

SLVS363B - AUGUST 2001 - REVISED SEPTEMBER 2004

#### features

- Precision Supply Voltage Supervision Range: 0.9 V, 1.2 V, 1.5 V, 1.6 V, 2 V. 3.3 V
- High Trip Point Accuracy: 0.75%
- Supply Current of 1.2 μA (Typ)
- RESET Defined With Input Voltages as Low as 0.4 V
- Power On Reset Generator With a Delay Time of 130 ms
- Push/Pull or Open-Drain RESET Outputs
- SOT23-6 Package
- Temperature Range . . . –40°C to 85°C

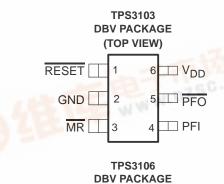
#### typical applications

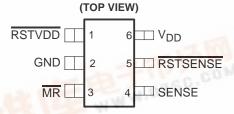
- Applications Using Low-Power DSPs, Microcontrollers or Microprocessors
- Portable/Battery-Powered Equipment
- Intelligent Instruments
- Wireless Communication Systems
- Programmable Controls
- Industrial Equipment
- Notebook/Desktop Computers
- Automotive Systems

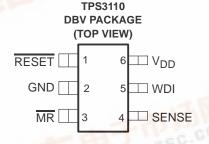
#### description

The TPS310x, TPS311x families of supervisory circuits provide circuit initialization and timing supervision, primarily for DSP and processor-based systems.

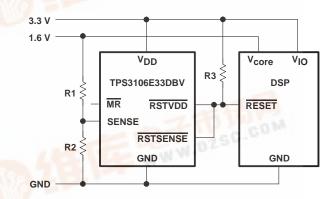
During power on,  $\overline{\text{RESET}}$  is asserted when the supply voltage (V<sub>DD</sub>) becomes higher than 0.4 V. Thereafter, the supervisory circuit monitors V<sub>DD</sub> and keeps the  $\overline{\text{RESET}}$  output active as long as V<sub>DD</sub> remains below the threshold voltage (V<sub>IT</sub>). An internal timer delays the return of the output to the inactive state to ensure proper system reset. The delay time starts after V<sub>DD</sub> has risen above the V<sub>IT</sub>. When the V<sub>DD</sub> drops below the V<sub>IT</sub>, the output becomes active again.







### typical application circuit



All the devices of this family have a fixed-sense threshold voltage (V<sub>IT</sub>) set by an internal voltage divider.

All trade

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## **ULTRALOW SUPPLY-CURRENT/SUPPLY-VOLTAGE SUPERVISORY CIRCUITS**



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#### description (continued)

The TPS3103 and TPS3106 have an active-low, open drain  $\overline{\text{RESET}}$  output. The TPS3110 has an active-low push/pull  $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ .

The product spectrum is designed for supply voltages of 0.9 V up to 3.3 V. The circuits are available in a 6-pin SOT-23 package. The TPS31xx family is characterized for operation over a temperature range of  $-40^{\circ}$ C to  $85^{\circ}$ C.

#### **AVAILABLE OPTIONS**

DEVICE	RESET OUTPUT	RSTSENSE, RSTVDD OUTPUT	SENSE INPUT	WDI INPUT	PFO OUTPUT
TPS3103	Open drain				Open drain
TPS3106		Open drain	<b>/</b>		
TPS3110	✓ Push-pull		V	V	

#### **PACKAGE INFORMATION**

TA	DEVICE	NAME	THRESHOLD VOLTAGE, VIT	MARKING
	TPS3103E12DBVR <sup>‡</sup>	TPS3103E12DBVT§	1.142 V	PFWI
	TPS3103E15DBVR <sup>‡</sup>	TPS3103E15DBVT§	1.434 V	PFXI
	TPS3103H20DBVR <sup>‡</sup>	TPS3103H20DBVT§	1.84 V	PFYI
	TPS3103K33DBVR <sup>‡</sup>	TPS3103K33DBVT§	2.941 V	PGRI
	TPS3106E09DBVR <sup>†‡</sup>	TPS3106E09DBVT§	0.86 V	PFZI
-40°C to 85°C	TPS3106E16DBVR <sup>‡</sup>	TPS3106E16DBVT§	1.521 V	PGSI
	TPS3106K33DBVR <sup>‡</sup>	TPS3106K33DBVT§	2.941 V	PGBI
	TPS3110E09DBVR‡	TPS3110E09DBVT§	0.86 V	PGII
	TPS3110E12DBVR <sup>‡</sup>	TPS3110E12DBVT§	1.142 V	PGJI
	TPS3110E15DBVR <sup>‡</sup>	TPS3110E15DBVT§	1.434 V	PGKI
	TPS3110K33DBVR <sup>†‡</sup>	TPS3110K33DBVT§	2.941 V	PGLI

<sup>†</sup> TPS3106E09 and TPS3110K33 will be available in August 2001; all other versions will be available in October 2001.

