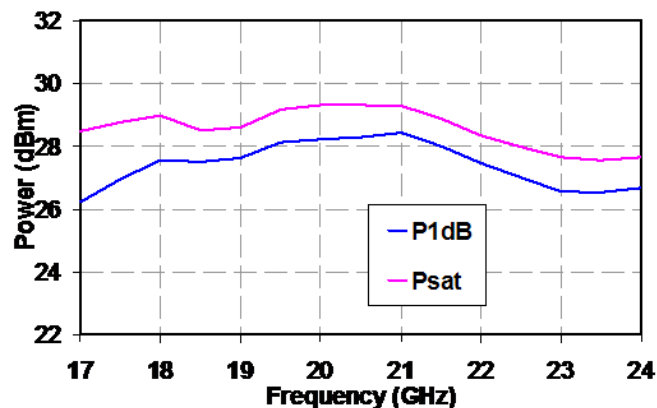
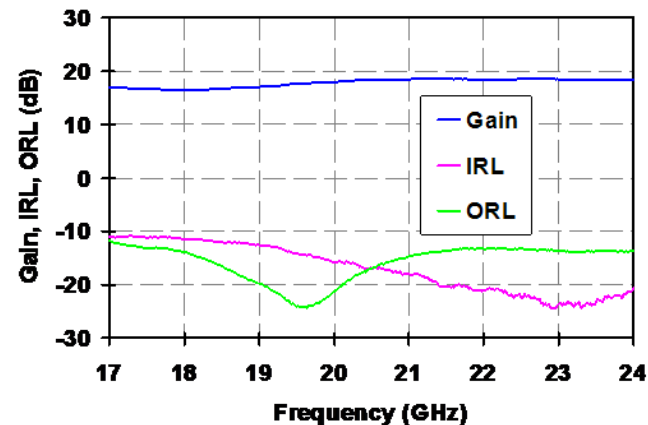


## 17- 24 GHz Power Amplifier



### Measured Performance

Bias conditions:  $V_d = 5\text{ V}$ ,  $I_d = 712\text{ mA}$ ,  $V_g = -0.5\text{ V}$  Typical



### Key Features

- Frequency Range 17 GHz to 24 GHz.
- 28 dBm Output Psat, 26 dBm P1dB, typical.
- 35 dBm Output TOI.
- 17 dB Typical Gain.
- Integrated power detection with 30 dB dynamic range.
- High ESD tolerance.
- Dimensions: 4.0 x 4.0 x 0.85 mm
- Bias conditions:  $V_d = 5\text{ V}$ ,  $I_d = 712\text{ mA}$ ,  $V_g = -0.5\text{ V}$ , typical.

### Primary Applications

- Point-to-Point Radio
- Point-to-Multipoint Communications

### Product Description

The TriQuint TGA2522-SM is a three stage HPA MMIC design using TriQuint's proven 0.25  $\mu\text{m}$  Power pHEMT process. The TGA2522-SM is designed to support a variety of millimeter wave applications including point-to-point digital radio and other K band linear gain applications.

The TGA2522-SM provides 26 dBm nominal output power at 1dB compression across 17-24 GHz. Typical small signal gain is 17 dB at 17 GHz and 18 dB at 24 GHz.

The TGA2522-SM requires minimum off-chip components. Each device is DC and RF tested for key parameters. The device is available in a 4 x 4 mm plastic QFN package.

RoHS and Lead-Free compliant. Evaluation boards available on request.

*Datasheet subject to change without notice.*

**Table I**  
**Absolute Maximum Ratings 1/**

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Notes
Vd - Vg	Drain to Gate Voltage	11 V	
Vd1,2	Drain Voltage	8 V	<u>2/</u>
Vg1,2	Gate Voltage Range	-5 V to 0 V	
Vd3	Drain Voltage	8 V	<u>2/</u>
Vg3	Gate Voltage Range	-5 V to 0 V	
Id1, 2	Drain Current	1750 mA	<u>2/</u>
Id3	Drain Current	1575 mA	<u>2/</u>
Ig1,2	Gate Current Range	35 mA	
Ig3	Gate Current Range	31.5 mA	
Pin	Input Continuous Wave Power	26 dBm	<u>2/</u>
Tchannel	Channel Temperature	200 °C	

1/ These ratings represent the maximum operable values for this device. Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device and / or affect device lifetime. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these conditions is not implied.

2/ Combinations of supply voltage, supply current, input power, and output power shall not exceed the maximum power dissipation listed in Table IV.

**Table II**  
**Recommended Operating Conditions**

Symbol	Parameter <u>1/</u>	Value
Vd1,2, Vd3	Drain Voltage	5 V
Id1,2, Id3	Drain Current	712 mA
Id_Drive	Drain Current under RF Drive	850 mA
Vg1,2, Vg3	Gate Voltage	-0.5 V

1/ See assembly diagram for bias instructions.

**Table III**  
**RF Characterization Table**

**Bias: Vd = 5 V, Id = 712 mA, Vg = - 0.5 V, Typical**

<b>SYMBOL</b>	<b>PARAMETER</b>	<b>TEST CONDITIONS</b>	<b>MINIMUM</b>	<b>NOMINAL</b>	<b>MAXIMUM</b>	<b>UNITS</b>
Gain	Small Signal Gain	f = 17.7-23.6 GHz	15	18		dB
IRL	Input Return Loss	f = 17.7-23.6 GHz		12		dB
ORL	Output Return Loss	f = 17.7-23.6 GHz		13		dB
Psat	Saturated Output Power	f = 17.7-22 GHz f = 23.6 GHz	26.5 25.5	28		dBm
P1dB	Output Power @1dB Compression	f = 17.7-22 GHz f = 23.6 GHz	25 24	27		dBm
TOI	Output TOI	f = 17.7-23.6 GHz	33	36		dBm

