



LD2982 SERIES

VERY LOW DROP AND LOW NOISE VOLTAGE REGULATOR WITH INHIBIT FUNCTION, LOW ESR CAP. COMPATIBLE

- VERY LOW DROPOUT VOLTAGE (120mV AT 50mA AND 7mV AT 1mA LOAD)
- VERY LOW QUIESCENT CURRENT (375µA TYP. AT 50mA LOAD AND 75µA AT 1mA)
- OUTPUT CURRENT UP TO 50mA
- LOGIC CONTROLLED ELECTRONIC SHUTDOWN
- OUTPUT VOLTAGE OF 1.5, 1.8, 2.5, 2.8, 2.85, 3, 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.5, 3.6, 3.8, 4, 4.7, 5V
- INTERNAL CURRENT AND THERMAL LIMIT
- AVAILABLE IN ±1% TOLLERANCE (AT 25°C, A VERSION)
- SUPPLY VOLTAGE REJECTION: 45dB (TYP)
- ONLY 1µF FOR STABILITY
- LOW OUTPUT NOISE VOLTAGE 30µVrms
- SMALLEST PACKAGE SOT23-5L
- TEMPERATURE RANGE: -40°C TO 125°C



DESCRIPTION

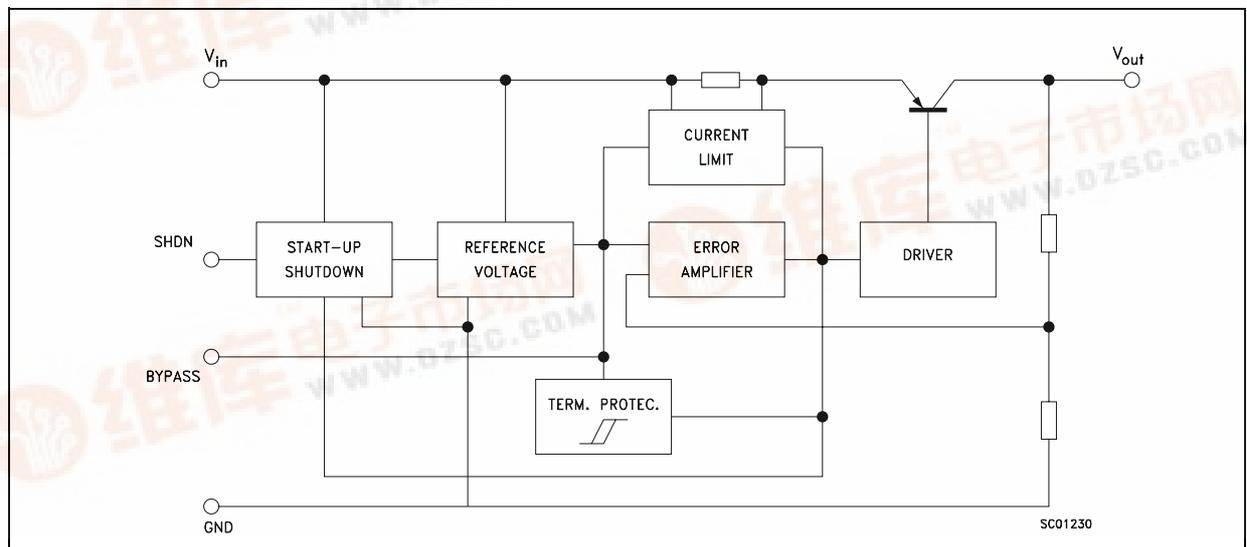
The LD2982 is a 50mA fixed output voltage regulator. The ultra low drop voltage and the low quiescent current make them particularly suitable for low noise, low power applications, and in battery powered systems. In sleep mode quiescent current is less than 1µA when INHIBIT

pin is pulled low. Shutdown Logic Control Function is available on pin 3 (TTL compatible). This means that when the device is used as local regulator, it is possible to put a part of the board in standby, decreasing the total power consumption.

An external capacitor $C_{BYP}=10nF$ connected between bypass pin and GND reduce the noise to 30µVrms.

Typical application are in cellular phone, palmtop/laptop computer, personal digital assistant (PDA), personal stereo, camcorder and camera.

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM



LD2982 SERIES

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

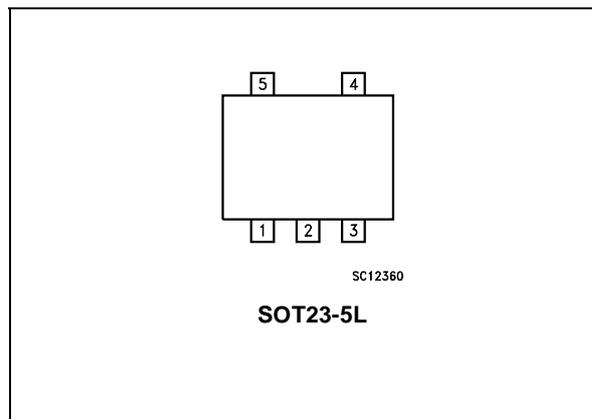
| Symbol | Parameter | Value | Unit |
|-----------|--------------------------------------|--------------------|------|
| V_I | DC Input Voltage | 16 | V |
| V_{INH} | INHIBIT Input Voltage | 16 | V |
| I_O | Output Current | Internally limited | |
| P_{tot} | Power Dissipation | Internally limited | |
| T_{stg} | Storage Temperature Range | -65 to +150 | °C |
| T_{op} | Operating Junction Temperature Range | -40 to +125 | °C |

Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which damage to the device may occur. Functional operation under these condition is not implied.