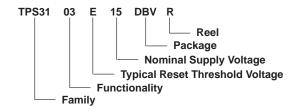
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>‡</sup>The DBVR passive indicates tape and reel of 3000 parts.

 $<sup>\</sup>$  The DBVT passive indicates tape and reel of 250 parts.



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## ordering information



DEVICE NAME	NOMINAL SUPPLY VOLTAGE, V <sub>N(dc)</sub>	DEVICE NAME	TYPICAL RESET THRESHOLD VOLTAGE, VIT
TPS310xx09DBV TPS311xx09DBV	0.9 V	TPS310XEXXDBV TPS311XEXXDBV	V <sub>N(dc)</sub> – 5%
TPS310xx12DBV TPS311xx12DBV	1.2 V	TPS310XHXXDBV	V <sub>N(dc)</sub> – 8%
TPS310xx15DBV TPS311xx15DBV	1.5 V	TPS310XKXXDBV TPS311XKXXDBV	V <sub>N(dc)</sub> - 11%
TPS310xx16DBV	1.6 V		
TPS310xx20DBV	2 V		
TPS310xx33DBV- TPS311xx33DBV	3.3 V		

#### **Function Tables**

#### TPS3110<sup>†</sup>

MR	V(SENSE) > 0.551 V	$V_{DD} > V_{IT}$	RESET
L	Х	Х	L
Н	0	0	L
Н	0	1	L
Н	1	0	L
Н	1	1	Н

<sup>†</sup> Function of watchdog-timer not shown

#### TPS3103

MR	V <sub>(PFI)</sub> > 0.551 V	V <sub>DD</sub> > V <sub>IT</sub>	RESET	PFO
L	0	x	L	L
L	1	x	L	Н
Н	0	0	L	L
Н	0	1	Н	L
Н	1	0	L	Н
Н	1	1	Н	Н

#### **TPS3106**

MR	V(SENSE) > 0.551 V	V <sub>DD</sub> > V <sub>IT</sub>	RSTVDD	RSTSENSE
L	Х	Х	L	L
Н	0	0	L	L
Н	0	1	Н	L
Н	1	0	L	Н
Н	1	1	Н	Н

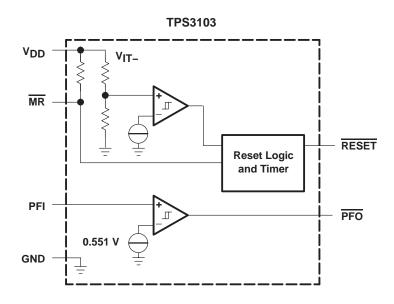
x = Don't care

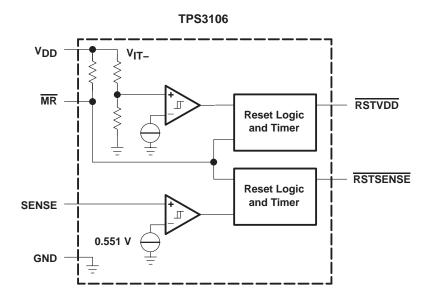
## **ULTRALOW SUPPLY-CURRENT/SUPPLY-VOLTAGE SUPERVISORY CIRCUITS**



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## functional block diagram



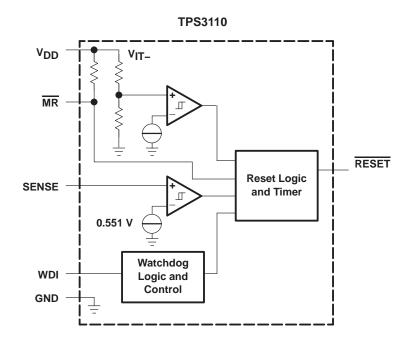






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## functional block diagram (continued)



