

LC²MOS Quad SPST Switches ADG441/ADG442/ADG444

FEATURES

44 V Supply Maximum Ratings V_{SS} to V_{DD} Analog Signal Range Low On Resistance (< 70 Ω) Low ΔR_{ON} (9 Ω max) Low R_{ON} Match (3 Ω max) Low Power Dissipation Fast Switching Times t_{ON} < 110 ns t_{OFF} < 60 ns

t_{OFF} < 60 ns
Low Leakage Currents (3 nA max)
Low Charge Injection (6 pC max)
Break-Before-Make Switching Action
Latch-Up Proof
Plug-In Upgrade for
DG201A/ADG201A, DG202A/ADG202A,
DG211/ADG211A
Plug in Replacement for DG441/DG442/DG444

APPLICATIONS

Audio and Video Switching Automatic Test Equipment Precision Data Acquisition Battery Powered Systems Sample Hold Systems Communication Systems

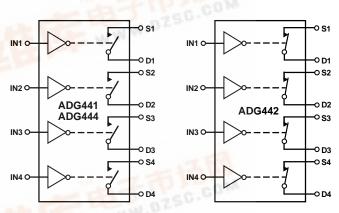
GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The ADG441, ADG442 and ADG444 are monolithic CMOS devices comprising four independently selectable switches. They are designed on an enhanced LC²MOS process that provides low power dissipation yet gives high switching speed and low on resistance.

The on resistance profile is very flat over the full analog input range ensuring good linearity and low distortion when switching audio signals. High switching speed also makes the parts suitable for video signal switching. CMOS construction ensures ultralow power dissipation making the parts ideally suited for portable and battery powered instruments.

The ADG441, ADG442 and ADG444 contain four independent SPST switches. Each switch of the ADG441 and ADG444 turns on when a logic low is applied to the appropriate control input. The ADG442 switches are turned on with a logic high on the appropriate control input. The ADG441 and ADG444 switches differ in that the ADG444 requires a 5 V logic power supply which is applied to the $V_{\rm L}$ pin. The ADG441 and ADG442 do not have a $V_{\rm L}$ pin, the logic power supply being generated internally by an on-chip voltage generator.

FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAMS



SWITCHES SHOWN FOR A LOGIC "1" INPUT

Each switch conducts equally well in both directions when ON and has an input signal range that extends to the power supplies. In the OFF condition, signal levels up to the supplies are blocked. All switches exhibit break-before-make switching action for use in multiplexer applications. Inherent in the design is low charge injection for minimum transients when switching the digital inputs.

PRODUCT HIGHLIGHTS

- 1. Extended Signal Range
 - The ADG441/ADG442/ADG444 are fabricated on an enhanced LC²MOS, trench-isolated process, giving an increased signal range that extends to the supply rails.
- 2. Low Power Dissipation
- 3. Low R_{ON}
- 4. Trench Isolation Guards Against Latch Up A dielectric trench separates the P and N channel transistors thereby preventing latch up even under severe overvoltage conditions.
- Break-Before-Make Switching
 This prevents channel shorting when the switches are configured as a multiplexer.
- 6. Single Supply Operation For applications where the analog signal is unipolar, the ADG441/ADG442/ADG444 can be operated from a single rail power supply. The parts are fully specified with a single +12 V power supply.

REV. 0

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ADG441/ADG442/ADG444—SPECIFICATIONS¹

Dual Supply (V_{DD} = +15 V \pm 10%, V_{SS} = -15 V \pm 10%, V_L = +5 V \pm 10% (ADG444), GND = 0 V, unless otherwise noted)