THERMAL DATA

| Symbol | Parameter | SOT23-5L | Unit |
|----------------|----------------------------------|----------|------|
| $R_{thj-case}$ | Thermal Resistance Junction-case | 81 | °C/W |

CONNECTION DIAGRAM (top view)



PIN DESCRIPTION

| Pin N° | Symbol | Name and Function |
|--------|---------|---|
| 1 | IN | Input Port |
| 2 | GND | Ground Pin |
| 3 | INHIBIT | Control switch ON/OFF. Inhibit is not internally pulled-up; it cannot be left floating. Disable the device when connected to GND or to a positive voltage less than 0.18V |
| 4 | Bypass | Bypass Pin: Capacitor to be connected to GND in order to improve the thermal noise performances. |
| 5 | OUT | Output Port |

ORDERING CODES

| A VERSION | B VERSION | OUTPUT VOLTAGES |
|--------------|--------------|-----------------|
| LD2982AM15R | LD2982BM15R | 1.5V |
| LD2982AM18R | LD2982BM18R | 1.8V |
| LD2982AM25R | LD2982BM25R | 2.5V |
| LD2982AM28R | LD2982BM28R | 2.8V |
| LD2982AM285R | LD2982BM285R | 2.85V |
| LD2982AM30R | LD2982BM30R | 3.0V |
| LD2982AM31R | LD2982BM31R | 3.1V |
| LD2982AM32R | LD2982BM32R | 3.2V |
| LD2982AM33R | LD2982BM33R | 3.3V |
| LD2982AM35R | LD2982BM35R | 3.5V |
| LD2982AM36R | LD2982BM36R | 3.6V |
| LD2982AM38R | LD2982BM38R | 3.8V |
| LD2982AM40R | LD2982BM40R | 4.0V |
| LD2982AM47R | LD2982BM47R | 4.7V |
| LD2982AM50R | LD2982BM50R | 5.0V |

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR LD2982A ($T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_I = V_O + 1\text{V}$, $I_O = 1\text{mA}$, $V_{\text{SHDN}} = 2\text{V}$, $C_I = 1\mu\text{F}$, $C_O = 1\mu\text{F}$, unless otherwise specified)

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|----------|-------------------------|--|-------|------|-------|------|
| V_{Op} | Operating Input Voltage | | 2.5 | | 16 | V |
| V_O | Output Voltage | $V_I = 2.5\text{V}$ | 1.485 | 1.5 | 1.515 | V |
| | | $I_O = 1$ to 50mA | 1.477 | | 1.523 | V |
| | | $I_O = 1$ to 50mA $T_J = -40$ to 125°C | 1.470 | | 1.530 | V |
| V_O | Output Voltage | $V_I = 2.8\text{V}$ | 1.782 | 1.8 | 1.818 | V |
| | | $I_O = 1$ to 50mA | 1.773 | | 1.827 | V |
| | | $I_O = 1$ to 50mA $T_J = -40$ to 125°C | 1.764 | | 1.836 | V |
| V_O | Output Voltage | $V_I = 3.5\text{V}$ | 2.475 | 2.5 | 2.525 | V |
| | | $I_O = 1$ to 50mA | 2.462 | | 2.537 | V |
| | | $I_O = 1$ to 50mA $T_J = -40$ to 125°C | 2.45 | | 2.55 | V |
| V_O | Output Voltage | $V_I = 3.8\text{V}$ | 2.772 | 2.8 | 2.828 | V |
| | | $I_O = 1$ to 50mA | 2.758 | | 2.842 | V |
| | | $I_O = 1$ to 50mA $T_J = -40$ to 125°C | 2.744 | | 2.856 | V |
| V_O | Output Voltage | $V_I = 3.85\text{V}$ | 2.821 | 2.85 | 2.879 | V |
| | | $I_O = 1$ to 50mA | 2.807 | | 2.893 | V |
| | | $I_O = 1$ to 50mA $T_J = -40$ to 125°C | 2.793 | | 2.907 | V |
| V_O | Output Voltage | $V_I = 4.0\text{V}$ | 2.970 | 3.0 | 3.030 | V |
| | | $I_O = 1$ to 50mA | 2.955 | | 3.045 | V |
| | | $I_O = 1$ to 50mA $T_J = -40$ to 125°C | 2.94 | | 3.06 | V |
| V_O | Output Voltage | $V_I = 4.1\text{V}$ | 3.069 | 3.1 | 3.131 | V |
| | | $I_O = 1$ to 50mA | 3.053 | | 3.146 | V |
| | | $I_O = 1$ to 50mA $T_J = -40$ to 125°C | 3.038 | | 3.162 | V |
| V_O | Output Voltage | $V_I = 4.2\text{V}$ | 3.168 | 3.2 | 3.232 | V |
| | | $I_O = 1$ to 50mA | 3.152 | | 3.248 | V |
| | | $I_O = 1$ to 50mA $T_J = -40$ to 125°C | 3.136 | | 3.264 | V |
| V_O | Output Voltage | $V_I = 4.3\text{V}$ | 3.267 | 3.3 | 3.333 | V |
| | | $I_O = 1$ to 50mA | 3.250 | | 3.349 | V |
| | | $I_O = 1$ to 50mA $T_J = -40$ to 125°C | 3.234 | | 3.366 | V |
| V_O | Output Voltage | $V_I = 4.5\text{V}$ | 3.465 | 3.5 | 3.535 | V |
| | | $I_O = 1$ to 50mA | 3.447 | | 3.552 | V |
| | | $I_O = 1$ to 50mA $T_J = -40$ to 125°C | 3.43 | | 3.57 | V |
| V_O | Output Voltage | $V_I = 4.6\text{V}$ | 3.564 | 3.6 | 3.636 | V |
| | | $I_O = 1$ to 50mA | 3.546 | | 3.654 | V |
| | | $I_O = 1$ to 50mA $T_J = -40$ to 125°C | 3.528 | | 3.672 | V |
| V_O | Output Voltage | $V_I = 4.8\text{V}$ | 3.762 | 3.8 | 3.838 | V |
| | | $I_O = 1$ to 50mA | 3.743 | | 3.857 | V |
| | | $I_O = 1$ to 50mA $T_J = -40$ to 125°C | 3.724 | | 3.876 | V |
| V_O | Output Voltage | $V_I = 5.0\text{V}$ | 3.96 | 4 | 4.04 | V |
| | | $I_O = 1$ to 50mA | 3.94 | | 4.06 | V |
| | | $I_O = 1$ to 50mA $T_J = -40$ to 125°C | 3.92 | | 4.08 | V |