**Table IV**  
**Power Dissipation and Thermal Properties**

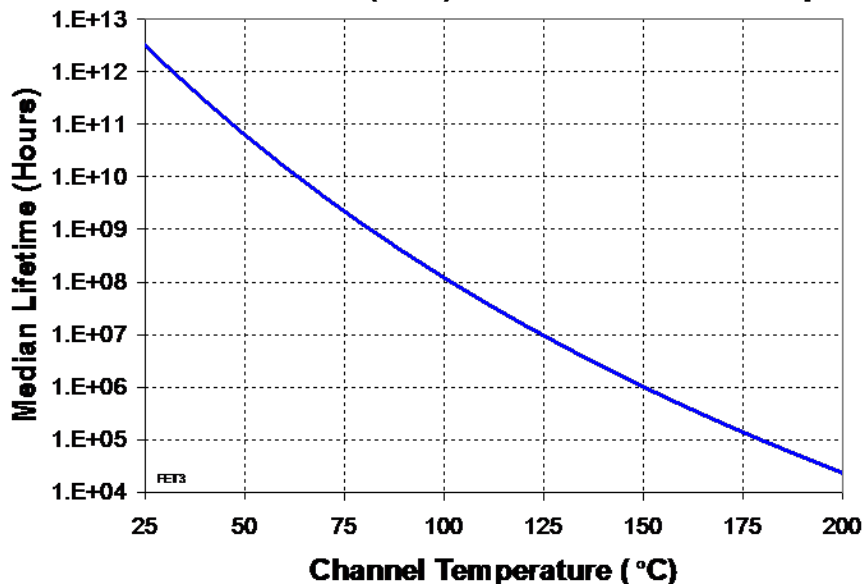
Parameter	Test Conditions	Value	Notes
Maximum Power Dissipation	Tbaseplate = 85 °C	Pd = 8.52 W Tchannel = 200 °C	<u>1/ 2/</u>
Thermal Resistance, $\theta_{JC}$	Vd = 5 V Id = 712 A Pd = 3.56 W Tbaseplate = 85 °C	$\theta_{JC}$ = 13.5 °C/W Tchannel = 133 °C Tm = 4.5E+6 Hrs	
Thermal Resistance, $\theta_{JC}$ Under RF Drive	Vd = 5 V Id = 850 mA Pout = 30 dBm Pd = 3.25 W	$\theta_{JC}$ = 13.5 °C/W Tchannel = 129 °C Tm = 6.2E+6 Hrs	
Mounting Temperature	30 Seconds	320 °C	
Storage Temperature		-65 to 150 °C	

1/ For a median life of 1E+6 hours, Power Dissipation is limited to

$$Pd(max) = (150\text{ °C} - Tbase\text{ °C}) / \theta_{JC} .$$

2/ Channel operating temperature will directly affect the device lifetime. For maximum life, it is recommended that channel temperatures be maintained at the lowest possible levels.

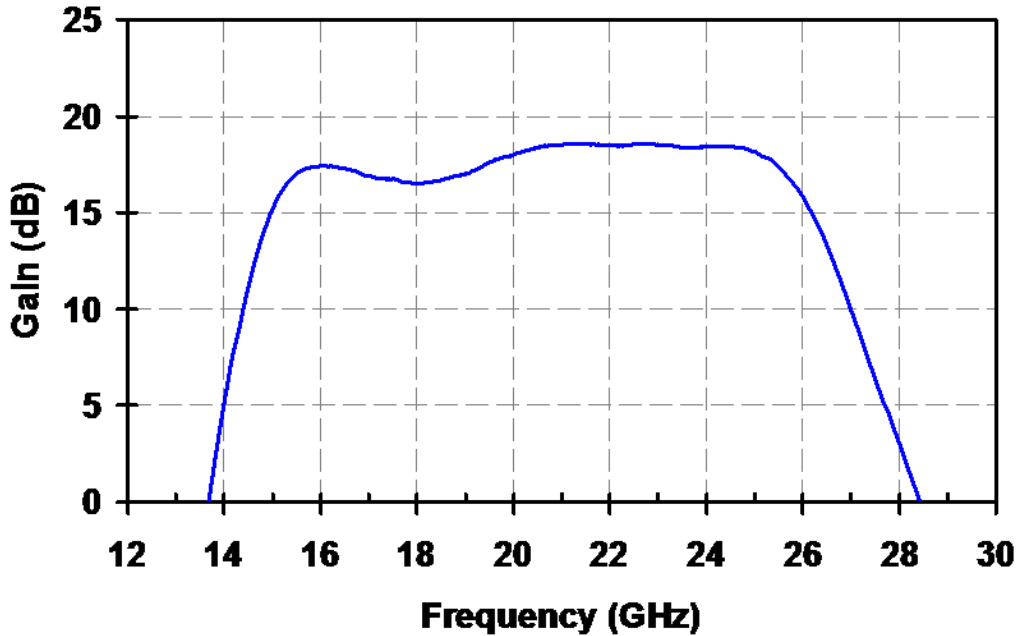
**Median Lifetime (Tm) vs. Channel Temperature**



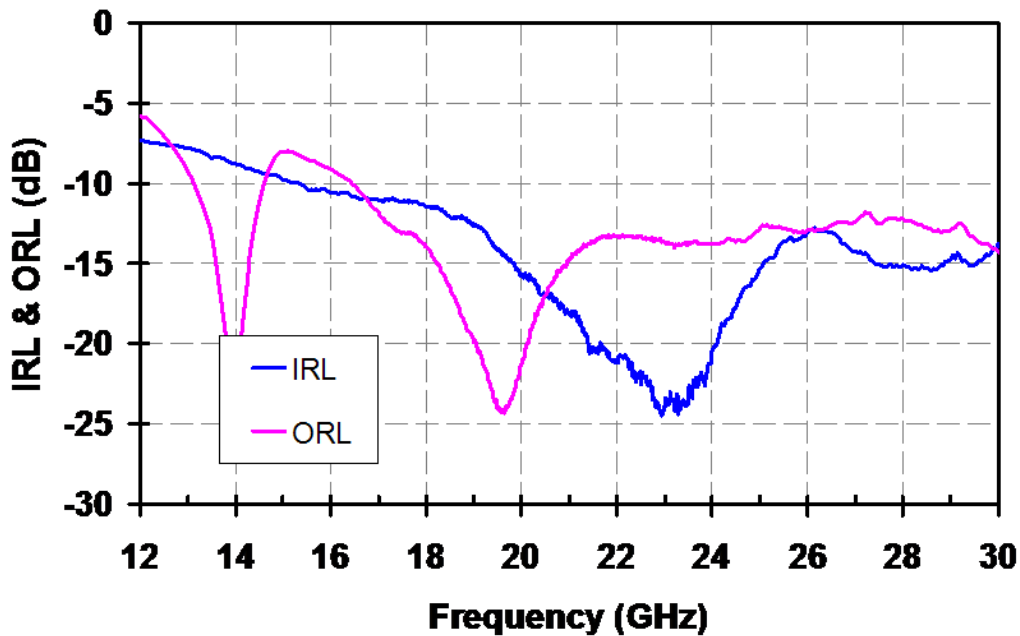
**Measured Data**

Bias conditions:  $V_d = 5\text{ V}$ ,  $I_d = 712\text{ mA}$ ,  $V_g = -0.5\text{ V}$  Typical