	B Vei		T Ve	ersion		
Parameter	+25°C	-40°C to +85°C	+25°C	−55°C to +125°C	Units	Test Conditions/Comments
ANALOG SWITCH	1.25 0	. 0.5 G	123 0	.123 G	Cints	
Analog Signal Range		V_{SS} to V_{DD}		V_{SS} to V_{DD}	v	
R _{ON}	40	* 88 to * DD	40	188 to 100	Ω typ	$V_D = \pm 8.5 \text{ V}, I_S = -10 \text{ mA}$
TON	70	85	70	85	Ω max	$V_{DD} = +13.5 \text{ V}, V_{SS} = -13.5 \text{ V}$
$\Delta R_{ m ON}$		4		4	Ωtyp	$-8.5 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{D}} \le +8.5 \text{ V}$
ON		9		9	Ω max	
R _{ON} Match		1		1	Ω typ	$V_D = 0 \text{ V}, I_S = -10 \text{ mA}$
		3		3	Ω max	
LEAKAGE CURRENTS						$V_{DD} = +16.5 \text{ V}, V_{SS} = -16.5 \text{ V}$
Source OFF Leakage I _S (OFF)	±0.01		±0.01		nA typ	$V_D = \pm 15.5 \text{ V}, V_S = \pm 15.5 \text{ V};$
bource of 1 Leaninge is (of 1)	±0.5	±3	±0.5	±20	nA max	Test Circuit 2
Drain OFF Leakage I _D (OFF)	±0.01		±0.01		nA typ	$V_D = \pm 15.5 \text{ V}, V_S = \pm 15.5 \text{ V};$
= = ()	±0.5	±3	±0.5	±20	nA max	Test Circuit 2
Channel ON Leakage ID, IS (ON)	±0.08		±0.08		nA typ	$V_S = V_D = \pm 15.5 \text{ V};$
5 W 1 S W 1 G D 3 (1 V)	±0.5	±3	±0.5	± 40	nA max	Test Circuit 3
DIGITAL INPUTS						
Input High Voltage, V _{INH}		2.4		2.4	V min	
Input Low Voltage, V _{INL}		0.8		0.8	V max	
Input Current		0.0		0.0	,	
I _{INL} or I _{INH}		± 0.00001		± 0.00001	μΑ typ	$V_{IN} = V_{INL}$ or V_{INH}
112 1111		± 0.5		±0.5	μA max	
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS ²						
t _{ON}	85		85		ns typ	$R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega, C_L = 35 \text{ pF};$
-ON	110	170	110	170	ns max	$V_S = \pm 10 \text{ V}$; Test Circuit 4
$t_{ m OFF}$	45		45		ns typ	$R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega, C_L = 35 \text{ pF};$
	60	80	60	80	ns max	$V_S = \pm 10 \text{ V}$; Test Circuit 4
t _{OPEN}	30		30		ns typ	$R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega, C_L = 35 \text{ pF};$
Charge Injection	1		1		pC typ	$V_S = 0 V, R_S = 0 \Omega, C_L = 1 nF;$
	6		6		pC max	$V_{DD} = +15 \text{ V}, V_{SS} = -15 \text{ V};$
						Test Circuit 5
OFF Isolation	60		60		dB typ	$R_L = 50 \Omega, C_L = 5 pF;$
						f = 1 MHz; Test Circuit 6
Channel-to-Channel Crosstalk	100		100		dB typ	$R_L = 50 \Omega$, $C_L = 5 pF$;
C (OFF)						f = 1 MHz; Test Circuit 7
C_{S} (OFF)	4		4		pF typ	f = 1 MHz
$C_{\rm D}$ (OFF)	4		4		pF typ	f = 1 MHz f = 1 MHz
$C_D, C_S (ON)$	16		16		pF typ	
POWER REQUIREMENTS						$V_{DD} = +16.5 \text{ V}, V_{SS} = -16.5 \text{ V}$
$I_{ m DD}$		0.0				Digital Inputs = 0 V or 5 V
ADG441/ADG442	0.001	80	0.001	80	μA max	
ADG444	0.001	2.5	0.001	2.5	μA typ	
T	1	2.5	1	2.5	μA max	
I_{SS}	0.0001	2.5	0.0001	2.5	μA typ	
I (ADC444 Onl)	1	2.5	1	2.5	μA max	V - +5 5 V
I _L (ADG444 Only)	0.001	2.5	0.001	2.5	μA typ	$V_L = +5.5 \text{ V}$
	1	2.5	1	2.5	μA max	

NOTES

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¹Temperature ranges are as follows: B Versions: −40°C to +85°C; T Versions: −55°C to +125°C.

²Guaranteed by design, not subject to production test.

Specifications subject to change without notice.