# **ULTRALOW SUPPLY-CURRENT/SUPPLY-VOLTAGE SUPERVISORY CIRCUITS**



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## timing diagram

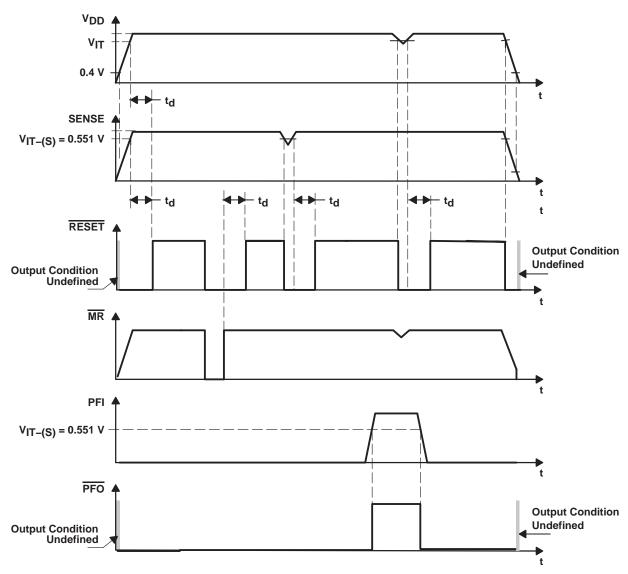


Figure 1. Timing Diagram for TPS3103



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## timing diagram

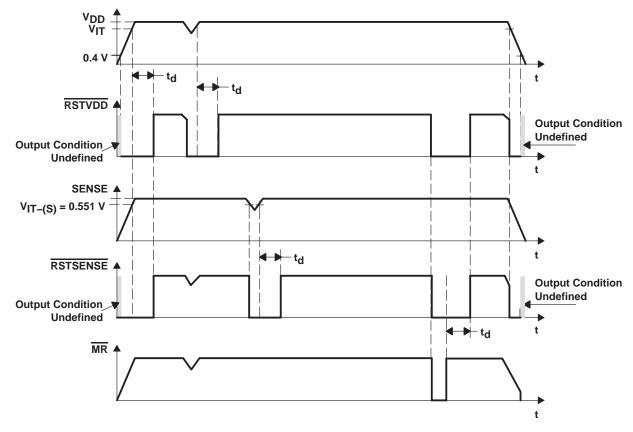


Figure 2. Timing Diagram for TPS3106

# **ULTRALOW SUPPLY-CURRENT/SUPPLY-VOLTAGE SUPERVISORY CIRCUITS**



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## timing diagram

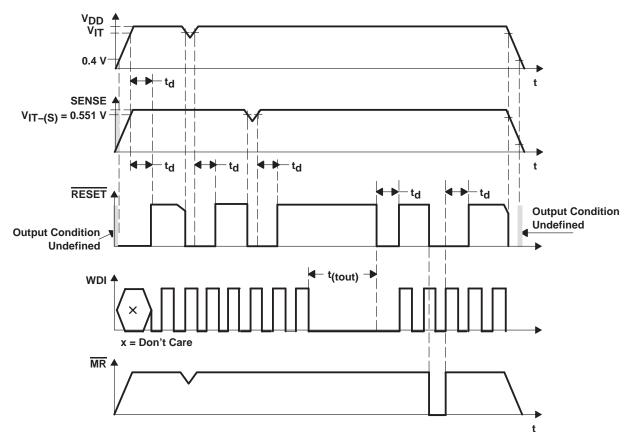


Figure 3. Timing Diagram for TPS3110





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#### **Terminal Functions**

	TERMINAL			DECODINE		
NAME	PART	NO.	I/O			
GND	ALL	2		GND		
MR	ALL	3	I	Manual-reset input. Pull low to force a reset. RESET remains low as long as MR is low and for the timeout period after MR goes high. Leave unconnected or connect to VDD when unused.		
PFI	TPS3103	4	I	Power-fail input compares to 0.551 V with no additional delay. Connect to V <sub>DD</sub> if not used.		
PFO	TPS3103	5	0	Power-fail output. Goes high when voltage at PFI rises above 0.551 V.		
RESET	TPS3103 TPS3110	1	0	Active-low reset output. Either push-pull or open-drain output stage		
RSTSENSE	TPS3106	5	0	Active-low reset output. Logic level at RSTSENSE only depends on the voltage at SENSE and the status of MR.		
RSTVDD	TPS3106	1	0	Active-low reset output. Logic level at $\overline{\text{RSTVDD}}$ only depends on the voltage at $V_{DD}$ and the status of $\overline{\text{MR}}$ .		
SENSE	TPS3106 TPS3110	4 4	I	A reset will be asserted if the voltage at SENSE is lower than 0.551 V. Connect to $V_{\mbox{\scriptsize DD}}$ if unused		
$V_{DD}$	ALL	6		Supply voltage. Powers the device and monitors its own voltage		
WDI	TPS3110	5	I	Watchdog timer input. If WDI remains high or low longer than the time-out period, then reset is triggered. The timer clears when reset is asserted or when WDI sees a rising edge or a falling edge.		

#### detailed description

#### watchdog

The TPS3110 device integrates a watchdog timer that must be periodically triggered by a positive or negative transition of WDI. When the supervising system fails to retrigger the watchdog circuit within the time-out interval, RESET becomes active for the time period (t<sub>d</sub>). This event also reinitializes the watchdog timer.

#### manual reset (MR)

Many  $\mu$ C-based products require manual-reset capability, allowing <u>an</u> operator or logic circuitry to initiate a <u>reset</u>. Logic low at  $\overline{\text{MR}}$  asserts reset. Reset remains asserted while  $\overline{\text{MR}}$  is low and for a time period (t<sub>d</sub>) after  $\overline{\text{MR}}$  returns high. The input has an internal 100-k $\Omega$  pull-up resistor, so it can be left open if it is unused.

