

# TOSHIBA

## TLCS-90 Series

## TMP90C041A

### CMOS 8-Bit Microcontrollers

#### TMP90C041N/TMP90C041F

##### 1. Outline and Characteristics

The TMP90C041A is a high-speed advanced 8-bit microcontroller applicable to a variety of equipment.

With its 8-bit CPU, A/D converter, multi-function timer/event counter and general-purpose serial interface integrated into a single CMOS chip, the TMP90C041A allows the expansion of external memories for programs (up to 64K byte) and data (1M byte).

The TMP90C041AN is a 64-pin shrink DIP product. (SDIP64-P750)

The TMP90C041AF is a 64-pin flat package product. (QFP64-P1420A)

The characteristics of the TMP90C041A include:

- (1) Powerful instructions: 163 basic instructions, including Multiplication, division, 16-bit arithmetic operations, bit manipulation instructions
- (2) Minimum instruction executing time: 250ns (at 16MHz oscillation frequency)
- (3) Memory expansion  
External program memory: 64K byte  
External data memory: 1 Mbyte
- (4) 8-bit A/D converter (6 channels)
- (5) General-purpose serial interface (1 Channel)  
Asynchronous mode, I/O interface mode
- (6) Multi-function 16-bit timer/event counter (1 channel)
- (7) 8-bit timers (4 channels)
- (8) Stepping motor control port (2 channels)
- (9) Input/Output ports (28 pins)
- (10) Interrupt function: 10 internal interrupts and 4 external interrupts
- (11) Micro Direct Memory Access ( $\mu$ DMA) function (11 channels)
- (12) Watchdog timer
- (13) Standby function (4 HALT modes)