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| Symbol | Parameter | Test Conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------|---|-------|-------|-------|------------------|
| V _O | Output Voltage | V _I = 5.7V | 4.653 | 4.7 | 4.747 | V |
| | | I _O = 1 to 50mA | 4.629 | | 4.77 | V |
| | | I _O = 1 to 50mA T _J = -40 to 125°C | 4.606 | | 4.794 | V |
| V _O | Output Voltage | V _I = 6.0V | 4.95 | 5 | 5.05 | V |
| | | I _O = 1 to 50mA | 4.925 | | 5.075 | V |
| | | I _O = 1 to 50mA T _J = -40 to 125°C | 4.9 | | 5.1 | V |
| I _{SC} | Short Circuit Current | R _L = 0 | | 150 | | mA |
| ΔV _O /ΔV _I | Line Regulation | V _I = V _O +1V to 16V, I _O = 1mA | | 0.003 | 0.014 | %/V _I |
| | | V _I = V _O +1V to 16V, I _O = 1mA T _J = -40 to 125°C | | | 0.032 | %/V _I |
| V _d | Dropout Voltage | I _O = 0 | | 1 | 3 | mV |
| | | I _O = 0 T _J = -40 to 125°C | | | 5 | mV |
| | | I _O = 1mA | | 7 | 10 | mV |
| | | I _O = 1mA T _J = -40 to 125°C | | | 15 | mV |
| | | I _O = 10mA | | 40 | 60 | mV |
| | | I _O = 10mA T _J = -40 to 125°C | | | 90 | mV |
| | | I _O = 50mA | | 120 | 150 | mV |
| | | I _O = 50mA T _J = -40 to 125°C | | | 225 | mV |
| I _d | Quiescent Current | I _O = 0 | | 80 | 100 | μA |
| | | I _O = 0 T _J = -40 to 125°C | | | 150 | μA |
| | | I _O = 1mA | | 100 | 150 | μA |
| | | I _O = 1mA T _J = -40 to 125°C | | | 200 | μA |
| | | I _O = 10mA | | 200 | 300 | μA |
| | | I _O = 10mA T _J = -40 to 125°C | | | 400 | μA |
| | | I _O = 50mA | | 600 | 900 | μA |
| | | I _O = 50mA T _J = -40 to 125°C | | | 1200 | μA |
| | | OFF MODE V _{INH} < 0.18V | | 0 | | μA |
| | | OFF MODE V _{INH} < 0.18V T _J = -40 to 125°C | | | 1 | μA |
| SVR | Supply Voltage Rejection | C _{BYP} = 0.01μF C _O = 10μF f = 1KHz | | 45 | | dB |
| V _{IL} | Control Input Logic Low | T _J = -40 to 125°C | | | 0.15 | V |
| V _{IH} | Control Input Logic High | T _J = -40 to 125°C | 2 | | | V |
| I _{INH} | Control Input Current | T _J = -40 to 125°C V _{SHDN} = 5V | | 5 | 15 | μA |
| | | T _J = -40 to 125°C V _{SHDN} = 0V | | 0 | -1 | μA |
| eN | Output Noise Voltage | B = 300Hz to 50KHz C _{BYP} = 0.01μF C _O = 10μF | | 30 | | μV |

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR LD2982B ($T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_I = V_O + 1\text{V}$, $I_O = 1\text{mA}$, $V_{\text{SHDN}} = 2\text{V}$, $C_I = 1\mu\text{F}$, $C_O = 1\mu\text{F}$, unless otherwise specified)

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|----------|-------------------------|--|-------|------|-------|------|
| V_{Op} | Operating Input Voltage | | 2.5 | | 16 | V |
| V_O | Output Voltage | $V_I = 2.5\text{V}$ | 1.477 | 1.5 | 1.523 | V |
| | | $I_O = 1$ to 50mA | 1.470 | | 1.530 | V |
| | | $I_O = 1$ to 50mA $T_J = -40$ to 125°C | 1.447 | | 1.553 | V |
| V_O | Output Voltage | $V_I = 2.8\text{V}$ | 1.773 | 1.8 | 1.827 | V |
| | | $I_O = 1$ to 50mA | 1.764 | | 1.836 | V |
| | | $I_O = 1$ to 50mA $T_J = -40$ to 125°C | 1.737 | | 1.863 | V |
| V_O | Output Voltage | $V_I = 3.5\text{V}$ | 2.462 | 2.5 | 2.537 | V |
| | | $I_O = 1$ to 50mA | 2.45 | | 2.55 | V |
| | | $I_O = 1$ to 50mA $T_J = -40$ to 125°C | 2.412 | | 2.587 | V |
| V_O | Output Voltage | $V_I = 3.8\text{V}$ | 2.758 | 2.8 | 2.842 | V |
| | | $I_O = 1$ to 50mA | 2.744 | | 2.856 | V |
| | | $I_O = 1$ to 50mA $T_J = -40$ to 125°C | 2.702 | | 2.898 | V |
| V_O | Output Voltage | $V_I = 3.85\text{V}$ | 2.807 | 2.85 | 2.893 | V |
| | | $I_O = 1$ to 50mA | 2.793 | | 2.907 | V |
| | | $I_O = 1$ to 50mA $T_J = -40$ to 125°C | 2.750 | | 2.950 | V |
| V_O | Output Voltage | $V_I = 4.0\text{V}$ | 2.955 | 3.0 | 3.045 | V |
| | | $I_O = 1$ to 50mA | 2.94 | | 3.06 | V |
| | | $I_O = 1$ to 50mA $T_J = -40$ to 125°C | 2.895 | | 3.105 | V |
| V_O | Output Voltage | $V_I = 4.1\text{V}$ | 3.053 | 3.1 | 3.146 | V |
| | | $I_O = 1$ to 50mA | 3.038 | | 3.162 | V |
| | | $I_O = 1$ to 50mA $T_J = -40$ to 125°C | 2.991 | | 3.208 | V |
| V_O | Output Voltage | $V_I = 4.2\text{V}$ | 3.152 | 3.2 | 3.248 | V |
| | | $I_O = 1$ to 50mA | 3.136 | | 3.264 | V |
| | | $I_O = 1$ to 50mA $T_J = -40$ to 125°C | 3.088 | | 3.312 | V |
| V_O | Output Voltage | $V_I = 4.3\text{V}$ | 3.250 | 3.3 | 3.349 | V |
| | | $I_O = 1$ to 50mA | 3.234 | | 3.366 | V |
| | | $I_O = 1$ to 50mA $T_J = -40$ to 125°C | 3.184 | | 3.415 | V |
| V_O | Output Voltage | $V_I = 4.5\text{V}$ | 3.447 | 3.5 | 3.552 | V |
| | | $I_O = 1$ to 50mA | 3.430 | | 3.370 | V |
| | | $I_O = 1$ to 50mA $T_J = -40$ to 125°C | 3.377 | | 3.662 | V |
| V_O | Output Voltage | $V_I = 4.6\text{V}$ | 3.546 | 3.6 | 3.654 | V |
| | | $I_O = 1$ to 50mA | 3.528 | | 3.672 | V |
| | | $I_O = 1$ to 50mA $T_J = -40$ to 125°C | 3.474 | | 3.726 | V |
| V_O | Output Voltage | $V_I = 4.8\text{V}$ | 3.743 | 3.8 | 3.857 | V |
| | | $I_O = 1$ to 50mA | 3.724 | | 3.876 | V |
| | | $I_O = 1$ to 50mA $T_J = -40$ to 125°C | 3.667 | | 3.933 | V |
| V_O | Output Voltage | $V_I = 5.0\text{V}$ | 3.94 | 4 | 4.06 | V |
| | | $I_O = 1$ to 50mA | 3.92 | | 4.08 | V |
| | | $I_O = 1$ to 50mA $T_J = -40$ to 125°C | 3.86 | | 4.14 | V |

