Compander IC Monolithic IC MM1077

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Outline

MITSUMI

This IC was developed for use in cordless telephone equipment. It is a compander IC incorporating compressor/expander circuits for a significant noise reduction effect without complicated external circuitry. On the transmission side, the dynamic range of audio signals is compressed by the compressor circuit; on the receiving side, the expander expands the signals. As a result the dynamic range over the transmission channel is reduced logarithmically by one-half.

Features

- 1. Can be driven at low voltages (down to 2.0V)
- 2. Internal mute function
- 3. Internal limiter (IDC) function
- 4. Compressor input can be switched between MIC and LINE

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- 5. Internal standby function
- 6. Data input, output pins
- 7. Independent mute circuit

Package

SSOP-24A (MM1077XF)

Applications

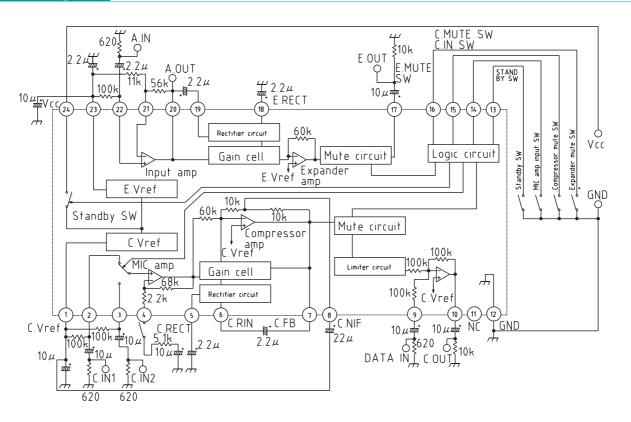
- 1. Cordless telephones
- 2. Various mobile communication devices

Pin Assignment

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		24 23	□ □ 22 21	20 19 18 17 16 15	□ □ 5 14 13	5	
						= = 7	
		1 2	3 4	5 6 7 8 9 10		SE WWW.	
				SSOP-24A			
	1	C.Vref	9	DATA. IN	17	E.RECT	
	2	C.IN1	10	C.CONT	18	E.OUT	
	3	C.IN2	11	N.C	19	E.RIN	
	4	C.IN-	12	GND	20	A.OUT	
	5	C.RECT	13	STANDBY SW	21	A.IN-	
。 一 下 PDF 推 年 一下	6	C.RIN	14	C.IN SW	22	A.IN+	
	7	C.FB	15	C.MUTE SW	23	E.Vref	
	8	C.NF	16	E.MUTE SW	24	Vcc	

Block Diagram



Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta=25°C)

Item	Symbol	Ratings	Units	
Storage temperature	Tstg	-40~+125	°C	
Operating temperature	Topr	-10~+70	°C	
Power supply voltage	Vcc max.	-0.3~+8	V	
Allowable loss	Pd	650	mW	
Operating voltage		+2.0~+7	V	

Item		Symbol	Measurement conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
	Consumption current	Icc	No signal		4.0	6.0	mA
	Standby current consumption	Iscc			0	10	μA
	Threshold voltage	Vth		0.40	0.65	0.80	V
Compressor - unit -	Input reference level	Vinc	Voc=100mVrms, VIN=0dB	8.0	13.5	18.0	mVrms
	Gain error *	Gc1	VIN=-20dB	-0.5	0	0.5	dB
	Gainenor	Gc2	VIN=-40dB	-1.0	0	1.0	dB
	Distortion	THDc	VIN=0dB		0.3	1.0	%
	Output noise voltage	Vnc	No signal (CCITT)		2.5	5.0	mVrms
	Mute attenuation	Attc	VIN=0dB, C.MUTE SW : ON	40	50		dB
	Limit voltage	Vlimc	THD=10%	700	800	900	mV _{p-p}
	DATA pin voltage gain	Gdata	C. MUTE SW : ON, VIN=0dB	-0.5	0	0.5	dB
	DATA pin maximum output	VD max.	C.MUTE SW : ON, THD=10%	800	900		mVrms
	Crosstalk	СТс	EXPVIN=0dB	28	33		dB
	Ripple rejection ratio	RRc	VR=100mVrms, fr=1kHz	18	23		dB
Expander unit	Input reference level	Vine	Voe=100mVrms, VIN=0dB	25	35	50	mVrms
		Ge1	VIN=-10dB	-0.5	0	0.5	dB
	Gain error difference *	Ge2	VIN=-20dB	-1.0	0	1.0	dB
		Ge3	VIN=-30dB	-1.5	0	1.5	dB
	Distortion	THDe	VIN=0dB		0.15	1.0	%
	Maximum output voltage	Ve max.	THD=10%	600	800		mVrms
	Output noise voltage	Vne	No signal (CCITT)		20	40	μVrms
	Mute attenuation	Atte	VIN=0dB, C. MUTE SW : ON	60	70		dB
	Input amp voltage gain	GI	VIN=0dB	14.6	15.6	16.6	dB
	Input amp maximum output	Veo max.	THD=10%	0.90	1.10		Vrms
	Crosstalk	СТе	COMPVIN=0dB	60	75		dB
	Ripple rejection ratio	RRe	VR=100mVrms, fr=1kHz	50	60		dB

Electrical Characteristics (Except where noted otherwise, Ta=25°C, Vcc=3V, fin=1kHz)

*Gain error difference = (Vout (dBv)+20dB) $-V_{IN}$ (dB) \times G (dB) G : COMP=0.5, EXP=2

Function Description

1. Compressor unit

The compressor unit consists of the mike amp, compressor, limiter circuit, data amp, and mute circuit. The mike amp gain can be adjusted through an external resistance, and so the mike amp can be connected directly to a microphone. An internal limiter circuit to prevent overmodulation as well as a data amp (0dB amp) enabling transmission of data signals without compression are also provided. Switching between audio signals and data signals is possible using the compressor mute switch.