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TMP90C041A

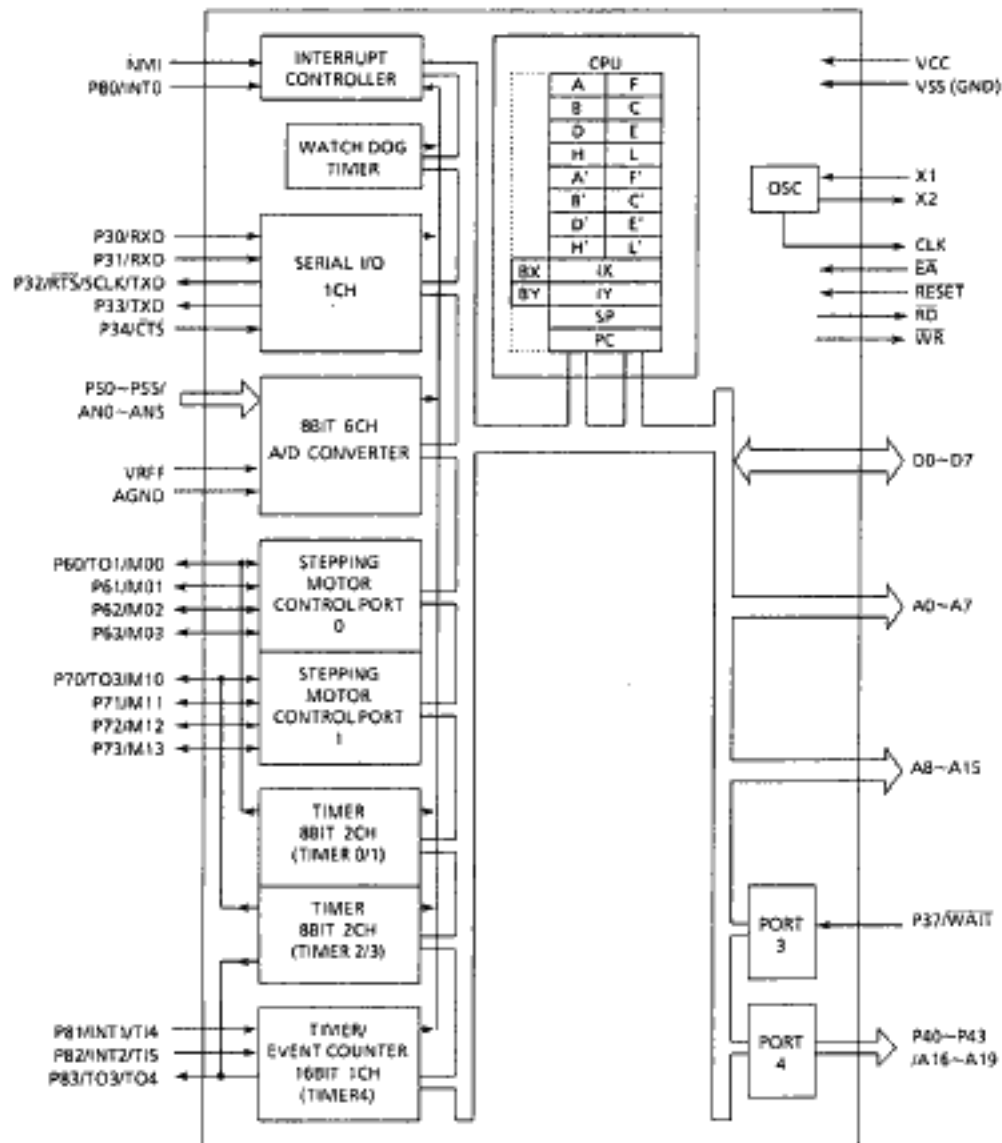


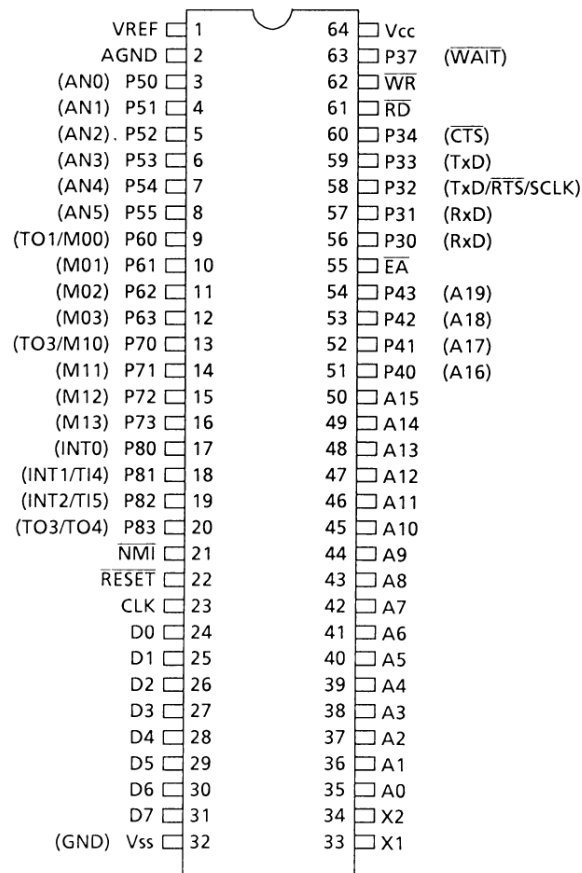
Figure 1. TMP90C041A Block Diagram

## 2. Pin Assignment and Functions

The assignment of input/output pins, their names and functions are described below.

### 2.1 Pin Assignment

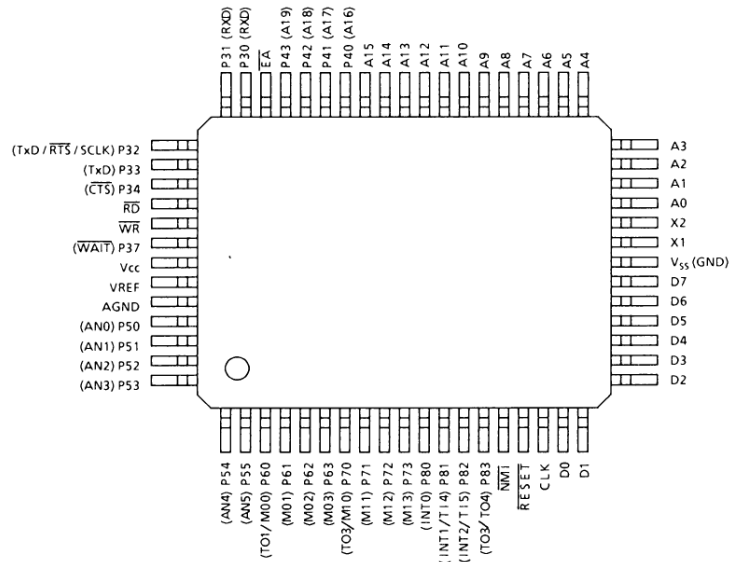
Figure 2.1 (1) shows pin assignment of the TMP90C041AN.



**Figure 2.1-(1). Pin Assignment (Shrink Dual Inline Package)**

## TMP90C041A

Figure 2.1 (2) shows pin assignment of the TMP90CM40F.



**Figure 2.1 (2). Pin Assignment (Flat Package)**

## 2.2 Pin Names and Functions


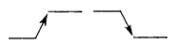

in Table 2.2.

