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# **OKI** Semiconductor

出货 This versio<del>n:</del> Sep. 1999 Previous version: Aug. 1999

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# **MSM9210**

32-Bit Duplex/Triplex (1/2 duty / 1/3 duty) VF Controller/Driver with Digital Dimming

DZSC.COM

# **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

The MSM9210 is a full CMOS controller/driver for Duplex or Triplex (1/2 duty or 1/3 duty) vacuum fluorescent display tube. It consists of a 32-segment driver multiplexed to drive up to 96 segments, and 10-bit digital dimming circuit.

MSM9210 features a selection of a master mode and a slave mode, and therefore it can be used to expand segments for the VFD driver with keyscan and A/D converter function. MSM9210 provides an interface with a microcontroller only by three signal lines: DATA IN, CLOCK and CS.

# FEATURES

- Logic supply voltage (V<sub>DD</sub>) : 4.5 to 5.5V
  Driver supply voltage (V<sub>DISP</sub>) : 8 to 18V
  Duplex/Triplex (1/2 duty / 1/3 duty) selectable DUP/TRI=1/2 duty selectable at "H" level
- DUP/TRI=1/2 duty selectable at "I" level DUP/TRI=1/3 duty selectable at "L" level
- Number of display segments Max. 64-segment display (during 1/2 duty mode) Max. 96-segment display (during 1/3 duty mode)
- Master/Slave selectable M/S=Master mode selectable at "H" level M/S=Slave mode selectable at "L" level
- Interface with a microcontroller Three lines: CS, CLOCK, and DATA IN
- 32-segment driver outputs (can be directly connected to VFD tube and require no external resisters)
- 3-grid pre-driver outputs (require external drivers)
- Logic outputs

:  $I_{OH}$ =-10mA at  $V_{OH}$ = $V_{DISP}$ -0.8V (SEG23 to 32) :  $I_{OL}$ =500µA at  $V_{OL}$ =2V (SEG1 to 32) :  $I_{OH}$ =-5.0mA at  $V_{OH}$ = $V_{DISP}$ -0.8V  $I_{OL}$ =10mA at  $V_{OL}$ =2V :  $I_{OH}$ =-200µA at  $V_{OH}$ = $V_{DD}$ -0.8V  $I_{OL}$ =200µA at  $V_{OL}$ =0.8V

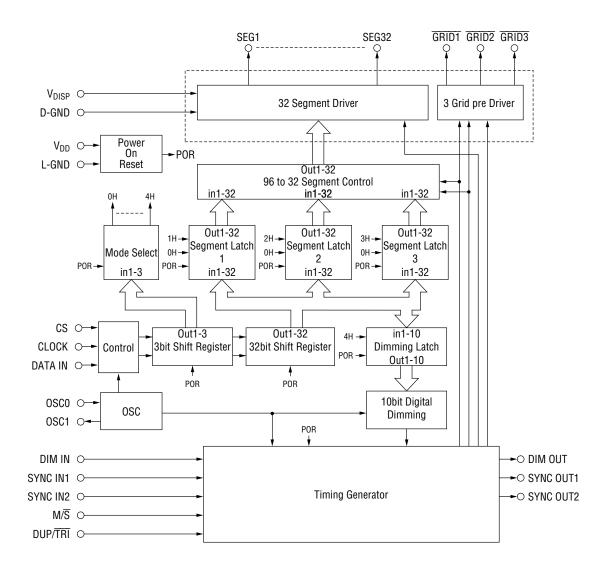
:  $I_{OH}$ =-5mA at  $V_{OH}$ =V<sub>DISP</sub>-0.8V (SEG1 to 22)

- Built-in digital dimming circuit (10-bit resolution)
- Built-in oscillation circuit (external R and C)
- Built-in Power-On-Reset circuit
- Package options: 56-pin plastic QFP (QFP56-P-910-0.65-2K) 64-pin plastic QFP (QFP64-P-1414-0.80-BK)

