



LT1078/LT1079

## Micropower, Dual and Quad, Single Supply, Precision Op Amps

### FEATURES

- Available in 8-Pin SO Package
- 50 $\mu$ A Max Supply Current per Amplifier
- 70 $\mu$ V Max Offset Voltage
- 180 $\mu$ A Max Offset Voltage in 8-Pin SO
- 250 $\mu$ A Max Offset Current
- 0.6 $\mu$ V<sub>P-P</sub>, 0.1Hz to 10Hz Voltage Noise
- 3pA<sub>P-P</sub>, 0.1Hz to 10Hz Current Noise
- 0.4 $\mu$ V/ $^{\circ}$ C Offset Voltage Drift
- 200kHz Gain Bandwidth Product
- 0.07V/ $\mu$ s Slew Rate
- Single Supply Operation
  - Input Voltage Range Includes Ground
  - Output Swings to Ground while Sinking Current
  - No Pull-Down Resistors Needed
- Output Sources and Sinks 5mA Load Current

### APPLICATIONS

- Battery or Solar-Powered Systems
  - Portable Instrumentation
  - Remote Sensor Amplifier
  - Satellite Circuitry
- Micropower Sample-and-Hold
- Thermocouple Amplifier
- Micropower Filters

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### DESCRIPTION

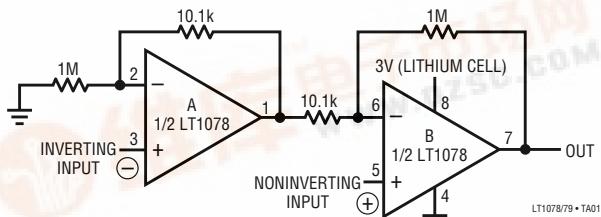
The LT®1078 is a micropower dual op amp in 8-pin packages including the small outline surface mount package. The LT1079 is a micropower quad op amp offered in the standard 14-pin packages. Both devices are optimized for single supply operation at 5V. ±15V specifications are also provided.

Micropower performance of competing devices is achieved at the expense of seriously degrading precision, noise, speed and output drive specifications. The design effort of the LT1078/LT1079 was concentrated on reducing supply current without sacrificing other parameters. The offset voltage achieved is the lowest on any dual or quad nonchopper stabilized op amp—micropower or otherwise. Offset current, voltage and current noise, slew rate and gain bandwidth product are all two to ten times better than on previous micropower op amps.

The 1/f corner of the voltage noise spectrum is at 0.7Hz, at least three times lower than on any monolithic op amp. This results in low frequency (0.1Hz to 10Hz) noise performance which can only be found on devices with an order of magnitude higher supply current.

Both the LT1078 and LT1079 can be operated from a single supply (as low as one lithium cell or two Ni-Cad batteries). The input range goes below ground. The all-NPN output stage swings to within a few millivolts of ground while sinking current—no power consuming pull down resistors are needed.

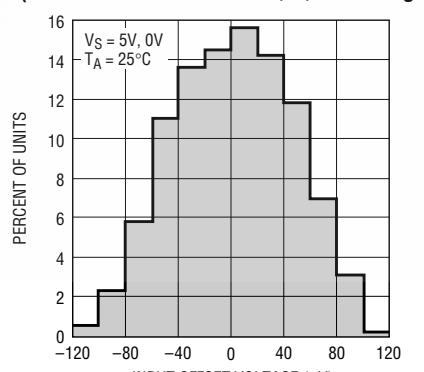
**Single Battery, Micropower, Gain = 100, Instrumentation Amplifier**



**TYPICAL PERFORMANCE**  
 INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE = 40 $\mu$ V  
 INPUT OFFSET CURRENT = 0.2nA  
 TOTAL POWER DISSIPATION = 240 $\mu$ W  
 COMMON MODE REJECTION = 110dB (AMPLIFIER LIMITED)  
 GAIN BANDWIDTH PRODUCT = 200kHz

OUTPUT NOISE = 85  $\mu$ V<sub>P-P</sub> 0.1Hz TO 10Hz  
 = 300  $\mu$ V<sub>RMS</sub> OVER FULL BANDWIDTH  
 INPUT RANGE = 0.03V TO 1.8V  
 OUTPUT RANGE = 0.03V TO 2.3V  
 (0.3mV  $\leq$  V<sub>IN+</sub> - V<sub>IN-</sub>  $\leq$  23mV)  
 OUTPUTS SINK CURRENT—NO PULL-DOWN RESISTORS ARE NEEDED

**Distribution of Input Offset Voltage (LT1078 and LT1079 in H, J, N Packages)**



# LT1078/LT1079

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

|  |                                  |  |                |
|--|----------------------------------|--|----------------|
| Supply Voltage .....                   | $\pm 22V$                        | Operating Temperature Range                |                |
| Differential Input Voltage .....       | $\pm 30V$                        | LT1078AM/LT1078M/                          |                |
| Input Voltage .....                    | Equal to Positive Supply Voltage | LT1079AM/LT1079M .....                     | -55°C to 125°C |
| ..... 5V Below Negative Supply Voltage |                                  | LT1078I/LT1079I .....                      | -40°C to 85°C  |
| Output Short-Circuit Duration .....    | Indefinite                       | LT1078AC/LT1078C/LT1078S8/                 |                |
| Storage Temperature Range              |                                  | LT1079AC/LT1079C .....                     | 0°C to 70°C    |
| All Grades .....                       | $-65^{\circ}C$ to $150^{\circ}C$ | Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec) ..... | 300°C          |

## PACKAGE/ORDER INFORMATION

| TOP VIEW<br>H PACKAGE<br>8-LEAD TO-5 METAL CAN   | J8 PACKAGE<br>8-LEAD CERAMIC DIP              | N8 PACKAGE<br>8-LEAD PDIP  | TOP VIEW<br>S8 PACKAGE<br>8-LEAD PLASTIC SO |
|--|---|--|---|
|  |   |  |   |
| $T_{JMAX} = 150^{\circ}C, \theta_{JA} = 150^{\circ}C/W, \theta_{JC} = 45^{\circ}C/W$                                       |   | $T_{JMAX} = 150^{\circ}C, \theta_{JA} = 100^{\circ}C/W$ (J8)<br>$T_{JMAX} = 100^{\circ}C, \theta_{JA} = 130^{\circ}C/W$ (N8) |   |
| <b>ORDER PART NUMBER</b>   |   | <b>ORDER PART NUMBER</b>   |   |
| LT1078ACH<br>LT1078MH  |   | LT1078ACN8<br>LT1078AMJ8<br>LT1078CN8<br>LT1078IN8<br>LT1078MJ8  |   |
|  |   | <b>PART MARKING</b>  |   |
|  |   | 1078   |   |
| TOP VIEW<br>J PACKAGE<br>14-LEAD CERAMIC DIP   | ORDER PART NUMBER                             | TOP VIEW<br>SW PACKAGE<br>16-LEAD PLASTIC SO WIDE  | ORDER PART NUMBER                           |
|  | LT1079ACN<br>LT1079CN<br>LT1079IN<br>LT1079MJ |  | LT1079ISW<br>LT1079SW                       |
| $T_{JMAX} = 150^{\circ}C, \theta_{JA} = 100^{\circ}C/W$ (J)<br>$T_{JMAX} = 110^{\circ}C, \theta_{JA} = 130^{\circ}C/W$ (N) |   | NOTE: FOR 14-PIN NARROW PACKAGE SEE THE LT2079<br>$T_{JMAX} = 110^{\circ}C, \theta_{JA} = 150^{\circ}C/W$                    |   |

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**  $V_S = 5V, 0V, V_{CM} = 0.1V, V_0 = 1.4V, T_A = 25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted.

| SYMBOL                                     | PARAMETER  | CONDITIONS (NOTE 1)   | LT1078AC/LT1079AC |                   |                 | LT1078C/LT1079C      |                          |  | UNITS  |
|--|--|---|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------|----------------------|--------------------------|--|--|
|  |  |   | MIN               | TYP               | MAX             | MIN                  | TYP                      | MAX                                      |  |
| $V_{OS}$                                   | Input Offset Voltage                                 | LT1078<br>LT1078IS8/LT1078S8<br>LT1079<br>LT1079ISW/LT1079SW                      | 30<br><br>35      | 70<br>100         |                 | 40<br>60<br>40<br>60 | 120<br>180<br>150<br>300 | $\mu V$<br>$\mu V$<br>$\mu V$<br>$\mu V$ |  |
| $\frac{\Delta V_{OS}}{\Delta \text{Time}}$ | Long Term Input Offset Voltage Stability             |   |                   | 0.4               |                 | 0.5                  |                          |  | $\mu V/\text{Mo}$  |
| $I_{OS}$                                   | Input Offset Current                                 |   |                   | 0.05              | 0.25            |                      | 0.05                     | 0.35                                     | nA   |
| $I_B$                                      | Input Bias Current                                   |   |                   | 6                 | 8               |                      | 6                        | 10                                       | nA   |
| $e_n$                                      | Input Noise Voltage                                  | 0.1Hz to 10Hz (Note 2)  |                   | 0.6               | 1.2             |                      | 0.6                      |  | $\mu V_{P-P}$  |
|  | Input Noise Voltage Density                          | $f_0 = 10\text{Hz}$ (Note 2)<br>$f_0 = 1000\text{Hz}$ (Note 2)                    |                   | 29<br>28          | 45<br>37        |                      | 29<br>28                 |  | $\text{nV}\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$<br>$\text{nV}\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ |
| $i_n$                                      | Input Noise Current                                  | 0.1Hz to 10Hz (Note 2)  |                   | 2.3               | 4.0             |                      | 2.3                      |  | $\text{pA}_{P-P}$  |
|  | Input Noise Current Density                          | $f_0 = 10\text{Hz}$ (Note 2)<br>$f_0 = 1000\text{Hz}$                             |                   | 0.06<br>0.02      | 0.10            |                      | 0.06<br>0.02             |  | $\text{pA}\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$<br>$\text{pA}\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ |
|  | Input Resistance<br>Differential Mode<br>Common Mode | (Note 3)  | 400               | 800<br>6          |                 | 300                  | 800<br>6                 |  | $M\Omega$<br>$G\Omega$                                     |
|  | Input Voltage Range                                  |   | 3.5<br>0          | 3.8<br>-0.3       |                 | 3.5<br>0             | 3.8<br>-0.3              |  | V<br>V   |
| CMRR                                       | Common Mode Rejection Ratio                          | $V_{CM} = 0V$ to $3.5V$   | 97                | 110               |                 | 94                   | 108                      |  | dB   |
| PSRR                                       | Power Supply Rejection Ratio                         | $V_S = 2.3V$ to $12V$   | 102               | 114               |                 | 100                  | 114                      |  | dB   |
| $A_{VOL}$                                  | Large-Signal Voltage Gain                            | $V_0 = 0.03V$ to $4V$ , No Load<br>$V_0 = 0.03V$ to $3.5V$ , $R_L = 50k$          | 200<br>150        | 1000<br>600       |                 | 150<br>120           | 1000<br>600              |  | $V/mV$<br>$V/mV$   |
|  | Maximum Output Voltage Swing                         | Output Low, No Load<br>Output Low, 2k to GND<br>Output Low, $I_{SINK} = 100\mu A$ |                   | 3.5<br>0.55<br>95 | 6<br>1.0<br>130 |                      | 3.5<br>0.55<br>95        | 6<br>1.0<br>130                          | mV<br>mV<br>mV   |
|  |  | Output High, No Load<br>Output High, 2k to GND                                    | 4.2<br>3.5        | 4.4<br>3.9        |                 | 4.2<br>3.5           | 4.4<br>3.9               |  | V<br>V   |
| SR   | Slew Rate  | $A_V = 1, V_S = \pm 2.5V$   | 0.04              | 0.07              |                 | 0.04                 | 0.07                     |  | $V/\mu s$  |
| GBW  | Gain Bandwidth Product                               | $f_0 \leq 20\text{kHz}$   |                   | 200               |                 |                      | 200                      |  | kHz  |
| $I_S$                                      | Supply Current per Amplifier                         |   |                   | 38                | 50              |                      | 39                       | 55                                       | $\mu A$  |
|  | Channel Separation                                   | $\Delta V_{IN} = 3V, R_L = 10k$   |                   | 130               |                 |                      | 130                      |  | dB   |
|  | Minimum Supply Voltage                               | (Note 4)  |                   | 2.2               | 2.3             |                      | 2.2                      | 2.3                                      | V  |

