

# SIEMENS

## TV SAT IF-FM-Demodulator

TDA 6149-5X

### Preliminary Data

Bipolar IC

### Features

- Input sensitivity approx. – 40 dBm
- Symmetrical, low impedance IF input
- One AFC output providing DC voltage S-curve
- Reduced external components.



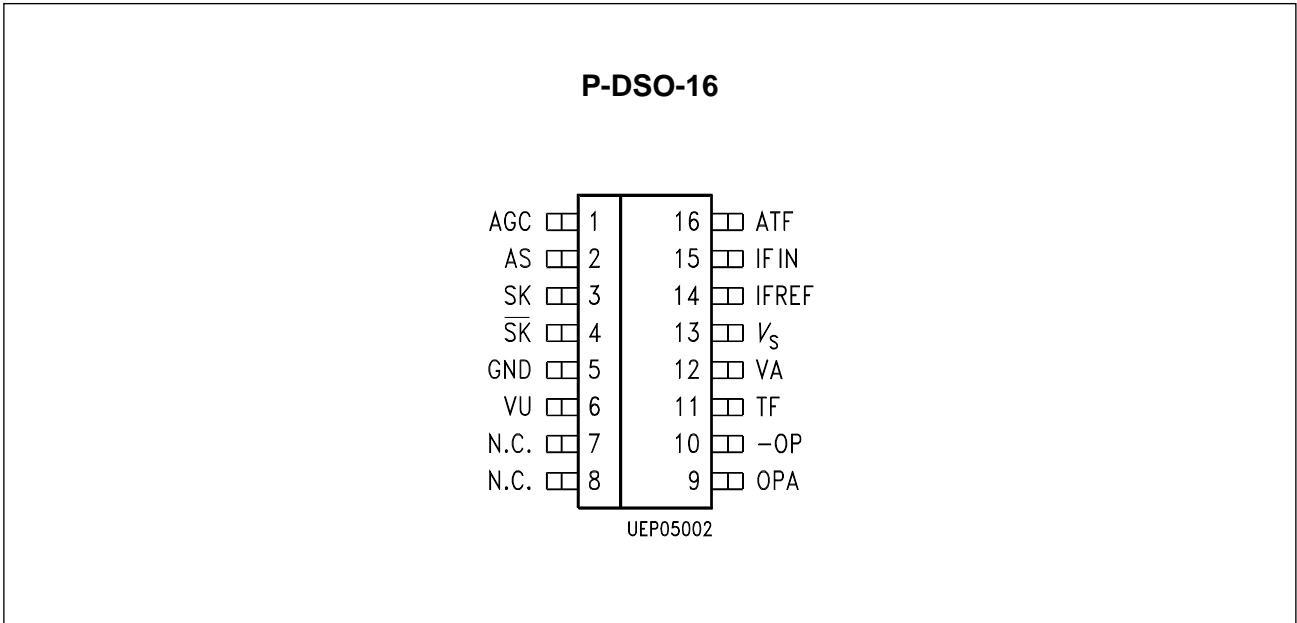
Type	Ordering Code	Package
TDA 6149-5X	Q67000-A5174	P-DSO-16-1 (SMD)

Amplifier and IF demodulator for satellite applications, consisting of: two-stage limiter amplifier; divider by 4; video amplifier; automatic gain control; AFC stage; reverse polarity switch for video signals.