Product name: MSM9210GS-2K Product name: MSM9210GS-BK

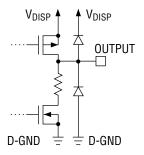


## **BLOCK DIAGRAM**

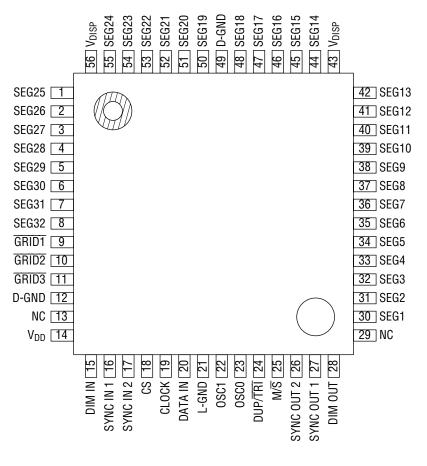


# INPUT AND OUTPUT CONFIGURATION

Schematic Diagram of Driver Output Circuit



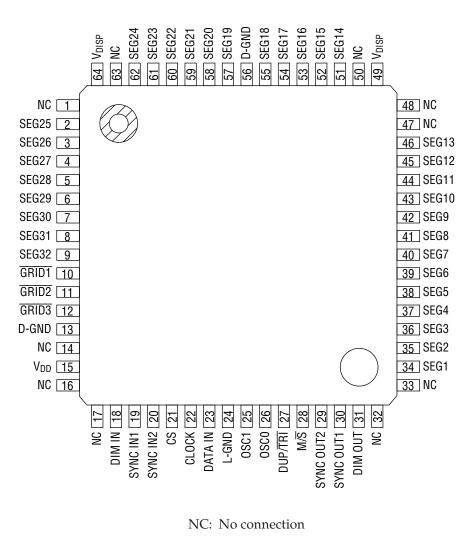
# **PIN CONFIGURATION (TOP VIEW)**



NC: No connection

56-pin Plastic QFP

**MSM9210** 



64-pin Plastic QFP

Oursels al	Р	'n	<b>T</b>	Description
Symbol	QFP56	QFP64	Туре	Description
M	10 56	40.64		Power supply pins for VFD driver circuit.
V <sub>DISP</sub>	43,56	49,64		43 pin and 56 pin should be connected externally.
V <sub>DD</sub>	14	15		Power supply pin for logic drive.
D-GND	12, 49	13, 56	_	D-GND is ground pin for the VFD driver circuit. L-GND is ground
L-GND	21	24	_	pin for the logic circuit. 12pin, 21pin and 49pin should be connected externally.
SEG1 to 22	30 to 42, 44 to 48, 50 to 53	34 to 46, 51 to 55, 57 to 60	0	Segment (anode) signal output pins for a VFD tube. These pins can be directly connected to the VFD tube. External circuit is not required. IOH≤-5 mA
SEG23 to 32	1 to 8, 54, 55	2 to 9, 61, 62	0	Segment (anode) signal output pins for a VFD tube. These pins can be directly connected to the VFD tube. External circuit is not required. IOH≤−10 mA
GRID1 to 3	9, 10, 11	10, 11, 12	0	Inverted Grid signal output pins. For pre-driver, the external circuit is required. IOL≤10 mA
CS	18	21	I	Chip select input pin. Data is not transferred when CS is set to a Low level.
CLOCK	19	22	I	Shift clock input pin. Serial data shifts at the rising edge of the CLOCK.
DATA IN	20	23	I	Serial data input pin (positive logic). Data is input to the shift register at the rising edge of the CLOCK signa
DUP/TRI	24	27	I	Duplex/Triplex operation select input pin. Duplex (1/2 duty) operation is selected when this pin is set to $V_{DD}$ . Triplex (1/3 duty) operation is selected when this pin is set to L-GNE
M/S	25	28	I	Master/Slave mode select input pin. Master mode is selected when this pin is set to $V_{DD}$ . Slave mode is selected when this pin is set to L-GND.
DIM IN	15	18	I	Dimming pulse input. When the slave mode is selected, the pulse width of the all segment output are controlled by a input pulse width of DIM IN. Connect this pin to the master side DIM OUT pin at the slave mode. When the master mode is selected, the input level of this pin is ignored and the pulse width of the all grids and segment outputs are controlled by a built-in 10-bit dimming circuit. Connect this pin to $V_{DD}$ or L-GND at the master mode.