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| Symbol | Parameter | Test Conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------|---|-------|-------|-------|------------------|
| V _O | Output Voltage | V _I = 5.7V | 4.629 | 4.7 | 4.77 | V |
| | | I _O = 1 to 50mA | 4.606 | | 4.794 | V |
| | | I _O = 1 to 50mA T _J = -40 to 125°C | 4.535 | | 4.864 | V |
| V _O | Output Voltage | V _I = 6.0V | 4.925 | 5 | 5.075 | V |
| | | I _O = 1 to 50mA | 4.9 | | 5.1 | V |
| | | I _O = 1 to 50mA T _J = -40 to 125°C | 4.825 | | 5.175 | V |
| I _{SC} | Short Circuit Current | R _L = 0 | | 400 | | mA |
| ΔV _O /ΔV _I | Line Regulation | V _I = V _O +1V to 16V, I _O = 1mA | | 0.003 | 0.014 | %/V _I |
| | | V _I = V _O +1V to 16V, I _O = 1mA T _J = -40 to 125°C | | | 0.032 | %/V _I |
| V _d | Dropout Voltage | I _O = 0 | | 1 | 3 | mV |
| | | I _O = 0 T _J = -40 to 125°C | | | 5 | mV |
| | | I _O = 1mA | | 7 | 10 | mV |
| | | I _O = 1mA T _J = -40 to 125°C | | | 15 | mV |
| | | I _O = 10mA | | 40 | 60 | mV |
| | | I _O = 10mA T _J = -40 to 125°C | | | 90 | mV |
| | | I _O = 50mA | | 120 | 150 | mV |
| | | I _O = 50mA T _J = -40 to 125°C | | | 225 | mV |
| I _d | Quiescent Current | I _O = 0 | | 80 | 100 | μA |
| | | I _O = 0 T _J = -40 to 125°C | | | 150 | μA |
| | | I _O = 1mA | | 100 | 150 | μA |
| | | I _O = 1mA T _J = -40 to 125°C | | | 200 | μA |
| | | I _O = 10mA | | 200 | 300 | μA |
| | | I _O = 10mA T _J = -40 to 125°C | | | 400 | μA |
| | | I _O = 50mA | | 600 | 900 | μA |
| | | I _O = 50mA T _J = -40 to 125°C | | | 1200 | μA |
| | | OFF MODE V _{INH} < 0.18V | | 0 | | μA |
| | | OFF MODE V _{INH} < 0.18V T _J = -40 to 125°C | | | 1 | μA |
| SVR | Supply Voltage Rejection | C _{BYP} = 0.01μF C _O = 10μF f = 1KHz | | 45 | | dB |
| V _{IL} | Control Input Logic Low | T _J = -40 to 125°C | | | 0.15 | V |
| V _{IH} | Control Input Logic High | T _J = -40 to 125°C | 2 | | | V |
| I _{INH} | Control Input Current | T _J = -40 to 125°C V _{SHDN} = 5V | | 5 | 15 | μA |
| | | T _J = -40 to 125°C V _{SHDN} = 0V | | 0 | -1 | μA |
| eN | Output Noise Voltage | B = 300Hz to 50KHz C _{BYP} = 0.01μF C _O = 10μF | | 30 | | μV |

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (unless otherwise specified $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $C_I = 1\mu\text{F}$, $C_O = 2.2\mu\text{F}$, $C_{BYP} = 100\text{nF}$)

