

FEATURES

- Low Operating Voltage $\pm 5\text{V}$ to $\pm 15\text{V}$
- $500\mu\text{A}$ Supply Current
- Zero Supply Current when Shut Down
- Outputs can be Driven $\pm 30\text{V}$
- Output "Open" when Off (3-State)
- 10mA Output Drive
- Pin Compatible with 1488
- Output of Several Devices can be Paralleled

APPLICATIONS

- RS232 Driver
- Micropower Interface
- Level Translator

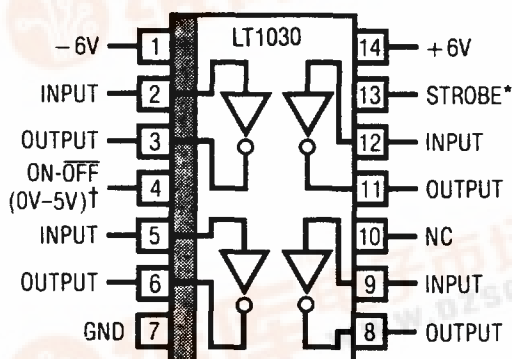
DESCRIPTION

The LT1030 is an RS232 line driver that operates over a $\pm 5\text{V}$ to $\pm 15\text{V}$ range on low supply current and can be shut down to zero supply current. Outputs are fully protected from externally applied voltages of $\pm 30\text{V}$ by current limiting. Since the output swings to within 200mV of the positive supply and 1V of the negative supply, power supply needs are minimized.

A major advantage of the LT1030 is the high impedance output state when off or powered down, which allows several different drivers on the same bus.

TYPICAL APPLICATION

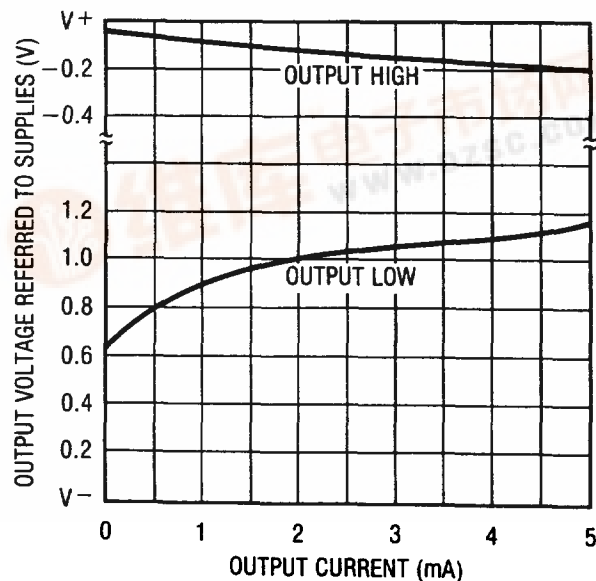
RS232 Line Driver



*NO CONNECTION NEEDED WHEN NOT USED.

†5V = ON.

Output Swing vs Output Current



LT1030CS

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Supply Voltage	$\pm 15V$
Logic Input Pins	V^- to 25V
On-Off Pin	GND to 12V
Output (Forced)	$V^- + 30V, V^+ - 30V$
Short Circuit Duration (to $\pm 30V$)	Indefinite
Operating Temperature Range	
LT1030C	$0^\circ C$ to $70^\circ C$
Guaranteed Functional by Design	$-25^\circ C$ to $85^\circ C$
Storage Temperature	$-65^\circ C$ to $150^\circ C$
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec)	$300^\circ C$

PACKAGE/ORDER INFORMATION

	ORDER PART NUMBER
	LT1030CS
	PART MARKING
	LT1030CS

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Supply Voltage = $\pm 5V$ to $\pm 15V$)

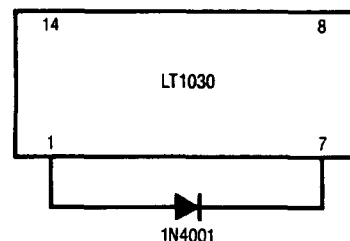
PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Supply Current	$V_{ON-OFF} \geq 2.4V, I_{OUT} = 0, \text{ All Outputs Low}$	●	500	1000	μA
Power Supply Leakage Current	$V_{ON-OFF} \leq 0.4V$	●	1	10	μA
	$V_{ON-OFF} \leq 0.1V$	●	10	150	μA
Output Voltage Swing	Load = 2mA				
	Positive	$V^+ - 0.3V$	$V^+ - 0.1V$		V
	Negative		$V^- + 0.9V$	$V^- + 1.4V$	V
Output Current	$V_{SUPPLY} \pm 5V \text{ to } \pm 15V$	5	12		mA
Output Overload Voltage (Forced)	Operating or Shutdown	●	$V^+ - 30V$	$V^- + 30V$	V
Output Current	Shutdown $V_{OUT} = \pm 30V$		2	100	μA
Input Overload Voltage (Forced)	Operating or Shutdown	●	V^-	15	V
Logic Input Levels	Low Input ($V_{OUT} = \text{High}$)	●	1.4	0.8	V
	High Input ($V_{OUT} = \text{Low}$)	●	2	1.4	V
Logic Input Current	$V_{IN} > 2.0V$		2	20	μA
	$V_{IN} < 0.8V$		10	20	μA
On-Off Pin Current	$0 \leq V_{IN} \leq 5V$	●	-10	30	μA
Slew Rate		4	15	30	V/ μS

The ● denotes specifications which apply over the operating temperature range.

Note 1: 3V applied to the strobe pin will force all outputs low. Strobe pin input impedance is about 2k to ground. Leave open when not used.

PIN FUNCTIONS

PIN	FUNCTION	COMMENT
1	Minus Supply	Operates $-2V$ to $-15V$
2,5,9,12	Logic Input	Operates properly on TTL or CMOS levels. Output valid from $(V^- + 2V) \leq V_{IN} \leq 15V$. Connect to 5V when not used.
3,6,8,11	Output	Line drive output.
4	On-Off	Shuts down entire circuit. Cannot be left open. For "normally on" operation, connect between 5V-10V.
7	Ground	Ground must be more positive than V^-
13	Strobe	Forces all outputs low. Drive with 3V.
14		Positive supply 5V to 15V.



Note: As with other bipolar ICs, forward biasing the substrate diode can cause problems. The LT1030 will draw high current from V^+ to ground if the V^- pin is open circuited or pulled above ground. If this is possible, connecting a diode from V^- to ground will prevent the high current state. Any low cost diode can be used.