Sumhal	Р	in	Turne	Description
Symbol	QFP56	QFP64	Туре	Description
SYNC IN 1, 2	16, 17	19, 20	I	Synchronous signal input. When the slave mode is selected, connect these pins to the master side SYNC OUT 1, and 2 pins. When the master mode is selected, the input level of these pins are ignored. Connect these pins to $V_{DD}$ or L-GND at the master mode.
DIM OUT	28	31	0	Dimming pulse output. Connect this pin to the slave side DIM IN pin.
SYNC OUT 1, 2	26, 27	29, 30	0	Synchronous signal output. Connect these pins to the slave side SYNC IN 1, and 2 pins.
OSCO	23	26	I	RC oscillator connecting pins.OSCOOscillation frequency depends on $R \notin -C$
OSC1	22	25	0	display tubes to be used.     OSC1       For details, refer to ELECTRICAL     OSC1       CHARACTERISTICS.

# **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING**

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Ratings	Unit
Driver Supply Voltage	V <sub>DISP</sub>	—	-0.3 to +20	V
Logic Supply Voltage	V <sub>DD</sub>	—	–0.3 to +6.5	V
Input Voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>	—	-0.3 to V <sub>DD</sub> +0.3	V
Power Dissipation	PD	Ta≥25°C	360	mW
Storage Temperature	T <sub>STG</sub>	—	–55 to +150	°C
	I <sub>01</sub>	SEG1 to 22	-10.0 to +2.0	mA
Output Ourrant	I <sub>02</sub>	SEG23 to 32	-20.0 to +2.0	mA
Output Current	I <sub>03</sub>	GRID1 to 3	-10.0 to +20.0	mA
	I <sub>04</sub>	DIM OUT, SYNC OUT1, SYNC OUT2	-2.0 to +2.0	mA

# **RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS**

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Driver Supply Voltage	V <sub>DISP</sub>		8.0	13.0	18.0	V
Logic Supply Voltage	V <sub>DD</sub>		4.5	5.0	5.5	V
High Level Input Voltage	VIH	All inputs except OSC0	0.8V <sub>DD</sub>		—	V
Low Level Input Voltage	VIL	All inputs except OSC0	_		0.2V <sub>DD</sub>	V
Clock Frequency	f <sub>C</sub>	_	_		1.0	MHz
Operating Temperature	T <sub>OP</sub>	_	-40		+85	°C

# When a 1/2 duty VFD tube is used

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Oscillation Frequency	f <sub>OSC</sub>	R=8.2K $\Omega$ ±5%, C=22pF±5%	1.0	1.5	2.0	MHz
Frame Frequency	f <sub>FR</sub>	R=8.2K $\Omega$ ±5%, C=22pF±5%	122	183	244	Hz

# When a 1/3 duty VFD tube is used

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
<b>Oscillation Frequency</b>	f <sub>OSC</sub>	R=6.2K $\Omega$ ±5%, C=22pF±5%	1.5	2.25	3.0	MHz
Frame Frequency	f <sub>FR</sub>	R=6.2K $\Omega$ ±5%, C=22pF±5%	122	183	244	Hz

# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

### **DC** Characteristics

			Ta=-40 to	+85°C,V <sub>DISP</sub> =8	3.0 to 18.0V	, V <sub>DD</sub> =4.5 to	o 5.5V
Parameter	Symbol	Applied pin	Con	dition	Min.	Max.	Unit
High Level Input Voltage	VIH	*1)			0.8V <sub>DD</sub>	—	V
Low Level Input Voltage	VIL	*1)		_		$0.2V_{DD}$	V
High Level Input Current	IIH	*1)	V <sub>IH</sub>	=V <sub>DD</sub>	-1.0	+1.0	μA
Low Level Input Current	IIL	*1)	V <sub>IL</sub> :	=GND	-1.0	+1.0	μA
	V <sub>OH1</sub>	SEG1-22		I <sub>0H1</sub> =–5mA	V <sub>DISP</sub> -0.8	_	V
High Level Output Voltage	V <sub>0H2</sub>	SEG23-32	V <sub>DISP</sub> =9.5V	I <sub>0H2</sub> =–10mA	V <sub>DISP</sub> -0.8	—	V
	V <sub>OH3</sub>	GRID1-3		I <sub>0H3</sub> =–5mA	V <sub>DISP</sub> -0.8	—	V
	V <sub>OH4</sub>	*2)	V <sub>DD</sub> =4.5V	I <sub>0H4</sub> =–200μA	V <sub>DD</sub> -0.8	—	V
	V <sub>OL1</sub>	SEG1-22		I <sub>0L1</sub> =500μA	_	2.0	V
Low Level Output Voltage	V <sub>0L2</sub>	SEG23-32	V <sub>DISP</sub> =9.5V	I <sub>0L2</sub> =500μA	_	2.0	V
Low Level Output voltage	V <sub>OL3</sub>	GRID1-3		I <sub>0L3</sub> =10mA		2.0	V
	V <sub>OL4</sub>	*2)	V <sub>DD</sub> =4.5V	I <sub>0L4</sub> =200μA	—	0.8	V
Supply Current	I <sub>DISP</sub>	V <sub>DISP</sub>	f <sub>OSC</sub> =3.0N	1Hz, no load	_	100	μA
Supply Current	I <sub>DD</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub>	f <sub>OSC</sub> =3.0N	1Hz, no load	_	5.0	mA

\*1) CS, CLOCK, DATA IN, DIM IN, SYNC IN 1, SYNC IN 2,  $M/\overline{S}$ ,  $DUP/\overline{TRI}$ 

\*2) DIM OUT, SYNC OUT 1, SYNC OUT 2

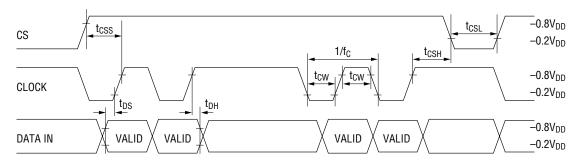
### **AC Characteristics**

Parameter	Symbol	Con	dition	Min.	Max.	Unit
Clock Frequency	f <sub>C</sub>				1.0	MHz
Clock Pulse Width	t <sub>CW</sub>			400	_	ns
Data Setup Time	t <sub>DS</sub>			400	—	ns
Data Hold Time	t <sub>DH</sub>		_	400	—	ns
CS Off Time	t <sub>CSL</sub>			20	_	μs
CS Setup Time	taga			400		no
(CS-Clock)	t <sub>CSS</sub>			400		ns
CS Hold Time	t					ne
(Clock-CS)	t <sub>CSH</sub>			400		ns
CS Wait Time	t <sub>RSOFF</sub>			400		μs
Output Claw Data Tima	t <sub>R</sub>	0. 100pE	t <sub>R</sub> =20% to 80%		2.0	μs
Output Slew Rate Time	t <sub>F</sub>	C <sub>L</sub> =100pF	t <sub>F</sub> =80% to 20%	—	2.0	μs
V <sub>DD</sub> Rise Time	t <sub>PRZ</sub>	Mounte	d in a unit		100	μs
V <sub>DD</sub> Off Time	t <sub>POF</sub>	Mounted in a	unit, V <sub>DD</sub> =0.0V	5.0	_	ms

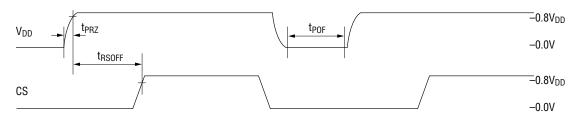
# Ta=-40 to +85°C, $V_{DISP}$ =8.0 to 18.0V, $V_{DD}$ =4.5 to 5.5V