The names of input/output pins and their functions are summarized

**Table 2.2 Pin Names and Functions (1/2)**

Pin Name	No. of pins	I/O 3 states	Function
D0 ~ D7	8	3 states	Data bus: Also functions as 8-bit bidirectional data bus for external memory
A0 ~ A7	8	Output	Address bus: The lower 8 bits address bus for external memory
A8 ~ A15	8	Output	Address bus: The upper 8 bits address bus for external memory
P30 /RxD	1	Input	Port 30: 1-bit input port Receiver Serial Data
P31 /RxD	1	Input	Port 31: 1-bit input port Receiver Serial Data
P32 /TxD /RTS /SCLK	1	Output	Port 32: 1-bit input port Transmitter Serial Data Request to send Serial Data Serial clock output
P33 /TxD	1	Output	Port 33: 1-bit output port Transmitter Serial Data
P34 /CTS	1	Input	Port 34: 1-bit input port Clear to send Serial Data
$\overline{RD}$	1	Output	Read: Generates strobe signal for reading external memory
$\overline{WR}$	1	Output	Write: Generates strobe signal for writing into external memory
P37 /WAIT	1	Input	Port 37: 1-bit input port Wait: Input pin for connecting slow speed memory or peripheral LSI

**Table 2.2 Pin Names and Functions (2/2)**

Pin Name	No. of Pins	I/O 3 states	Function
P40 ~ P43 /A16 ~ A19	4	Output	Port 4: 4-bit output port that allows selection of Port/Address Bus on bit basis Address bus: Also functions as address bus for external memory (4 bits of bank address)
P50 ~ P55 /AN0 ~ AN5	6	Input	Port 5: 6-bit input port Analog input: 6 analog input to A/D converter
VREF	1	–	Input of reference voltage to A/D converter
AGND	1	–	Ground pin for A/D converter
P60 ~ P63 /M00 ~ M03 /T01	4	I/O	Port 6: 4-bit I/O port that allows I/O selection on bit basis
		Output	Stepping motor control port 0
		Output	Timer output 1: Output of Timer 0 or 1
P70 ~ P73 /M10 ~ M13 /T03	4	I/O	Port 7: 4-bit I/O port that allows I/O selection on bit basis
		Output	Stepping motor control port 1
		Output	Timer output 3: Output of Timer 2 or 3
P80 /INT0	1	Input	Port 80: 1-bit input port Interrupt request pin 0: Interrupt request pin (Level/rising edge is programmable) 
P81 /INT1 /T14	1	Input	Port 81: 1-bit input port Interrupt request pin 1: Interrupt request pin (Rising/falling edge is programmable)  Timer input 4: Counter/capture trigger signal for Timer 4
P82 /INT2 /T15	1	Input	Port 82: 1-bit input port
			Interrupt request pin 2: rising edge interrupt request pin
			Timer input 5: capture trigger signal for Timer 4
P83 /T03/T04	1	Output	Port 83: 1-bit output port
			Timer output 3/4: Output of Timer 2, 3 or 4
$\overline{\text{NMI}}$	1	Input	Non-maskable interrupt request pin: Falling edge interrupt request pin 
CLK	1	Output	Clock output: Generates clock pulse at 1/4 frequency of clock oscillation. It is Pulled up internally during resetting.
$\overline{\text{EA}}$	1	Input	External access: Connects with GND pin in the TMP90C041A with no internal ROM.
$\overline{\text{RESET}}$	1	Input	Reset: Initializes the TMP90C041A. (Built-in pull-up resistor)
X1/X2	2	Input/ Output	Pin for quartz crystal or ceramic resonator
V <sub>CC</sub>	1	–	Power supply (+5V)
V <sub>SS</sub> (GND)	1	–	Ground (0V)

## TMP90C041A

### 3. Operation

The following explains the TMP90C041A functions and basic operations.

The CPU functions and internal I/O functions of the TMP90C041A are the same as the TMP90C840A.

Refer to the "TMP90C840A" section concerning functions which are not explained the following.

#### 3.1 CPU

The TMP90C041A has an internal high-performance 8-bit CPU.

Refer to the book TLCS Series CPU Core Architecture concerning CPU operation.

### 3.2 Memory Map

The TMP90C041A supports a program memory of up to 64K bytes and a data memory of maximum 1M bytes.

The program memory may be assigned to the address space from 00000H to 0FFFFH, while the data memory can be allocated to any address from 00000H to FFFFFH.

- (1) Internal I/O

The TMP90C041A provides a 48 byte address space as an internal I/O area, whose addresses range from FFC0H to FFEFH. This I/O area can be accessed by the CPU using a short opcode in the "direct addressing mode".