### Application

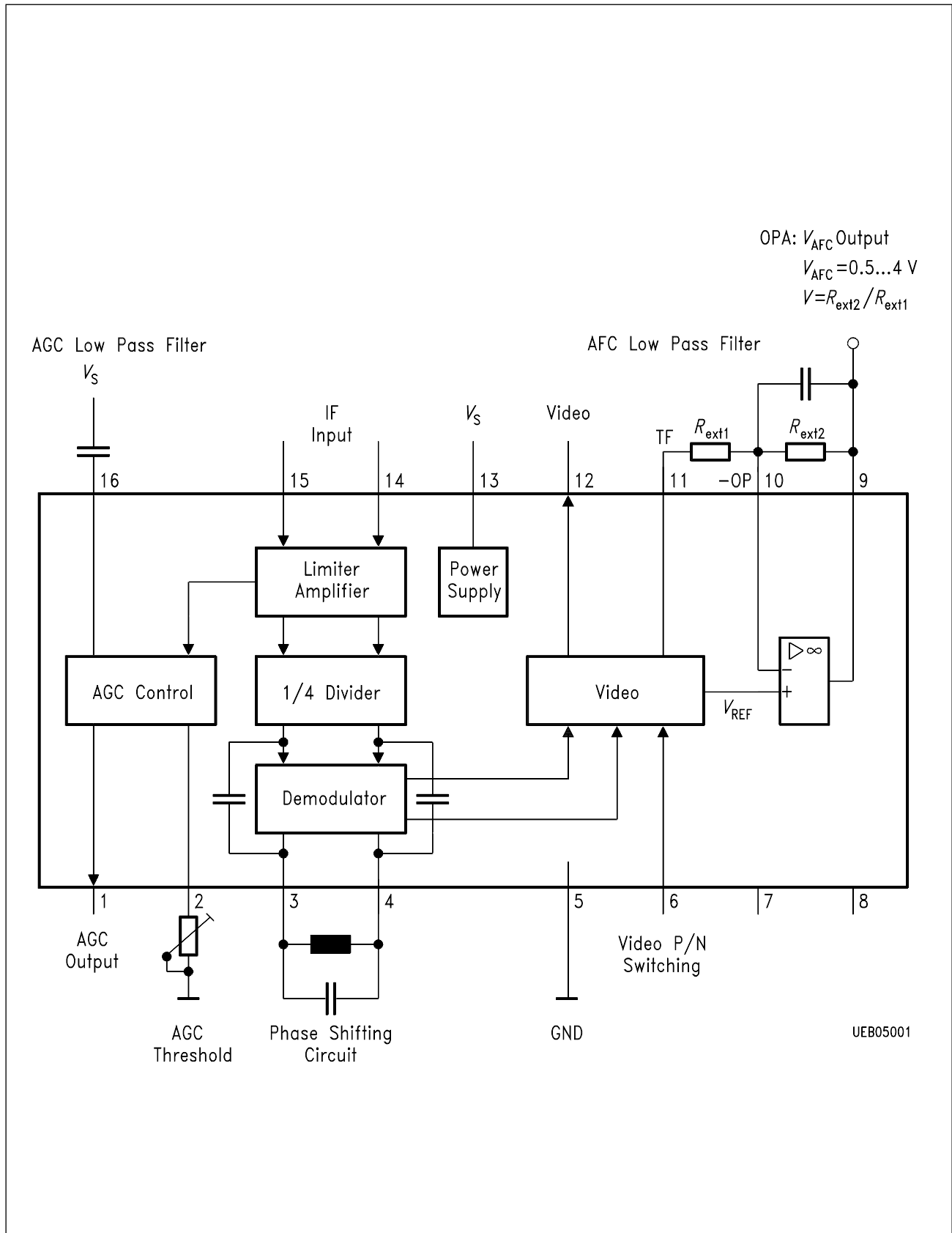
Used in satellite indoor units.

## Pin Configuration (top view)



## Pin Definitions and Functions

Pin No.	Symbol	Function
1	AGC	AGC-control voltage output
2	AS	AGC-threshold adjust
3	SK	Demodulator tank circuit
4	SK̄	Demodulator tank circuit
5	GND	Ground
6	VP	Video polarity switch input for positive or negative modulation
7	N.C.	N.C.
8	N.C.	N.C.
9	OPA	V <sub>AFC</sub> output voltage
10	- OP	Inverting input of the operating amplifier
11	TF	Video output for OP
12	VA	Video output
13	V <sub>S</sub>	Supply voltage
14	IFREF	IF-reference input
15	IFIN	IF-input
16	ATF	AGC-low pass filter



Block Diagram

## **Circuit Description**

By capacitive coupling, the FM modulated satellite IF signal is fed into the input of a symmetrical limiter amplifier. Asymmetrical operation of this limiter amplifier is also possible, if one of the two inputs is blocked against high frequency signals. The output signal of the amplifier is divided by four and sent directly as well as phase shifted to the quadrature demodulator and a following video amplifier. The phase shifting is done using an external LC tank circuit.

The AFC signal is derived from the video output by means of a low pass filter. The response of the AFC can be adjusted by means of external components connected to an internal operational amplifier.

