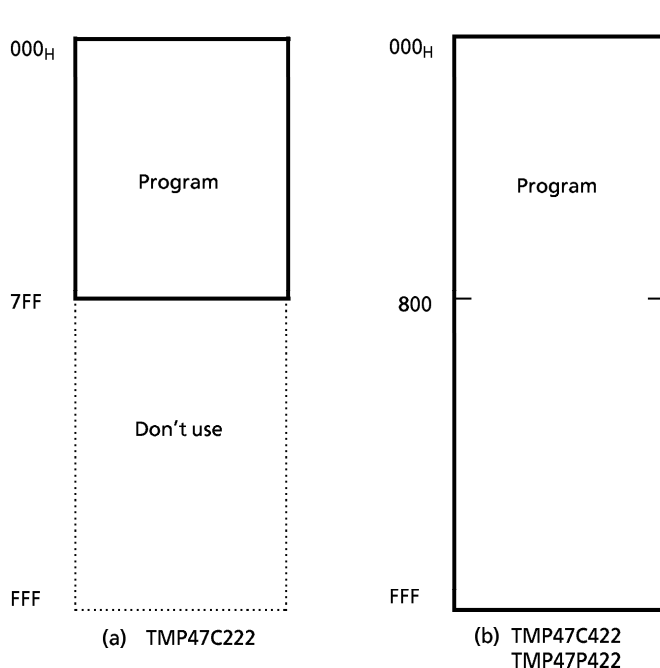


Figure 1-1. Program area (ROM)

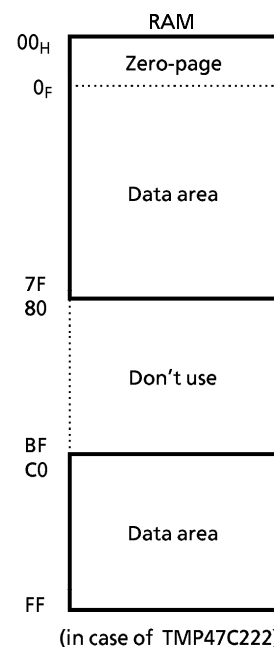


Figure 1-2. RAM addressing
(in case of TMP47C222)

1.1.2 Data Memory

The TMP47P422V contains 256 × 4-bit (equivalent to TMP47C422) data memory. When the TMP47P422V is used as evaluator of the TMP47C222, programming should be performed assuming that the RAM is assigned to addresses 00 to 7F_H and C0 to FF_H as show in Figure 1-2 by considering the application software evaluation. When the BM47C422 (emulator) is used as the TMP47C222 evaluator, it is sam.

1.1.3 Input / Output Circuitry

(1) Control pins

TMP47P422V is the same as code SA of the TMP47C222/422. In the TMP47P422V, RC oscillation is impossible. Connecting the resonator or inputting the external clock to XIN pin are required when using as evaluator of I/O code SD.

(2) I/O Ports

The input / output circuit of the TMP47P422V is the same as the TMP47C222/422.

Electrical Characteristics

Absolute Maximum Ratings (V_{SS} = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Pins	Ratings	Unit
Supply Voltage	V _{DD}		- 0.3 to 6.5	V
Program Voltage	V _{PP}	RESET / VPP pin	- 0.3 + 13.0	V
Input Voltage	V _{IN}		- 0.3 to V _{DD} + 0.3	V
Output Voltage	V _{OUT}		- 0.3 to V _{DD} + 0.3	V
Output Current (Per 1 pin)	I _{OUT1}	Port R4, R7	30	mA
	I _{OUT2}	Port R5, R6, R8, R9	120	
Output Current	ZI _{OUT}	Port R4, R7	120	mA
Power Dissipation [T _{opr} = 70°C]	PD		400	mW
Soldering Temperature (time)	T _{sld}		260 (10 s)	°C
Storage Temperature	T _{stg}		- 55 to 125	°C
Operating Temperature	T _{opr}		- 30 to 70	°C

Note: The absolute maximum ratings are rated values which must not be exceeded during operation, even for an instant. Any one of the ratings must not be exceeded. If any absolute maximum rating is exceeded, a device may break down or its performance may be degraded, causing it to catch fire or explode resulting in injury to the user. Thus, when designing products which include this device, ensure that no absolute maximum rating value will ever be exceeded.

