

LTC1348

Y 3.3V/5V Low Power RS232 3-Driver/5-Receiver Transceiver

#### **FEATURES**

- Low Supply Current: 600µA at 3.3V
- Supply Current in Shutdown: 0.2µA
- Supply Current in Receiver Alive Mode: 15µA
- ESD Protection over +10kV
- Operates from a Single 3V to 5.5V Supply
- Operates to 120kBaud with 0.1µF Flying Capacitors
- Three-State Outputs Are High Impedance When Off
- Output Overvoltage Does Not Force Current Back into Supplies
- RS232 I/O Lines Can Be Forced to ±25V Without Damage
- Flowthrough Architecture

#### **APPLICATIONS**

- Notebook Computers
- Palmtop Computers
- Printers
- Portable Instruments

### DESCRIPTION

The LTC®1348 is a 3-driver/5-receiver RS232 transceiver with very low supply current. The charge pump only requires five  $0.1\mu F$  capacitors. The LTC1348 provides full RS232 output levels when operated over a wide supply range of 3V to 5.5V

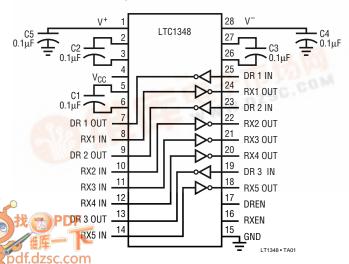
The transceiver operates in one of four modes: Normal, Receiver Disable, Receiver Alive and Shutdown. In Normal or Receiver Disable mode,  $I_{CC}$  is only  $600\mu\text{A}$  at 3.3V and  $800\mu\text{A}$  at 5V in the no load condition. In Shutdown mode, the supply current is further reduced to  $0.2\mu\text{A}$ . In Receiver Alive mode, all five receivers are kept alive and the supply current is  $15\mu\text{A}$ . All RS232 outputs assume a high impedance state in Shutdown or Receiver Alive mode or with the power off. The receiver outputs assume a high impedance state in Receiver Disable or with the power off.

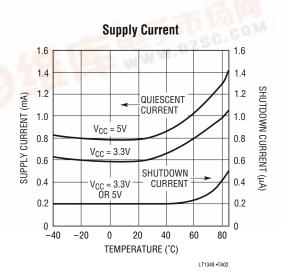
The LTC1348 is fully compliant with all data rate and overvoltage RS232 specifications. The transceiver operates up to 120kbaud with all drivers loaded with 1000pF,  $3k\Omega$ . Both driver outputs and receiver inputs can be forced to  $\pm 25$ V without damage and can survive multiple  $\pm 10$ kV ESD strikes.

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### TYPICAL APPLICATION

3-Drivers/5-Receivers with Shutdown

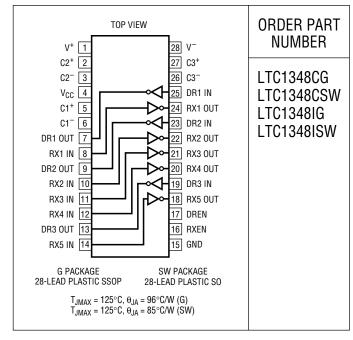




## **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

(Note 1)
Supply Voltage (V <sub>CC</sub> ) 6V
Input Voltage
Driver $-0.3V$ to $V_{CC} + 0.3V$
Receiver25V to 25V
Driver/Receiver Enable Pin $-0.3V$ to $V_{CC} + 0.3V$
Output Voltage
Driver25V to 25V
Receiver $-0.3V$ to $V_{CC} + 0.3V$
Short-Circuit Duration
V+ 30 sec
V <sup>-</sup> 30 sec
Driver Output Indefinite
Receiver Output Indefinite
Operating Temperature Range
LTC1348C0°C to 70°C
LTC1348I40°C to 85°C
Storage Temperature Range65°C to 150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec) 300°C

## PACKAGE/ORDER INFORMATION



Consult factory for Military grade parts.

### DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $V_{CC}$  = 3V to 5.5V, C1 to C4 = 0.1  $\mu F,$  unless otherwise noted.

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS			MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Any Driver							
Output Voltage Swing	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3V, 3k to GND	Positive	•	5.0	6.2		V
		Negative	•	-5.0	-6.0		V
Logic Input Voltage Level	Input Low Level (V <sub>OUT</sub> = High)		•			0.8	V
	Input High Level (V <sub>OUT</sub> = Low), V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3V		•	2.0			V
	Input High Level ( $V_{OUT} = Low$ ), $V_{CC} = 5V$		•	2.4			V
Logic Input Current	$V_{IN} = V_{CC}$		•			5	μΑ
	$V_{IN} = 0V$		•		-5	-35	μΑ
Output Short-Circuit Current	$V_{OUT} = 0V$				±12		mA
Output Leakage Current	Shutdown (Note 3) or Receiver Alive Mode	(Note 4),	•		±10	±500	μΑ
	$V_{OUT} = \pm 20V$						
Any Receiver			•				
Input Voltage Thresholds	Input Threshold (Receiver Alive Mode)			0.8	1.5	2.4	V
	Input Low Threshold (Normal Mode)			0.8	1.3		V
	Input High Threshold (Normal Mode)				1.7	2.4	V
Hysteresis	Normal Mode				0.3		V
Input Resistance	V <sub>IN</sub> = ±10V			3	5	7	kΩ
Output Voltage	Output Low, I <sub>OUT</sub> = – 1.6mA		•		0.2	0.4	V
	Output High, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 160μA		•	V <sub>CC</sub> – 0.6V			V
Output Short-Circuit Current	Sinking Current, V <sub>OUT</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub>			-3	-20		mA
Output Leakage Current	Shutdown (Note 3), $0V \le V_{OUT} \le V_{CC}$		•		1	10	μА

### DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $V_{CC}$  = 3V to 5.5V, C1 to C4 = 0.1  $\mu F,$  unless otherwise noted.

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Power Supply Generator						
V <sup>+</sup> Output Voltage	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 0mA			8.0		V
	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 8mA			7.5		V
V <sup>-</sup> Output Voltage	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 0mA			-8.0		V
	$I_{OUT} = -8mA$			-7.0		V
Supply Rise Time	Shutdown to Turn-On			0.2		ms
Power Supply						
V <sub>CC</sub> Supply Current	No Load (Note 2) V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3V	•		0.6	2.0	mA
	No Load (Note 2) V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V	•		8.0	2.5	mA
	Receiver Alive Mode (Note 4) V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3V or 5V	•		15	30	μΑ
Supply Leakage Current (V <sub>CC</sub> )	Shutdown (Note 3)	•		0.2	10	μА
Driver/Receiver Enable Threshold Low		•			0.8	V
Driver/Receiver Enable Threshold High	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3V	•	2.0			V
Driver/Receiver Enable Threshold High	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V	•	2.4			V

#### **AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

 $\mbox{V}_{\mbox{CC}}$  = 3V to 5.5V, C1 to C4 = 0.1  $\mu\mbox{F},$  unless otherwise noted.

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Maximum Data Rate	$R_L = 3k$ , $C_L = 1000pF$ , One Driver Switching		120	250		kbps
Slew Rate	$V_{CC} = 5V$ , $R_L = 3k$ , $C_L = 51pF$ $V_{CC} = 3.3V$ , $R_L = 3k$ , $C_L = 2500pF$		3	8	30	V/µs V/µs
Driver Propagation Delay (TTL to RS232)	t <sub>HLD</sub> (Figure 1) t <sub>LHD</sub> (Figure 1)	•		2.5 2.5	4 4	μs μs
Receiver Propagation Delay (RS232 to TTL)	t <sub>HLR</sub> (Figure 2) (Normal Mode) t <sub>LHR</sub> (Figure 2) (Normal Mode) t <sub>HLR</sub> (Figure 2) (Receiver Alive Mode) t <sub>LHR</sub> (Figure 2) (Receiver Alive Mode)	•		0.3 0.2 1.0 0.2	1 1 4 4	μs μs μs μs

The ullet denotes specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range (0°C  $\leq$  T<sub>A</sub>  $\leq$  70°C for Commercial grade and -40°C  $\leq$  T<sub>A</sub>  $\leq$  85°C for Industrial grade).