Connect a normally open momentary switch from  $\overline{\text{MR}}$  to GND to create a manual reset function. External debounce is not required. If  $\overline{\text{MR}}$  is driven from long cables or if the device is used in noisy environments, connecting a 0.1- $\mu$ F capacitor from  $\overline{\text{MR}}$  to GND provides additional noise immunity.

#### PFI, PFO

The TPS3103 has an integrated power-fail (PFI) comparator with a separate open drain (PFO) output can be used for low-battery detection, power-fail warning, or for monitoring a power supply other than the main supply.

An additional comparator is provided to monitor voltages other than the nominal supply voltage. The power-fail input (PFI) will be compared with an internal voltage reference of 0.551 V. If the input voltage falls below the power-fail threshold ( $V_{IT-(S)}$ ), the power-fail output (PFO) goes low. If it goes above 0.551 V plus approximately 15-mV hysteresis, the output returns to high. By connecting two external resistors, it is possible to supervise any voltage above 0.551 V. The sum of both resistors should be approximately 1 M $\Omega$ , to minimize power consumption and to assure that the current into the PFI pin can be neglected compared with the current through the resistor network. The tolerance of the external resistors should be not more than 1% to ensure minimal variation of sensed voltage. If the power-fail comparator is unused, connect PFI to GND and leave  $\overline{\text{PFO}}$  unconnected. For proper operation of the PFI-comparator the supply voltage ( $V_{DD}$ ) must be higher than 0.8 V.

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#### **SENSE**

The voltage at the SENSE input is compared with a reference voltage of 0.551 V. If the voltage at SENSE falls below the sense-threshold  $(V_{IT-(S)})$ , reset is asserted. On the TPS3106, a dedicated RSTSENSE output is available. On the TPS3110, the logic signal from SENSE is OR-wired with the logic signal from  $V_{DD}$  or  $\overline{MR}$ . An internal timer delays the return of the output to the inactive state, once the voltage at SENSE goes above 0.551 V plus about 15 mV of hysteresis. For proper operation of the SENSE-comparator, the supply voltage must be higher than 0.8 V.

# ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS OVER OPERATING FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE (UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED)(1)

Supply voltage, V <sub>DD</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	3.6 V
All other pins (2)	
Maximum low output current, I <sub>OL</sub>	5 mA
Maximum high output current, IOH	–5 mA
Input clamp current, $I_{IK}$ ( $V_I < 0$ or $V_I > V_{DD}$ )	±10 mA
Output clamp current, I <sub>OK</sub> (V <sub>O</sub> < 0 or V <sub>O</sub> > V <sub>DD</sub> )	±10 mA
Continuous total power dissipation	See Dissipation Rating Table
Operating free-air temperature range, T <sub>A</sub>	–40°C to 85°C
Storage temperature range, T <sub>stq</sub>	–65°C to 150°C
Soldering temperature	

<sup>(1)</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

#### **DISSIPATION RATING TABLE**

PACKAGE	$T_{\mbox{A}} \le 25^{\circ}\mbox{C}$ POWER RATING	DERATING FACTOR ABOVE T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	T <sub>A</sub> = 70°C POWER RATING	T <sub>A</sub> = 85°C POWER RATING
DBV	437 mW	3.5 mW/°C	280 mW	227 mW

#### recommended operating conditions

	MIN	MAX	UNIT
Supply voltage, V <sub>DD</sub> (1)	0.4	3.3	V
Input voltage, V <sub>I</sub>	0	V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.3	V
High-level input voltage, V <sub>IH</sub> at MR, WDI	$0.7 \times V_{DD}$		V
Low-level input voltage, V <sub>IL</sub> at MR, WDI		$0.3 \times V_{DD}$	V
Input transition rise and fall rate at $\Delta t/\Delta V$ at MR, WDI		100	ns/V
Operating free-air temperature range, T <sub>A</sub>	-40	85	°C

<sup>(1)</sup> For proper operation of SENSE, PFI, and WDI functions: V<sub>DD</sub> ≥ 0.8 V

<sup>(2)</sup> All voltage values are with respect to GND. For reliable operation, the device must not be operated at 3.6 V for more than t=1000h continuously.