Figure 1 : Output Voltage vs Temperature

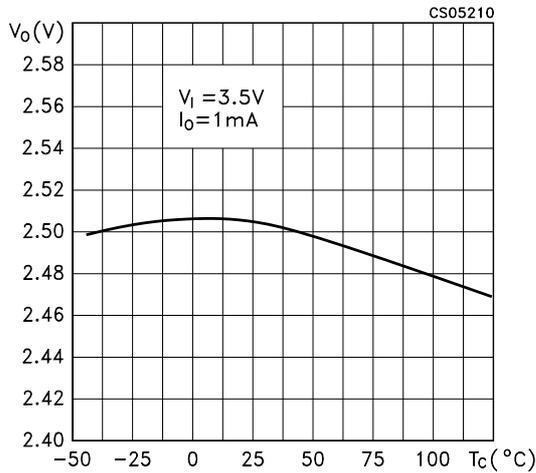


Figure 2 : Dropout Voltage vs Temperature

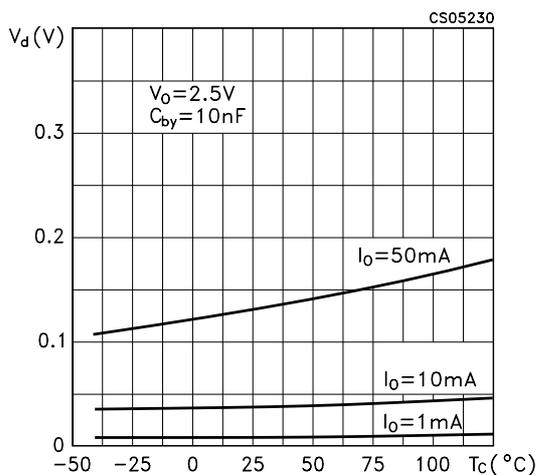


Figure 3 : Dropout Voltage vs Output Current

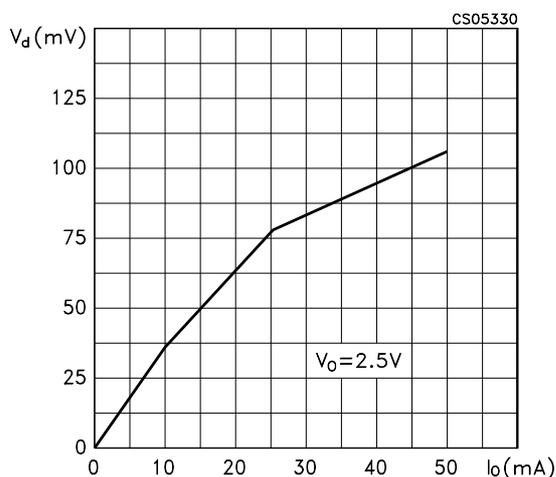


Figure 4 : Quiescent Current vs Load Current

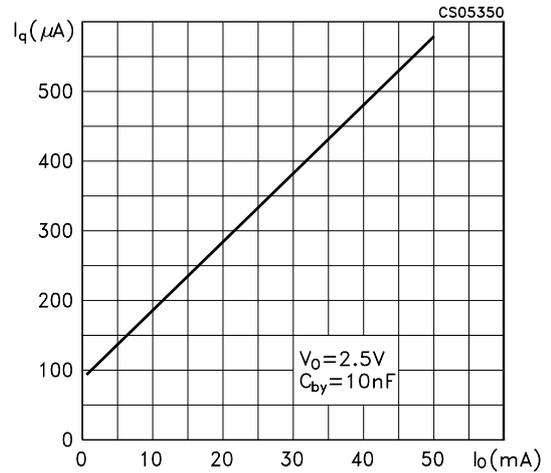


Figure 5 : Quiescent Current vs Temperature

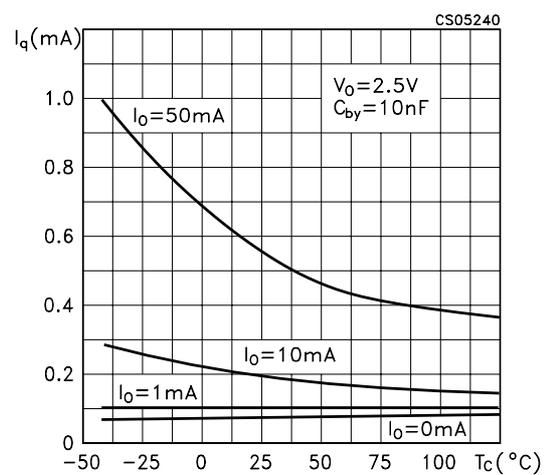
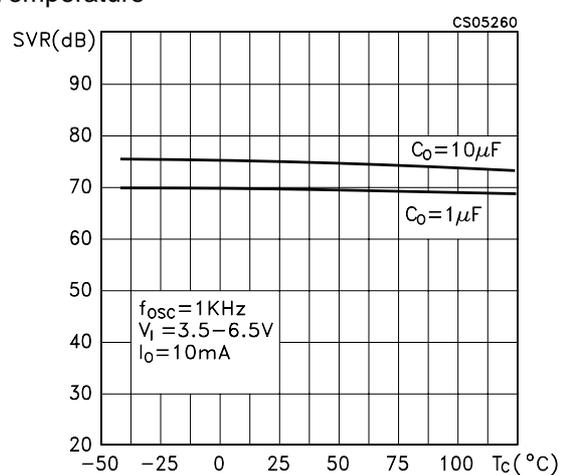


Figure 6 : Supply Voltage Rejection vs Temperature



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Figure 7 : Supply Voltage Rejection vs Output Current