**TGA2522-SM**

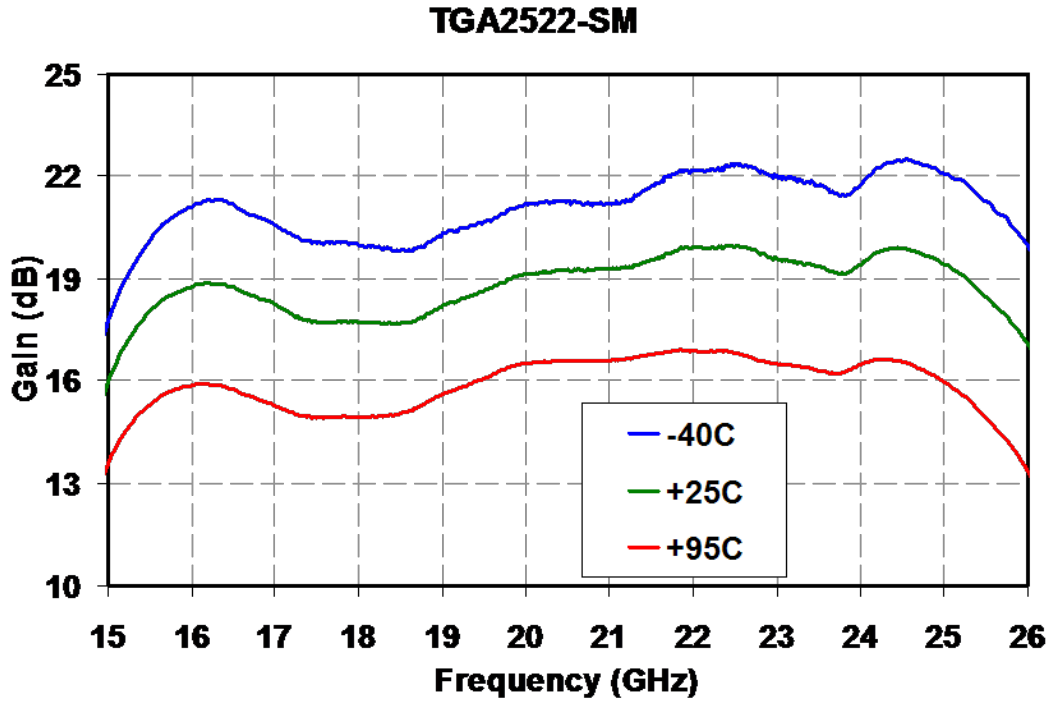


**TGA2522-SM**



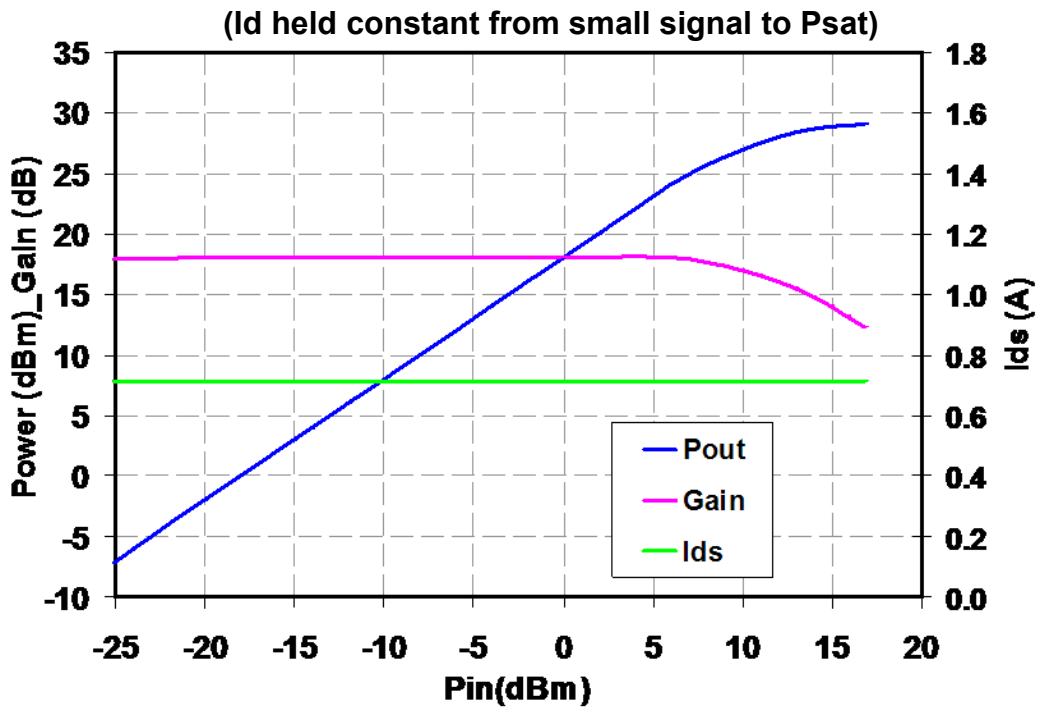
**Measured Data**

Bias conditions:  $V_d = 5\text{ V}$ ,  $I_d = 712\text{ mA}$ ,  $V_g = -0.5\text{ V}$  Typical

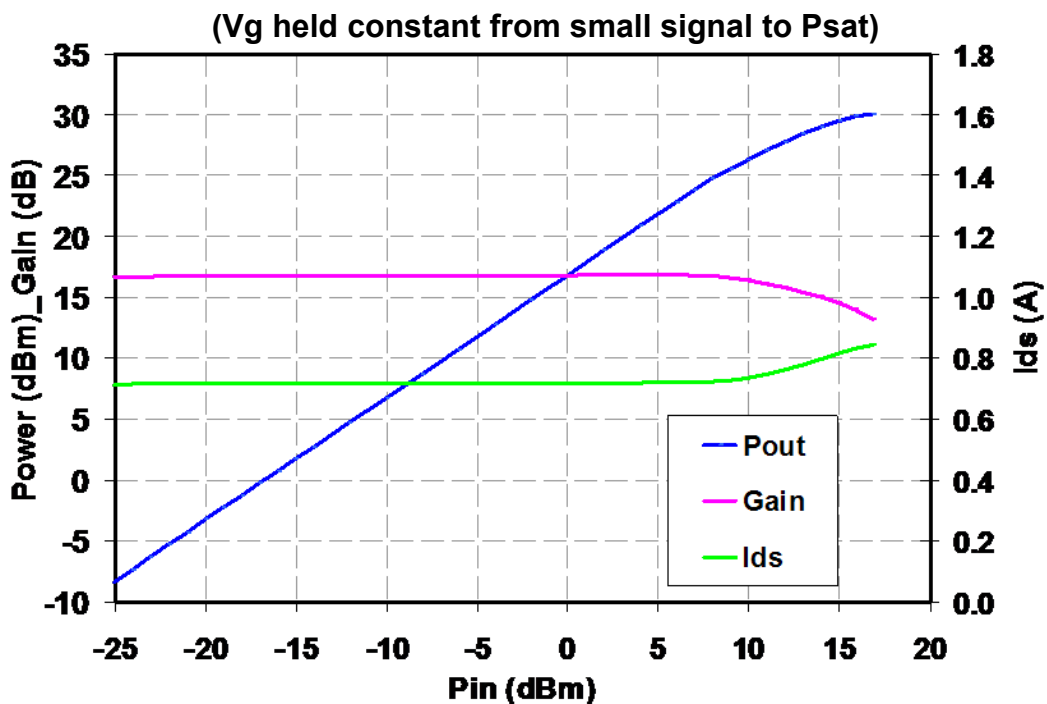


**Measured Data**

Bias conditions:  $V_d = 5\text{ V}$ ,  $I_d = 712\text{ mA}$ ,  $V_g = -0.5\text{ V}$ . Frequency = 19 GHz