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## electrical characteristics over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted)

				<u> </u>			
	PARAMETERS		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
			$V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V},  I_{OH} = -3 \text{ mA}$				
			V <sub>DD</sub> = 1.8 V, I <sub>OH</sub> = -2 mA	,			
Vон	High-level output voltage		V <sub>DD</sub> = 1.5 V, I <sub>OH</sub> = -1 mA	$0.8 \times V_{DD}$			V
			V <sub>DD</sub> = 0.9 V, I <sub>OH</sub> = -0.4 mA				
			V <sub>DD</sub> = 0.5 V, I <sub>OH</sub> = -5 μA	$0.7 \times V_{DD}$			
			V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V, I <sub>OL</sub> = 3 mA				
			V <sub>DD</sub> = 1.5 V, I <sub>OL</sub> = 2 mA				
VOL	Low-level output voltage		V <sub>DD</sub> = 1.2 V, I <sub>OL</sub> = 1 mA			0.3	V
	voltage		V <sub>DD</sub> = 0.9 V, I <sub>OL</sub> = 500 μA				
		RESET only	$V_{DD} = 0.4 \text{ V},  I_{OL} = 5 \mu\text{A}$			0.1	
		TPS31xxE09		0.854	0.86	0.866	
		TPS31xxE12	1	1.133	1.142	1.151	
	Negative-going input	TPS31xxE15	]	1.423	1.434	1.445	V
$V_{IT-}$	threshold voltage (1)	TPS31xxE16	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	1.512	1.523	1.534	
		TPS31xxH20	1	1.829	1.843	1.857	
		TPS31xxK33	1	2.919	2.941	2.963	
V <sub>IT</sub> -(S)	Negative-going input threshold voltage (1)	SENSE, PFI	$V_{DD} \ge 0.8 \text{ V}, T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	0.542	0.551	0.559	V
	ys Hysteresis at V <sub>DD</sub> input		0.8 V ≤ V <sub>IT</sub> < 1.5 V		20		
$V_{hys}$			1.6 V ≤ V <sub>IT</sub> < 2.4 V		30		mV
,			2.5 V ≤ V <sub>IT</sub> < 3.3 V		50		
T <sub>(K)</sub>	Temperature coefficient of	of V <sub>IT</sub> , PFI, SENSE	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$		-0.012	-0.019	%/K
V <sub>hys</sub>	Hysteresis at SENSE, PF	-I input	V <sub>DD</sub> ≥ 0.8 V		15		mV
		MR	$\overline{MR} = V_{DD}, V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V}$	-25		25	
lIH	High-level input current	SENSE, PFI, WDI	SENSE, PFI, WDI = $V_{DD}$ , $V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V}$	-25		25	nA
		MR	MR = 0 V, V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V	-47	-33	-25	μΑ
II∟	Low-level input current	SENSE, PFI, WDI	SENSE, PFI, WDI = 0 V, $V_{DD}$ = 3.3 V	-25		25	nA
IOH	High-level output current at RESET (2)	Open drain	V <sub>DD</sub> = V <sub>IT</sub> + 0.2 V, V <sub>OH</sub> = 3.3 V			200	nA
	Supply current		V <sub>DD</sub> > V <sub>IT</sub> (average current), V <sub>DD</sub> < 1.8 V		1.2	3	
I <sub>DD</sub>			V <sub>DD</sub> > V <sub>IT</sub> (average current), V <sub>DD</sub> > 1.8 V		2	4.5	μА
			V <sub>DD</sub> < V <sub>IT</sub> , V <sub>DD</sub> < 1.8 V			22	1 '
			V <sub>DD</sub> < V <sub>IT</sub> , V <sub>DD</sub> > 1.8 V			27	
	Internal pull-up resistor a	t MR		70	100	130	kΩ
Ci	Input capacitance at MR,	SENSE, PFI, WDI	V <sub>I</sub> = 0 V to V <sub>DD</sub>		1		pF
(4)			I.				

<sup>(1)</sup> To ensure the best stability of the threshold voltage, a bypass capacitor (ceramic, 0.1 μF) should be placed close to the supply terminals. (2) Also refers to RSTVDD and RSTSENSE



# **ULTRALOW SUPPLY-CURRENT/SUPPLY-VOLTAGE SUPERVISORY CIRCUITS**

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TIMING REQUIREMENTS AT R<sub>L</sub> = 1 M $\Omega$ , C<sub>L</sub> = 50 PF, T<sub>A</sub> =  $-40^{\circ}$ C TO 85°C

PARAMETER			TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t <sub>t</sub> (out)	Time-out period	at WDI	V <sub>DD</sub> ≥ 0.85 V	0.55	1.1	1.65	S
		at V <sub>DD</sub>	$V_{IH} = 1.1 \times V_{IT}, V_{IL} = 0.9 \times V_{IT-}, V_{IT-} = 0.86 \text{ V}$	20			
		at MR	$V_{DD} \ge V_{IT} + 0.2 \text{ V}, \ V_{IL} = 0.3 \times V_{DD}, \ V_{IH} = 0.7 \times V_{DD}$	0.1			
t <sub>W</sub>	Pulse width	at SENSE	$V_{DD} \ge V_{IT}$ , $V_{IH} = 1.1 \times V_{IT-(S)}$ , $V_{IL} = 0.9 \times V_{IT-(S)}$	20			μs
		at PFI	$V_{DD} \ge 0.85 \text{ V}, \qquad V_{IH} = 1.1 \times V_{IT-(S)}, V_{IL} = 0.9 \times V_{IT-(S)}$	20			
		at WDI	$V_{DD} \ge V_{IT}$ , $V_{IL} = 0.3 \times V_{DD}$ , $V_{IH} = 0.7 \times V_{DD}$	0.3			

SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS AT  $R_L$  = 1 M $\Omega$ ,  $C_L$  = 50 PF,  $T_\Delta$  = -40°C TO 85°C

	PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t <sub>d</sub>	Delay time		$\label{eq:decomposition} \begin{split} & \frac{V_{DD}}{MR} \geq 1.1 \times V_{IT}, \\ & MR = 0.7 \times V_{DD}, \\ & See timing diagram \end{split}$	65	130	195	ms
tPHL	Propagation delay time, high-to-low level output	V <sub>DD</sub> to RESET or RSTVDD delay	$V_{IH} = 1.1 \times V_{IT},$ $V_{IL} = 0.9 \times V_{IT}$			40	
<sup>t</sup> PLH	Propagation delay time, low-to-high level output	V <sub>DD</sub> to RESET or RSTVDD delay	$V_{IH} = 1.1 \times V_{IT},$ $V_{IL} = 0.9 \times V_{IT}$			40	μs
<sup>t</sup> PHL	Propagation delay time, high-to-low level output	SENSE to RESET or RSTSENSE delay	$\begin{split} &V_{DD} \geq 0.8 \ V, \\ &V_{IH} = 1.1 \times V_{IT}, \\ &V_{IL} = 0.9 \times V_{IT} \end{split}$			40	μs
tPLH	Propagation delay time, high-to-low level output	SENSE to RESET or RSTSENSE delay	$\begin{split} &V_{DD} \geq 0.8 \ V, \\ &V_{IH} = 1.1 \times V_{IT}, \\ &V_{IL} = 0.9 \times V_{IT} \end{split}$			40	μs
tPHL	Propagation delay time, high-to-low level output	PFI to PFO delay	$\begin{split} &V_{DD} \geq 0.8 \text{ V,} \\ &V_{IH} = 1.1 \times V_{IT,} \\ &V_{IL} = 0.9 \times V_{IT} \end{split}$			40	μs
t <sub>PLH</sub>	Propagation delay time, low-to-high level output	PFI to PFO delay	$\begin{split} &V_{DD} \geq 0.8 \text{ V,} \\ &V_{IH} = 1.1 \times V_{IT,} \\ &V_{IL} = 0.9 \times V_{IT} \end{split}$			300	μs
<sup>t</sup> PHL	Propagation delay time, low-to-high level output	MR to RESET. RSTVDD, RSTSENSE delay	V <sub>DD</sub> ≥ 1.1 × V <sub>IT</sub> ,				
tPLH	Propagation delay time, low-to-high level output	MR to RESET. RSTVDD, RSTSENSE delay	$V_{IL} = 0.3 \times V_{DD},$ $V_{IH} = 0.7 \times V_{DD}$		1	5	μs



TPS3110E09



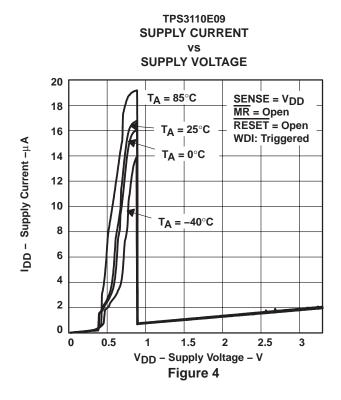
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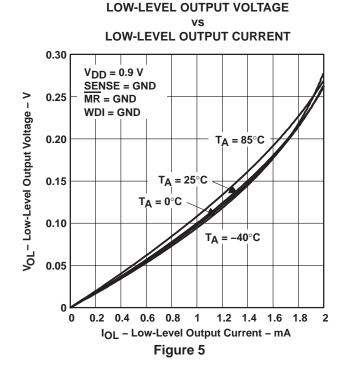
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#### **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

## **Table of Graphs**

			FIGURE
	Supply current	vs Supply voltage at T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C, 0°C, 25°C, 85°C	4
VOL	Low-level output voltage	vs Low-level output current at $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ , $0^{\circ}C$ , $25^{\circ}C$ , $85^{\circ}C$ at $0.9$ V, $3.3$ V	5, 6
Vон	High-level output voltage	vs High-level output current at T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C, 0°C, 25°C, 85°C at 0.9 V, 3.3 V	7, 8
t <sub>W</sub>	Minimum pulse duration at V <sub>DD</sub>	vs Threshold overdrive voltage	9
$V_{IT}$	Normalized threshold voltage	vs Free-air temperature	10