# LT1078/LT1079

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$V_S = 5V$ ,  $0V$ ,  $V_{CM} = 0.1V$ ,  $V_0 = 1.4V$ ,  $-40^\circ C \leq T_A \leq 85^\circ C$  for I grades,  $-55^\circ C \leq T_A \leq 125^\circ C$  for AM/M grades, unless otherwise noted.

| SYMBOL                           | PARAMETER                              | CONDITIONS   | LT1078AM/LT1079AM |                   |                   | LT1078I/LT1079I<br>LT1078M/LT1079M |                   |  | UNITS |
|----------------------------------|--|--|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------|--|-------|
|                                  |  |  | MIN               | TYP               | MAX               | MIN                                | TYP               | MAX  |       |
| $V_{OS}$                         | Input Offset Voltage                   | LT1078<br>LT1078IS8/LT1079<br>LT1079ISW                                  | ●<br>●<br>●       | 70<br>80<br>100   | 250<br>280<br>100 | 95<br>100<br>100                   | 370<br>400<br>560 | $\mu V$<br>$\mu V$<br>$\mu V$                            |       |
| $\frac{\Delta V_{OS}}{\Delta T}$ | Input Offset Voltage Drift<br>(Note 5) | LT1078IS8<br>LT1079ISW   | ●<br>●<br>●       | 0.4<br>0.6<br>0.7 | 1.8<br>3.5<br>4.0 | 0.5<br>0.6<br>0.7                  | 2.5<br>3.5<br>4.0 | $\mu V/^\circ C$<br>$\mu V/^\circ C$<br>$\mu V/^\circ C$ |       |
| $I_{OS}$                         | Input Offset Current                   | LT1078I/LT1079I  | ●<br>●            | 0.07<br>0.1       | 0.50<br>1.0       | 0.07<br>0.1                        | 0.70<br>1.0       | nA<br>nA   |       |
| $I_B$                            | Input Bias Current                     |  | ●                 | 7                 | 10                | 7                                  | 12                | nA   |       |
| CMRR                             | Common Mode Rejection Ratio            | $V_{CM} = 0.05V$ to $3.2V$   | ●                 | 92                | 106               | 88                                 | 104               | dB   |       |
| PSRR                             | Power Supply Rejection Ratio           | $V_S = 3.1V$ to $12V$  | ●                 | 98                | 110               | 94                                 | 110               | dB   |       |
| $A_{VOL}$                        | Large-Signal Voltage Gain              | $V_0 = 0.05V$ to $4V$ , No Load<br>$V_0 = 0.05V$ to $3.5V$ , $R_L = 50k$ | ●<br>●            | 110<br>80         | 600<br>400        | 80<br>60                           | 600<br>400        | $V/mV$<br>$V/mV$   |       |
|                                  | Maximum Output Voltage Swing           | Output Low, No Load<br>Output Low, $I_{SINK} = 100\mu A$                 | ●<br>●            | 4.5<br>125        | 8<br>170          | 4.5<br>125                         | 8<br>170          | mV<br>mV   |       |
|                                  |  | Output High, No Load<br>Output High, $2k$ to GND                         | ●<br>●            | 3.9<br>3.0        | 4.2<br>3.7        | 3.9<br>3.0                         | 4.2<br>3.7        | V<br>V   |       |
| $I_S$                            | Supply Current per Amplifier           |  | ●                 | 43                | 60                | 45                                 | 70                | $\mu A$  |       |

$V_S = 5V$ ,  $0V$ ,  $V_{CM} = 0.1V$ ,  $V_0 = 1.4V$ ,  $0^\circ C \leq T_A \leq 70^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted.

| SYMBOL                           | PARAMETER                              | CONDITIONS   | LT1078AC/LT1079AC |                      |                          | LT1078C/LT1079C<br>LT1078S8/LT1079SW |                          |  | UNITS |
|----------------------------------|--|--|-------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|--|-------|
|                                  |  |  | MIN               | TYP                  | MAX                      | MIN                                  | TYP                      | MAX  |       |
| $V_{OS}$                         | Input Offset Voltage                   | LT1078<br>LT1079<br>LT1078S8<br>LT1079SW                                 | ●<br>●<br>●<br>●  | 50<br>60<br>85<br>90 | 150<br>180<br>350<br>480 | 60<br>70<br>85<br>90                 | 240<br>270<br>350<br>480 | $\mu V$<br>$\mu V$<br>$\mu V$<br>$\mu V$                 |       |
| $\frac{\Delta V_{OS}}{\Delta T}$ | Input Offset Voltage Drift<br>(Note 5) | LT1078S8<br>LT1079SW   | ●<br>●<br>●       | 0.4<br>0.6<br>0.7    | 1.8<br>3.5<br>4.0        | 0.5<br>0.6<br>0.7                    | 2.5<br>3.5<br>4.0        | $\mu V/^\circ C$<br>$\mu V/^\circ C$<br>$\mu V/^\circ C$ |       |
| $I_{OS}$                         | Input Offset Current                   |  | ●                 | 0.06                 | 0.35                     | 0.06                                 | 0.50                     | nA   |       |
| $I_B$                            | Input Bias Current                     |  | ●                 | 6                    | 9                        | 6                                    | 11                       | nA   |       |
| CMRR                             | Common Mode Rejection Ratio            | $V_{CM} = 0V$ to $3.4V$  | ●                 | 94                   | 108                      | 90                                   | 106                      | dB   |       |
| PSRR                             | Power Supply Rejection Ratio           | $V_S = 2.6V$ to $12V$  | ●                 | 100                  | 112                      | 97                                   | 112                      | dB   |       |
| $A_{VOL}$                        | Large-Signal Voltage Gain              | $V_0 = 0.05V$ to $4V$ , No Load<br>$V_0 = 0.05V$ to $3.5V$ , $R_L = 50k$ | ●<br>●            | 150<br>110           | 750<br>500               | 110<br>80                            | 750<br>500               | $V/mV$<br>$V/mV$   |       |
|                                  | Maximum Output Voltage Swing           | Output Low, No Load<br>Output Low, $I_{SINK} = 100\mu A$                 | ●<br>●            | 4.0<br>105           | 7<br>150                 | 4.0<br>105                           | 7<br>150                 | mV<br>mV   |       |
|                                  |  | Output High, No Load<br>Output High, $2k$ to GND                         | ●<br>●            | 4.1<br>3.3           | 4.3<br>3.8               | 4.1<br>3.3                           | 4.3<br>3.8               | V<br>V   |       |
| $I_S$                            | Supply Current per Amplifier           |  | ●                 | 40                   | 55                       | 42                                   | 63                       | $\mu A$  |       |

# LT1078/LT1079

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$V_S = \pm 15V$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted.

| SYMBOL    | PARAMETER                    | CONDITIONS   | LT1078AC/LT1079AC        |                          |          | LT1078C/LT1079C          |                          |     | UNITS              |
|-----------|------------------------------|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|----------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-----|--------------------|
|           |                              |  | MIN                      | TYP                      | MAX      | MIN                      | TYP                      | MAX |                    |
| $V_{OS}$  | Input Offset Voltage         | (Including LT1078IS8/LT1078S8)<br>LT1079ISW/LT1079SW   | 50                       | 250                      | 70<br>80 | 350<br>500               |                          |     | $\mu V$<br>$\mu V$ |
| $I_{OS}$  | Input Offset Current         |  | 0.05                     | 0.25                     |          | 0.05                     | 0.35                     |     | nA                 |
| $I_B$     | Input Bias Current           |  | 6                        | 8                        |          | 6                        | 10                       |     | nA                 |
|           | Input Voltage Range          |  | 13.5<br>-15.0            | 13.8<br>-15.3            |          | 13.5<br>-15.0            | 13.8<br>-15.3            |     | V<br>V             |
| CMRR      | Common Mode Rejection Ratio  | $V_{CM} = 13.5V, -15V$                                 | 100                      | 114                      |          | 97                       | 114                      |     | dB                 |
| PSRR      | Power Supply Rejection Ratio | $V_S = 5V, 0V$ to $\pm 18V$                            | 102                      | 114                      |          | 100                      | 114                      |     | dB                 |
| $A_{VOL}$ | Large-Signal Voltage Gain    | $V_0 = \pm 10V, R_L = 5k$<br>$V_0 = \pm 10V, R_L = 2k$ | 1000<br>400              | 5000<br>1100             |          | 1000<br>300              | 5000<br>1100             |     | V/mV<br>V/mV       |
| $V_{OUT}$ | Maximum Output Voltage Swing | $R_L = 50k$<br>$R_L = 2k$                              | $\pm 13.0$<br>$\pm 11.0$ | $\pm 14.0$<br>$\pm 13.2$ |          | $\pm 13.0$<br>$\pm 11.0$ | $\pm 14.0$<br>$\pm 13.2$ |     | V<br>V             |
| SR        | Slew Rate                    |  | 0.06                     | 0.10                     |          | 0.06                     | 0.10                     |     | V/ $\mu s$         |
| $I_S$     | Supply Current per Amplifier |  | 46                       | 65                       |          | 47                       | 75                       |     | $\mu A$            |

$V_S = \pm 15V, -40^\circ C \leq T_A \leq 85^\circ C$  for I grades,  $-55^\circ C \leq T_A \leq 125^\circ C$  for AM/M grades unless otherwise noted.

| SYMBOL                           | PARAMETER                              | CONDITIONS                         | LT1078AM/LT1079AM |            |            | LT1078I/LT1079I   |                   |     | UNITS  |
|----------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----|--|
|                                  |  |                                    | MIN               | TYP        | MAX        | MIN               | TYP               | MAX |  |
| $V_{OS}$                         | Input Offset Voltage                   | (Including LT1078IS8)<br>LT1079ISW | ●<br>●            | 90         | 430        | 120<br>130        | 600<br>825        |     | $\mu V$<br>$\mu V$                                       |
| $\frac{\Delta V_{OS}}{\Delta T}$ | Input Offset Voltage Drift<br>(Note 5) | LT1078IS8<br>LT1079ISW             | ●<br>●<br>●       | 0.5        | 1.8        | 0.6<br>0.7<br>0.8 | 2.5<br>3.8<br>5.0 |     | $\mu V/^\circ C$<br>$\mu V/^\circ C$<br>$\mu V/^\circ C$ |
| $I_{OS}$                         | Input Offset Current                   | LT1078I/LT1079I                    | ●<br>●            | 0.07       | 0.50       | 0.07<br>0.1       | 0.70<br>1.0       |     | nA<br>nA   |
| $I_B$                            | Input Bias Current                     |                                    | ●                 | 7          | 10         | 7                 | 12                |     | nA   |
| $A_{VOL}$                        | Large-Signal Voltage Gain              | $V_0 = \pm 10V, R_L = 5k$          | ●                 | 200        | 700        | 150               | 700               |     | V/mV   |
| CMRR                             | Common Mode Rejection Ratio            | $V_{CM} = 13V, -14.9V$             | ●                 | 94         | 110        | 90                | 110               |     | dB   |
| PSRR                             | Power Supply Rejection Ratio           | $V_S = 5V, 0V$ to $\pm 18V$        | ●                 | 98         | 110        | 94                | 110               |     | dB   |
|                                  | Maximum Output Voltage Swing           | $R_L = 5k$                         | ●                 | $\pm 11.0$ | $\pm 13.5$ | $\pm 11.0$        | $\pm 13.5$        |     | V  |
| $I_S$                            | Supply Current per Amplifier           |                                    | ●                 | 52         | 80         | 54                | 95                |     | $\mu A$  |