Figure 3.1 is a memory map indicating the areas accessible by the CPU in the respective addressing mode.

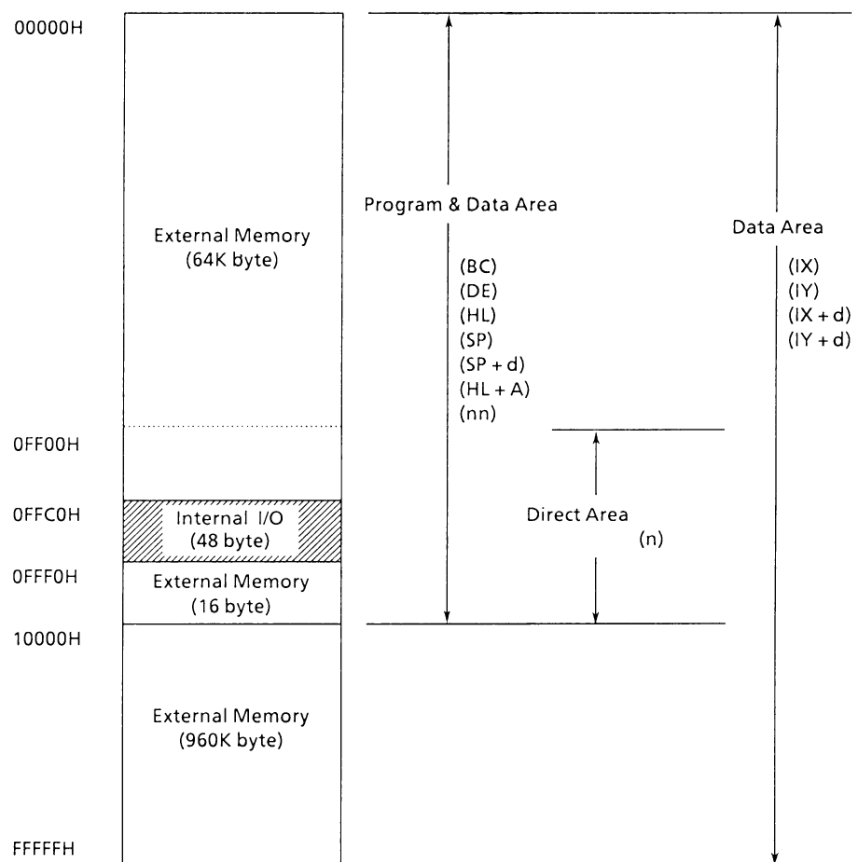


Figure 3.2. Memory Map

## 4. Electrical Characteristics

TMP90C041AN/TMP90C041AF

### 4.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Rating	Unit
$V_{CC}$	Supply voltage	-0.5 ~ +6.5	V
$V_{IN}$	Input voltage	-0.5 ~ $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
$P_D$	Power dissipation ( $T_a = 70^\circ\text{C}$ )	F 500	mW
		N 600	
$T_{SOLDER}$	Soldering temperature (10s)	260	$^\circ\text{C}$
$T_{STG}$	Storage temperature	-65 ~ 150	$^\circ\text{C}$
$T_{OPR}$	Operating temperature	-20 ~ 70	$^\circ\text{C}$

### 4.2 DC Characteristics

**$T_A = -20 \sim 70^\circ\text{C}$   $V_{CC} = 5V \pm 10\%$**   
**Typical Values are for  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  and  $V_{CC} = 5V$ .**