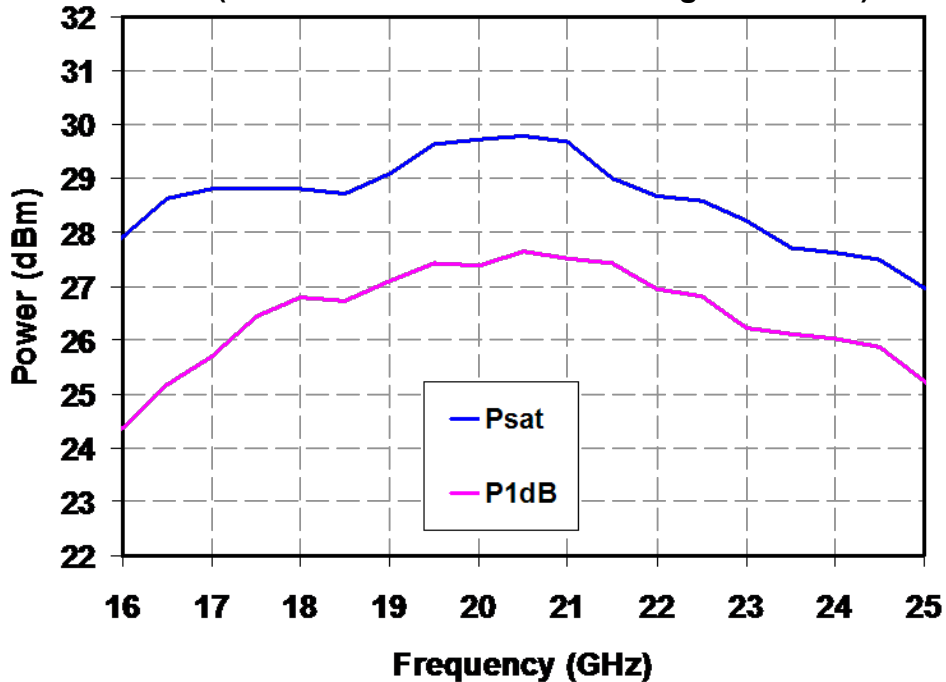
Bias conditions:  $V_d = 5\text{ V}$ ,  $I_d = 712\text{ mA}$ ,  $V_g = -0.5\text{ V}$ . Frequency = 19 GHz



**Measured Data**

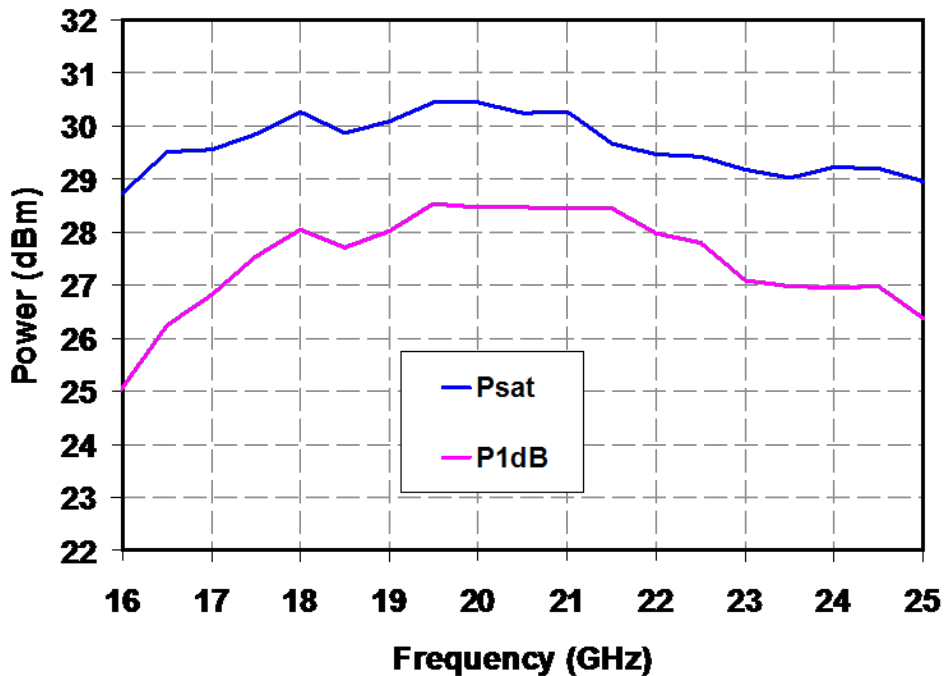
Bias conditions:  $V_d = 5\text{ V}$ ,  $I_d = 712\text{ mA}$ ,  $V_g = -0.5\text{ V}$

( $I_d$  held constant from small signal to  $P_{sat}$ )



Bias conditions:  $V_d = 5\text{ V}$ ,  $I_d = 712\text{ mA}$ ,  $V_g = -0.5\text{ V}$

( $V_g$  held constant from small signal to  $P_{sat}$ )