# LT1078/LT1079

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## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$V_S = \pm 15V$ ,  $0^\circ C \leq T_A \leq 70^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted.

| SYMBOL                           | PARAMETER                              | CONDITIONS                   | LT1078AC/LT1079AC |            |            | LT1078C/LT1079C<br>LT1078S8/LT1079SW |            |                  | UNITS |
|----------------------------------|--|------------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------|--------------------------------------|------------|------------------|-------|
|                                  |  |                              | MIN               | TYP        | MAX        | MIN                                  | TYP        | MAX              |       |
| $V_{OS}$                         | Input Offset Voltage                   | LT1078S8<br>LT1079SW         | ●<br>●<br>●       | 70         | 330        | 90                                   | 460        | $\mu V$          |       |
|                                  |  |                              |                   |            |            | 100                                  | 540        | $\mu V$          |       |
|                                  |  |                              |                   |            |            | 115                                  | 750        | $\mu V$          |       |
| $\frac{\Delta V_{OS}}{\Delta T}$ | Input Offset Voltage Drift<br>(Note 5) | LT1078S8<br>LT1079SW         | ●<br>●<br>●       | 0.5        | 1.8        | 0.6                                  | 2.5        | $\mu V/^\circ C$ |       |
|                                  |  |                              |                   |            |            | 0.7                                  | 3.8        | $\mu V/^\circ C$ |       |
|                                  |  |                              |                   |            |            | 0.8                                  | 5.0        | $\mu V/^\circ C$ |       |
| $I_{OS}$                         | Input Offset Current                   |                              | ●                 | 0.06       | 0.35       | 0.06                                 | 0.50       | nA               |       |
| $I_B$                            | Input Bias Current                     |                              | ●                 | 6          | 9          | 6                                    | 11         | nA               |       |
| $A_{VOL}$                        | Large-Signal Voltage Gain              | $V_0 = \pm 10V$ , $R_L = 5k$ | ●                 | 300        | 1200       | 250                                  | 1200       | V/mV             |       |
| CMRR                             | Common Mode Rejection Ratio            | $V_{CM} = 13V, -15V$         | ●                 | 97         | 112        | 94                                   | 112        | dB               |       |
| PSRR                             | Power Supply Rejection Ratio           | $V_S = 5V$ , 0V to $\pm 18V$ | ●                 | 100        | 112        | 97                                   | 112        | dB               |       |
|                                  | Maximum Output Voltage Swing           | $R_L = 5k$                   | ●                 | $\pm 11.0$ | $\pm 13.6$ | $\pm 11.0$                           | $\pm 13.6$ | V                |       |
| $I_S$                            | Supply Current per Amplifier           |                              | ●                 | 49         | 73         | 50                                   | 85         | $\mu A$          |       |

The ● denotes specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range.

**Note 1:** Typical parameters are defined as the 60% yield of parameter distributions of individual amplifiers, i.e., out of 100 LT1079s (or 100 LT1078s) typically 240 op amps (or 120) will be better than the indicated specification.

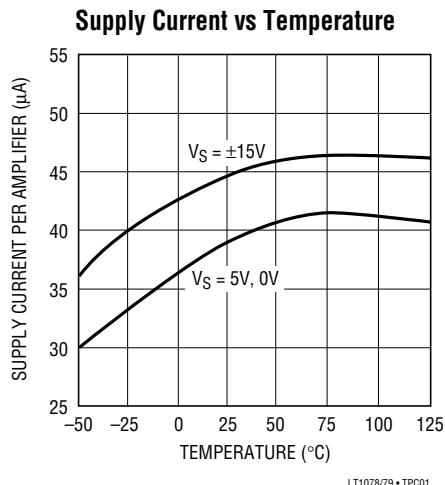
**Note 2:** This parameter is tested on a sample basis only. All noise parameters are tested with  $V_S = \pm 2.5V$ ,  $V_0 = 0V$ .

**Note 3:** This parameter is guaranteed by design and is not tested.

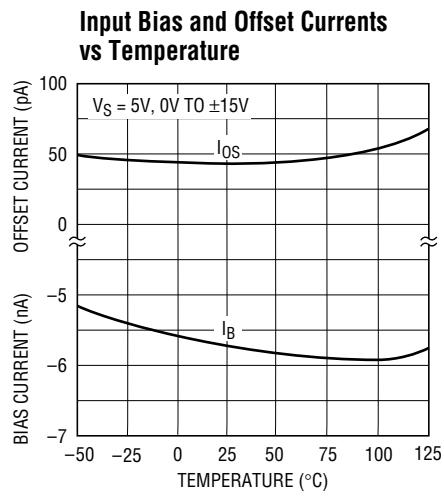
**Note 4:** Power supply rejection ratio is measured at the minimum supply voltage. The op amps actually work at 1.8V supply but with a typical offset skew of  $-300\mu V$ .

**Note 5:** This parameter is not 100% tested.

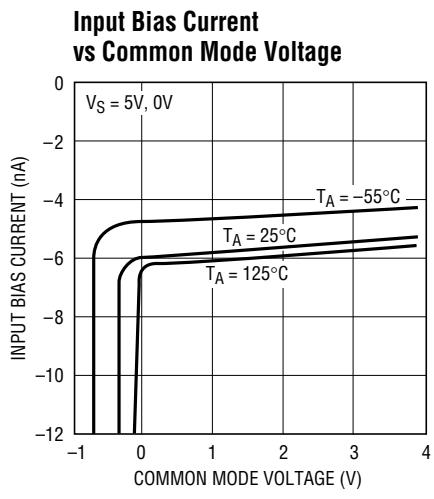
## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS



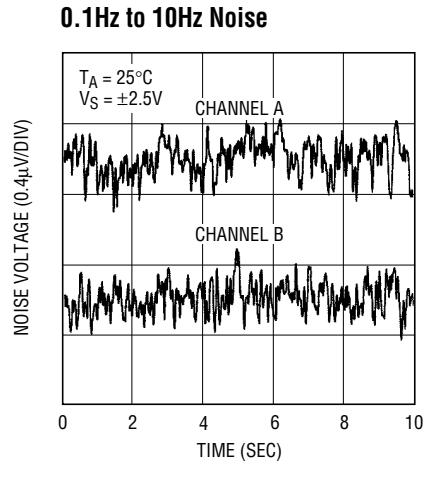
LT1078/79 • TPC01



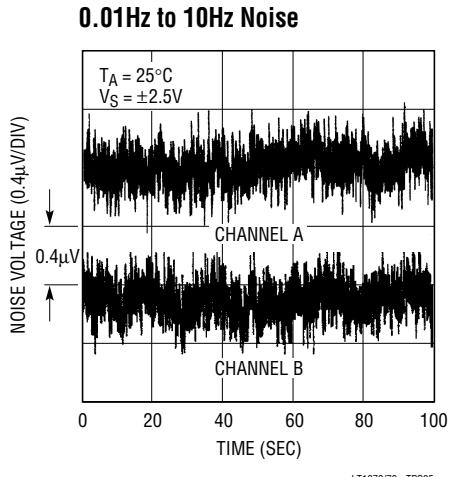
LT1078/79 • TPC02



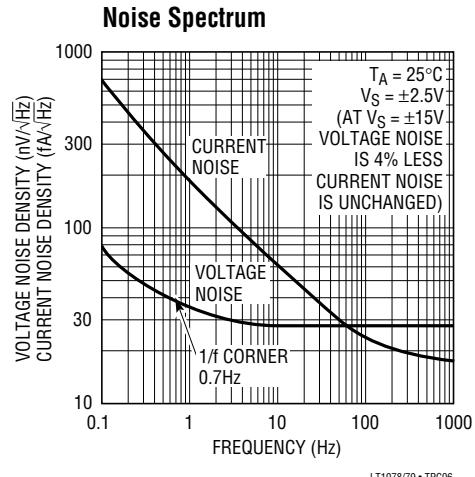
LT1078/79 • TPC03



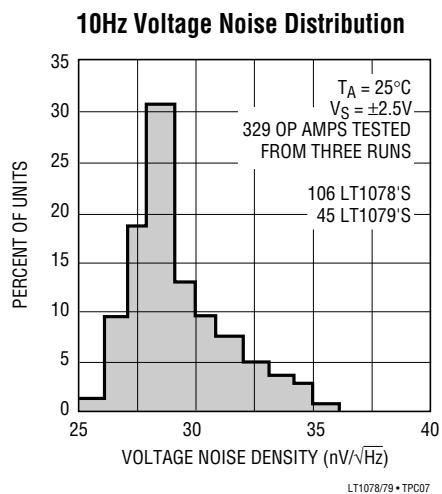
LT1078/79 • TPC04



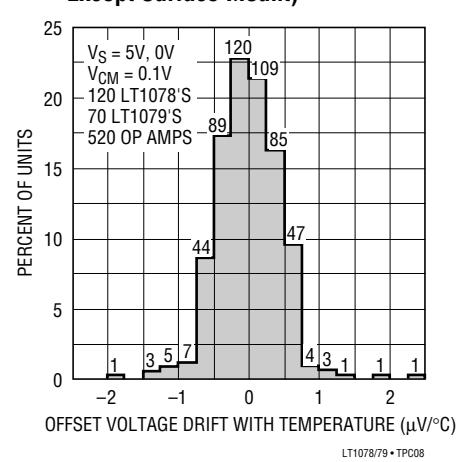
LT1078/79 • TPC05



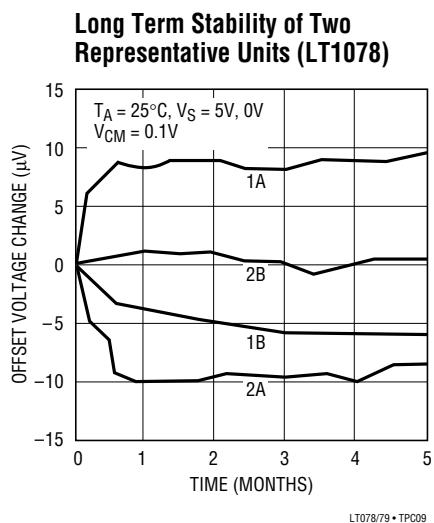
LT1078/79 • TPC06



LT1078/79 • TPC07



LT1078/79 • TPC08

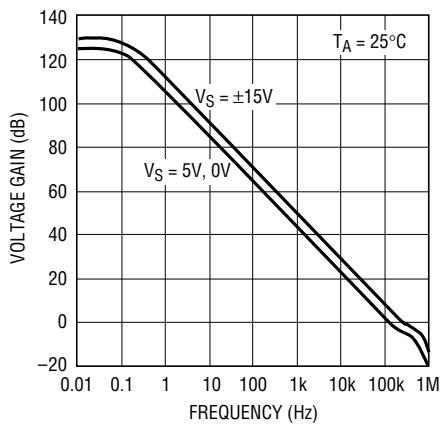


LT1078/79 • TPC09

# LT1078/LT1079

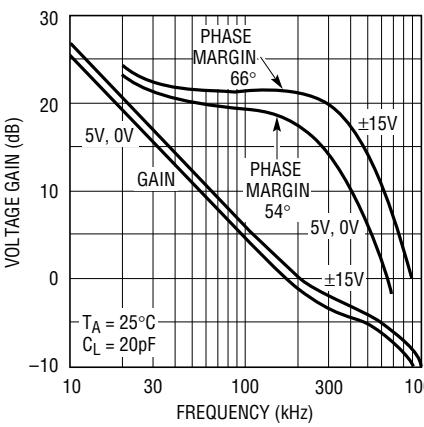
## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