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit	Test Conditions
$V_{IL}$	Input Low Voltage (D0 ~ D7)	-0.3	0.8	V	–
$V_{IL1}$	P3, P5, P6, P7, P8	-0.3	$0.3V_{CC}$	V	–
$V_{IL2}$	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$ , INT0, $\overline{\text{NMI}}$	-0.3	$0.25V_{CC}$	V	–
$V_{IL4}$	X1	-0.3	$0.2V_{CC}$	V	–
$V_{IH}$	Input High Voltage (D0 ~ D7)	2.2	$V_{CC} + 0.3$	V	–
$V_{IH1}$	P3, P5, P6, P7, P8	$0.7V_{CC}$	$V_{CC} + 0.3$	V	–
$V_{IH2}$	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$ , INT0, $\overline{\text{NMI}}$	$0.75V_{CC}$	$V_{CC} + 0.3$	V	–
$V_{IH4}$	X1	$0.8V_{CC}$	$V_{CC} + 0.3$	V	–
$V_{OL}$	Output Low Voltage	–	0.45	V	$I_{OL} = 1.6\text{mA}$
$V_{OH}$ $V_{OH1}$ $V_{OH2}$	Output High Voltage	2.4 $0.75V_{CC}$ $0.9V_{CC}$	–	V V V	$I_{OH} = -400\mu\text{A}$ $I_{OH} = -100\mu\text{A}$ $I_{OH} = -20\mu\text{A}$
$I_{DAR}$	Darlington Drive Current (8 I/O pins)	-1.0	-3.5	mA	$V_{EXT} = 1.5V$ $R_{EXT} = 1.1k\Omega$
$I_{LI}$	Input Leakage Current	0.02 (Typ)	$\pm 5$	$\mu\text{A}$	$0.0 \leq V_{in} \leq V_{CC}$
$I_{LO}$	Output Leakage Current	0.05 (Typ)	$\pm 10$	$\mu\text{A}$	$0.2 \leq V_{in} \leq V_{CC} - 0.2$
$I_{CC}$	Operating Current (RUN) Idle 1 Idle 2	19 (Typ) 1.6 (Typ) 9 (Typ)	30 6 15	mA mA mA	$t_{osc} = 16\text{MHz}$
	STOP ( $T_A = -20 \sim 70^\circ\text{C}$ ) STOP ( $T_A = 0 \sim 50^\circ\text{C}$ )	0.2 (Typ)	50 10	$\mu\text{A}$ $\mu\text{A}$	$0.2 \leq V_{in} \leq V_{CC} - 0.2$
$R_{RST}$	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$ Pull Up Register	50	150	$k\Omega$	–
CIO	Pin Capacitance	–	10	pF	testfreq = 1MHz
$V_{TH}$	Schmitt width $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ , $\overline{\text{NMI}}$ , INT0	0.4	1.0 (Typ)	V	–

Note:  $I_{DAR}$  is guaranteed for a total of up to 8 optional ports.

## TMP90C041A

### 4.3 AC Characteristics

TA = -20 ~ 70°C V<sub>CC</sub> = 5V ± 10%  
CL = 50pF

Symbol	Parameter	Variable		10MHz Clock		16MHz Clock		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t <sub>OSC</sub>	OSC. Period = x	80	1000	100	–	82.5	–	ns
t <sub>CYC</sub>	CLK Period	4x	4x	400	–	250	–	ns
t <sub>WL</sub>	CLK Low width	2x - 40	–	160	–	85	–	ns
t <sub>WH</sub>	CLK High width	2x - 40	–	160	–	85	–	ns
t <sub>AC</sub>	Address Setup to $\overline{RD}$ , $\overline{WR}$	x - 45	–	55	–	17	–	ns
t <sub>RR</sub>	$\overline{RD}$ Low width	2.5x - 40	–	210	–	115	–	ns
t <sub>CA</sub>	Address Hold Time After $\overline{RD}$ , $\overline{WR}$	0.5x - 30	–	20	–	5	–	ns
t <sub>AD</sub>	Address to Valid Data In	–	3.5x - 95	–	255	–	124	ns
t <sub>RD</sub>	$\overline{RD}$ to Valid Data In	–	2.5x - 80	–	170	–	77	ns
t <sub>HR</sub>	Input Data Hold After $\overline{RD}$	0	–	0	–	0	–	ns
t <sub>WW</sub>	$\overline{WR}$ Low width	2.5x - 40	–	210	–	115	–	ns
t <sub>DW</sub>	Data Setup to $\overline{WR}$	2x - 50	–	150	–	75	–	ns
t <sub>WD</sub>	Data Hold After $\overline{WR}$	20	70	20	70	20	70	ns
t <sub>CWA</sub>	$\overline{RD}$ , $\overline{WR}$ to Valid $\overline{WAIT}$	–	1.5x - 80	–	70	–	14	ns
t <sub>AWA</sub>	Address to Valid $\overline{WAIT}$	–	2.5x - 130	–	120	–	27	ns
t <sub>WAS</sub>	$\overline{WAIT}$ Setup to CLK	50	–	50	–	50	–	ns
t <sub>WAH</sub>	$\overline{WAIT}$ Hold After CLK	0	–	0	–	0	–	ns
t <sub>RV</sub>	$\overline{RD}/\overline{WR}$ Recovery Time	1.5x - 35	–	115	–	58	–	ns
t <sub>CPW</sub>	CLK to Port Data Output	–	x + 200	–	300	–	263	ns
t <sub>PRC</sub>	Port Data Setup to CLK	200	–	200	–	200	–	ns
t <sub>CPR</sub>	Port Data Hold After CLK	100	–	100	–	100	–	ns
t <sub>CHCL</sub>	$\overline{RD}/\overline{WR}$ Hold After CLK	x - 60	–	40	–	10	–	ns
t <sub>CLC</sub>	$\overline{RD}/\overline{WR}$ Setup to CLK	1.5x - 25	–	125	–	68	–	ns
t <sub>CLHA</sub>	Address Hold After CLK	1.5x - 80	–	70	–	13	–	ns
t <sub>ACL</sub>	Address Setup to CLK	2.5x - 80	–	170	–	76	–	ns
t <sub>CLD</sub>	Data Setup to CLK	x - 50	–	50	–	12	–	ns