The information for the field strength of the FM modulated IF satellite signal is available as a DC voltage at the AGC output. The AGC threshold can be adjusted by a potentiometer.

The polarity of the demodulated video signal can be inverted by an external switching voltage fed into the polarity switch input (pin 6).

**Absolute Maximum Ratings** $T_A = 0$  to  $70$  °C

Parameter	Symbol	Limit Values		Unit	Remarks
		min.	max.		
Supply voltage	$V_S$	0	6	V	
AGC-control voltage output	$V_1$	1	13	V	Open collector
AGC-threshold input	$V_2$	0.3	2	V	
Demodulator LC-circuit input	$V_{3,4}$	- 0.3	3		
Video P/N-switching	$V_6$	- 0.3	6	V	
AFC-output	$V_9$	0	5	V	
- OP	$V_{10}$	2	3	V	
low pass output	$V_{11}$	1	5	V	
Capacity value	$C_{9,10}$	0	1	$\mu$ F	
Video output	$V_{12}$	1	5	V	
IF-inputs	$V_{14,15}$	- 0.3	3	V	
AGC-low pass filter	$V_{16}$	- 0.3	5	V	
Junction temperature	$T_j$		150	°C	
Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$	- 40	125	°C	
Thermal resistance	$R_{th SA}$		125	K/W	

ESD-integrity (according MIL-Std 883 D, methode 3015.7): 1000-1999 V

exception: The pins #9 and #11 are not protected against voltage stress &gt;500 V.

**Operating Range**

Supply voltage	$V_S$	4.5	5.5	V
Input frequency range	$f_{15}$	300	900	MHz
Ambient temperature during operation	$T_A$	0	70	°C

### Characteristics

$T_A = 25\text{ °C}$ ;  $V_S = 5\text{ V}$  (test circuit 1)

Parameter	Symbol	Limit Values			Unit	Test Condition
		min.	typ.	max.		
Power consumption	$I_S$	30	40	50	mA	

### Input Sensitivity

IF-input	$a_{15}$	- 40		3	dBm	$f_{15} = 480\text{ MHz}$
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### Video Output

Video voltage ( $\Delta f = 13.5\text{ MHz}$ )	$V_{12}$	300		700	mV	
Distortion factor	$THD$		< 1		%	
Signal/noise ratio	$S/N$		70		dB	