Voltage Gain vs Frequency



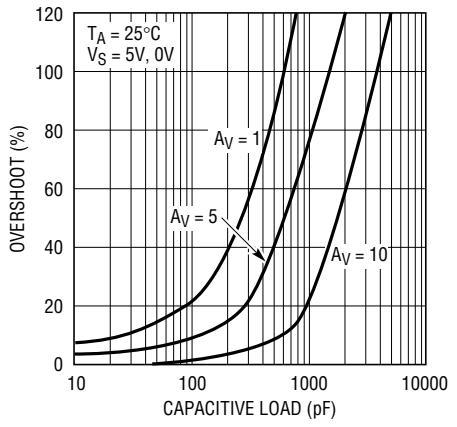
LT1078/79 • TPC10

Gain, Phase vs Frequency



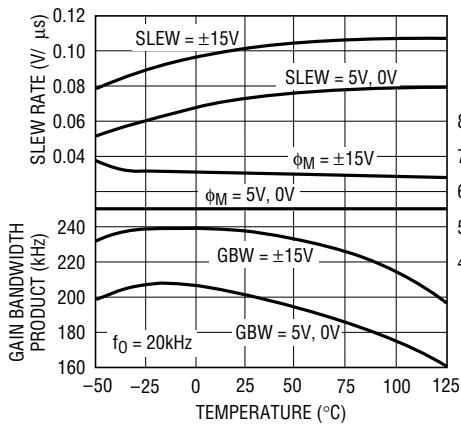
LTC1078/79 TPC11

Capacitive Load Handling



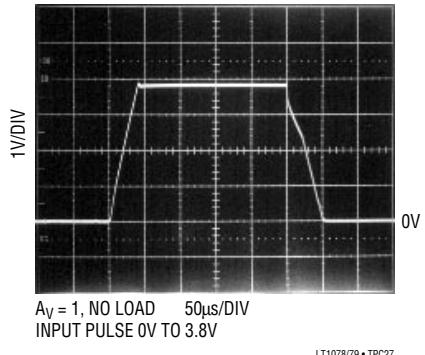
LT1078/79 • TPC12

Slew Rate, Gain Bandwidth Product and Phase Margin vs Temperature



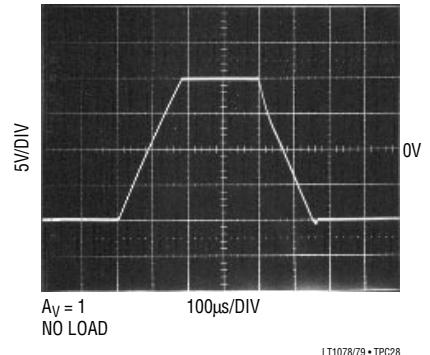
LT1078/79 • TPC13

Large-Signal Transient Response  
VS = 5V, 0V



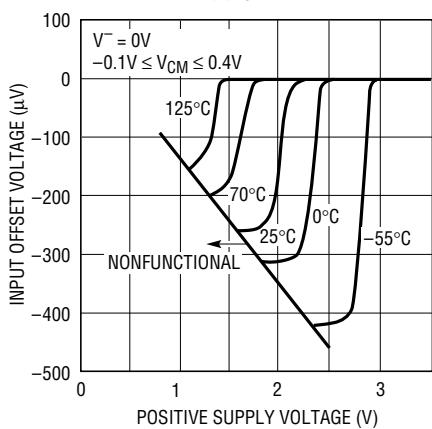
LT1078/79 • TPC27

Large-Signal Transient Response  
VS = ±15V



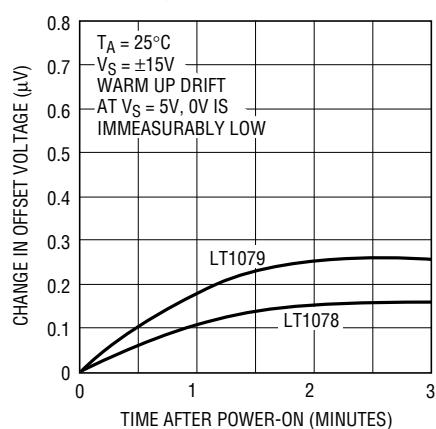
LT1078/79 • TPC28

Minimum Supply Voltage



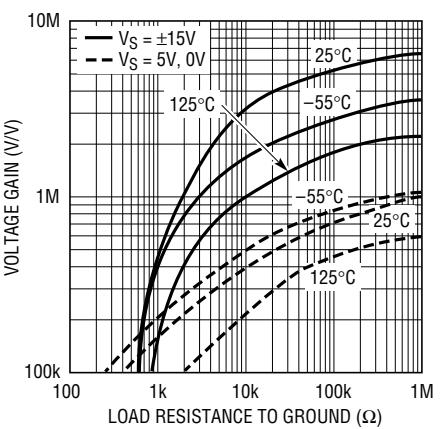
LT1078/79 • TPC14

Warm-Up Drift



LT1078/79 • TPC15

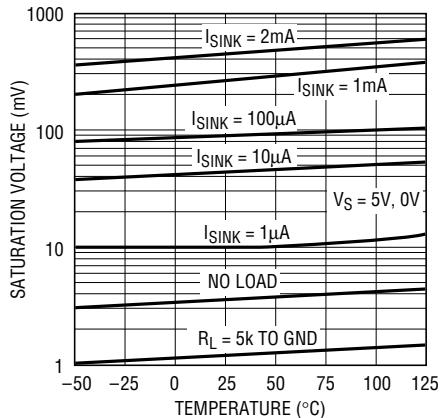
Voltage Gain vs Load Resistance



LT1078/79 • TPC16

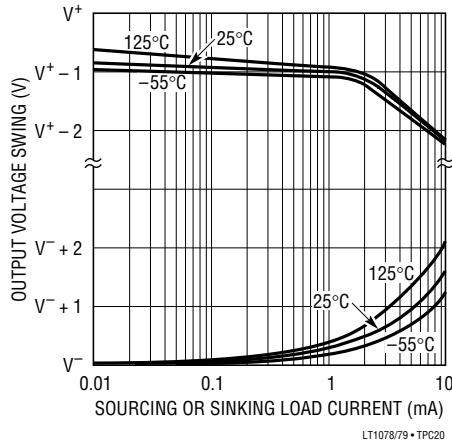
## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