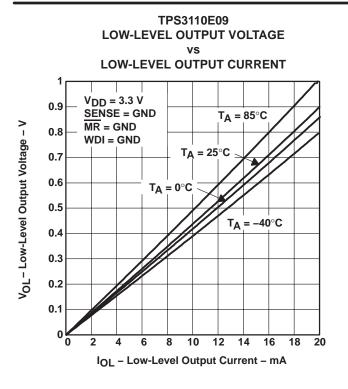




## **ULTRALOW SUPPLY-CURRENT/SUPPLY-VOLTAGE SUPERVISORY CIRCUITS**



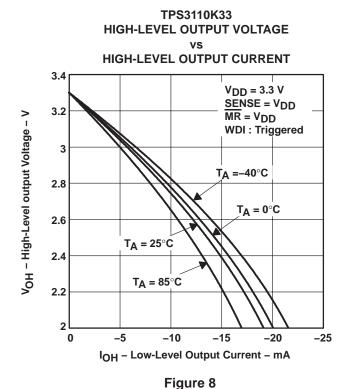
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TPS3110E09 HIGH-LEVEL OUTPUT VOLTAGE **HIGH-LEVEL OUTPUT CURRENT** 0.90 VOH - High-Level Output Voltage - V 0.85 T<sub>A</sub> = 85°C 0.80 0.75 T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C  $T_A = 0^{\circ}C$ 0.70  $V_{DD} = 0.9 V$ T<sub>A</sub> = -40°C 0.65 SENSE = VDD  $\overline{MR} = V_{DD}$ WDI: Triggered 0.60 0 -0.1-0.2 -0.3 -0.4 -0.5IOH - High-Level Output Current - mA

Figure 6

Figure 7



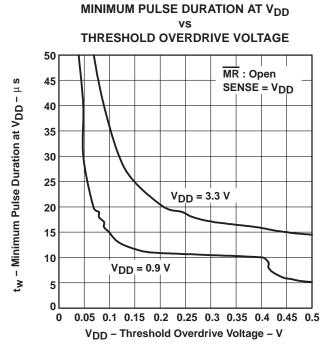
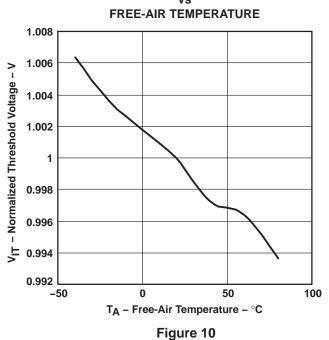


Figure 9

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## NORMALIZED THRESHOLD VOLTAGE



#### **APPLICATION INFORMATION**

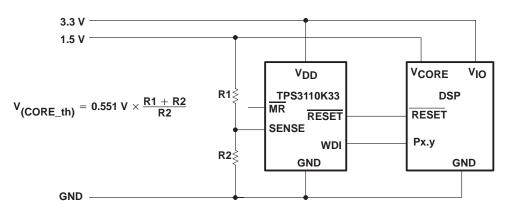


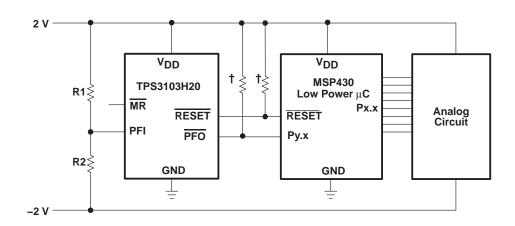
Figure 11. TPS3110 in a DSP-System Monitoring Both Supply Voltages

# **ULTRALOW SUPPLY-CURRENT/SUPPLY-VOLTAGE SUPERVISORY CIRCUITS**



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#### **APPLICATION INFORMATION**



$$V_{(neg\_th)} = 0.551 \ V - \frac{R2}{R1} \ \left(V_{DD} - 0.551 \ V\right)$$

Figure 12. TPS3103 Monitoring a Negative Voltage

<sup>†</sup> Resistor may be integrated in  $\mu$ C



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#### **APPLICATION INFORMATION**

The TPS310x family has a quiescent current in the 1- $\mu$ A to 2- $\mu$ A range. When  $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ , triggered by the voltage monitored at  $V_{DD}$ , is active, the quiescent current increases to about 20  $\mu$ A (see electrical characteristics).

In some applications it is necessary to minimize the quiescent current even during the reset period. This is especially true when the voltage of a battery is supervised and the RESET is used to shut down the system or for an early warning. In this case the reset condition will last for a longer period of time. Especially when the battery is discharged, the current drawn from the battery should almost be zero.