### Video P/N-Switching

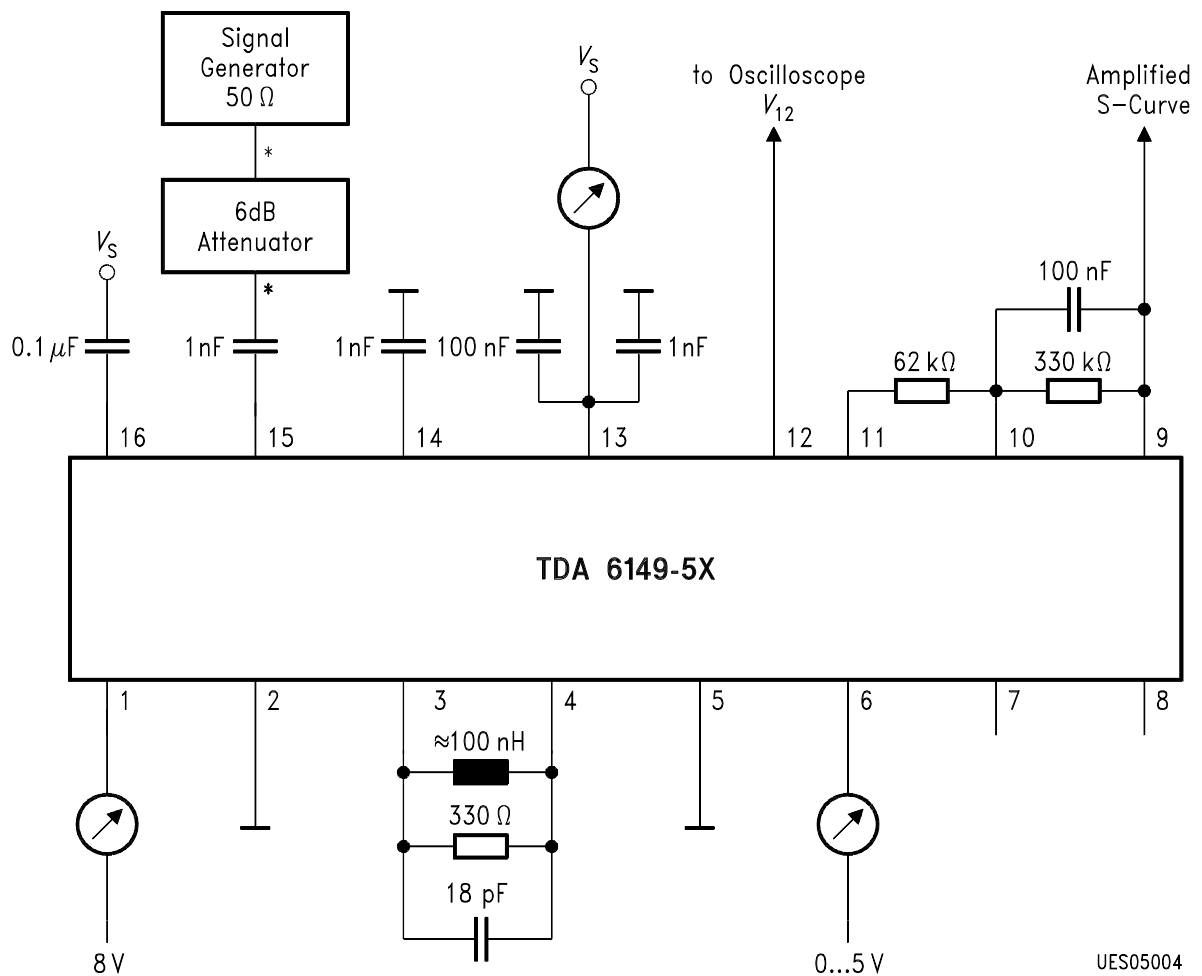
Positive polarity Input current	$V_6$ $I_{6H}$	3.5		50	V $\mu\text{A}$	
Negative polarity Input current	$V_6$ $I_{6L}$			1 - 50	V $\mu\text{A}$	

### AGC-Current (Open-collector current limited)

$a_{15} = - 22\text{ dBm}$	$I_1$		10		$\mu\text{A}$	$V_1 = 8\text{ V}$ Pin 2 on ground
$a_{15} = - 8\text{ dBm}$	$I_1$		500		$\mu\text{A}$	$V_1 = 8\text{ V}$ Pin 2 on ground