Recommended Operating Conditions (V_{SS} = 0 V, T_{opr} = - 30 to 70°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Pins	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	V _{DD}		fc = 8.0 MHz	2.7	5.5	V
			fc = 4.2 MHz	2.2		
			In the SLOW mode	2.2		
			In the HOLD mode	2.0		
Input High Voltage	V _{IH1}	Except Hysteresis Input	In the normal operating area	V _{DD} × 0.7	V _{DD}	V
	V _{IH2}	Hysteresis Input		V _{DD} × 0.75		
	V _{IH3}		In the HOLD mode	V _{DD} × 0.9		
Input Low Voltage	V _{IL1}	Except Hysteresis Input	In the normal operating area	0	V _{DD} × 0.3	V
	V _{IL2}	Hysteresis Input			V _{DD} × 0.25	
	V _{IL3}		In the HOLD mode		V _{DD} × 0.1	
Clock Frequency	fc	XIN, XOUT	V _{DD} = 2.7 to 5.5 V	0.4	8.0	MHz
			V _{DD} = 2.2 to 5.5 V		4.2	
	fs	XTIN, XTOUT	V _{DD} = 2.2 to 5.5 V	30	34	kHz

Note: The recommended operating conditions for a device are operating conditions under which it can be guaranteed that the device will operate as specified. If the device is used under operating conditions other than the recommended operating conditions (supply voltage, operating temperature range, specified AC/DC values etc.), malfunction may occur. Thus, when designing products which include this device, ensure that the recommended operating conditions for the device are always adhered to.

DC Characteristics

 $(V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}, T_{opr} = -30\text{ to }70^\circ\text{C})$

Parameter	Symbol	Pins	Conditions	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit	
Hysteresis Voltage	V_{HS}	Hysteresis Input		–	0.7	–	V	
Input Current	I_{IN1}	$\overline{\text{RESET}}, \overline{\text{HOLD}}$	$V_{DD} = 5.5\text{ V}, V_{IN} = 5.5\text{ V} / 0\text{ V}$	–	–	± 2	μA	
	I_{IN2}	Open drain output ports						
Input Resistance	R_{IN}	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$		100	220	450	$\text{k}\Omega$	
Output Leakage Current	I_{LO}	Open drain output ports	$V_{DD} = 5.5\text{ V}, V_{OUT} = 5.5\text{ V}$	–	–	2	μA	
Output Low Current	I_{OL2}	Port R4, R7	$V_{DD} = 4.5\text{ V}, V_{OL} = 1.0\text{ V}$	7	10	–	mA	
Output Low Voltage	V_{OL}	Port R4, P5, R6, R7, R8, R9	$V_{DD} = 4.5\text{ V}, I_{OL} = 1.6\text{ mA}$	–	–	0.4	V	
			$V_{DD} = 2.2\text{ V}, I_{OL} = 20\ \mu\text{A}$	–	–	0.1		
Segment Output Low Resistance	R_{OS1}	SEG pin	$V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}, V_{DD} - V_{LC} = 3\text{ V}$	–	10	–	$\text{k}\Omega$	
Common Output Low Resistance	R_{OC1}	COM pin			or 20			
Segment Output High Resistance	R_{OS2}	SEG pin			70			
Common Output High Resistance	R_{OC2}	COM pin			or 200			
Segment/Common Output Resistance	$V_{O2/3}$	SEG / COM pin		3.8	4.0	4.2	V	
	$V_{O1/2}$				3.3	3.5		3.7
	$V_{O1/3}$				2.8	3.0		3.2
Supply Current (in the Normal mode)	I_{DD}		$V_{DD} = 5.5\text{ V}, f_c = 4\text{ MHz}$	–	2	4	mA	
			$V_{DD} = 3.0\text{ V}, f_c = 4\text{ MHz}$	–	1	2		
			$V_{DD} = 3.0\text{ V}, f_c = 400\text{ kHz}$	–	0.5	1		
Supply Current (in the SLOW mode)	I_{DDS}		$V_{DD} = 3.0\text{ V}, f_s = 32.768\text{ kHz}$	–	20	40	μA	
Supply Current (in the HOLD mode)	I_{DDH}		$V_{DD} = 5.5\text{ V}$	–	0.5	10	μA	

Note 1: Typ. values show those at $T_{opr} = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$.

Note 2: Input Current I_{IN1} : The current through resistor is not included.

Note 3: Output Resistance R_{OS}, R_{OC} : Shows on-resistance at the level switching.

Note 4: $V_{O2/3}$: Shows 2/3 level output voltage, when the 1/4 or 1/3 duty LCD is used.

$V_{O1/2}$: Shows 1/2 level output voltage, when the 1/2 duty or static LCD is used.

$V_{O1/3}$: Shows 1/3 level output voltage, when the 1/4 or 1/3 duty LCD is used.