Single Supply (v_{DD} = +12 V \pm 10%, v_{SS} = 0 V, v_L = +5 V \pm 10% (ADG444), GND = 0 V, unless otherwise noted)

	B V	version -40°C to	T Ve	rsion -55°C to		
Parameter	+25°C	+85°C	+25°C	+125°C	Units	Test Conditions/Comments
ANALOG SWITCH	1200		125 0			2400 00144140110, 00111110110
Analog Signal Range $R_{\rm ON}$	70 110	0 to V _{DD}	70 110	0 to $V_{\rm DD}$	$\begin{array}{c c} V \\ \Omega \text{ typ} \\ \Omega \text{ max} \end{array}$	$V_D = +3 \text{ V}, +8 \text{ V}, I_S = -10 \text{ mA};$ $V_{DD} = +10.8 \text{ V}$
ΔR_{ON}	110	4	110	4	Ω typ Ω max	$V_{DD} = +10.6 \text{ V}$ +3 V \le V _D \le +8 V
R _{ON} Match		1 3		1 3	Ω typ Ω max	$V_{\rm D} = 6 \text{ V}, I_{\rm S} = -10 \text{ mA}$
LEAKAGE CURRENT						$V_{\rm DD} = +13.2 \text{ V}$
Source OFF Leakage I _S (OFF)	±0.01 ±0.5	±3	±0.01 ±0.5	±20	nA typ nA max	$V_D = 12.2 \text{ V/1 V}, V_S = 1 \text{ V/12.2 V};$ Test Circuit 2
Drain OFF Leakage I _D (OFF)	±0.01 ±0.5	±3	±0.01 ±0.5	±20	nA typ nA max	$V_D = 12.2 \text{ V/1 V}, V_S = 1 \text{ V/12.2 V};$ Test Circuit 2
Channel ON Leakage I _D , I _S (ON)	±0.08 ±0.5	±3	±0.08 ±0.5	±40	nA typ nA max	$V_S = V_D = 12.2 \text{ V/1 V};$ Test Circuit 3
DIGITAL INPUTS						
Input High Voltage, V _{INH}		2.4		2.4	V min	
Input Low Voltage, V _{INL}		0.8		0.8	V max	
Input Current I _{INL} or I _{INH}		±0.00001		±0.00001	μΑ typ	$V_{IN} = V_{INI}$ or V_{INH}
TINL OF TINH		±0.5		±0.5	μA max	VIN — VINL OF VINH
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS ²						
t_{ON}	105		105		ns typ	$R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega, C_L = 35 \text{ pF};$
•	150 40	220	150 40	220	ns max	$V_S = +8 \text{ V}$; Test Circuit 4
$t_{ m OFF}$	60	100	60	100	ns typ ns max	$R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$, $C_L = 35 \text{ pF}$; $V_S = +8 \text{ V}$; Test Circuit 4
t_{OPEN}	50	100	50	100	ns typ	$R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$, $C_L = 35 \text{ pF}$;
Charge Injection	2		2		pC typ	$V_S = 6 \text{ V}, R_S = 0 \Omega, C_L = 1 \text{ nF};$
	6		6		pC max	$V_{DD} = +12 \text{ V}, V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V};$
OFF Isolation	60		60		dB typ	Test Circuit 5 $R_L = 50 \Omega$, $C_L = 5 pF$, $f = 1 MHz$; Test Circuit 6
Channel-to-Channel Crosstalk	100		100		dB typ	R _L = 50Ω , C _L = $5 pF$, f = 1 MHz; Test Circuit 7
C _S (OFF)	7		7		pF typ	f = 1 MHz
$C_{\rm D}$ (OFF)	10		10		pF typ	f = 1 MHz
C_D , C_S (ON)	16		16		pF typ	f = 1 MHz
POWER REQUIREMENTS I _{DD}						$V_{\rm DD}$ = +13.2 V Digital Inputs = 0 V or 5 V
ADG441/ADG442		80		80	μA max	_ ^
ADG444	0.001		0.001		μA typ	
* (IDOMA 0.1)	1	2.5	1	2.5	μA max	
I _L (ADG444 Only)	0.001	2.5	0.001	2.5	μA typ	$V_{L} = +5.5 \text{ V}$
	1	2.5	1	2.5	μA max	

NOTES

Specifications subject to change without notice.

Table I. Truth Table

ADG441/ADG444	ADG442	Switch
IN	IN	Condition
0	1 0	ON OFF

ORDERING GUIDE

Model ¹	Temperature Range	Package Option ²
ADG441BN	-40°C to +85°C	N-16
ADG441BR	-40°C to +85°C	R-16A
ADG441TQ	-55°C to +125°C	Q-16
ADG442BN	-40°C to +85°C	N-16
ADG442BR	-40°C to +85°C	R-16A
ADG444BN	-40°C to +85°C	N-16
ADG444BR	-40°C to +85°C	R-16A

Notes

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¹Temperature ranges are as follows: B Versions: -40°C to +85°C; T Versions: -55°C to +125°C.