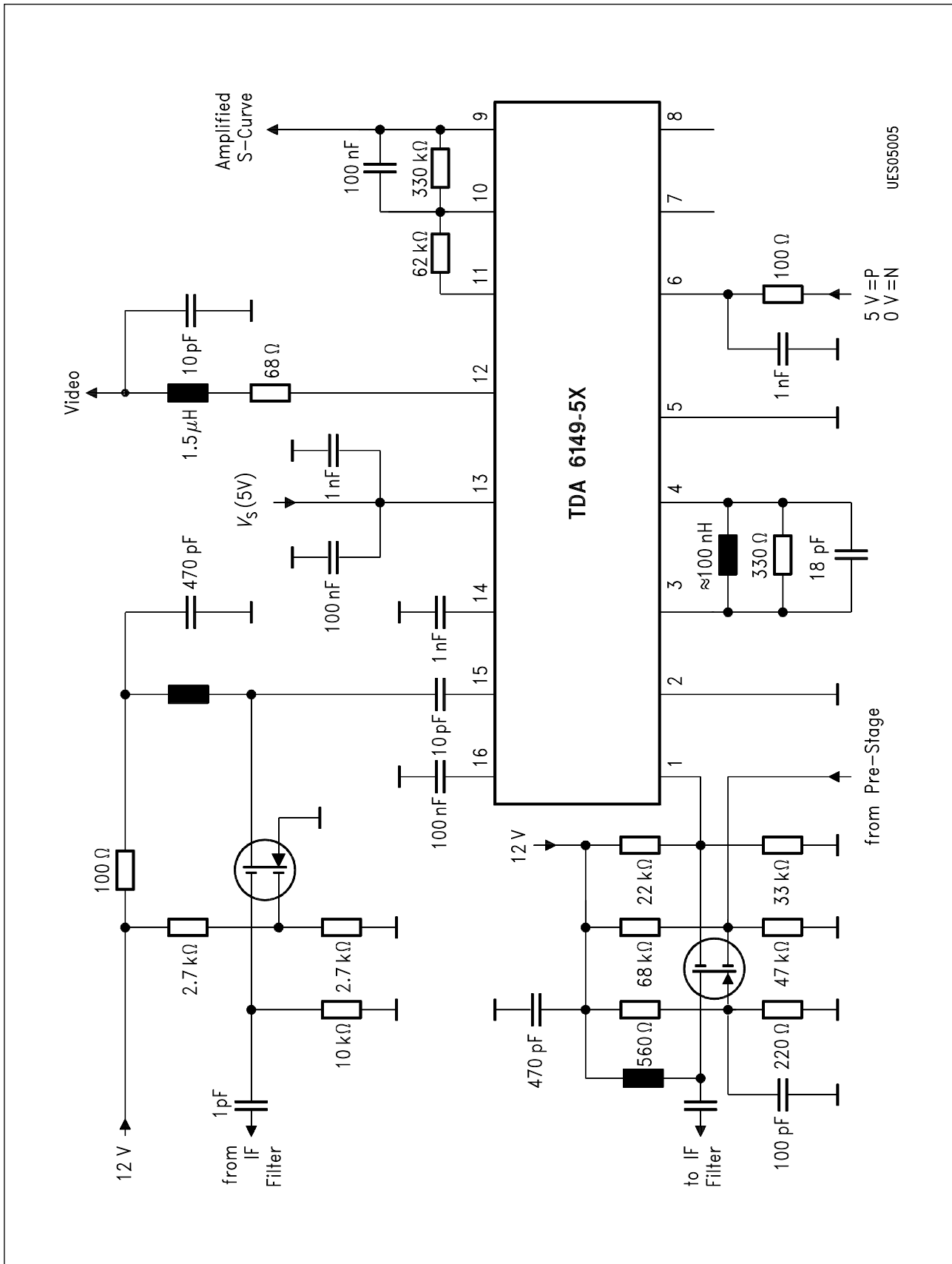
### AFC-S-Curve

$f_{15} = 480\text{ MHz}$	$V_9$		2.2		V	$R_{\text{ext.1}} = 62\text{ k}\Omega$ $R_{\text{ext.1}} = 330\text{ k}\Omega$
$f_{15} = 480\text{ MHz}$ +15 MHz	$V_9$		0		V	$R_{L9} = \infty$ , $V_6 = 0\text{ V}$
$f_{15} = 480\text{ MHz}$ - 15 MHz	$V_9$		4		V	$R_{L9} = \infty$ , $V_6 = 0\text{ V}$
Temperature coeff.	$\Delta V_9/\Delta T$		- 4.2		mV/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$	$R_{L9} = \infty$ , $T_C$ of the LC-circuit at Pin 3, 4 = 0



