

ICs for Audio Common Use

Panasonic

AN7171NK, AN7176K

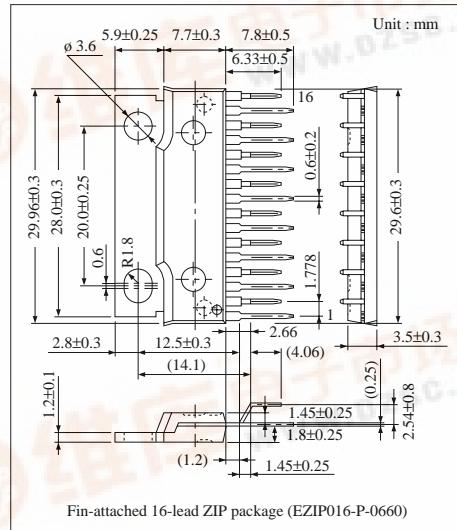
Dual BTL 14W Audio Power Amplifier Circuits

■ Overview

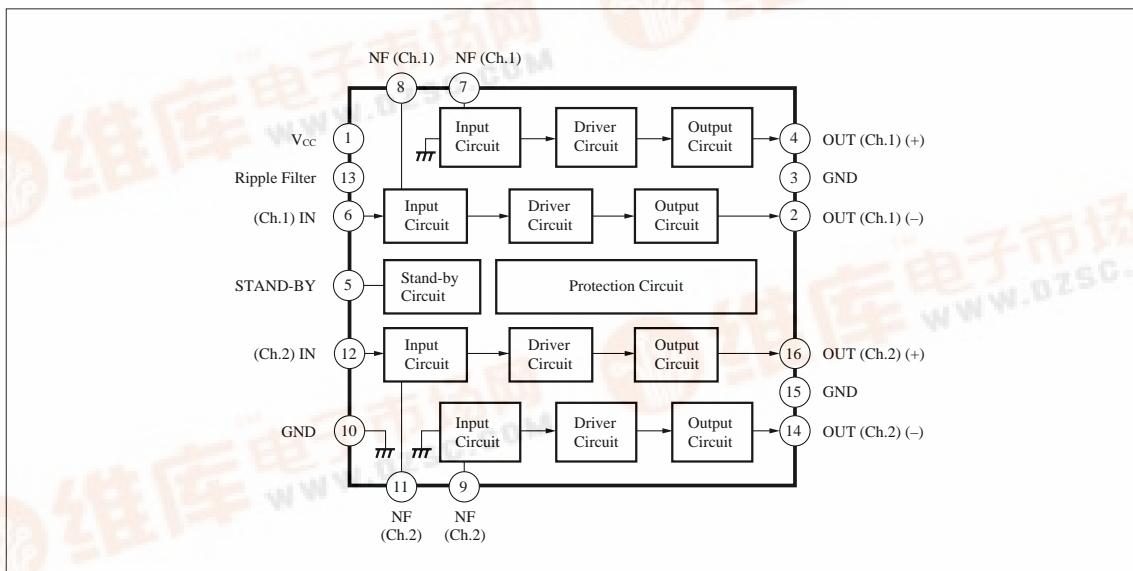
The AN7171NK and AN7176K are ICs for power amplification of 14W (13.2V, 4Ω) output. It can provide stereo operation since two BTL amplifiers are incorporated in a chip. It incorporates various protective circuits, thus providing high reliability. The circuits can be turned on or off with supply pins energized, because the stand-by circuit is built-in.

■ Features

- Two BTL 14W outputs built-in
 - Stand-by circuit built-in
 - Various protective circuits (for temperature, or against over-voltage, short-circuit between output and earth and between output and V_{CC} , load short-circuit)
 - Small shock noise at power ON/OFF
 - Fewer external components required
 - Good oscillation stability



■ Block Diagram



■ Pin Descriptions

| Pin No. | Pin Name | Pin No. | Pin Name |
|---------|------------------------|---------|------------------------|
| 1 | V _{CC} | 9 | Negative Feedback Ch.2 |
| 2 | Output Ch.1 (+) | 10 | GND (Input) |
| 3 | GND (Output Ch.1) | 11 | Negative Feedback Ch.2 |
| 4 | Output Ch.1 (-) | 12 | Input Ch.2 |
| 5 | Stand-by | 13 | Ripple Filter |
| 6 | Input Ch.1 | 14 | Output Ch.2 (-) |
| 7 | Negative Feedback Ch.1 | 15 | GND (Output Ch.2) |
| 8 | Negative Feedback Ch.1 | 16 | Output Ch.2 (+) |

■ Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta= 25°C)

| Parameter | Symbol | Rating | Unit |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------|------|
| Supply Voltage | V _{CC} Note 1) | 24 | V |
| Peak Supply Voltage | V _{CC} (surge) Note 2) | 50.0 | V |
| Supply Current | I _{CC} | 6.0 | A |
| Power Dissipation | P _D Note 3) | 37.5 Note 4) | W |
| Operating Ambient Temperature | T _{opr} | -30 ~ +75 | °C |
| Storage Temperature | T _{stg} | -55 ~ +150 | °C |