# TIMING DIAGRAM

### Data Input Timing



## Reset Timing



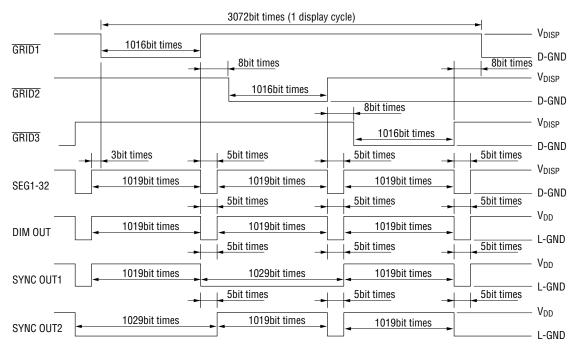
### Driver Output Timing



#### 2048bit times (1 display cycle) VDISP 1016bit times 1016bit times **GRID1** D-GND 8bit times 8bit times 8bit times VDISP 1016bit times GRID2 D-GND VDISP **GRID3** D-GND 3bit times 5bit times 5bit times 5bit times VDISP 1019bit times 1019bit times 1019bit times SEG1-32 D-GND 5bit times 5bit times 5bit times VDD 1019bit times 1019bit times 1019bit times DIM OUT L-GND 5bit times 5bit times 5bit times $V_{DD}$ 1019bit times 1029bit times 1019bit times SYNC OUT1 L-GND 5bit times 5bit times 5bit times $V_{DD}$ 1029bit times 1019bit times 1029bit times SYNC OUT2 L-GND

### • Output Timing (Duplex Operation) \*1bit time=4/f<sub>OSC</sub> (The dimming data is 1016/1024 at the master mode)

• Output Timing (Triplex Operation) \*1bit time=4/f<sub>OSC</sub> (The dimming data is 1016/1024 at the master mode)



# FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

### **Power-on Reset**

When power is turned on, MSM9210 is initialized by the internal power-on reset circuit. The status of the internal circuit after initialization is as follows:

- The contents of the shift registers and latches are set to "0".
- The digital dimming duty cycle is set to "0".
- All segment outputs are set to Low level.
- All grid outputs are set to High level.

### **Data Transfer Method**

Data can be transferred between the rising edge and the next falling edge of chip select input. The mode data, segment data and dimming data are written by a serial transfer method. The serial data is input to the shift register at the rising edge of a shift clock pulse.

The mode data (M0 to M2) must be transferred after the segment data and dimming data succeedingly.

When the chip select input falls, an internal LOAD signal is automatically generated and data is loaded to the latches.

### **Function Mode**

Function mode is selected by the mode data (M0 to M2). The relation between function mode and mode data is as follows:

FUNCTION MODE		FUNCTION DATA				
FUNCTION MODE	OPERATING MODE	M0	M1	M2		
0	Segment Data for GRID1-3 Input	0	0	0		
1	Segment Data for GRID1 Input	1	0	0		
2	Segment Data for GRID2 Input	0	1	0		
3	Segment Data for GRID3 Input	1	1	0		
4	Digital Dimming Data Input	0	0	1		

### Segment Data Input [Function Mode: 0 to 3]

- MSM9210 receives the segment data when function mode 0 to 3 are selected.
- The same segment data is transferred to the 3 segment data latches corresponding to GRID 1 to 3 at the same time when the function mode 0 is selected.
- The segment data is transferred to only one segment data latch corresponding to the specified GRID when the function mode is 1, 2 or 3 is selected.
- Segment output (SEG1 to 32) becomes High level (lightning) when the segment data (S1 to S32) is set to "1".