2. Expander unit

The expander unit consists of an input amp, expander, and mute circuit.

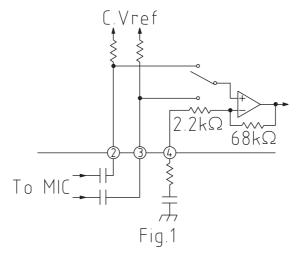
The input amp makes available all input and output signals at pins, and so can be used freely as an amplifier, filter amp, or data amp. When used as a data amp, the expander mute switch can be set so that the expander output is nearly silent.

About Application Circuits

1. Mike amp

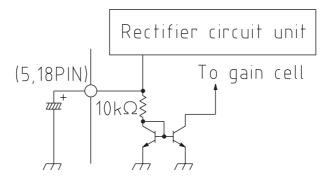
The compressor unit mike amp is exposed to circuits outside the IC via positive and negative input pins. The positive input pin is connected to C.Vref by a bias resistance of $100k\Omega$, so that no external bias is needed.

When pin 4 is open the gain is lowest, and an input voltage of approx. 13.5Vrms is the reference level. When the external resistance is 0Ω , the gain is maximum. The internal configuration appears in Fig. 1.



2. Rectifier circuit unit (rectifier)

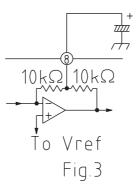
The product of the external capacitance and the internal resistance ($10k\Omega$) determines the time constants for the attack and release times.



3. Compressor amp

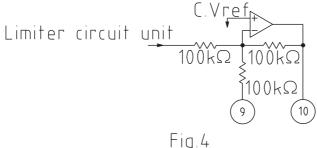
The compressor amp requires that the DC gain be unity and the AC gain be infinite. In order to satisfy this requirement, AC feedback is eliminated and only DC feedback is used. In order that only DC feedback be present, a capacitor to eliminate AC components is connected to pin 8. The cutoff frequency is determined by the product with the internal resistance ($100k\Omega$).

Fig.2



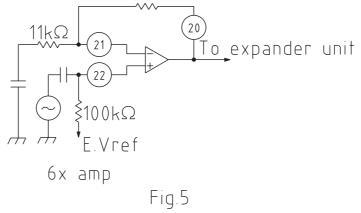
4. Compressor data amp

The data amp uses an inverting amp. The internal input resistance is $100k\Omega$, and the DC bias voltage is 1.3V. The compressor mute switch at pin 15 is used to switch between data signals and audio signals.



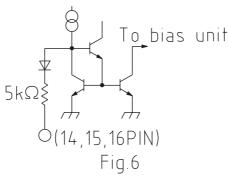
5. Expander input amp

The positive and negative input pins and the output pin are exposed to circuitry outside the IC. The expander input amp can be used as a signal amplifier, a buffer amplifier, and a filter amp. By taking the signal from this amp's output pin, the data signal can be obtained without passing through the expander. If the expander mute switch is turned on, this signal can be prevented from appearing in the expander output.



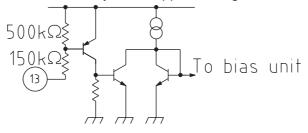
6. Mike amp input switch and mute switches

The internal equivalent circuit for each of these switches appears in Fig. 6.



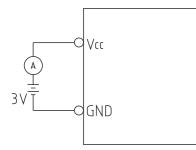
7. Standby switch

The internal equivalent circuit for the standby switch appears in Fig. 7.

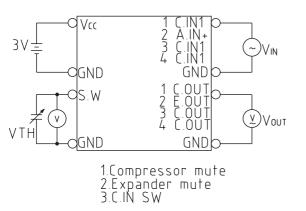


Measuring Circuit (Except where noted otherwise, fin=1kHz)

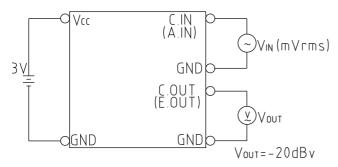
1. Consumption current



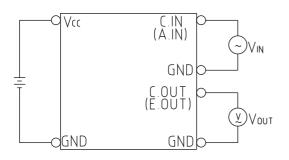
2. Threshold voltage



3. Input reference level



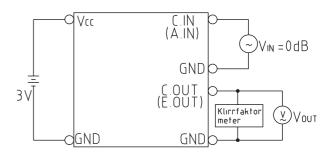
4. Gain error difference



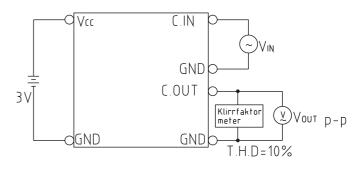
Gain error difference= (Vout (dBv) -20dB) $-V_{IN}$ (dB) \times G (G=COMP=0.5, EXP=2)

Gain error difference (1) Gc1=-20dB, Ge1=-10dB Gain error difference (2) Gc2=-40dB, Ge2=-20dB Gain error difference (3) Ge3=-30dB

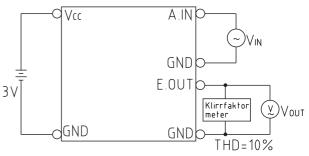
5. Distortion



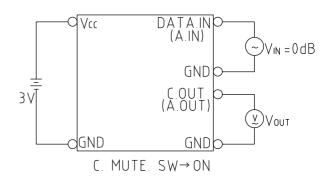
6. Limit voltage



7. Maximum output voltage



8. DATA pin/Input amp voltage gain



9. DATA pin/Input amp maximum output