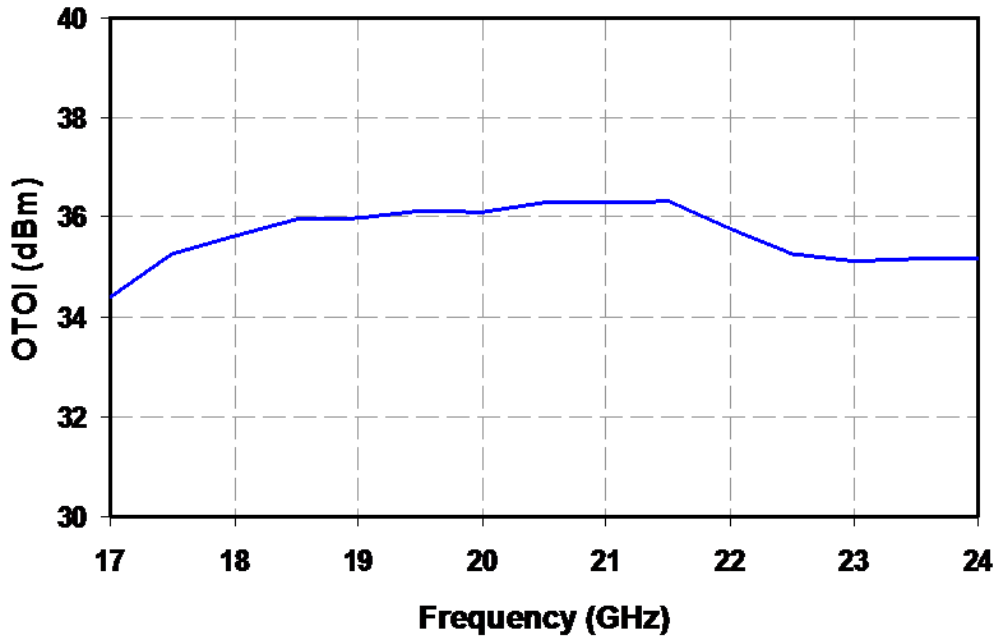




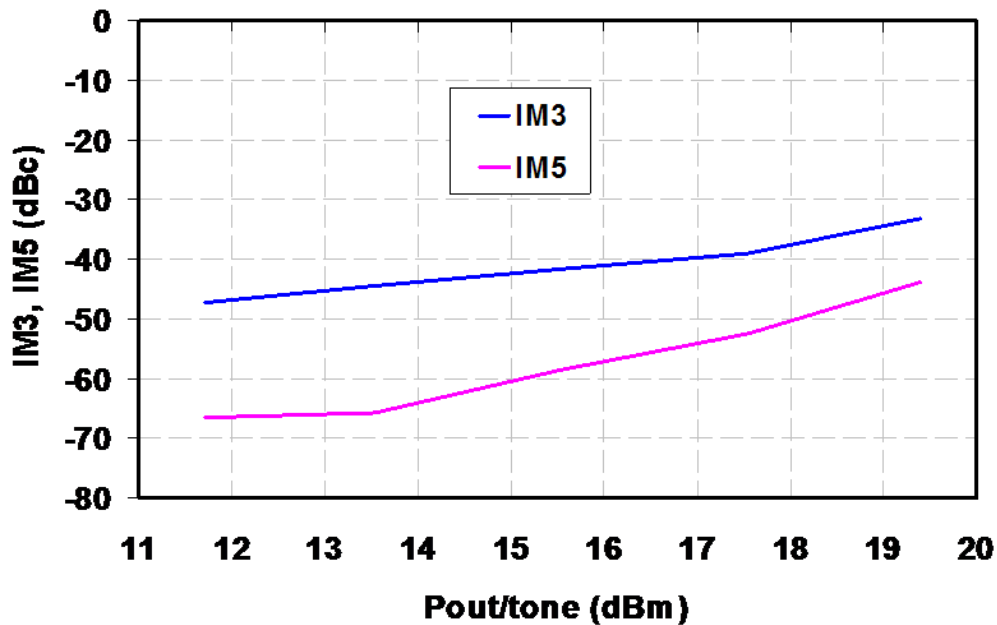
**Measured Data**

Bias conditions:  $V_d = 5\text{ V}$ ,  $I_d = 712\text{ mA}$ ,  $V_g = -0.5\text{ V}$  Typical