[Data Format]

Input Data	: 35 bits
Segment Data	: 32 bits
Mode Data	: 3 bits

Bit	1	2	3	4		29	30	31	32	33	34	35
Input Data	S1	S2	S3	S4		S29	S30	S31	S32	M0	M1	M2
Segment Data (32bits)									<b>-</b> −M	ode Da	ita - ►	

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SEG n	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Segment data	S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	S6	S7	S8	S9	S10	S11	S12	S13	S14	S15	S16
SEG n	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32
Segment data	S17	S18	S19	S20	S21	S22	S23	S24	S25	S26	S27	S28	S29	S30	S31	S32

[Bit correspondence between segment output and segment data]

### Digital Dimming Data Input [Function Mode: 4]

- MSM9210 receives the digital dimming data when function mode 4 is selected.
- The output duty changes in the range of 0/1024(0%) to 1016/1024(99.2%) for each grid.
- The 10-bit digital dimming data is input from LSB.

[Data Format]

Input Data : 13 bits Digital Dimming Data: 10 bits Mode Data : 3 bits

	1												
Bit	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Input Data	D1	D2	D3	D4	D5	D6	D7	D8	D9	D10	M0	M1	M2
	LSB Digital Dimming Data (10bits)								✓ Mode Data ► (3bits)				
	(LSB) Dimming Data (MSB)						(MSB)						
	D1	D2	D3	D4	D5	D6	D7	D8	D9	D10	Duty Cycle		9
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0/	1024	
	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1/1024		
	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	101	5/1024	4
	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	101	6/1024	4
	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	101	6/1024	1
	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	101	6/1024	4

### Master Mode

Master Mode is selected when  $M/\overline{S}$  pin is set at High level. The master mode operation is as follows:

- $\bullet$  The input levels of DIM IN, SYNC IN1 and SYNC IN2 are ignored, and these pins should be connected to L-GND or  $V_{\text{DD}}.$
- The pulse width of GRID1 to 3 and SEG1 to 32 are controlled by the internal digital dimming circuit.
- The segment Latch1 to 3 corresponding to GRID1 to 3 are selected by the internal timing generator.

### Slave Mode

Slave Mode is selected when  $M/\overline{S}$  pin is set at Low level. The slave mode operation is as follows: • The internal dimming circuit is ignored.

- The pulse width of SEG1 to 32 are controlled by the pulse width of DIM IN signal.
- The segment Latch1 to 3 corresponding to GRID1 to 3 are selected by SYNC IN1 and SYNC IN2 signals.
- The output levels of GRID1 to 3 are set at High level. The output levels of DIM OUT, SYNC OUT1 and SYNC OUT2 are set at Low level.

[Correspondence between SYNC IN1, 2 and Segment Latch1 to 3] [Correspondence between DIM IN and SEG1 to 32]

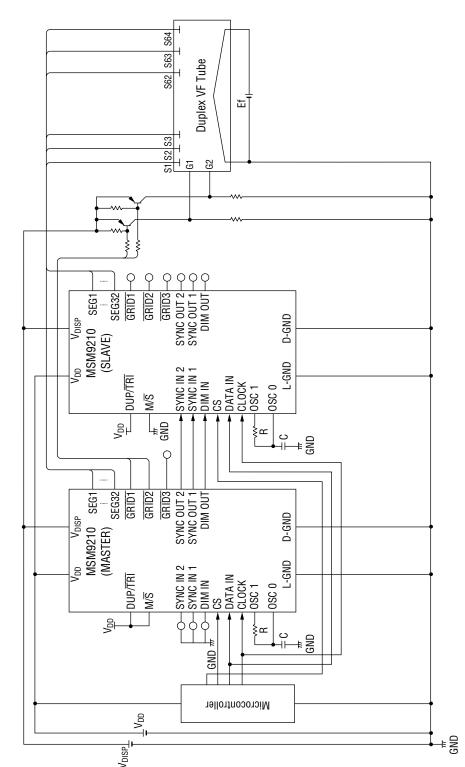
SYNC IN 1	SYNC IN 2	Segment Latch	GRID
0	0	No	No
1	0	Latch1	GRID1
0	1	Latch2	GRID2
1	1	Latch3	GRID3