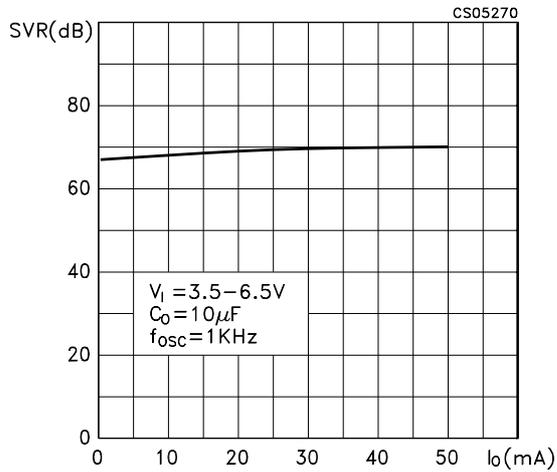


Figure 8 : Supply Voltage Rejection vs Output Current

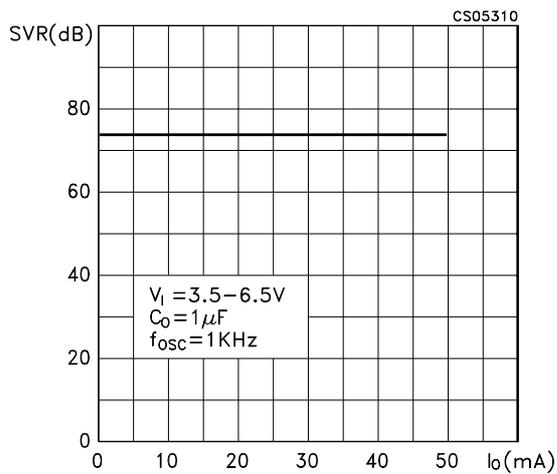


Figure 9 : Supply Voltage Rejection vs Frequency

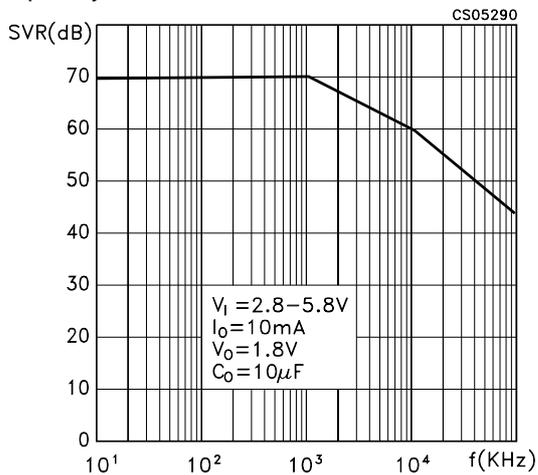


Figure 10 : Supply Voltage Rejection vs Frequency

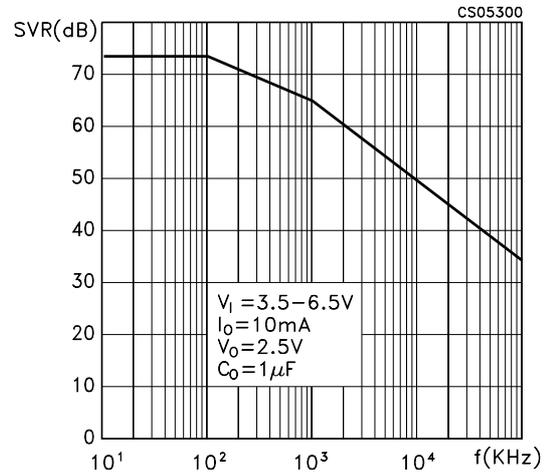


Figure 11 : Line Transient

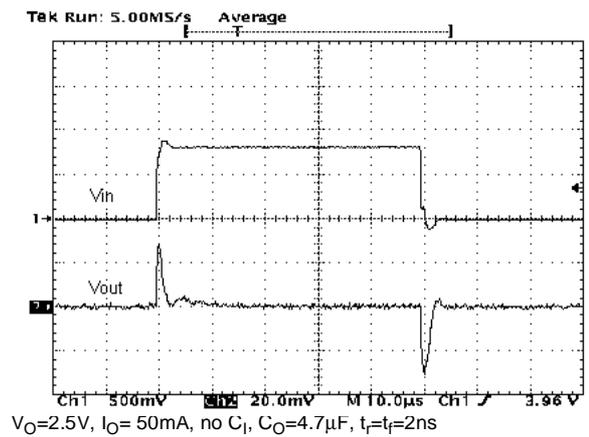


Figure 12 : Line Transient

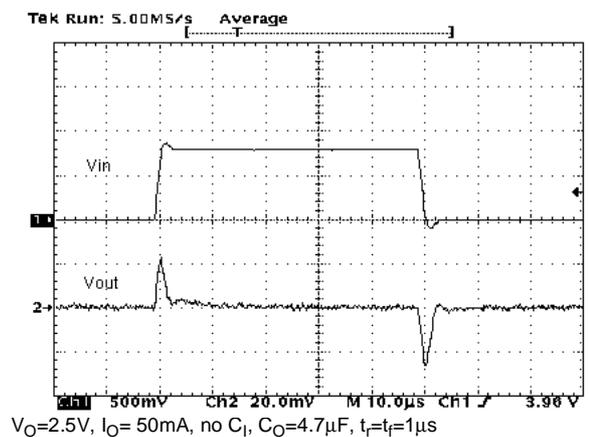


Figure 13 : Load Transient

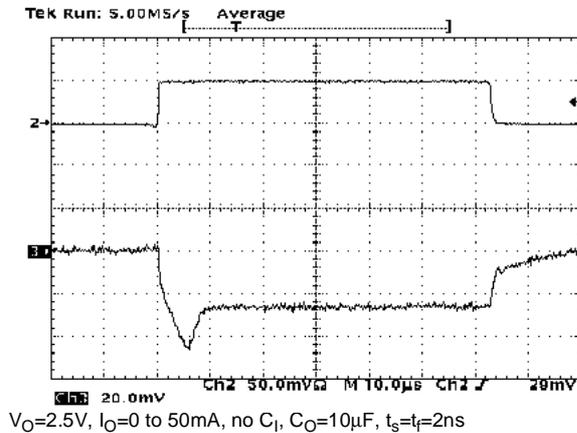
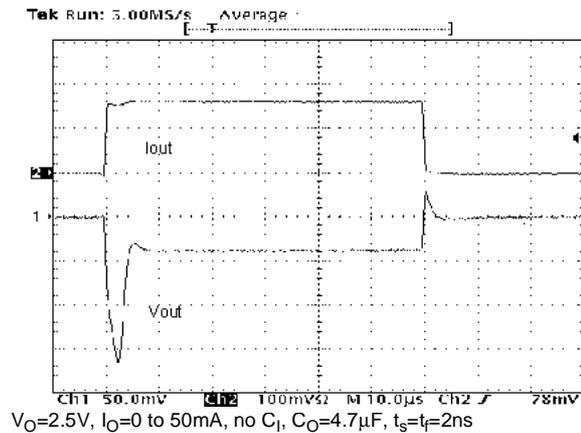


Figure 14 : Load Transient



EXTERNAL CAPACITORS

Like any low-dropout regulator, the LD2982 requires external capacitors for regulator stability. This capacitor must be selected to meet the requirements of minimum capacitance and equivalent series resistance. We suggest to solder input and output capacitors as close as possible to the relative pins.

INPUT CAPACITOR

An input capacitor whose value is $1\mu F$ is required with the LD2982 (amount of capacitance can be increased without limit). This capacitor must be located a distance of not more than 0.5" from the input pin of the device and returned to a clean analog ground. Any good quality ceramic, tantalum or film capacitors can be used for this capacitor.

OUTPUT CAPACITOR

The LD2982 is designed specifically to work with ceramic output capacitors. It may also be possible to use Tantalum capacitors, but these are not as attractive for reasons of size and cost. By the way, the output capacitor must meet both the requirement for minimum amount of capacitance and E.S.R. (equivalent series resistance) value. Due to the different loop gain, the stability improves for higher output versions and so the suggested minimum output capacitor value, if low E.S.R. ceramic type is used, is $1\mu F$ for output voltages equal or major than 3.8V, $2.2\mu F$ for V_O going from 1.8 to 3.3V, and $3.3\mu F$ for the other versions. However, if an output capacitor lower than the suggested one is used, it's possible to make stable the regulator adding a resistor in series to the capacitor.