- AC output level High 2.2V/Low 0.8V
- AC input level High 2.4V/Low 0.45V (D0 – D7)  
High 0.8V<sub>CC</sub>/Low 0.2V<sub>CC</sub> (excluding D0 – D7)



#### 4.4 A/D Conversion Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$V_{REF}$	Analog reference voltage	$V_{CC} - 1.5$	$V_{CC}$	$V_{CC}$	V
$A_{GND}$	Analog reference voltage	$V_{SS}$	$V_{SS}$	$V_{SS}$	
$V_{AIN}$	Allowable analog input voltage	$V_{SS}$	–	$V_{CC}$	
$I_{REF}$	Supply current for analog reference voltage	–	0.5	1.0	mA
Error ( $1M \leq f_c \leq 12.5MHz$ )	Total error ( $T_A = 25^\circ C, V_{CC} = V_{REF} = 5.0V$ )	–	–	1.0	LSB
	Total error	–	–	2.5	
Error ( $12.5M \leq f_c \leq 16MHz$ )	Total error ( $T_A = 25^\circ C, V_{CC} = V_{REF} = 5.0V$ )	–	–	2.0	LSB
	Total error	–	–	3.5	

#### 4.5 Zero-Cross Characteristics

$T_A = -20 \sim 70^\circ C$   $V_{CC} = 5V \pm 10\%$

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Max	Unit
$V_{ZX}$	Zero-cross detection input	AC coupling $C = 0.1\mu F$	1	1.8	VAC p - p
$A_{ZX}$	Zero-cross accuracy	50/60Hz sine wave	–	135	mV
$F_{ZX}$	Zero-cross detection input frequency	–	0.04	1	KHz

#### 4.6 Serial Channel Timing-I/O Interface Mode

$T_A = -20 \sim 70^\circ C$   $V_{CC} = 5V \pm 10\%$   
 $CL = 50pF$

Symbol	Parameter	Variable		10MHz Clock		16MHz Clock		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
$t_{SCY}$	Serial Port Clock Cycle Time	8x	–	800	–	500	–	ns
$t_{OSS}$	Output Data Setup SCLK Rising Edge	6x - 150	–	450	–	225	–	ns
$t_{OHS}$	Output Data Hold After SCLK Rising Edge	2x - 120	–	80	–	45	–	ns
$t_{HSR}$	Input Data Hold After SCLK Rising Edge	0	–	0	–	0	–	ns
$t_{SRD}$	SCLK Rising Edge to Input DATA Valid	–	6x - 150	–	450	–	225	ns

#### 4.7 16-bit Event Counter





$T_A = -20 \sim 70^\circ C$   $V_{CC} = 5V \pm 10\%$

Symbol	Parameter	Variable		10MHz Clock		16MHz Clock		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
$t_{VCK}$	T1 4 clock cycle	8x + 100	–	900	–	600	–	ns
$t_{VCKL}$	T14 Low clock pulse width	4x + 40	–	440	–	290	–	ns
$t_{VCKH}$	T14 High clock pulse width	4x + 40	–	440	–	290	–	ns