**TGA2522-SM**

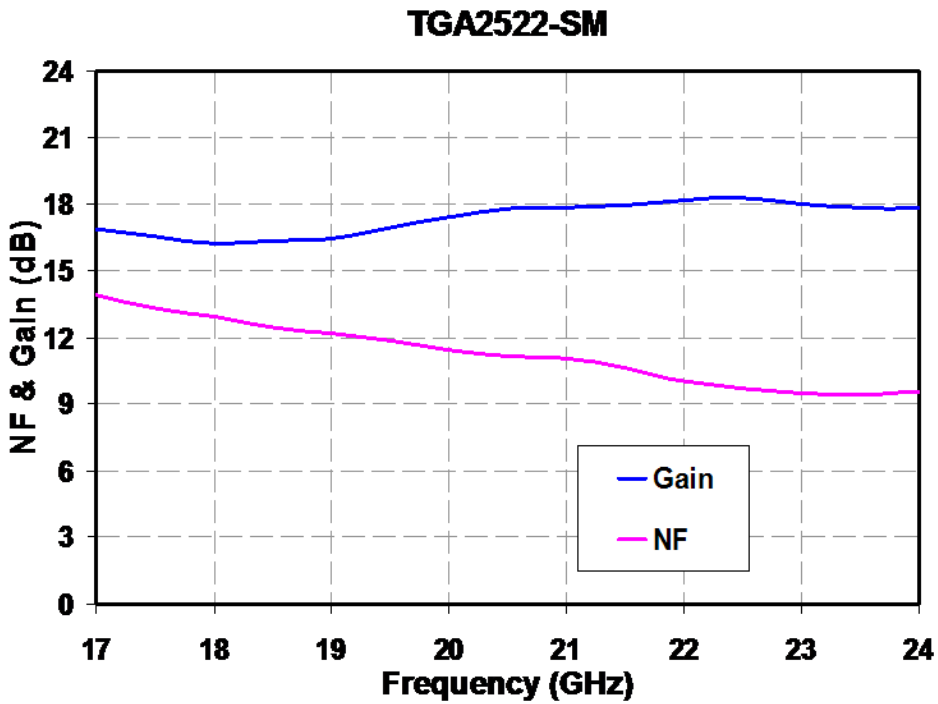


**TGA2522-SM**

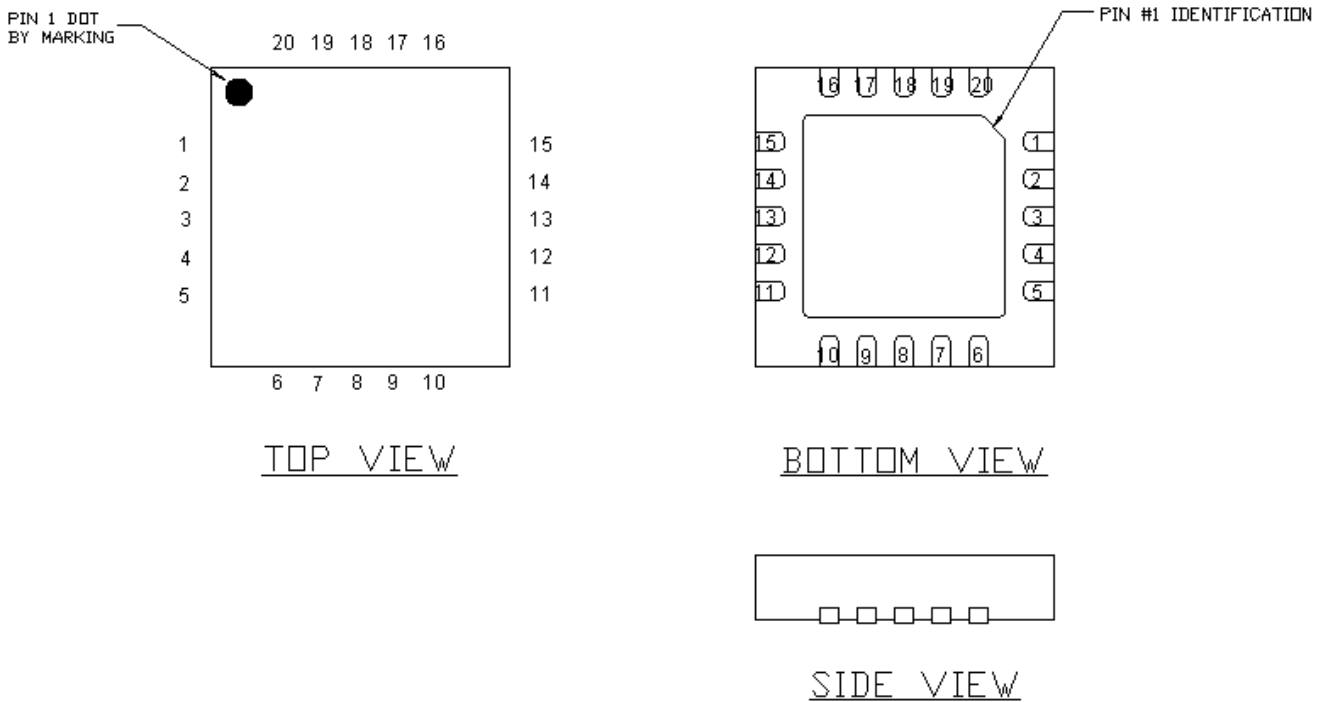


**Measured Data**

Bias conditions:  $V_d = 5\text{ V}$ ,  $I_d = 712\text{ mA}$ ,  $V_g = -0.5\text{ V}$  Typical

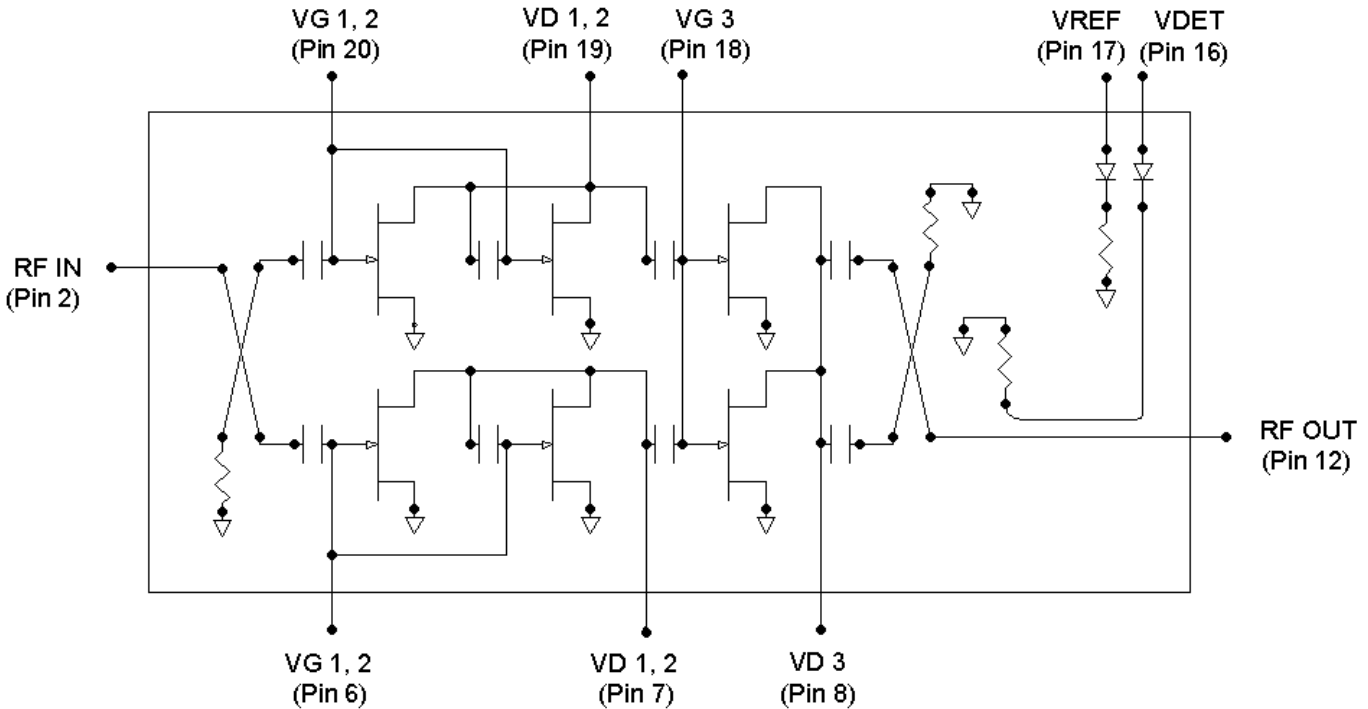


**Package Pinout**



Pin	Description
2	RF In
12	RF Out
6, 20	Vg1,2
18	Vg3
7, 19	Vd1,2
8	Vd3
16	VDET
17	VREF
5, 13	GND
1, 3, 4, 9, 10, 11, 14, 15	No Connect

## Electrical Schematic



## Bias Procedures

### Bias-up Procedure

VG 1, 2, VG 3 set to -1.5 V

VD 1, 2, VD 3 set to +5 V

Adjust VG 1, 2, VG 3 more positive until  $I_d$  is 712 mA.  
This will be  $\sim -0.5$  V

