

MA4X746

Silicon epitaxial planar type

For super-high speed switching circuit

For small current rectification

■ Features

- $I_{F(AV)} = 200$ mA, and $V_R > 50$ V is achieved
- Allowing automatic insertion with the emboss taping
- Optimum for high-frequency rectification because of its short reverse recovery time (t_{rr})
- High rectification efficiency caused by its low forward-rise-voltage (V_F)

■ Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Reverse voltage (DC)	V_R	50	V
Repetitive peak reverse voltage	V_{RRM}	50	V
Non repetitive peak forward current*2	Single	I_{FSM}	A
	Double*1		
Peak forward current	Single	I_{FM}	mA
	Double*1		
Average forward current	Single	$I_{F(AV)}$	mA
	Double*1		
Junction temperature	T_j	150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	-55 to +150	$^\circ\text{C}$

Note) *1 : Value per chip

*2 : The peak-to-peak value in one cycle of 50 Hz sine-wave (non-repetitive)

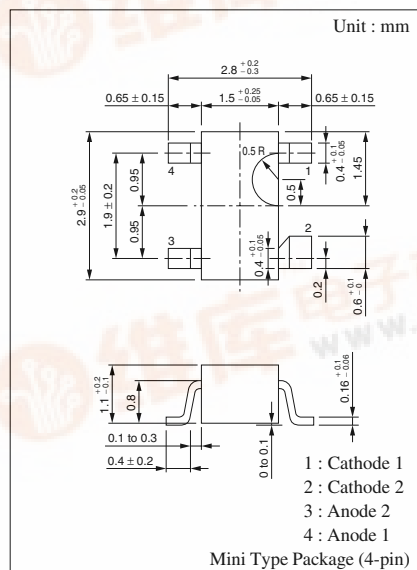
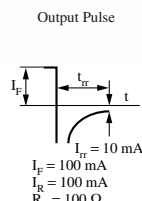
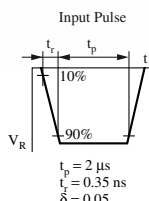
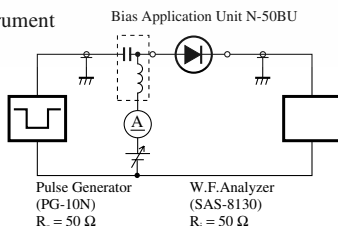
■ Electrical Characteristics $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Reverse current (DC)	I_R	$V_R = 50$ V			200	μA
Forward voltage (DC)	V_{F1}	$I_F = 30$ mA			0.36	V
	V_{F2}	$I_F = 200$ mA			0.55	V
Terminal capacitance	C_t	$V_R = 0$ V, $f = 1$ MHz		30		pF
Reverse recovery time*	t_{rr}	$I_F = I_R = 100$ mA $I_{rr} = 10$ mA, $R_L = 100$ Ω		3.0		ns

Note) 1. Schottky barrier diode is sensitive to electric shock (static electricity, etc.). Due attention must be paid on the charge of a human body and the leakage of current from the operating equipment.

2. Rated input/output frequency: 2 000 MHz

3. *: t_{rr} measuring instrument



Marking Symbol: M3M

Internal Connection