²Guaranteed by design, not subject to production test.

¹To order MIL-STD-883, Class B processed parts, add /883B to T grade part numbers.

 $^{^{2}}$ N = Plastic DIP, R = 0.15" Small Outline IC (SOIC), Q = Cerdip.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS¹

$(T_A = +25^{\circ}C \text{ unless otherwise noted})$		
V_{DD} to V_{SS} +44 V	V_{DD}	Most
V _{DD} to GND0.3 V to +25 V	V_{SS}	Most
V _{SS} to GND +0.3 V to -25 V		suppli
V_L to GND		conne
Analog, Digital Inputs ² $V_{SS} - 2 V$ to $V_{DD} + 2 V$	V_{I} .	Logic
or 30 mA, Whichever Occurs First	GND	Groun
Continuous Current, S or D	S	Sourc
Peak Current, S or D	D	Drain
(Pulsed at 1 ms, 10% Duty Cycle Max)	IN	
Operating Temperature Range		Logic
Industrial (B Version)	R _{ON}	Ohmi
Extended (T Version)55°C to +125°C Storage Temperature Range65°C to +150°C	R _{ON} Match	Differ
Junction Temperature+150°C	I _S (OFF)	Sourc
Cerdip Package, Power Dissipation	I _D (OFF)	Drain
θ_{IA} , Thermal Impedance	$I_D, I_S(ON)$	Chanı
Lead Temperature, Soldering (10 sec) +300°C	$V_D(V_S)$	Analo
Plastic Package, Power Dissipation	C _S (OFF)	"OFF
θ_{JA} , Thermal Impedance	C_D (OFF)	"OFF
Lead Temperature, Soldering (10 sec) +260°C		"ON"
SOIC Package, Power Dissipation	$C_D, C_S(ON)$	
θ_{JA} , Thermal Impedance	t _{ON}	Delay
Lead Temperature, Soldering		input
Vapor Phase (60 sec) +215°C	t _{OFF}	Delay
Infrared (15 sec) +220°C		input
NOTES	t _{OPEN}	Break
¹ Stresses above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause		config
permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional	Crosstalk	A mea
operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those listed in the		throug

¹Stresses above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those listed in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. Only one absolute maximum rating may be applied at any one time.

²Overvoltages at IN, S or D will be clamped by internal diodes. Current should be limited to the maximum ratings given.

TERMINOLOGY

$\overline{ m V_{DD}}$	Most Positive Power Supply Potential.
V_{SS}	Most Negative Power Supply Potential in dual supplies. In single supply applications, it may be connected to ground.
$V_{\rm L}$	Logic Power Supply (+5 V).
GND	Ground (0 V) Reference.
S	Source Terminal. May be an input or output.
D	Drain Terminal. May be an input or output.
IN	Logic Control Input.
R_{ON}	Ohmic resistance between D and S.
R _{ON} Match	Difference between the R _{ON} of any two channels.
I _S (OFF)	Source leakage current with the switch "OFF."
I _D (OFF)	Drain leakage current with the switch "OFF."
$I_D, I_S(ON)$	Channel leakage current with the switch "ON."
$V_D(V_S)$	Analog voltage on terminals D, S.
C_{S} (OFF)	"OFF" Switch Source Capacitance.
C_D (OFF)	"OFF" Switch Drain Capacitance.
C_D , C_S (ON)	"ON" Switch Capacitance.
t _{ON}	Delay between applying the digital control
	input and the output switching on.
t _{OFF}	Delay between applying the digital control
	input and the output switching off.
t_{OPEN}	Break-Before-Make Delay when switches are
	configured as a multiplexer.
Crosstalk	A measure of unwanted signal which is coupled
	through from one channel to another as a result of parasitic capacitance.
Off Isolation	A measure of unwanted signal coupling through
On Isolation	an "OFF" switch.
Charge	A measure of the glitch impulse transferred from
Injection	the digital input to the analog output during switching.

CAUTION

ESD (electrostatic discharge) sensitive device. Electrostatic charges as high as 4000 V readily accumulate on the human body and test equipment and can discharge without detection. Although these devices feature proprietary ESD protection circuitry, permanent damage may occur on devices subjected to high energy electrostatic discharges. Therefore, proper ESD precautions are recommended to avoid performance degradation or loss of functionality.