Note 5: Supply Current I_{DD}, I_{DDH} : $V_{IN} = 5.3\text{ V} / 0.2\text{ V}$ ($V_{DD} = 5.5\text{ V}$), $2.8\text{ V} / 0.2\text{ V}$ ($V_{DD} = 3.0\text{ V}$)

Supply Current I_{DDS} : $V_{IN} = 2.8\text{ V} / 0.2\text{ V}$. Low frequency clock is only oscillated.

Note 6: When using LCD, it is necessary to consider values of R_{OS} 1/2 and R_{OC} 1/2.

Note 7: Times for SEG/COM output switching on; R_{OS1}, R_{OC1} : $2/f_c$ (s)

R_{OS2}, R_{OC2} : $1/(n \cdot f_c)$ ($1/n$; duty, f_c : frame frequency)

AD Conversion Characteristics

(Topr = -30 to 70°C)

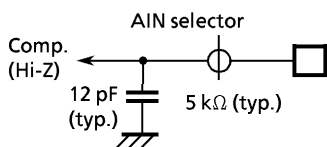
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Analog Reference Voltage Range	ΔV_{AREF}	$V_{DD} - V_{SS}$	2.7	—	—	V
Analog Input Voltage	V_{AIN}		V_{SS}	—	V_{DD}	V
Analog Supply current	I_{REF}		—	0.5	1.0	mA
Nonlinearity Error		$V_{DD} = 2.7\text{ V to } 5.5\text{ V}$ $V_{SS} = \pm 0.000\text{ V}$	—	—	± 1	LSB
Zero Point Error			—	—	± 1	
Full Scale Error			—	—	± 1	
Total Error			—	—	± 2	

AC Characteristics

($V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$, Topr = -30 to 70°C)

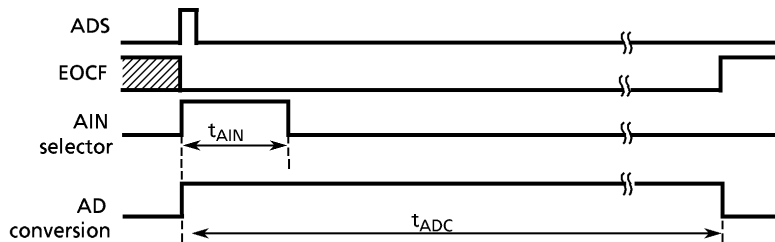
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit	
Instruction Cycle Time	tcy	In the normal mode	$V_{DD} = 2.7\text{ to } 5.5\text{ V}$	1.0	—	20	μs
			$V_{DD} = 2.2\text{ to } 5.5\text{ V}$	1.9			
		In the SLOW mode		235	—	267	
High level clock pulse width	t_{WCH}	For external clock (XIN input)	$V_{DD} \geq 2.7\text{ V}$	60	—	—	ns
Low level clock pulse width	t_{WCL}		$V_{DD} < 2.7\text{ V}$	120			
			$V_{DD} \geq 2.7\text{ V}$	60			
			$V_{DD} < 2.7\text{ V}$	120			
AD Conversion Time	t_{ADC}		—	24 tcy	—	μs	
AD Sampling Time	t_{AIN}		—	2 tcy	—		
Shift data Hold Time	t_{SDH}		0.5 tcy - 0.3	—	—	μs	

Note 1: AD conversion timing:
Internal circuit for pins AIN0 to 7

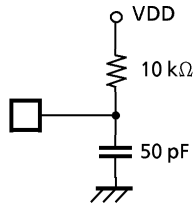


* Electrical change must be loaded into the built-in condensen during t_{AIN} for normal AD conversion.

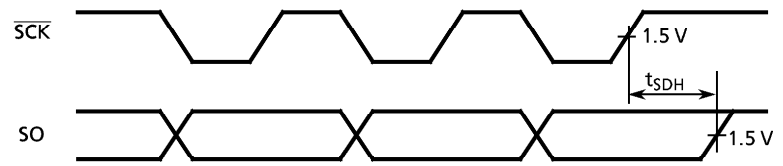
AD conversion timing



Note2: Shift data Hold Time:
External circuit for pins
 \overline{SCK} and SO



Serial port (completed of transmission)



Zero-Cross Detection Characteristics

($V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$, $T_{opr} = -30\text{ to }70\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$)

Characteristics are equivalent to the TMP47C222/422's.