**Note 1:** Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which the life of the device may be impaired.

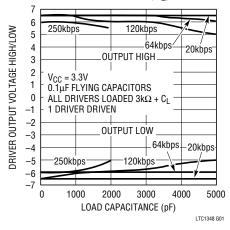
**Note 2:** Supply current is measured with driver and receiver outputs unloaded. The  $V_{DREN}$  and  $V_{RXEN} = V_{CC}$ .

**Note 3:** Supply current measurement in Shutdown is performed with  $V_{DREN}$  and  $V_{RXEN} = 0V$ .

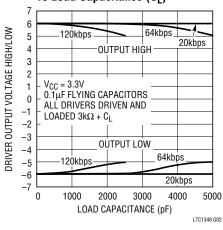
Note 4: Supply current measurement in Receiver Alive mode is performed with  $V_{DREN}$  = 0V and  $V_{RXEN}$  =  $V_{CC}$ .

## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

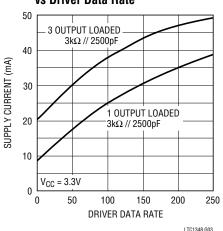
# Driver Output Voltage High/Low vs Load Capacitance ( $C_L$ )



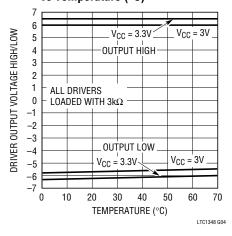
# Driver Output Voltage High/Low vs Load Capacitance (C<sub>1</sub>)



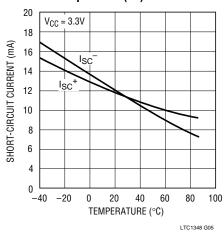
Supply Current vs Driver Data Rate



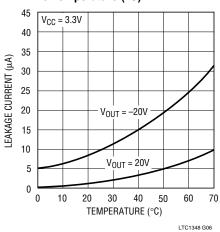
## Driver Output Voltage High/Low vs Temperature (°C)



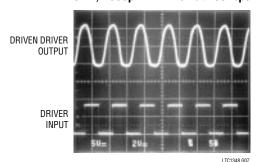
Driver Short-Circuit Current vs Temperature (°C)



Driver Leakage in SHUTDOWN vs Temperature (°C)



With  $V_{CC}$  = 3.3V All Driver Outputs Loaded with  $3k\Omega$ , 1000pF. 1 Driven at 250kbps



#### PIN FUNCTIONS

**V<sub>CC</sub>:** 3V to 5.5V Input Supply Pin. This pin should be decoupled with a  $0.1\mu F$  ceramic capacitor.

**GND:** Ground Pin.

**RXEN:** TTL/CMOS Compatible Enable Pin. Refer to Table 1 for its functional description.

**DREN:** TTL/CMOS Compatible Enable Pin. Refer to Table 1 for its functional description.

**V+:** Positive Supply Output (RS232 Drivers). This pin requires an external capacitor  $C = 0.1 \mu F$  for charge storage. The capacitor may be tied to ground or  $V_{CC}$ . With multiple devices, the V+ and V<sup>-</sup> pins may be paralleled into common capacitors. For large numbers of devices, increasing the size of the shared common storage capacitors is recommended to reduce ripple.

**V**<sup>-</sup>: Negative Supply Output (RS232 Drivers). This pin requires an external capacitor  $C = 0.1 \mu F$  for charge storage.

C1+, C1-, C2+, C2-, C3+, C3-: Commutating Capacitor Inputs. These pins require three external capacitors  $C = 0.1\mu F$ : one from C1+ to C1-, another from C2+ to C2- and another from C3+ to C3-. To maintain charge pump

efficiency, the capacitor's effective series resistance should be less than  $1\Omega$ . Ceramic capacitors are recommended.