Apply RF signal

### Bias-down Procedure

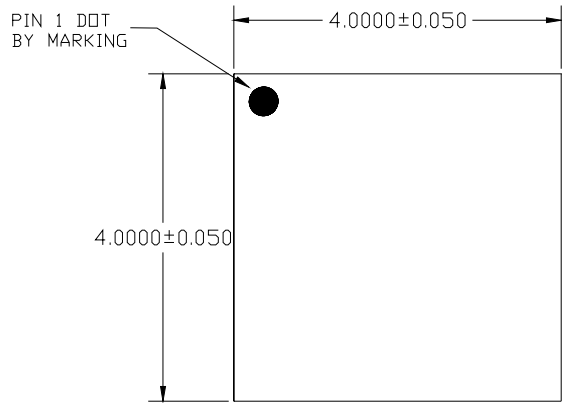
Turn off RF supply

Reduce VG 1, 2, VG3 to -1.5 V.  
Ensure  $I_d \sim 0$  mA

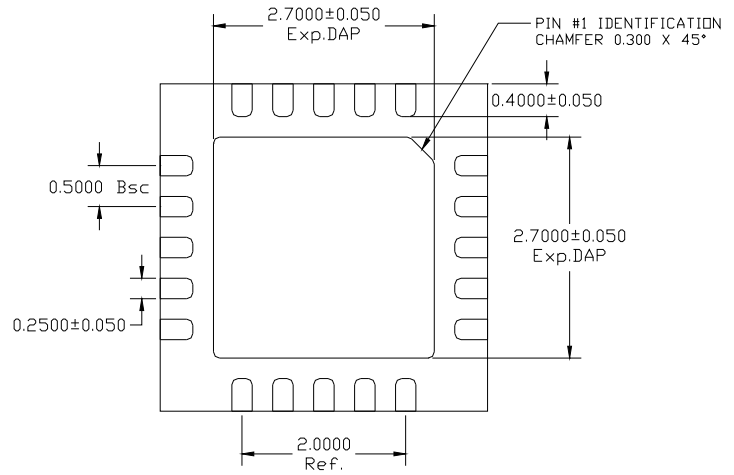
Turn VD 1, 2, VD 3 to 0 V

Turn VG 1, 2, VG 3 to 0 V

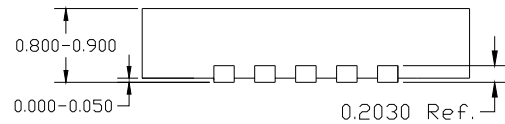
**Mechanical Drawing**



TOP VIEW



BOTTOM VIEW



SIDE VIEW

Units: millimeters

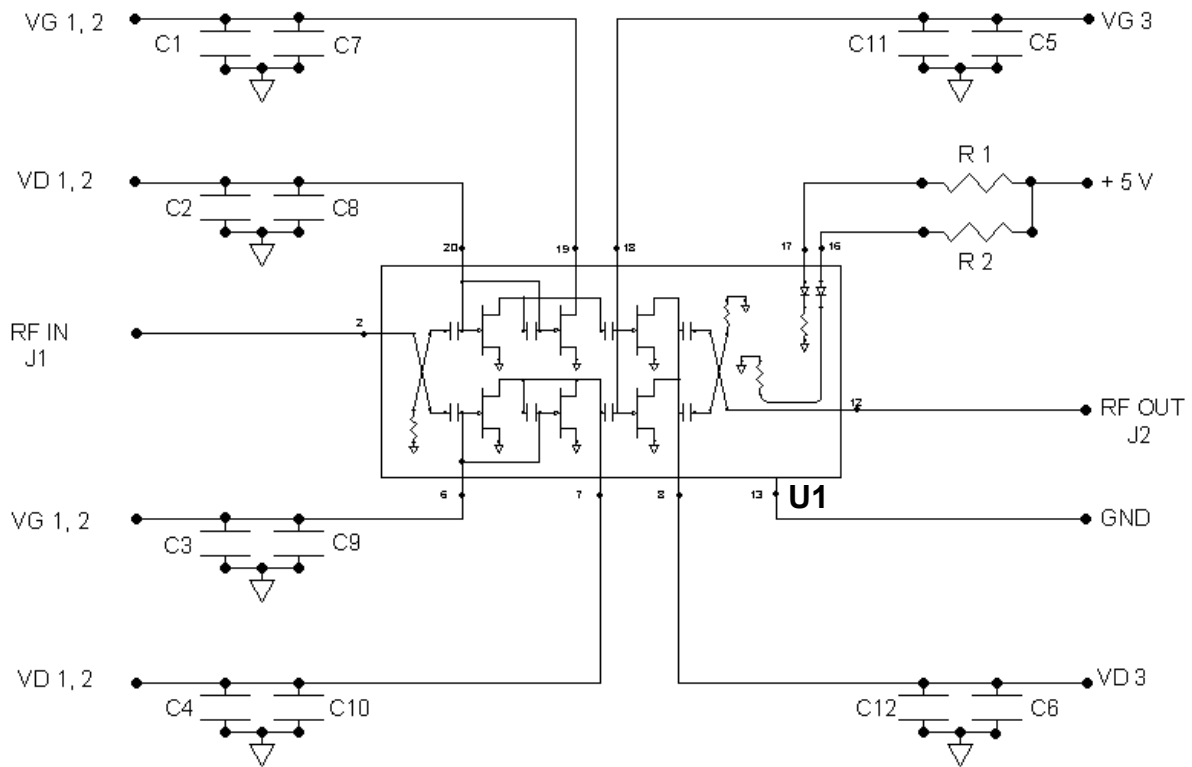
Thickness: 0.85

Pkg x,y size tolerance: +/- 0.050

Package edge to bond pad dimensions are shown to center of pad

**GaAs MMIC devices are susceptible to damage from Electrostatic Discharge. Proper precautions should be observed during handling, assembly and test.**