IMPORTANT:

The output capacitor must maintain its ESR in the stable region over the full operating temperature to assure stability. Also, capacitor tolerance and variation with temperature must be considered to assure the minimum amount of capacitance is provided at all times. This capacitor should be located not more than 0.5" from the output pin of the device and returned to a clean analog ground.

INHIBIT INPUT OPERATION

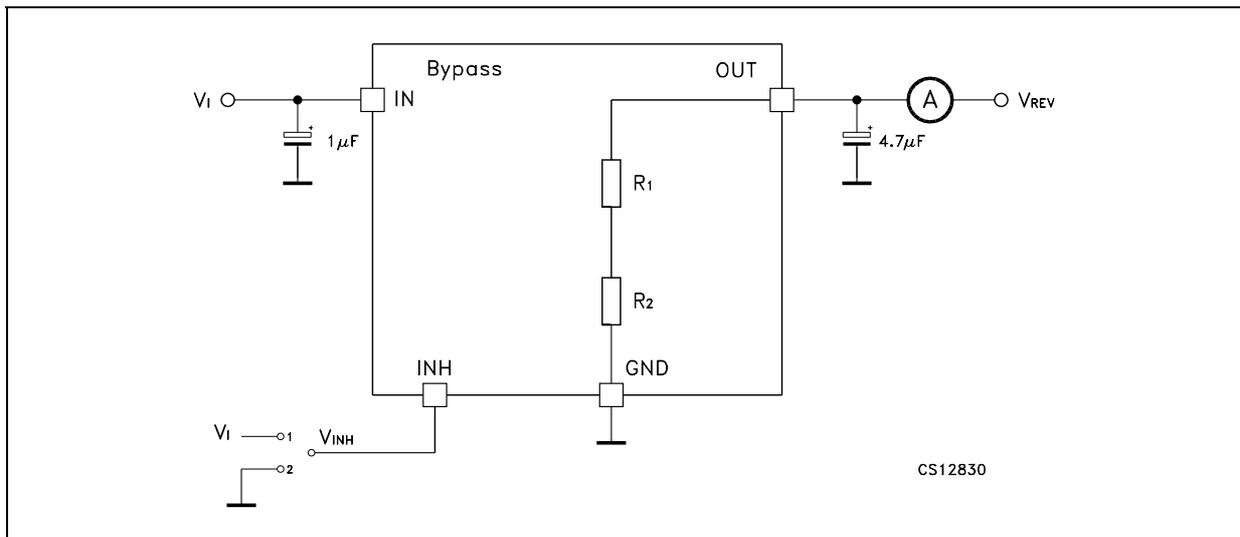
The inhibit pin can be used to turn OFF the regulator when pulled low, so drastically reducing the current consumption down to less than $1\mu A$. When the inhibit feature is not used, this pin must be tied to V_I to keep the regulator output ON at all times. To assure proper operation, the signal source used to drive the inhibit pin must be able to swing above and below the specified thresholds listed in the electrical characteristics section under V_{IH} V_{IL} . Any slew rate can be used to drive the inhibit.

LD2982 SERIES

REVERSE CURRENT

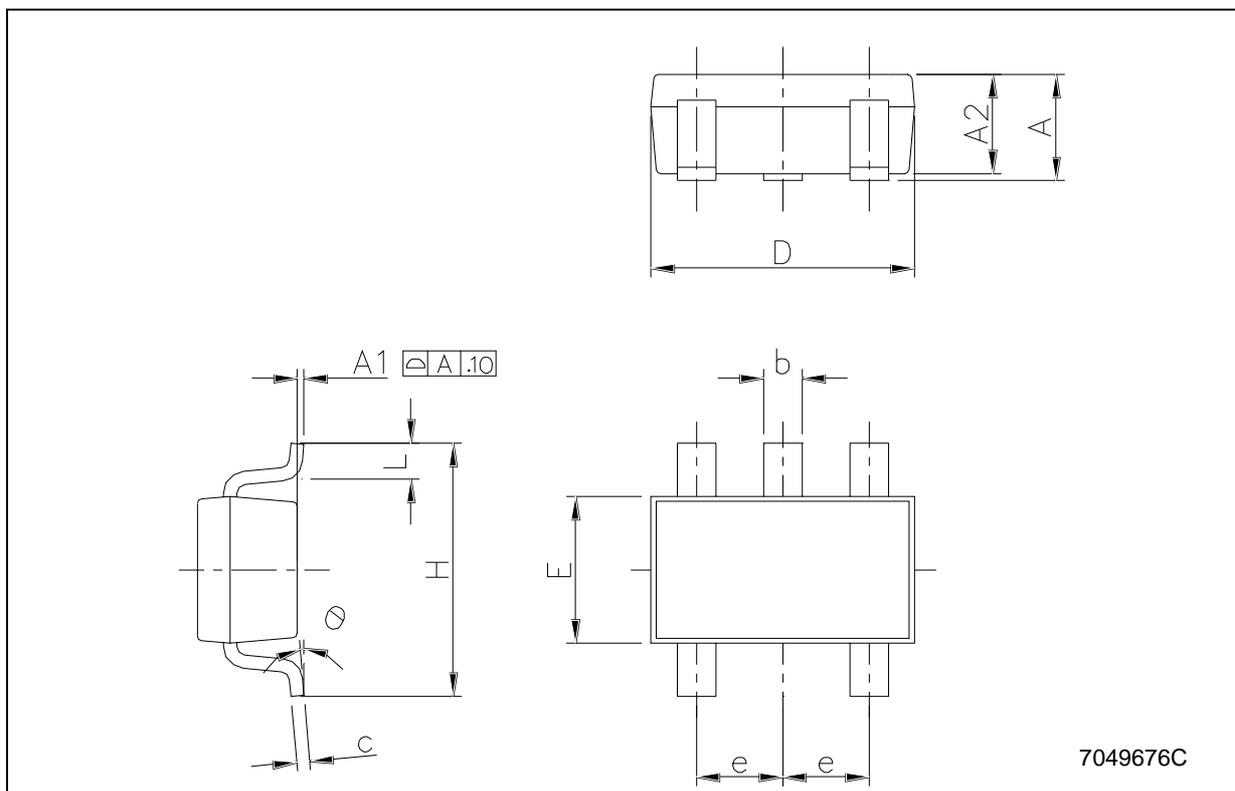
The power transistor used in the LD2982 has not an inherent diode connected between the regulator input and output. If the output is forced above the input, no current will flow from the output to the input across the series pass transistor. When a V_{REV} voltage is applied on the output, the reverse current measured flows to the GND across the two feedback resistors. This current typical value is $160\mu\text{A}$. R_1 and R_2 resistors are implanted type; typical values are, respectively, $42.6\text{ K}\Omega$ and $51.150\text{ K}\Omega$.