**DR IN:** RS232 Driver Input Pins. Inputs are TTL/CMOS compatible. The inputs of unused drivers can be left unconnected since 300k input pull-up resistors to  $V_{CC}$  are included on chip. To minimize power consumption, the internal driver pull-up resistors are disconnected from  $V_{CC}$  in the Shutdown or Receiver Alive mode.

**DR OUT:** Driver Outputs at RS232 Voltage Levels. Outputs are in a high impedance state when in the Shutdown, Receiver Alive mode or  $V_{CC}$  = 0V. The driver outputs are protected against ESD to  $\pm 10 \text{kV}$  for human body model discharges.

**RX IN:** Receiver Inputs. These pins can be forced to  $\pm 25$ V without damage. The receiver inputs are protected against ESD to  $\pm 10$ kV for human body model discharges. Each receiver provides 0.4V of hysteresis for noise immunity. In Receiver Alive mode all receivers have no hysteresis.

**RX OUT:** Receiver Outputs with TTL/CMOS Voltage Levels. Outputs are in a high impedance state when in the Shutdown or Receiver Disable mode to allow data line sharing.

**Table 1. Functional Description** 

MODE	RX ENABLE	DR ENABLE	DRIVERS	RECEIVERS	I <sub>CC</sub> TYP
Shutdown	0	0	All Drivers Shutdown. All Driver Outputs Assume High Impedance. All Driver Pull-Up Resistors Disconnect From V <sub>CC</sub> .	All Receivers Shutdown. All Receiver Outputs Assume High Impedance.	0.2μΑ
Receiver Disable	0	1	All Drivers Alive.	All Receiver Outputs in Three-State.	600μA at 3.3V, 800μA at 5V
Receiver Alive	1	0	All Drivers Shutdown. All Driver Outputs in Three-State. All Driver Pull-Up Resistors Disconnect From V <sub>CC</sub> .	All Receivers Alive.	15μΑ
Normal	1	1	All Drivers Alive.	All Receivers Alive.	600μA at 3.3V, 800μA at 5V

### **SWITCHING TIME WAVEFORMS**

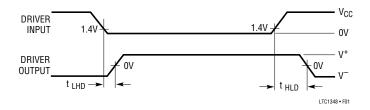




Figure 1. Driver Propagation Delay Timing

Figure 2. Receiver Propagation Delay Timing

#### **TEST CIRCUITS**

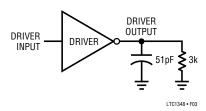


Figure 3. Driver Timing Test Load

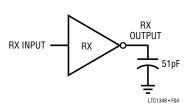
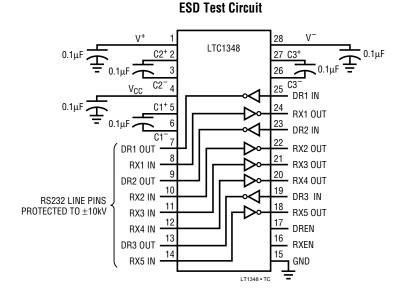


Figure 4. Receiver Timing Test Load



## APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

#### **Power Supply**

The LTC1348 includes an onboard voltage-tripling charge pump capable of generating  $\pm 8V$  from a single 3.3V supply. This allows the LTC1348 drivers to provide guaranteed  $\pm 5V$  RS232-compliant voltage levels with a 3.3V supply. With all outputs loaded with  $3k\Omega$ , the LTC1348 can typically swing  $\pm 5V$  with voltages as low as 2.85V. It will meet the  $\pm 3.7V$  EIA562 levels with supply voltages as

low as 2.2V. The charge pump requires three external flying capacitors to operate;  $0.1\mu\text{F}$  ceramic capacitors are adequate for most applications. For applications requiring extremely high data rates or abnormally heavy output loads,  $0.33\mu\text{F}$  flying capacitors are recommended. Bypass and output capacitor values should match those of the flying capacitors and all capacitors should be mounted as close to the package as possible.

#### APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

#### **High Data Rates**

The LTC1348 maintains true RS232  $\pm$ 5V minimum driver output even at high data rates. Figure 5 shows a test circuit with 2m wires connecting the two test chips. Both chips are run from 3.3V supplies. Figure 6 shows the typical line waveforms with all three drivers, loaded with 1000pF and  $3k\Omega$ , toggling simultaneously at 120kbaud. Figure 7 shows

the same circuit with a single  $1000pF/3k\Omega$  loaded driver driven at 250kbaud, and the other two drivers loaded but not toggling. This closely approximates the actual behavior of an RS232 serial port, with only one driver (TX) driven at high speed and the other two drivers (RTS and DTR) driven at a relatively low data rate or at DC. Under the same conditions, the LTC1348 can go as fast as 350kbaud and still meet EIA562 ( $\pm 3.7V$ ) minimum driver output levels.

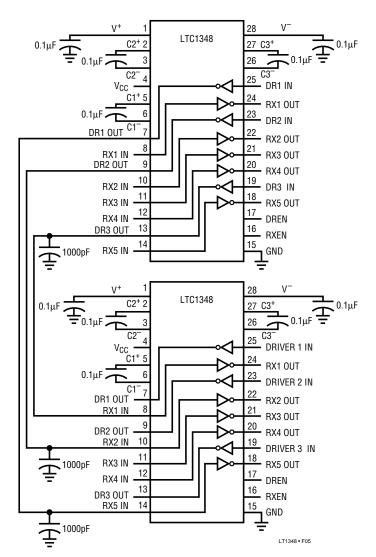


Figure 5. Data Rate Evaluation Circuit

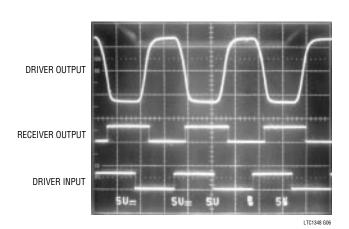


Figure 6. Driver Test Result at 120kbps

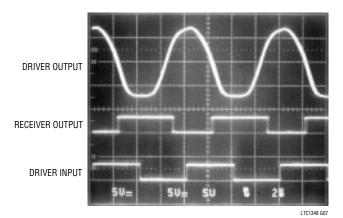
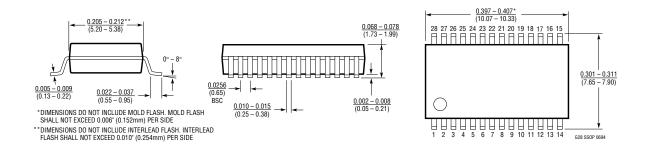


Figure 7. Driver Test Results at 250kbps

# PACKAGE DESCRIPTION Dimensions in inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted.

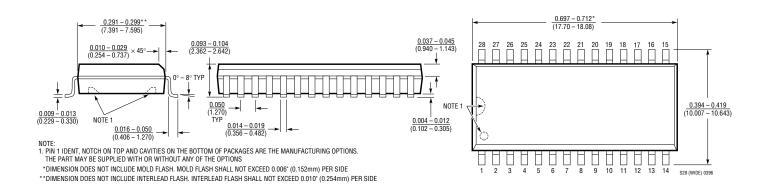
#### G Package 28-Lead Plastic SSOP (0.209)

(LTC DWG # 05-08-1640)



#### SW Package 28-Lead Plastic Small Outline (Wide 0.300)

(LTC DWG # 05-08-1620)



## **RELATED PARTS**

PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	COMMENTS	
LT1137A	3-DR/5-RX RS232 Transceiver	±15kV IEC-801-2 ESD Protection	
LTC1327	3-DR/5-RX RS562 Transceiver	3.3V Operation	
LT1330	3-DR/5-RX RS232	3V Logic Interface	
LT1331	3-DR/5-RX RS232/RS562 Transceiver	5V RS232 or 3V RS562 Operation	
LTC1347	3-DR/5-RX Micropower RS232 Transceiver	5 Receivers Active in Shutdown	