**Output Saturation vs Temperature vs Sink Current**



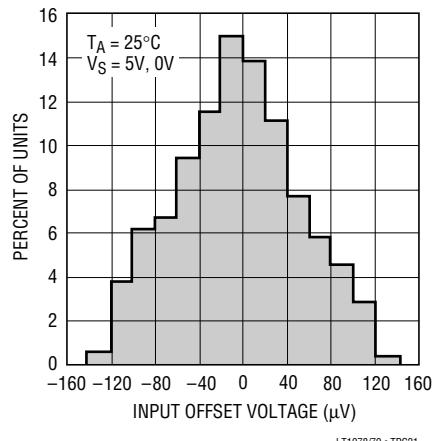
LT1078/79 • TPC19

**Output Voltage Swing vs Load Current**



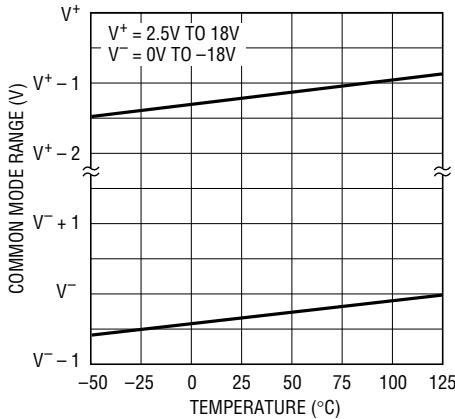
LT1078/79 • TPC20

**Distribution of Input Offset Voltage (LT1078 in 8-Pin SO Package)**



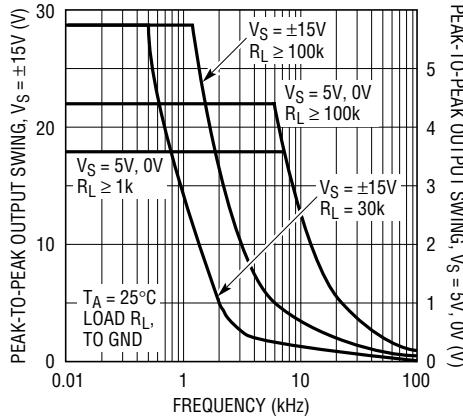
LT1078/79 • TPC21

**Common Mode Range vs Temperature**



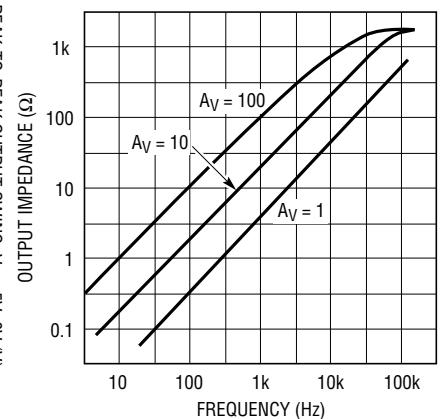
LT1078/79 • TPC22

**Undistorted Output Swing vs Frequency**



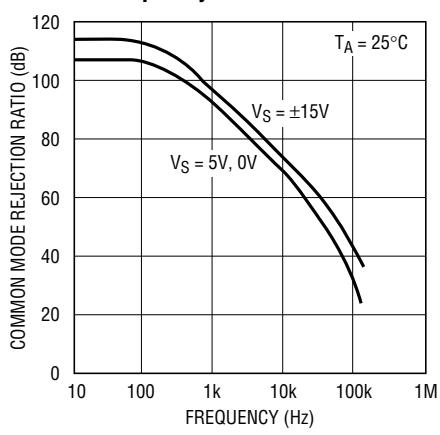
LT1078/79 • TPC23

**Closed Loop Output Impedance**



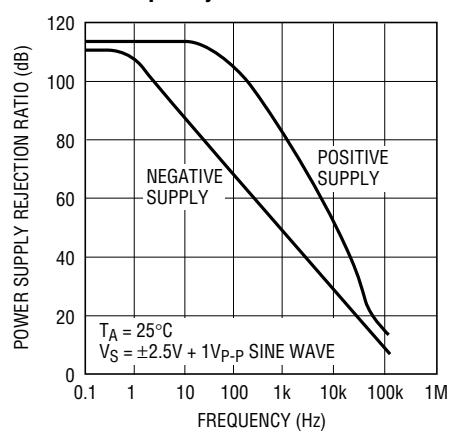
LT1078/79 • TPC24

**Common Mode Rejection Ratio vs Frequency**



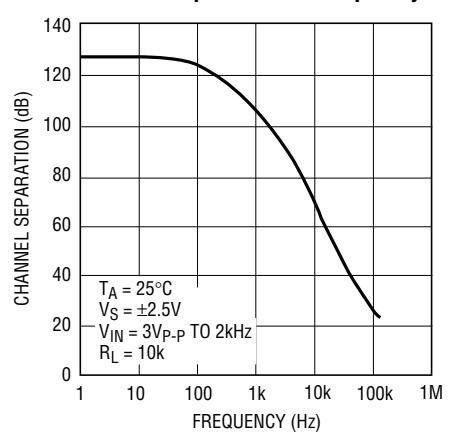
LT1078/79 • TPC25

**Power Supply Rejection Ratio vs Frequency**



LT1078/79 • TPC26

**Channel Separation vs Frequency**

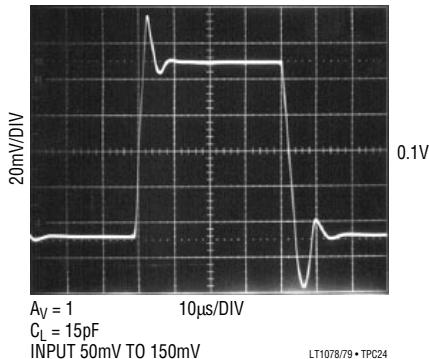


LT1078/79 • TPC27

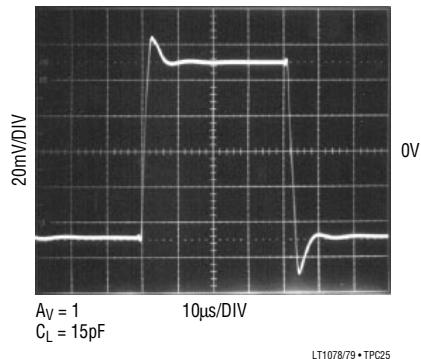
# LT1078/LT1079

## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

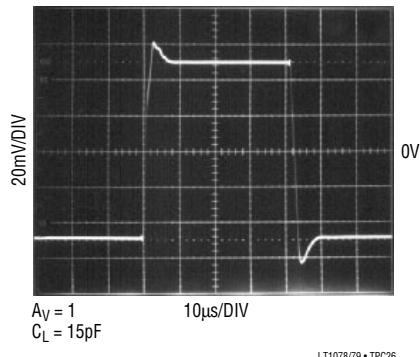
Small-Signal Transient Response  
 $V_S = 5V, 0V$



Small-Signal Transient Response  
 $V_S = \pm 2.5V$



Small-Signal Transient Response  
 $V_S = \pm 15V$



## APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

The LT1078/LT1079 devices are fully specified with  $V^+ = 5V$ ,  $V^- = 0V$ ,  $V_{CM} = 0.1V$ . This set of operating conditions appears to be the most representative for battery-powered micropower circuits. Offset voltage is internally trimmed to a minimum value at these supply voltages. When 9V or 3V batteries or  $\pm 2.5V$  dual supplies are used, bias and offset current changes will be minimal. Offset voltage changes will be just a few microvolts as given by the PSRR and CMRR specifications. For example, if  $PSRR = 114dB$  ( $= 2\mu V/V$ ), at 9V the offset voltage change will be  $8\mu V$ . Similarly,  $V_S = \pm 2.5V$ ,  $V_{CM} = 0V$  is equivalent to a common mode voltage change of  $2.4V$  or a  $V_{OS}$  change of  $7\mu V$  if  $CMRR = 110dB$  ( $3\mu V/V$ ). This

A full set of specifications is also provided at  $\pm 15V$  supply voltages for comparison with other devices and for completeness.

### Single Supply Operation

The LT1078/LT1079 are fully specified for single supply operation, i.e., when the negative supply is  $0V$ . Input common mode range goes below ground and the output swings within a few millivolts of ground while sinking current. All competing micropower op amps either cannot swing to within  $600mV$  of ground (OP-20, OP-220, OP-420) or need a pull-down resistor connected to the output to swing to ground (OP-90, OP-290, OP-490, HA5141/42/44). This

## APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

difference is critical because in many applications these competing devices cannot be operated as micropower op amps and swing to ground simultaneously.

As an example, consider the instrumentation amplifier shown on the front page. When the common mode signal is low and the output is high, amplifier A has to sink current. When the common mode signal is high and the output low, amplifier B has to sink current. The competing devices require a 12k pull-down resistor at the output of amplifier A and a 15k at the output of B to handle the specified signals. (The LT1078 does not need pull-down resistors.) When the common mode input is high and the output is high these pull-down resistors draw 300 $\mu$ A (150 $\mu$ A each), which is excessive for micropower applications.

The instrumentation amplifier is by no means the only application requiring current sinking capability. In seven of the nine single supply applications shown in this data sheet the op amps have to be able to sink current. In two of the applications the first amplifier has to sink only the 6nA input bias current of the second op amp. The competing devices, however, cannot even sink 6nA without a pull-down resistor.

Since the output of the LT1078/LT1079 cannot go exactly to ground, but can only approach ground to within a few millivolts, care should be exercised to ensure that the output is not saturated. For example, a 1mV input signal will cause the amplifier to set up in its linear region in the gain 100 configuration shown in Figure 1a, but is not

enough to make the amplifier function properly in the voltage follower mode, Figure 1b.

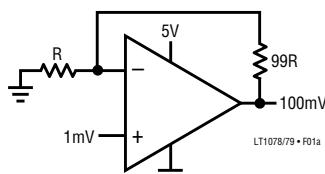


Figure 1a. Gain 100 Amplifier

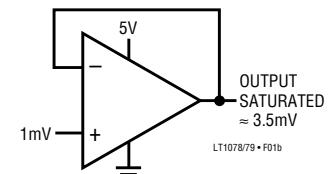


Figure 1b. Voltage Follower

Single supply operation can also create difficulties at the input. The driving signal can fall below 0V—inadvertently or on a transient basis. If the input is more than a few hundred millivolts below ground, two distinct problems can occur on previous single supply designs, such as the LM124, LM158, OP-20, OP-21, OP-220, OP-221, OP-420 (1 and 2), OP-90/290/490 (2 only):

1. When the input is more than a diode drop below ground, unlimited current will flow from the substrate ( $V^-$  terminal) to the input. This can destroy the unit. On the LT1078/LT1079, resistors in series with the input protect the devices even when the input is 5V below ground.
2. When the input is more than 400mV below ground (at 25°C), the input stage saturates and phase reversal occurs at the output. This can cause lockup in servo systems. Due to a unique phase reversal protection circuitry, the LT1078/LT1079 output does not reverse, as illustrated in Figure 2, even when the inputs are at -1V.

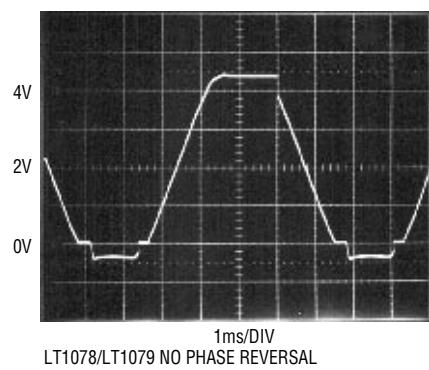
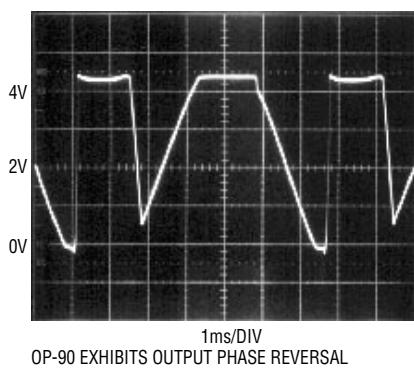
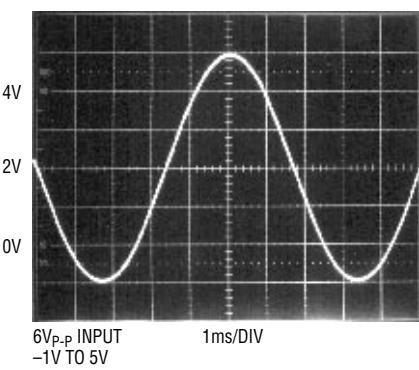


Figure 2. Voltage Follower with Input Exceeding the Negative Common Mode Range ( $V_S = 5V$ , 0V)

# LT1078/LT1079

## APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

### Matching Specifications

In many applications the performance of a system depends on the matching between two op amps, rather than the individual characteristics of the two devices. The two and three op amp instrumentation amplifier configurations shown in this data sheet are examples. Matching characteristics are not 100% tested on the LT1078/LT1079.

Some specifications are guaranteed by definition. For example, 70 $\mu$ V maximum offset voltage implies that mismatch cannot be more than 140 $\mu$ V. 97dB (= 14 $\mu$ V/V) CMRR means that worst-case CMRR match is 91dB (= 28 $\mu$ V/V). However, Table 1 can be used to estimate the expected matching performance at  $V_S = 5V$ , 0V between the two sides of the LT1078, and between amplifiers A and D, and between amplifiers B and C of the LT1079.

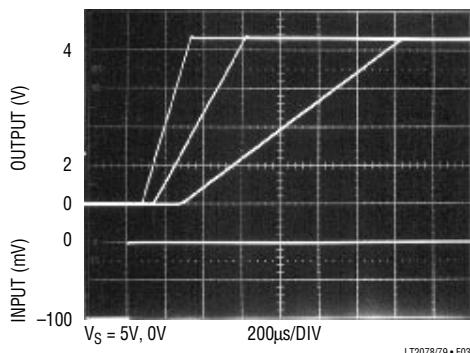
**Table 1**

|   |        | LT1078AC/LT1079AC/LT1078AM/LT1079AM |           | LT1078C/LT1079C/LT1078M/LT1079M |           | UNITS                 |
|---|--------|-------------------------------------|-----------|---------------------------------|-----------|-----------------------|
| PARAMETER                               |        | 50% YIELD                           | 98% YIELD | 50% YIELD                       | 98% YIELD |                       |
| $V_{OS}$ Match, $\Delta V_{OS}$         | LT1078 | 30                                  | 110       | 50                              | 190       | $\mu$ V               |
|   | LT1079 | 40                                  | 150       | 50                              | 250       | $\mu$ V               |
| Temperature Coefficient $\Delta V_{OS}$ |        | 0.5                                 | 1.2       | 0.6                             | 1.8       | $\mu$ V/ $^{\circ}$ C |
| Average Noninverting $I_B$              |        | 6                                   | 8         | 6                               | 10        | nA                    |
| Match of Noninverting $I_B$             |        | 0.12                                | 0.4       | 0.15                            | 0.5       | nA                    |
| CMRR Match                              |        | 120                                 | 100       | 117                             | 97        | dB                    |
| PSRR Match                              |        | 117                                 | 105       | 117                             | 102       | dB                    |

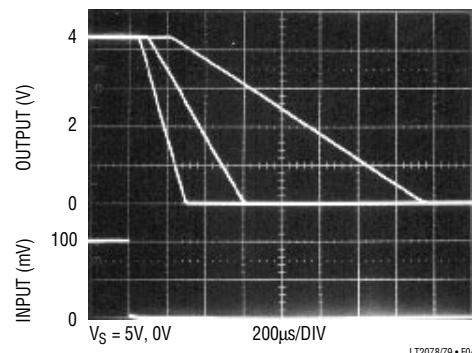
### Comparator Applications

The single supply operation of the LT1078/LT1079 and its ability to swing close to ground while sinking current

lends itself to use as a precision comparator with TTL compatible output.