Figure 15 : Reverse Current Test Circuit



SOT23-5L MECHANICAL DATA

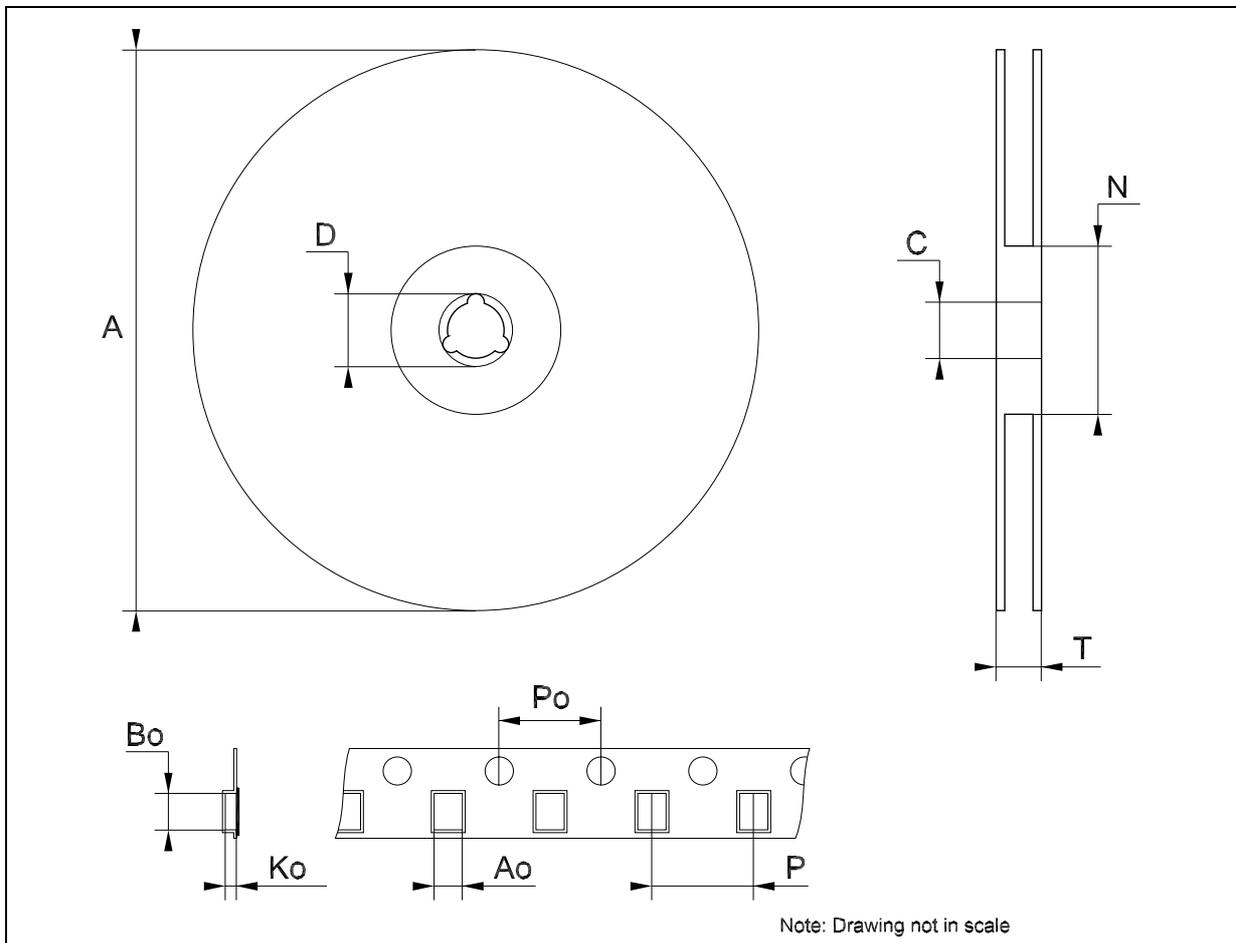
| DIM. | mm. | | | mils | | |
|------|------|------|------|-------|------|-------|
| | MIN. | TYP | MAX. | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. |
| A | 0.90 | | 1.45 | 35.4 | | 57.1 |
| A1 | 0.00 | | 0.10 | 0.0 | | 3.9 |
| A2 | 0.90 | | 1.30 | 35.4 | | 51.2 |
| b | 0.35 | | 0.50 | 13.7 | | 19.7 |
| C | 0.09 | | 0.20 | 3.5 | | 7.8 |
| D | 2.80 | | 3.00 | 110.2 | | 118.1 |
| E | 1.50 | | 1.75 | 59.0 | | 68.8 |
| e | | 0.95 | | | 37.4 | |
| H | 2.60 | | 3.00 | 102.3 | | 118.1 |
| L | 0.10 | | 0.60 | 3.9 | | 23.6 |



LD2982 SERIES

Tape & Reel SOT23-xL MECHANICAL DATA

| DIM. | mm. | | | inch | | |
|------|------|------|------|-------|-------|-------|
| | MIN. | TYP | MAX. | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. |
| A | | | 180 | | | 7.086 |
| C | 12.8 | 13.0 | 13.2 | 0.504 | 0.512 | 0.519 |
| D | 20.2 | | | 0.795 | | |
| N | 60 | | | 2.362 | | |
| T | | | 14.4 | | | 0.567 |
| Ao | 3.13 | 3.23 | 3.33 | 0.123 | 0.127 | 0.131 |
| Bo | 3.07 | 3.17 | 3.27 | 0.120 | 0.124 | 0.128 |
| Ko | 1.27 | 1.37 | 1.47 | 0.050 | 0.054 | 0.058 |
| Po | 3.9 | 4.0 | 4.1 | 0.153 | 0.157 | 0.161 |
| P | 3.9 | 4.0 | 4.1 | 0.153 | 0.157 | 0.161 |



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