\* no cable

Test Circuit 1



UES05005

Application Circuit



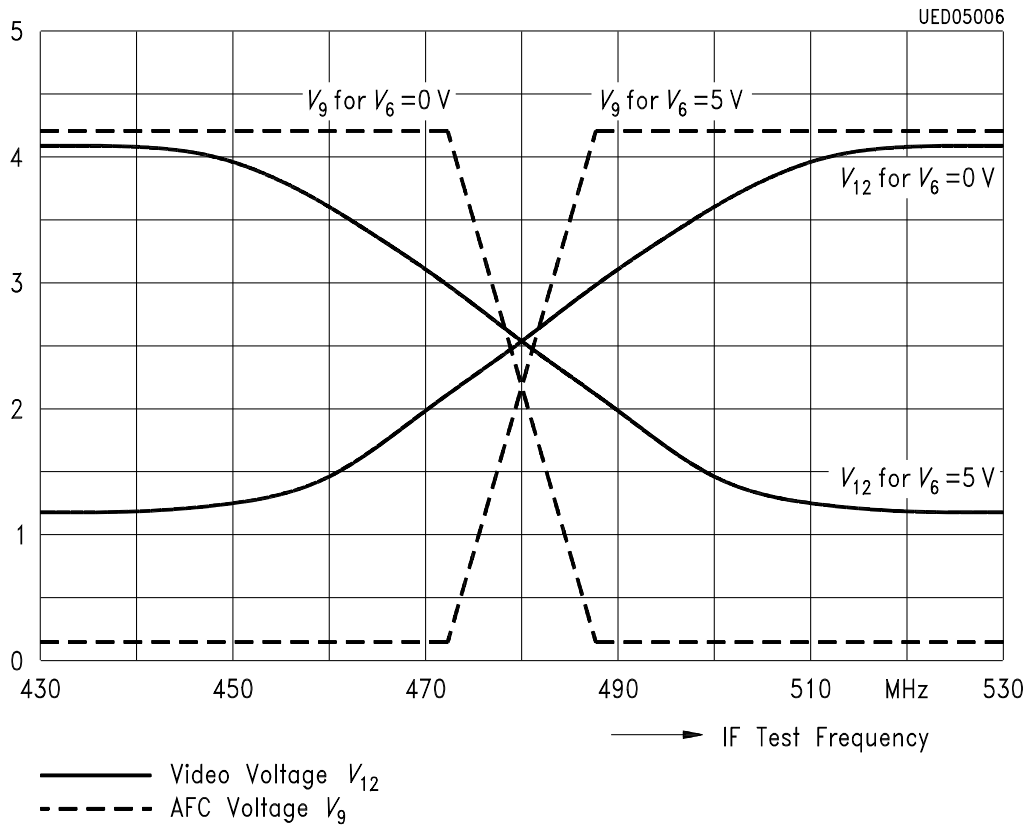


Diagram 1

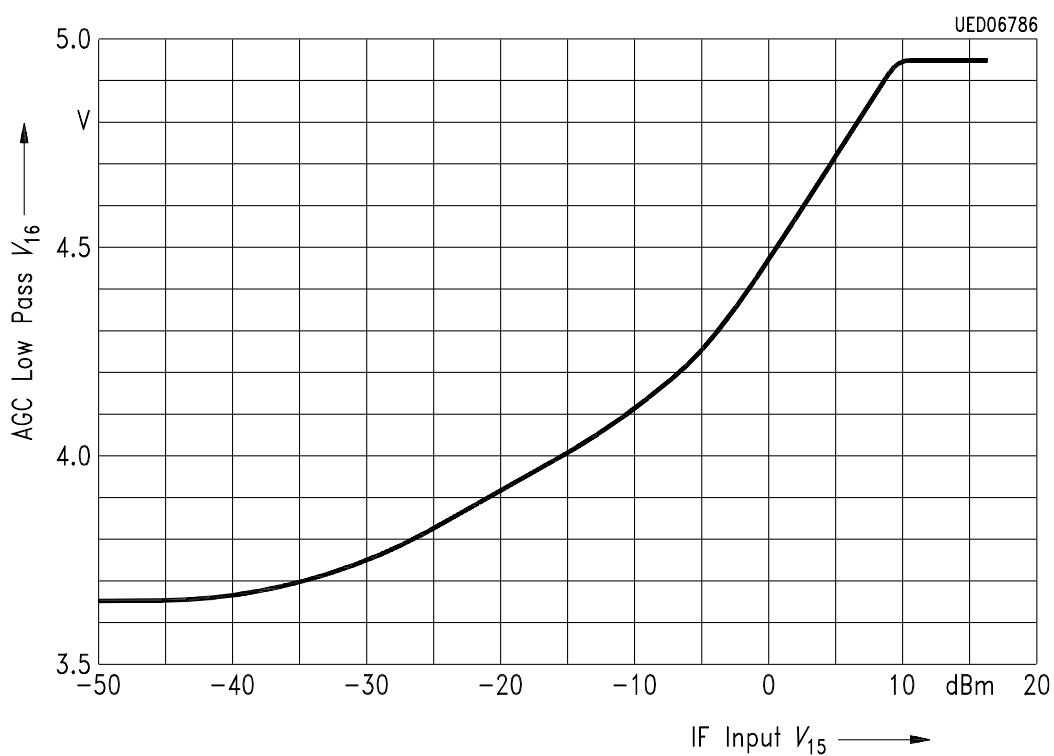


Diagram 2