DIM IN	SEG1 to 32
0	Low
1	High

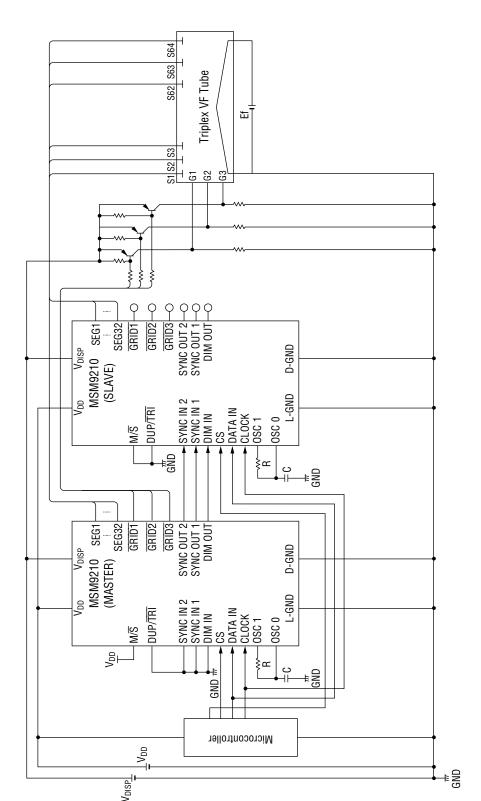
Note: Low: Lights OFF High: Lights ON

# **APPLICATION CIRCUITS**

### 1. Circuit for the duplex VFD tube with 128 segments (2 Grid $\times$ 64 Anode)

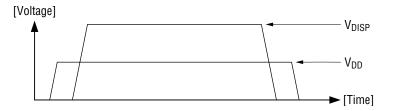


### 2. Circuit for the triplex VFD tube with 192 segments (3 Grid $\times$ 64 Anode)



# NOTES ON TURNING POWER ON/OFF

- Connect L-GND and D-GND externally to be an equal potential voltage.
- To avoid wrong operations, turn on the driver power supply after turning on the logic power supply. Conversely, turn off the logic power supply after tuning off the driver power supply.



#### QFP56-P-910-0.65-2K 14.5 ± 0.2 10.5 ± 0.1 29 42 (43) 0.53 TYP. 13.5±0.2 9.5±0.1 (56) (15) 2.0 ± 0.2 ł ----0.2 2.25 MAX. **.**85± INDEX MARK 0.65 0.32 +0.08 ¥ 0~10° Mirror finish 1.03 TYP. 0.25 0.1~0.3 1.2 TYP. 0.17 ± 0.05 1.25 ± 0.15 ннннннннн SEATING PLANE 70.10 Package material Epoxy resin Lead frame material 42 alloy Pin treatment Solder plating Solder plate thickness $5 \,\mu m$ or more 0.43 TYP. Package weight (g)

# PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

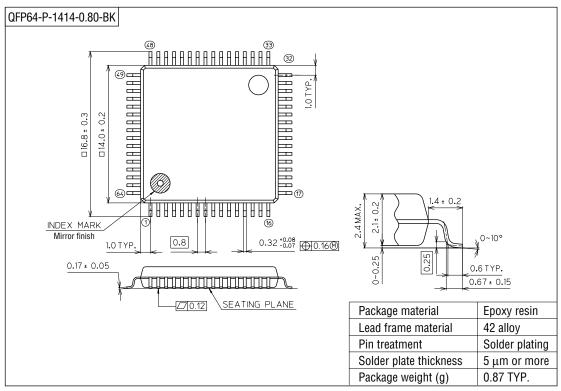
Notes for Mounting the Surface Mount Type Package

The SOP, QFP, TSOP, SOJ, QFJ (PLCC), SHP and BGA are surface mount type packages, which are very susceptible to heat in reflow mounting and humidity absorbed in storage.

Therefore, before you perform reflow mounting, contact Oki's responsible sales person for the product name, package name, pin number, package code and desired mounting conditions (reflow method, temperature and times).

(Unit : mm)





Notes for Mounting the Surface Mount Type Package

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