Recommended Oscillating Conditions

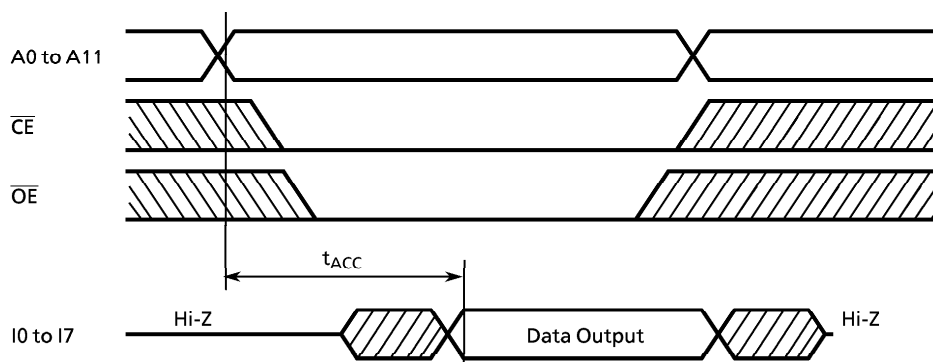
($V_{SS} = 0\text{ V}$, $V_{DD} = 2.2\text{ to }5.5\text{ V}$, $T_{opr} = -30\text{ to }70\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$)

Recommended oscillating conditions of the TMP47P422V are equal to the TMP47C222/422's but RC oscillation is impossible.

DC/AC Characteristics (V_{SS} = 0 V)

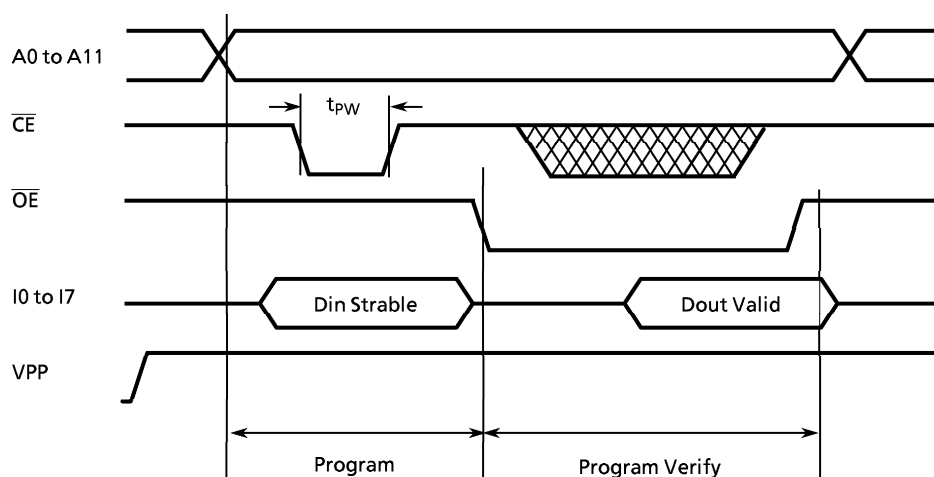
(1) Read Operation

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Output Level High Voltage	V _{IH4}		V _{CC} × 0.7	–	V _{CC}	V
Output Level Low Voltage	V _{IL4}		0	–	V _{CC} × 0.3	V
Supply Voltage	V _{CC}		4.75	–	6.0	V
Programming Voltage	V _{PP}					
Address Access Time	t _{ACC}	V _{CC} = 5.0 ± 0.25 V	0	–	350	ns

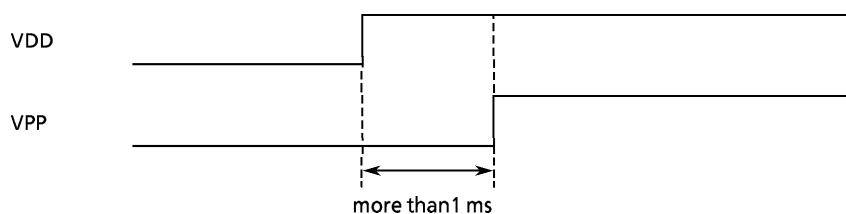


(2) High Speed Programming Operation

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Input High Voltage	V_{IH4}		$V_{CC} \times 0.7$	–	V_{CC}	V
Input Low Voltage	V_{IL4}		0	–	$V_{CC} \times 0.3$	V
Supply Voltage	V_{CC}		4.75	–	6.0	V
V_{PP} Power Supply Voltage	V_{PP}		12.00	12.50	13.00	V
Programming Pulse Width	t_{PW}	$V_{CC} = 6.0 \pm 0.25$ V	0.95	1.0	1.05	ms



Note: There are some PROM programmer types which cannot program OTP.
 In TMP47P422V, VPP pin is also used as RESET pin. To set a mode, REST/VPP pin must be set to "low" during 1 ms and more after the rising of power-on and the rising of VDD electrical power.



Recommended EPROM programmer

- TYPE
- R4945 (ADVANTEST)
- UNISITE (DATA I/O)
- AF - 9706 (ANDO)
- PECKER - 11 (AVAL DATA)