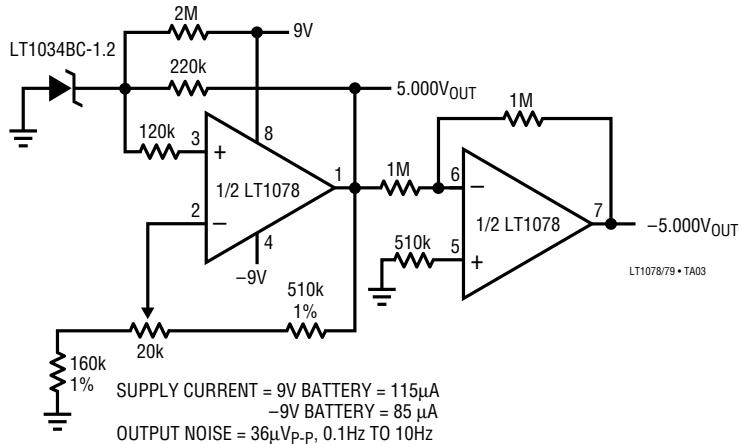
**Figure 3. Comparator Rise Response Time to 10mV, 5mV, 2mV Overdrives**



**Figure 4. Comparator Fall Response Time to 10mV, 5mV, 2mV Overdrives**

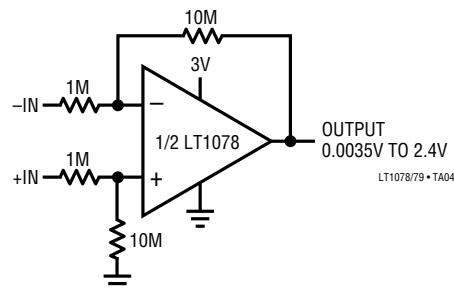
## TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

**Micropower, 10ppm/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $\pm 5\text{V}$  Reference**



THE LT1078 CONTRIBUTES LESS THAN 3% OF THE TOTAL OUTPUT NOISE AND DRIFT WITH TIME AND TEMPERATURE. THE ACCURACY OF THE -5V OUTPUT DEPENDS ON THE MATCHING OF THE TWO 1M RESISTORS

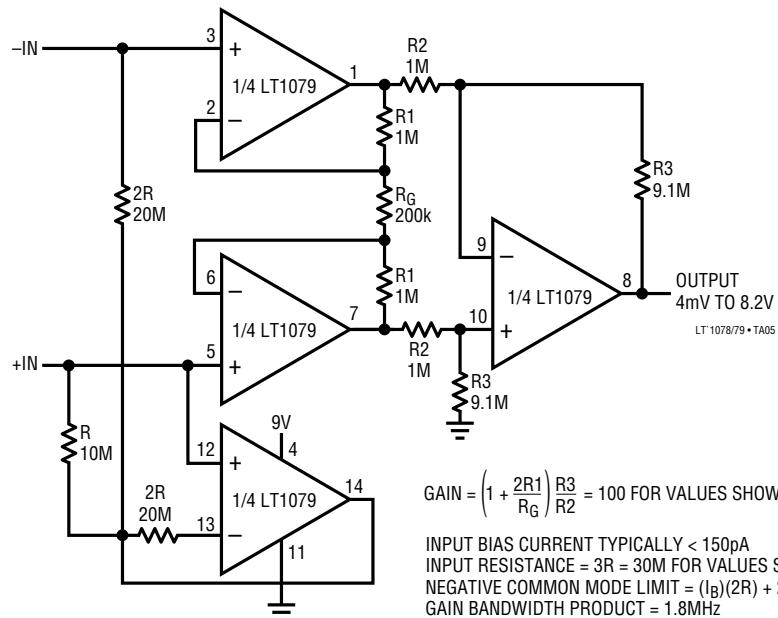
**Gain of 10 Difference Amplifier**



BANDWIDTH= 20kHz  
OUTPUT OFFSET= 0.7mV  
OUTPUT NOISE= 80 µV<sub>P-P</sub> (0.1Hz TO 10Hz)  
260 µVRMS OVER FULL  
BANDWIDTH

THE USEFULNESS OF DIFFERENCE AMPLIFIERS IS LIMITED BY THE FACT THAT THE INPUT RESISTANCE IS EQUAL TO THE SOURCE RESISTANCE. THE PICOAMPERE OFFSET CURRENT AND LOW CURRENT NOISE OF THE LT1078 ALLOWS THE USE OF 1M SOURCE RESISTORS WITHOUT DEGRADATION IN PERFORMANCE. IN ADDITION, WITH MEGOHM RESISTORS MICROPOWER OPERATION CAN BE MAINTAINED

**Picoampere Input Current, Triple Op Amp Instrumentation Amplifier with Bias Current Cancellation**



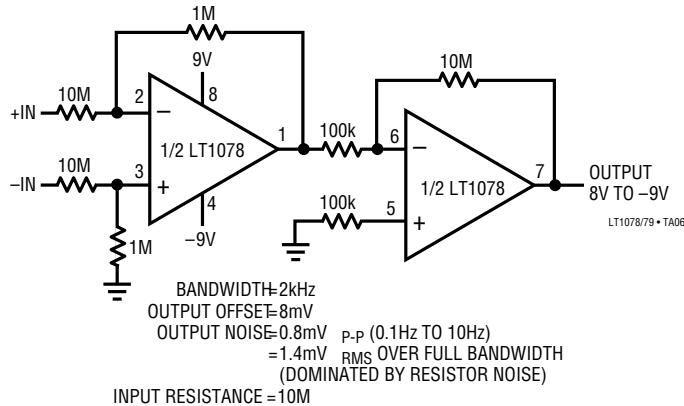
$$\text{GAIN} = \left(1 + \frac{2R_1}{R_G}\right) \frac{R_3}{R_2} = 100 \text{ FOR VALUES SHOWN}$$

INPUT BIAS CURRENT TYPICALLY < 150pA  
INPUT RESISTANCE = 3R = 30M FOR VALUES SHOWN  
NEGATIVE COMMON MODE LIMIT = ( $I_B$ )(2R) + 20mV ≈ 140mV  
GAIN BANDWIDTH PRODUCT = 1.8MHz

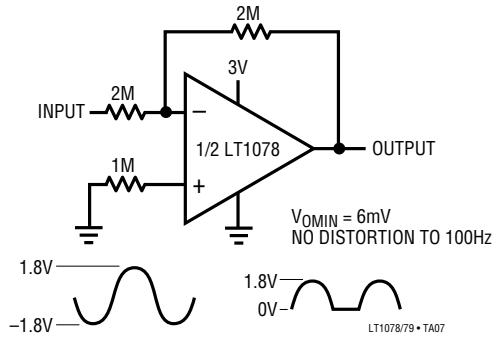
# LT1078/LT1079

## TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

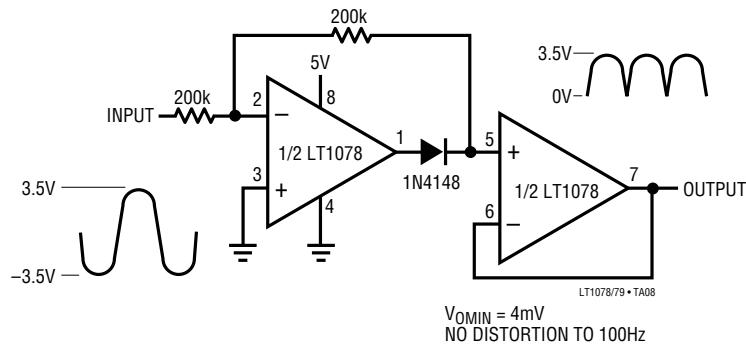
**85V, -100V Common Mode Range  
Instrumentation Amplifier ( $A_V = 10$ )**