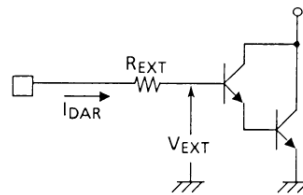
# TMP90C041A

## 4.8 Interrupt Operation

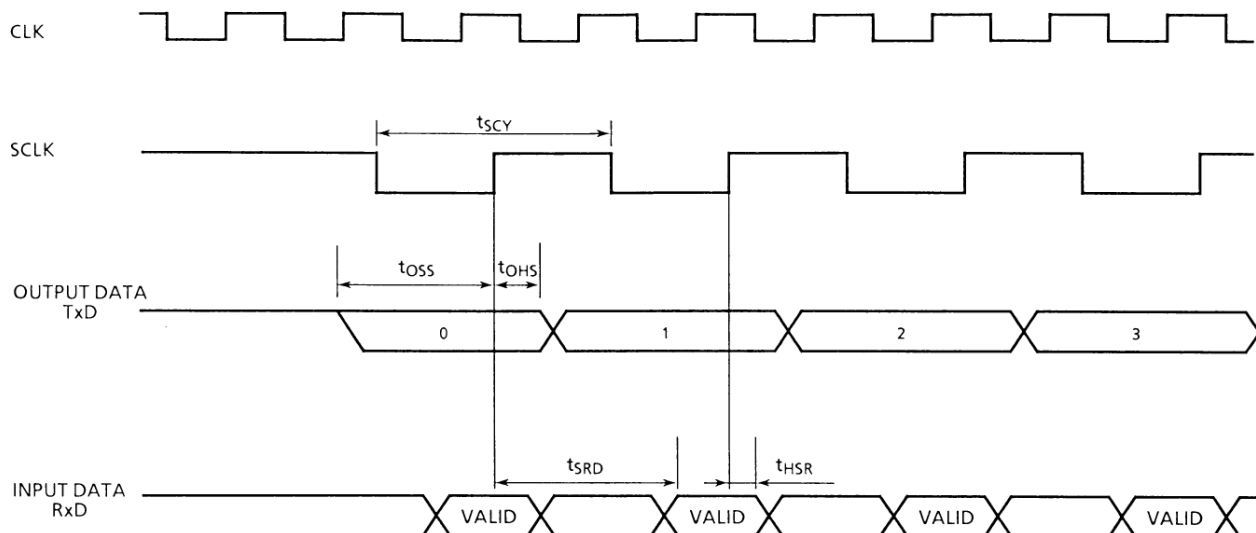
TA = -20 ~ 70°C V<sub>CC</sub> = 5V ± 10%

Symbol	Parameter	Variable		10MHz Clock		16MHz Clock		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t <sub>INTAL</sub>	NMI, INTO Low level pulse width 	4x	-	400	-	250	-	ns
t <sub>INTAH</sub>	NMI, INTO High level pulse width 	4x	-	400	-	250	-	ns
t <sub>INTBL</sub>	INT1, INT2 Low level pulse width 	8x + 100	-	900	-	600	-	ns
t <sub>INTBH</sub>	INT1, INT2 High level pulse width 	8x + 100	-	900	-	600	-	ns

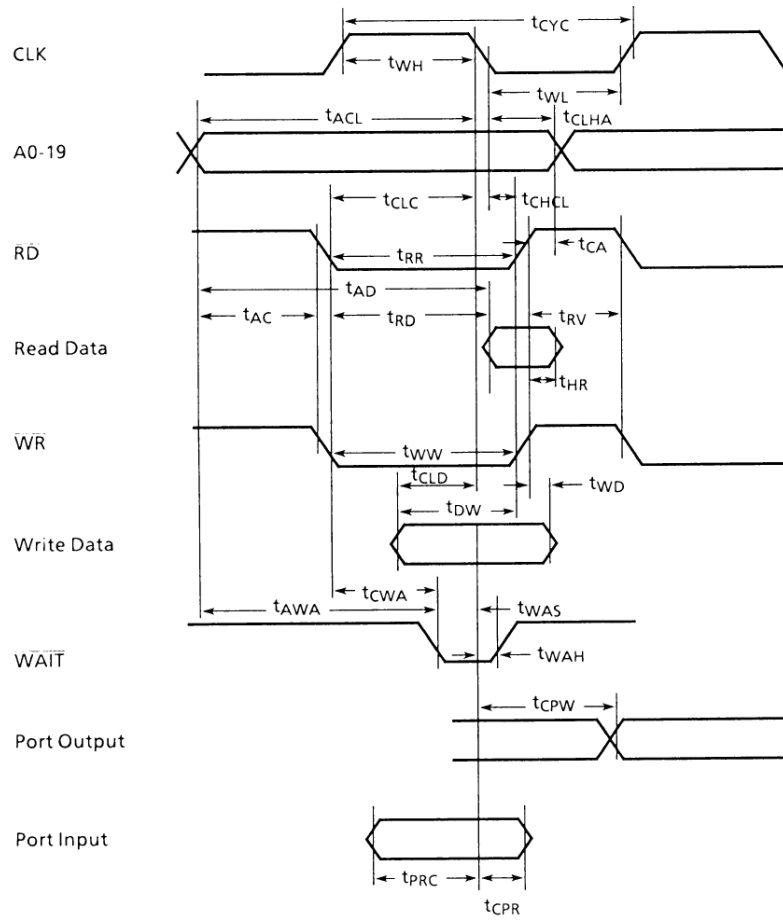
(Reference) Definition of I<sub>DAR</sub>



## 4.9 I/O Interface Mode Timing Chart



4.10 Timing Chart



## TMP90C041A

### 5. Differences Between TMP90C841A and TMP90C041A

Specifications of TMP90C841A and TMP90C041A are the same except below.