ADG441/ADG442 PIN CONFIGURATION (DIP/SOIC)

IN1 1 D1 2 15 D2 **ADG441** S1 3 V_{SS} 4 13 V_{DD} TOP VIEW GND 5 12 NC (Not to Scale) S4 6 11 S3 D4 7 10 D3 IN4 8 NC = NO CONNECT

ADG444 PIN CONFIGURATION (DIP/SOIC)

	IN1 D1 S1 /SS ND S4 D4 IN4	1 2 3 4 5 6 7	• ADG444 TOP VIEW (Not to Scale)	16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9	IN2 D2 S2 V _{DD} V _L S3 D3 IN3
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TRENCH ISOLATION

In the ADG441, ADG442 and ADG444, an insulating oxide layer (trench) is placed between the NMOS and the PMOS transistors of each CMOS switch. Parasitic junctions, which occur between the transistors in junction isolated switches, are eliminated, the result being a completely latch-up proof switch.

In junction isolation, the N and P wells of the PMOS and NMOS transistors form a diode that is reverse-biased under normal operation. However, during overvoltage conditions, this diode becomes forward biased. A silicon-controlled rectifier (SCR) type circuit is formed by the two transistors causing a significant amplification of the current which, in turn, leads to latch up. With trench isolation, this diode is removed, the result being a latch-up proof switch.

Trench isolation also leads to lower leakage currents. The ADG441, ADG442 and ADG444 have a leakage current of 0.5 nA as compared with a leakage current of several nanoamperes in non-trench isolated switches. Leakage current is an important parameter in sample-and-hold circuits, this current being responsible for the discharge of the holding capacitor with time causing droop. The ADG441/ADG442/ADG444's low leakage current, along with its fast switching speeds, make it suitable for fast and accurate sample-and-hold circuits.

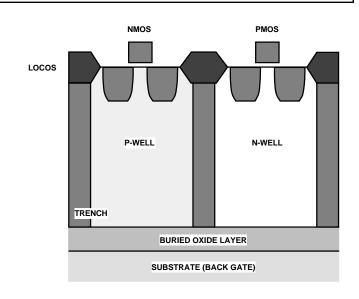


Figure 1. Trench Isolation

Typical Performance Characteristics

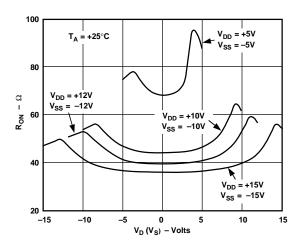


Figure 2. R_{ON} as a Function of V_D (V_S): Dual Supply

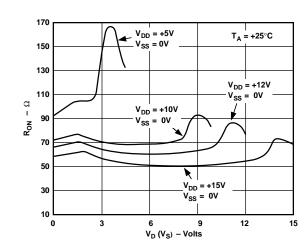


Figure 3. R_{ON} as a Function of V_D (V_S): Single Supply

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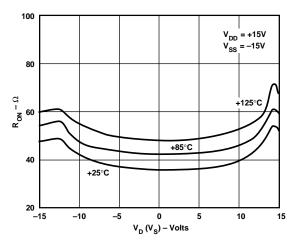


Figure 4. R_{ON} as a Function of V_D (V_S) for Different Temperatures

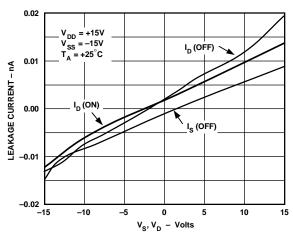


Figure 5. Leakage Currents as a Function of V_S (V_D)

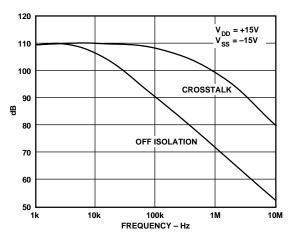


Figure 6. Crosstalk and Off Isolation vs. Frequency

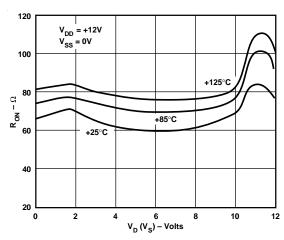


Figure 7. R_{ON} as a Function of V_D (V_S) for Different Temperatures

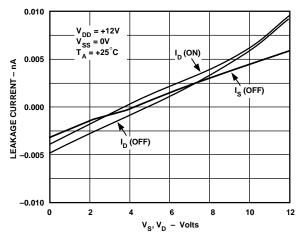


Figure 8. Leakage Currents as a Function of $V_S(V_D)$

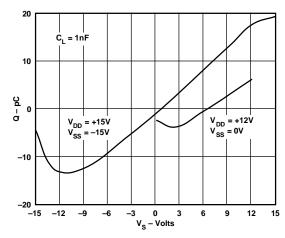


Figure 9. Charge Injection vs. Source Voltage

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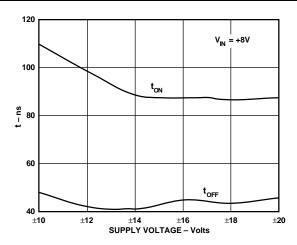