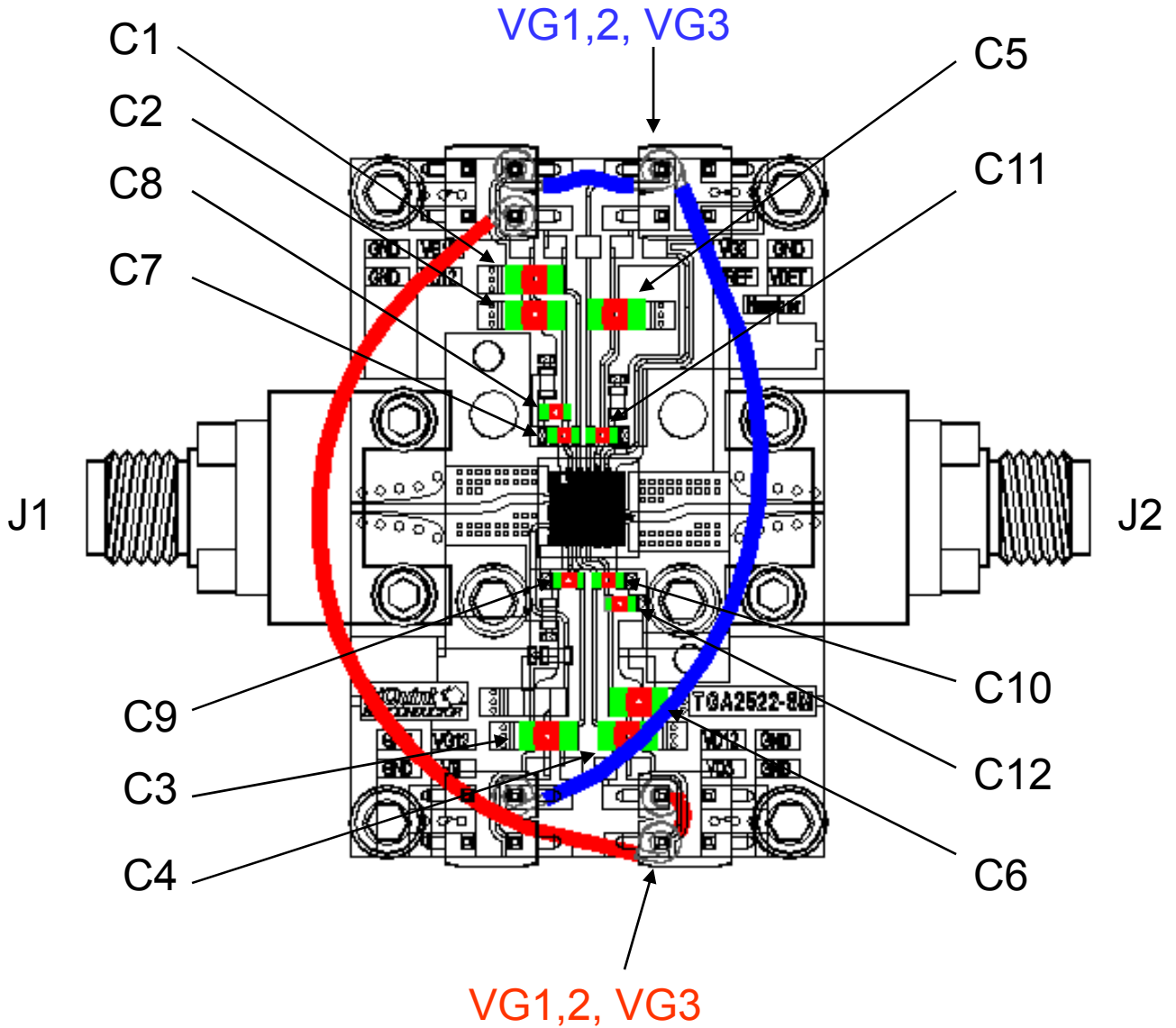
**Recommended Application Circuit**



Ref Designator	Value	Description
U1	--	TriQuint TGA2522-SM
C1, C2, C3, C4, C5, C6	1.0 $\mu$ F	1206 SMT Ceramic Capacitor
C7, C8, C9, C10, C11, C12	0.01 $\mu$ F	0603 SMT Ceramic Capacitor
J1, J2	1092-01A-5	Southwest Microwave End Launch Connector
R1, R2	240 K $\Omega$	External Resistor

**GaAs MMIC devices are susceptible to damage from Electrostatic Discharge. Proper precautions should be observed during handling, assembly and test.**

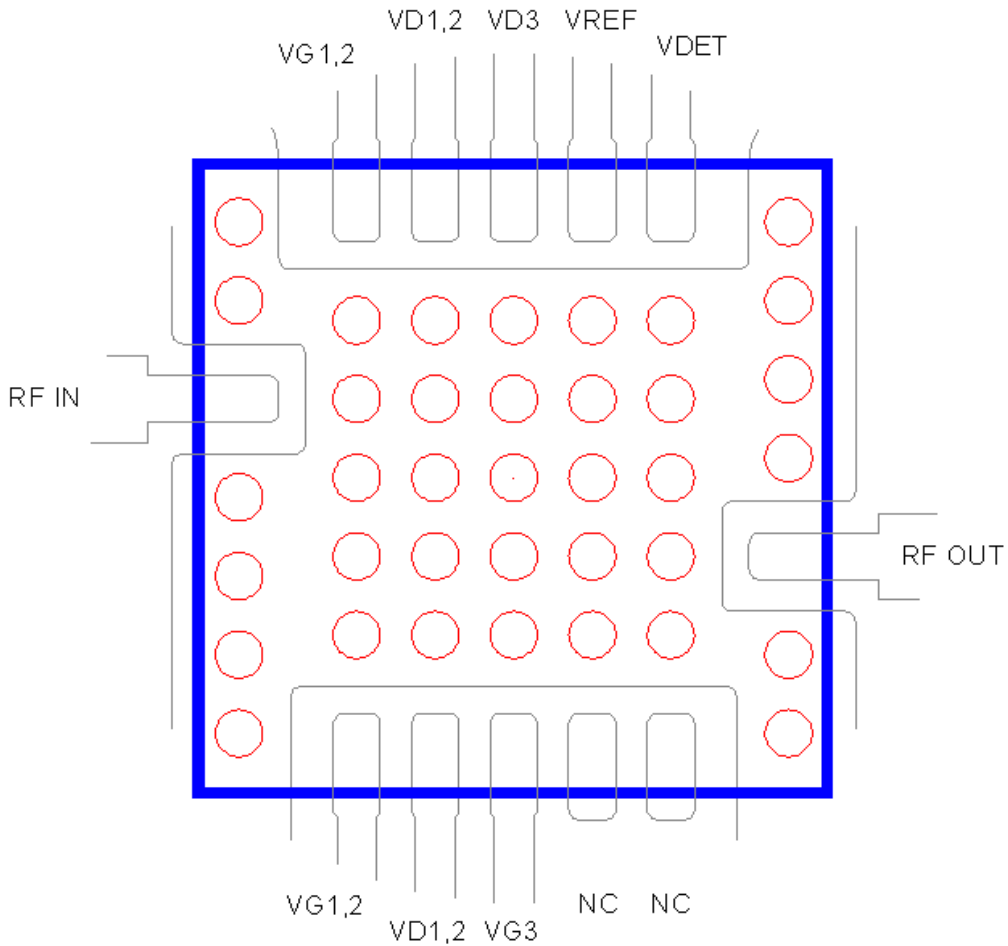
**Recommended Evaluation Board**



Board Material: 10 mil thick Rogers 4350,  $\epsilon_r = 3.5$

**GaAs MMIC devices are susceptible to damage from Electrostatic Discharge. Proper precautions should be observed during handling, assembly and test.**

**Recommended Land Pattern**



Board Material: 10 mil thick Rogers 4350

Open Plated Vias in Center of Land pattern; Vias are 12 mil Diameter, 20 mil center-to-center spacing

**GaAs MMIC devices are susceptible to damage from Electrostatic Discharge. Proper precautions should be observed during handling, assembly and test.**



## Assembly Notes

### Recommended Surface Mount Package Assembly

- Proper ESD precautions must be followed while handling packages.
- Clean the board with acetone. Rinse with alcohol. Allow the circuit to fully dry.
- TriQuint recommends using a conductive solder paste for attachment. Follow solder paste and reflow oven vendors' recommendations when developing a solder reflow profile. Typical solder reflow profiles are listed in the table below.
- Hand soldering is not recommended. Solder paste can be applied using a stencil printer or dot placement. The volume of solder paste depends on PCB and component layout and should be well controlled to ensure consistent mechanical and electrical performance.
- Clean the assembly with alcohol.

Reflow Profile	SnPb	Pb Free
Ramp-up Rate	3 °C/sec	3 °C/sec
Activation Time and Temperature	60 – 120 sec @ 140 – 160 °C	60 – 180 sec @ 150 – 200 °C
Time above Melting Point	60 – 150 sec	60 – 150 sec
Max Peak Temperature	240 °C	260 °C
Time within 5 °C of Peak Temperature	10 – 20 sec	10 – 20 sec
Ramp-down Rate	4 – 6 °C/sec	4 – 6 °C/sec

## Ordering Information

Part	Package Style
TGA2522-SM, TAPE AND REEL	4 x 4 mm QFN Surface Mount, TAPE AND REEL

***GaAs MMIC devices are susceptible to damage from Electrostatic Discharge. Proper precautions should be observed during handling, assembly and test.***