TMP90C841A system, not using internal RAM and

internal I/O functions as shown below, can be substituted by TMP90C041A system. To substitute the TMP90C841A system using the internal RAM by the TMP90C041A system, it is necessary to attach the external RAM to the address corresponded to the internal address.

Name	TMP90C841A	TMP90C041A
RAM	256 bytes of internal RAM are provided. (0FEC0H ~ 0FFBFH)	External memory area.
A0 ~ A15	High-Impedance state during reset	Driving state during reset.
P0 (0FFC1H) P1 (0FFC1H) P2 (0FFC4H)	Provided (same chip as TMP90C840A)	R/W function is not provided.
P01CR (0FFC2H)	Provided	EXT, P1C, P0C is not provided.
P2CR (0FFC5H)	Provided	P2XC register is not provided

\* Note: Connect  $\bar{E}A$  pin with GND pin.

### 6. Typical Characteristics

$V_{CC} = 5V$ ,  $T_a = 25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted

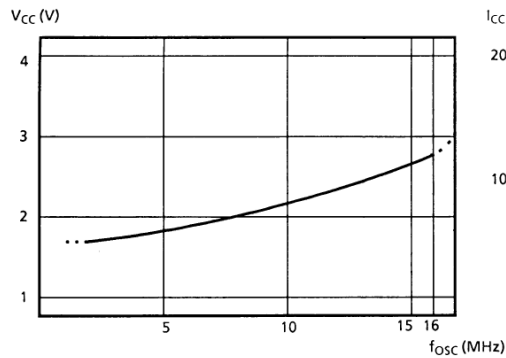


Figure 6 (1)  $V_{CC} - f_{OSC}$  TYPICAL CURVE

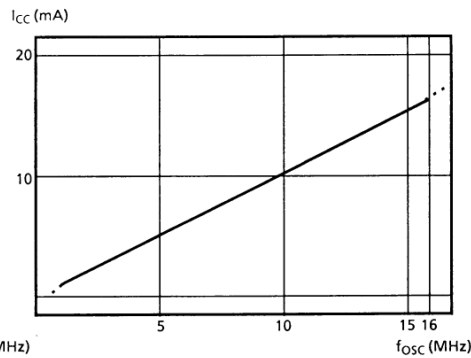


Figure 6 (2)  $f_{OSC} - I_{CC}$  TYPICAL CURVE

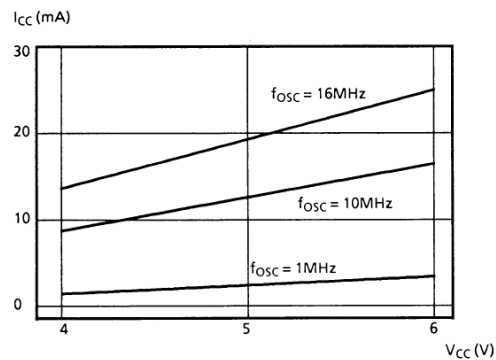


Figure 6 (3)  $I_{CC} - V_{CC}$  TYPICAL CURVE

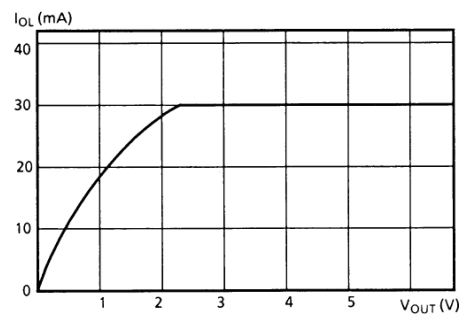


Figure 6 (4)  $V_{OUT} - I_{OL}$  TYPICAL CURVE

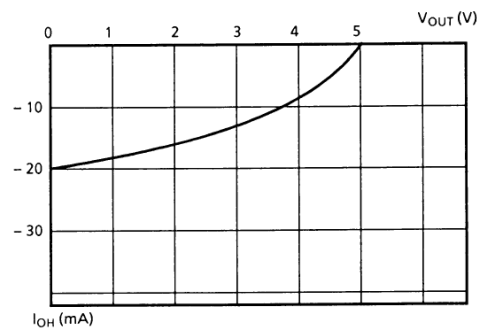


Figure 6 (5)  $V_{OUT} - I_{OH}$  TYPICAL CURVE