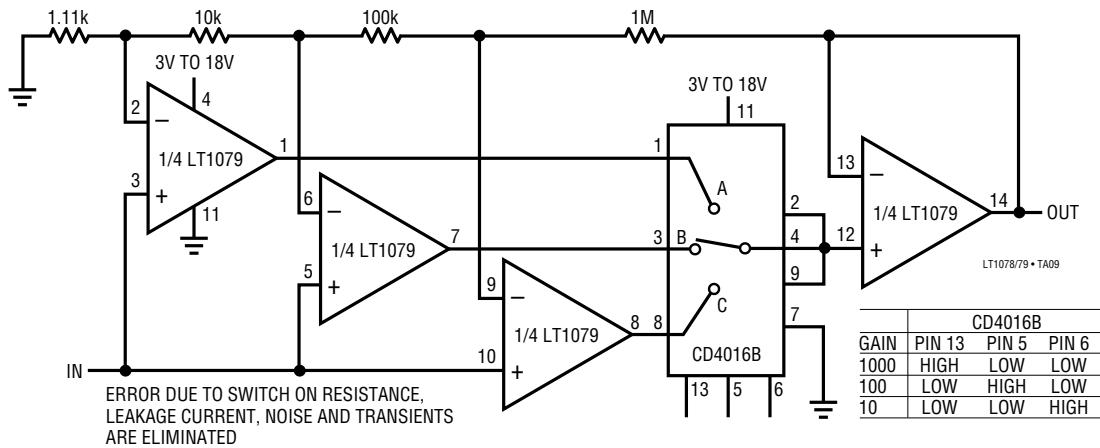
**Half-Wave Rectifier**



**Absolute Value Circuit (Full-Wave Rectifier)**

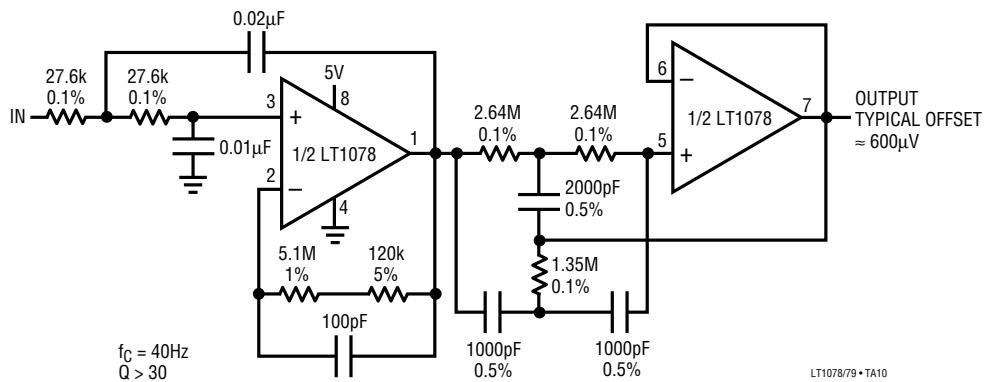


**Programmable Gain Amplifier (Single Supply)**

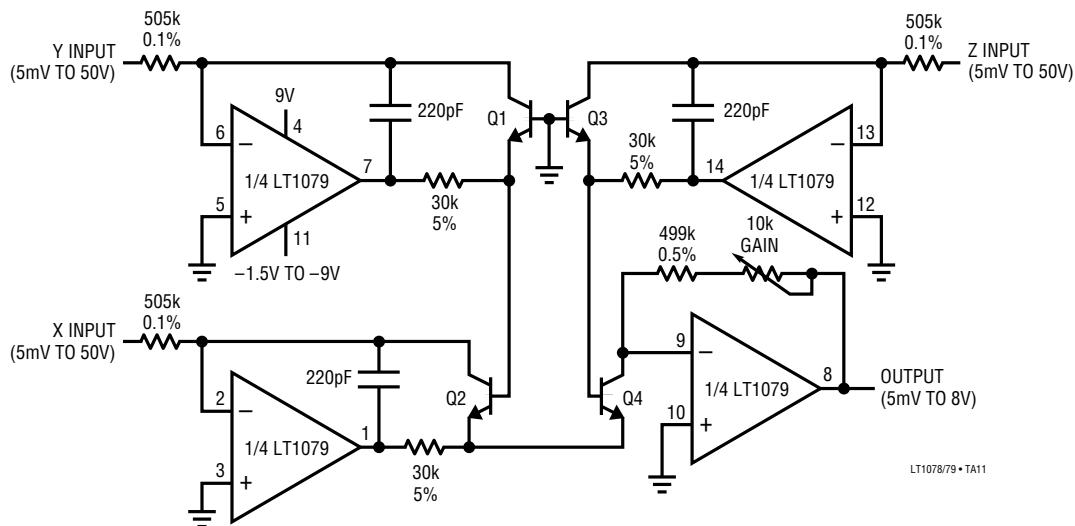


## TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

**Single Supply, Micropower, Second Order Lowpass Filter with 60Hz Notch**



**Micropower Multiplier/Divider**



Q1, Q2, Q3, Q4 = MAT-04

TYPICAL LINEARITY = 0.01% OF FULL-SCALE OUTPUT

$$\text{OUTPUT} = \frac{(X)(Y)}{(Z)}, \text{ POSITIVE INPUTS ONLY}$$

$$\text{NEGATIVE SUPPLY CURRENT} = 165\mu\text{A} + \frac{X + Y + Z + \text{OUT}}{500\text{k}}$$

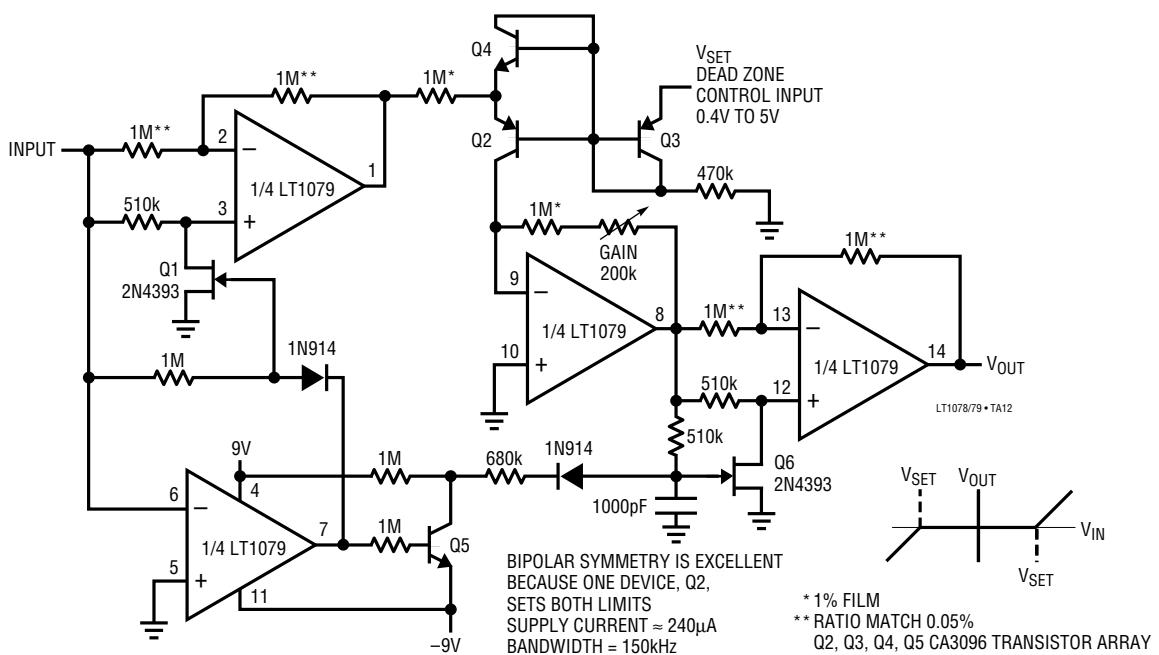
$$\text{POSITIVE SUPPLY CURRENT} = 165\mu\text{A} + \frac{\text{OUT}}{500\text{k}}$$

BANDWIDTH (< 3V<sub>P-P</sub> SIGNAL): X AND Y INPUTS = 10kHz  
 Z INPUT = 4kHz

LT1078/LT1079

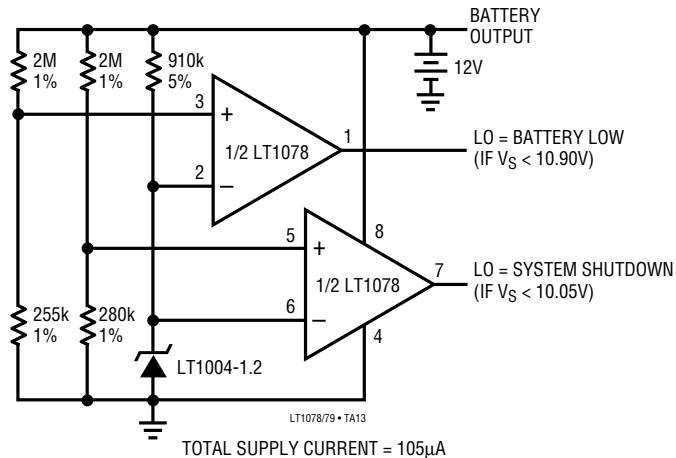
## **TYPICAL APPLICATIONS**

## Micropower Dead Zone Generator

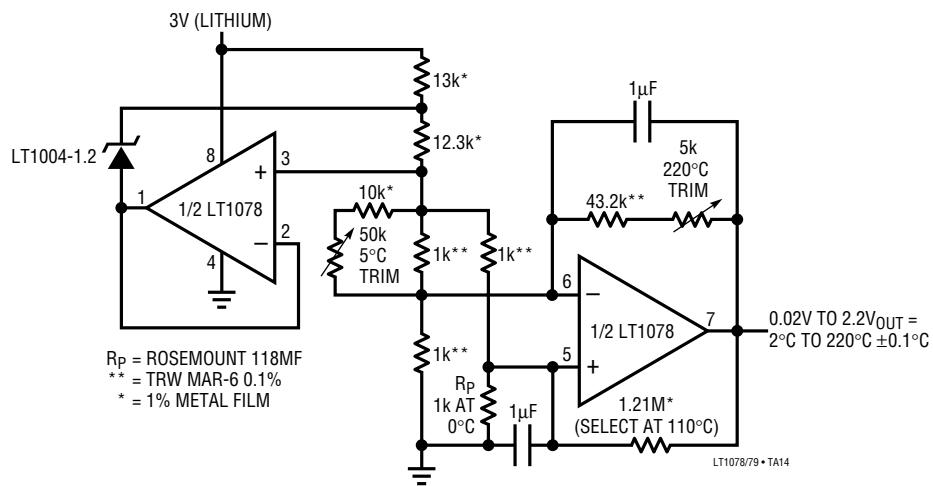


## TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

**Lead-Acid Low-Battery Detector with System Shutdown**



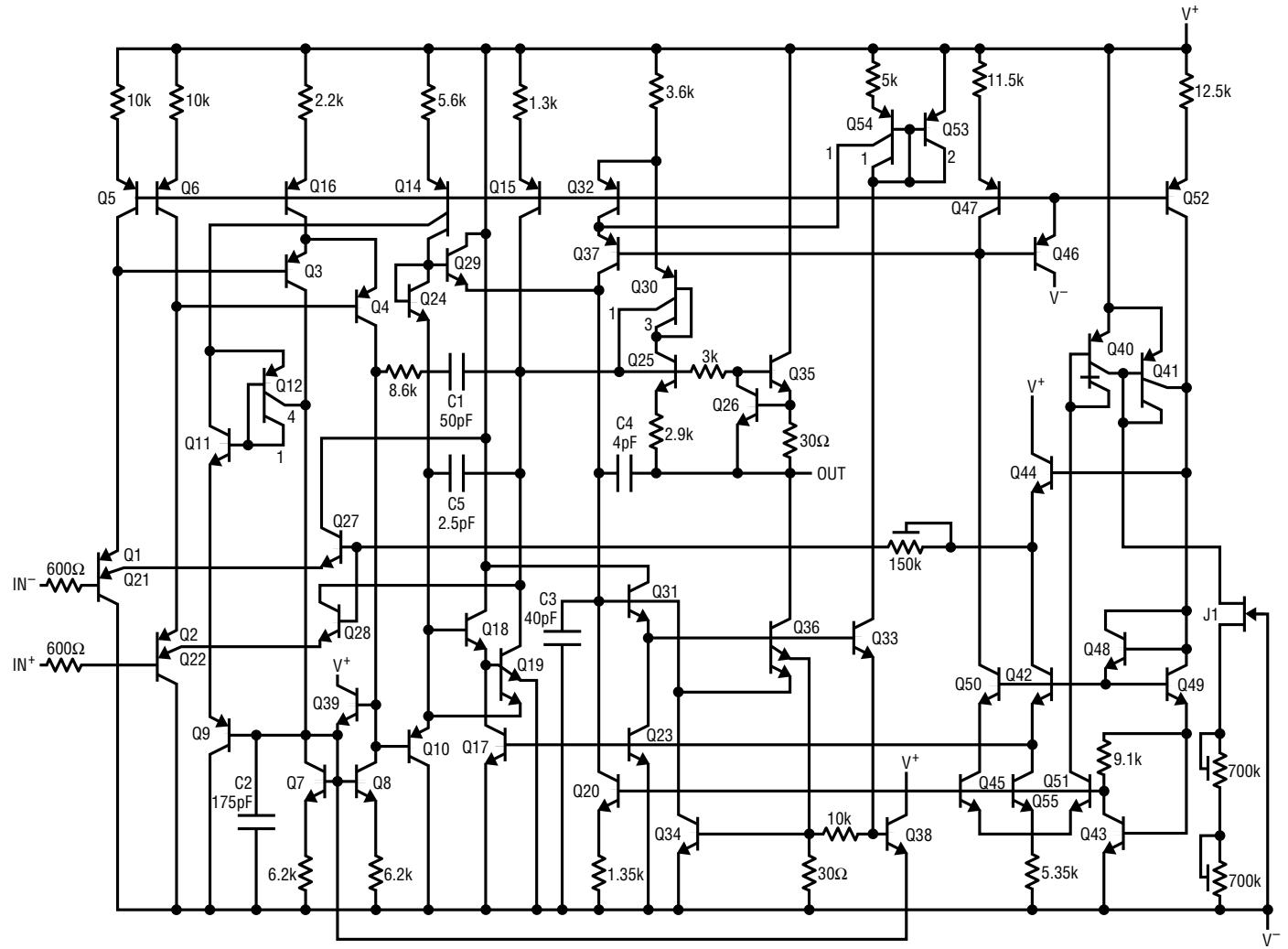
**Platinum RTD Signal Conditioner with Curvature Correction**