Figure 10. Switching Time vs. Bipolar Supply

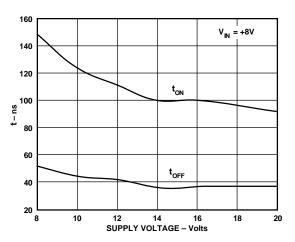
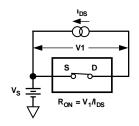
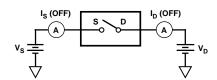
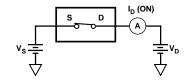


Figure 11. Switching Time vs. Single Supply

Test Circuits



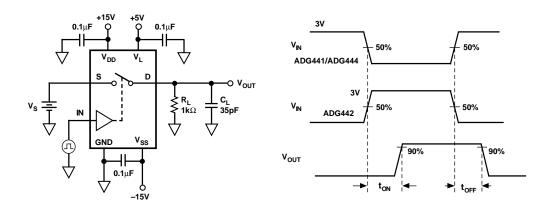




Test Circuit 1. On Resistance

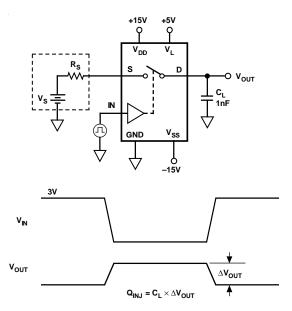
Test Circuit 2. Off Leakage

Test Circuit 3. On Leakage

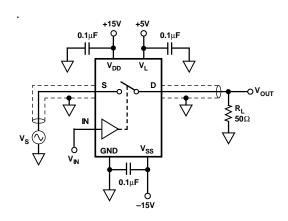


Test Circuit 4. Switching Times

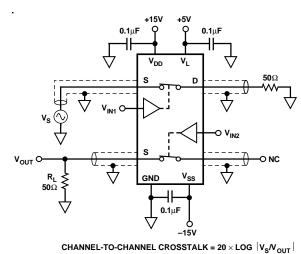
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Test Circuit 5. Charge Injection



Test Circuit 6. Off Isolation

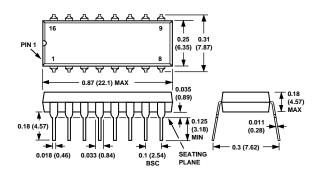


Test Circuit 7. Channel-to-Channel Crosstalk

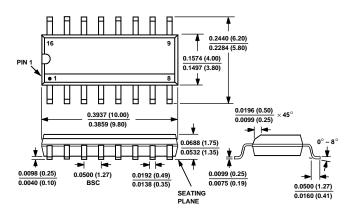
OUTLINE DIMENSIONS

Dimensions shown in inches and (mm).

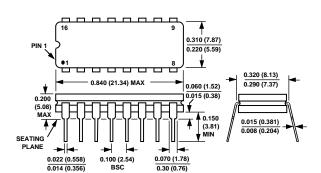
Plastic DIP (N-16)



Small Outline IC (R-16A)



Cerdip (Q-16)



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FOR CATALOG

ORDERING GUIDE

Model ¹	Temperature Range	Package Option ²
ADG441BN	−40°C to +85°C	N-16
ADG441BR	−40°C to +85°C	R-16A
ADG441TQ	−55°C to +125°C	Q-16
ADG442BN	−40°C to +85°C	N-16
ADG442BR	−40°C to +85°C	R-16A
ADG444BN	−40°C to +85°C	N-16
ADG444BR	−40°C to +85°C	R-16A

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NOTES $^{1}\mathrm{To}$ order MIL-STD-883, Class B processed parts, add /883B to T grade part

 $^{^{2}}$ N = Plastic DIP, R = 0.15" Small Outline IC (SOIC), Q = Cerdip. For outline information see Package Information section.