For this kind of applications the TPS3103 or TPS3106 are a good fit. To minimize current consumption it must be assured to select a version where the threshold voltage is lower than the voltage monitored at  $V_{DD}$ . The TPS3106 has two reset outputs. One output (RSTVDD) is triggered from the voltage monitored at  $V_{DD}$ . The other output (RSTSENSE) is triggered from the voltage monitored at SENSE. In the application shown in Figure 13, the TPS3106E09 is used to monitor the input voltage of two NiCd or NiMH cells. The threshold voltage ( $V_{(th)} = 0.86 \text{ V}$ ) was chosen as low as possible to ensure that the supply voltage is always higher than the threshold voltage at  $V_{DD}$ . The voltage of the battery is monitored using the SENSE input. The voltage divider was calculated to assert a reset using the RSTSENSE output at 2 x 0.8 V = 1.6 V.

$$R1 = R2 \times \left(\frac{V_{TRIP}}{V_{IT(S)}} - 1\right)$$

Where:

 $V_{TRIP}$  is the voltage of the battery at which a reset is asserted  $V_{IT(S)}$  is the threshold voltage at SENSE = 0.551 V.

R1 was chosen for a resistor current in the 1-μA range.

With  $V_{TRIP} = 1.6 \text{ V}$ :

$$R1 \approx 1.9 \times R2$$
  
 $R1 = 820 \text{ k}, R2 = 430 \text{ k}$ 

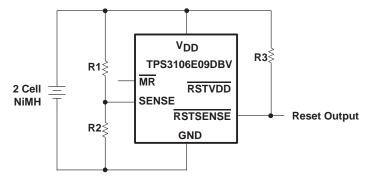


Figure 13. Battery Monitoring With 3-μA Supply Current for Device and Resistor Divider





27-Feb-2006

## **PACKAGING INFORMATION**

Orderable Device	Status <sup>(1)</sup>	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan <sup>(2)</sup>	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp <sup>(3)</sup>
TPS3103E12DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3103E12DBVRG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3103E12DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3103E12DBVTG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3103E15DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3103E15DBVRG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3103E15DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3103E15DBVTG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3103H20DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3103H20DBVRG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3103H20DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3103H20DBVTG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3103K33DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3103K33DBVRG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3103K33DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3103K33DBVTG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3106E09DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3106E09DBVRG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3106E09DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3106E09DBVTG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3106E16DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3106E16DBVRG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3106E16DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3106E16DBVTG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3106K33DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM



## PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

27-Feb-2006

Orderable Device	Status <sup>(1)</sup>	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	e Eco Plan <sup>(2)</sup>	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp <sup>(3)</sup>
TPS3106K33DBVRG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3106K33DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3106K33DBVTG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3110E09DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3110E09DBVRG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3110E09DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3110E09DBVTG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3110E12DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3110E12DBVRG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3110E12DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3110E12DBVTG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3110E15DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3110E15DBVRG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3110E15DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3110E15DBVTG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3110K33DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3110K33DBVRG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3110K33DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS3110K33DBVTG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM

<sup>(1)</sup> The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

**Pb-Free** (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and

<sup>(2)</sup> Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check <a href="http://www.ti.com/productcontent">http://www.ti.com/productcontent</a> for the latest availability information and additional product content details.



### PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

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package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

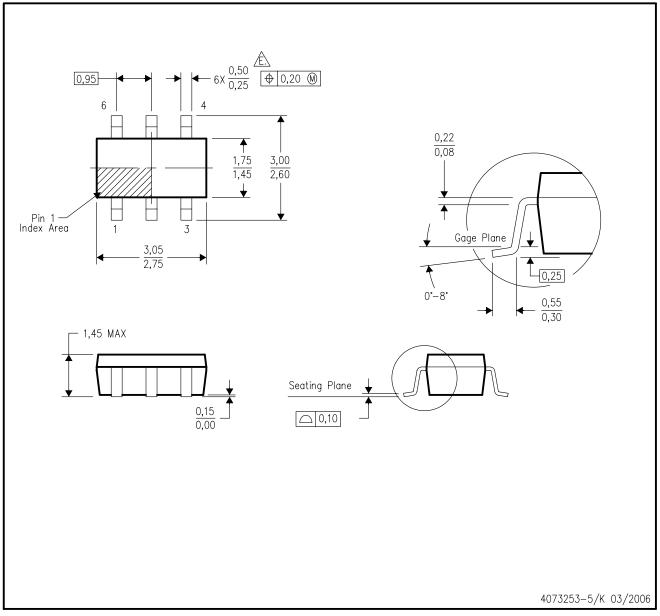
(3) MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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# DBV (R-PDSO-G6)

## PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.15 per side. D. Leads 1,2,3 may be wider than leads 4,5,6 for package orientation.
- Falls within JEDEC MO-178 Variation AB, except minimum lead width.



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