LT1078/LT1079

# SIMPLIFIED SCHEMATIC

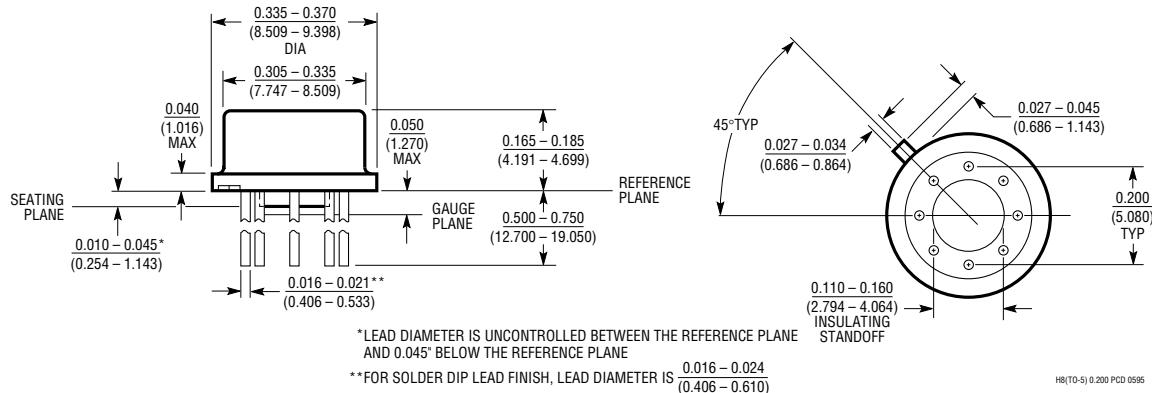
1/2 LT1078, 1/4 LT1079



LT1078/79 • SIMPLIFIED SCHEM

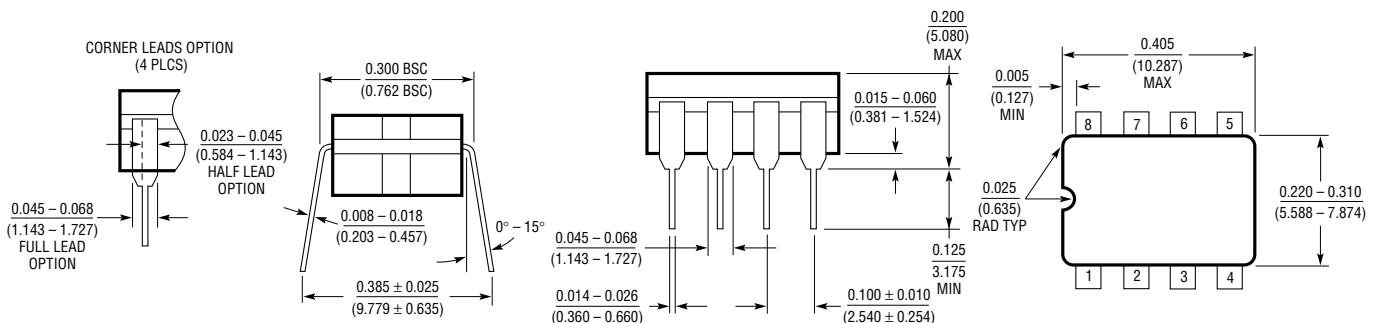
## PACKAGE DESCRIPTION Dimensions in inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted.

**H Package**  
**8-Lead TO-5 Metal Can (0.230 PCD)**  
(LTC DWG # 05-08-1321)



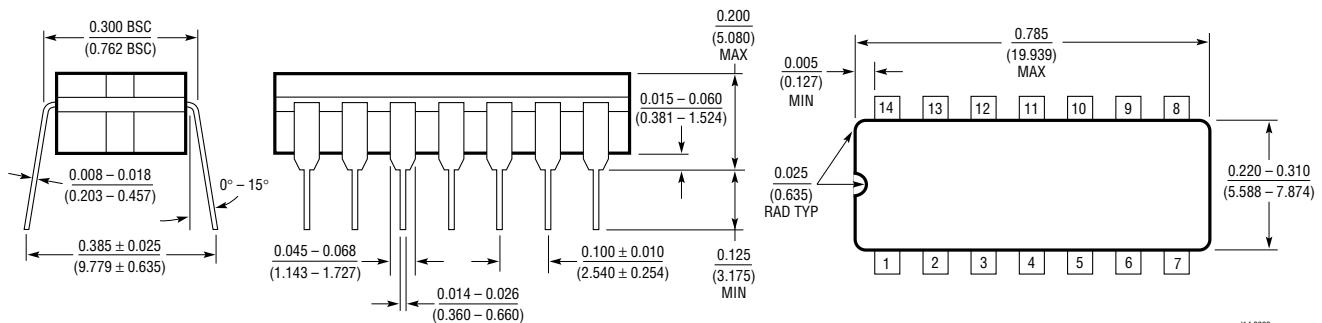
H8(TO-5) 0.200 PCD 0595

**J8 Package**  
**8-Lead CERDIP (Narrow 0.300, Hermetic)**  
(LTC DWG # 05-08-1110)



J8 0694

**J Package**  
**14-Lead CERDIP (Narrow 0.300, Hermetic)**  
(LTC DWG # 05-08-1110)

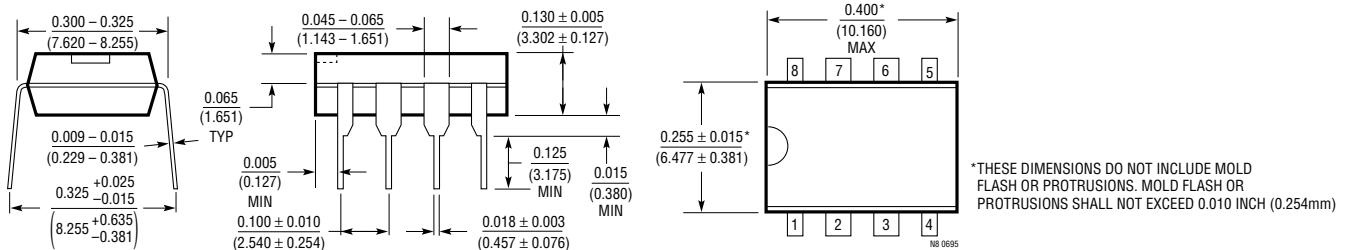


J14 0995

# LT1078/LT1079

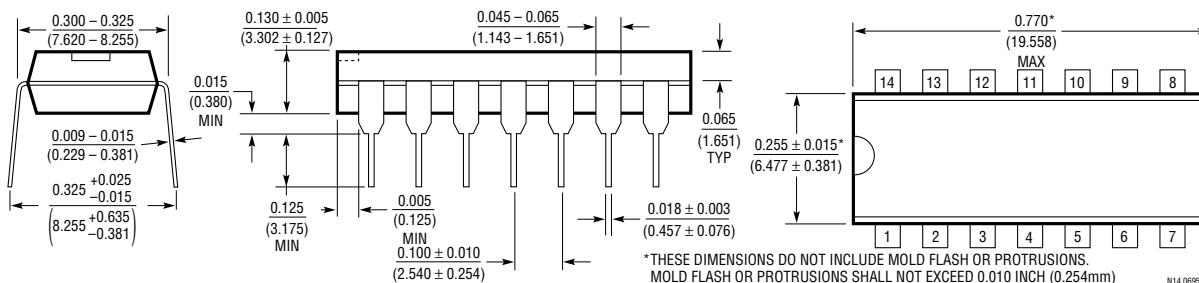
## PACKAGE DESCRIPTION Dimensions in inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted.

**N8 Package**  
**8-Lead PDIP (Narrow 0.300)**  
(LTC DWG # 05-08-1510)



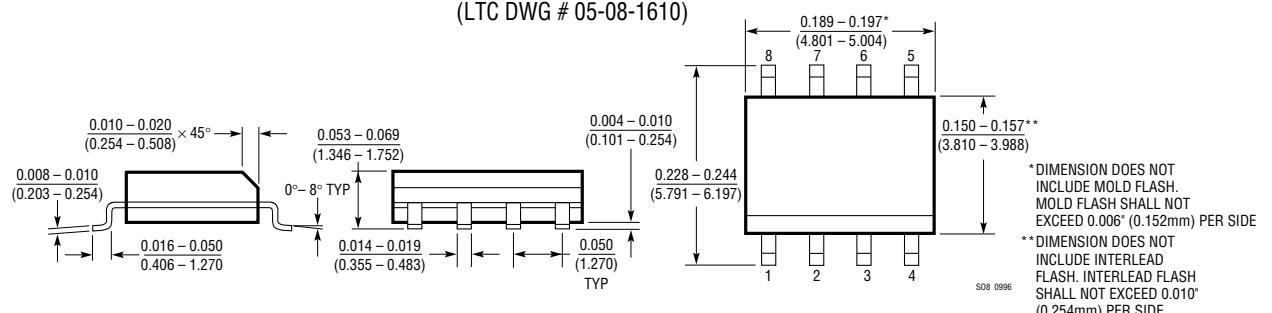
\*THESE DIMENSIONS DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS. MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.010 INCH (0.254mm)

**N Package**  
**14-Lead PDIP (Narrow 0.300)**  
(LTC DWG # 05-08-1510)



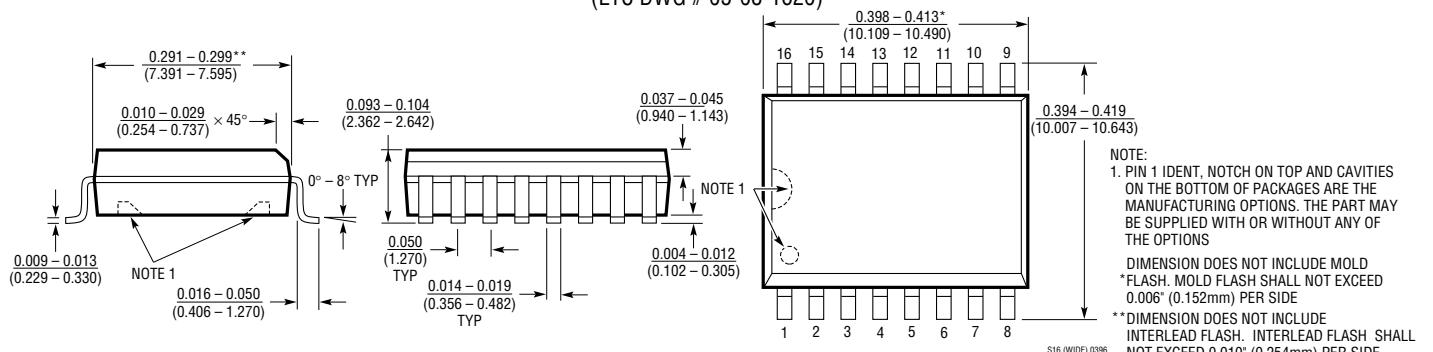
\*THESE DIMENSIONS DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS.  
MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.010 INCH (0.254mm)

**S8 Package**  
**8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (Narrow 0.150)**  
(LTC DWG # 05-08-1610)



\*DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH.  
MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.006" (0.152mm) PER SIDE  
\*\*DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE INTERLEAD FLASH.  
INTERLEAD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.010" (0.254mm) PER SIDE

**SW Package**  
**16-Lead Plastic Small Outline (Wide 0.300)**  
(LTC DWG # 05-08-1620)



NOTE:  
1. PIN 1 IDENT, NOTCH ON TOP AND CAVITIES ON THE BOTTOM OF PACKAGES ARE THE MANUFACTURING OPTIONS. THE PART MAY BE SUPPLIED WITH OR WITHOUT ANY OF THE OPTIONS

DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH.  
MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.006" (0.152mm) PER SIDE

\*\*DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE  
INTERLEAD FLASH. INTERLEAD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.010" (0.254mm) PER SIDE