Note 1) When no signals

Note 2) Time = 0.2s

Note 3) R_{θj-c} = 2°C/W

Note 4) Ta = 75°C

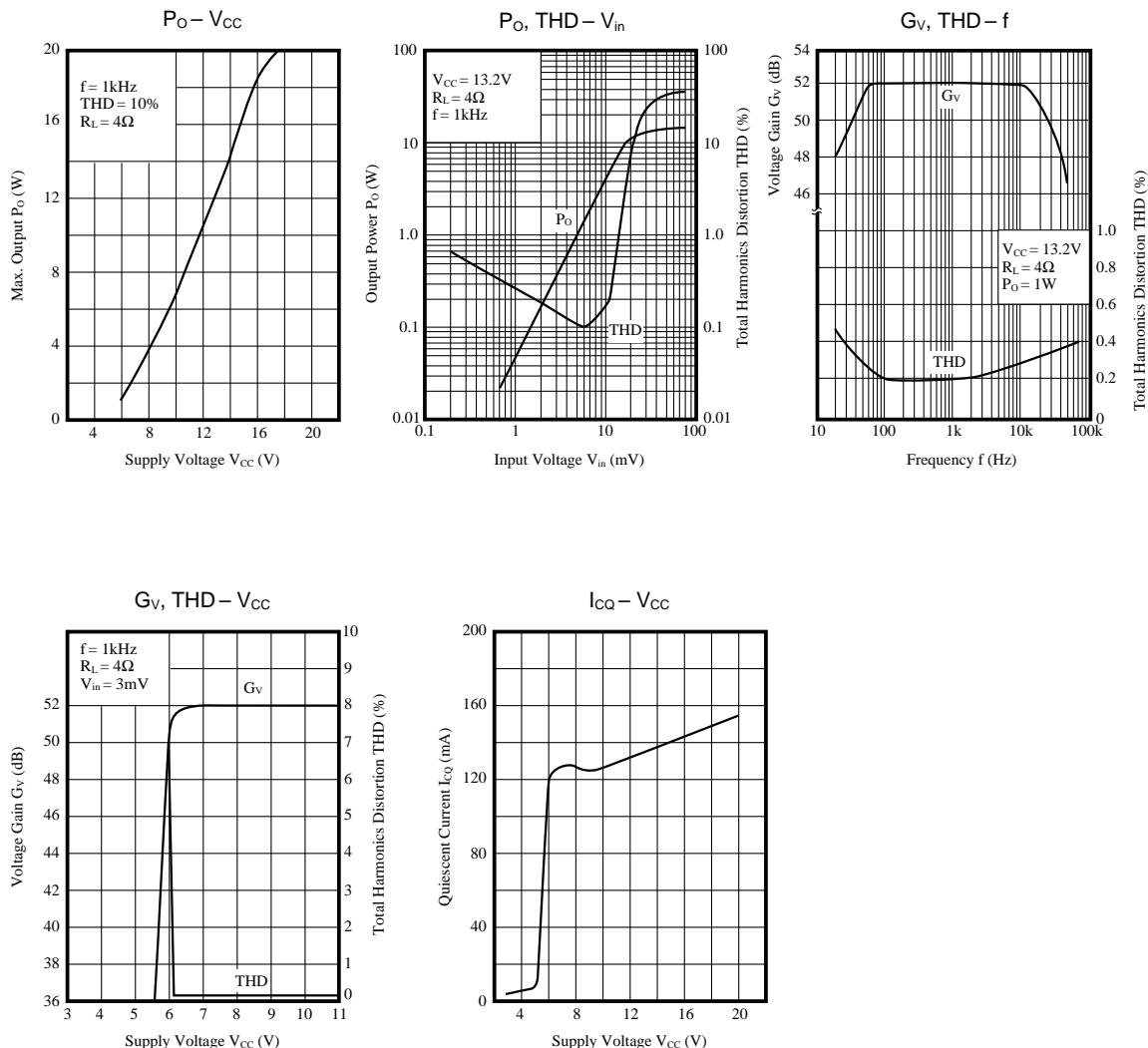
■ Recommended Operating Range (Ta = 25°C)

| Parameter | Symbol | Range |
|--------------------------------|-----------------|--------------|
| Operating Supply Voltage Range | V _{CC} | 8.0V ~ 18.0V |

■ Electrical Characteristics (V_{CC}= 13.2V, R_L= 4Ω, f = 1kHz, Ta = 25°C)

| Parameter | Symbol | Condition | min. | typ. | max. | Unit |
|------------------------------|-------------------------|--|----------|------|-------|-------|
| Quiescent Current | I _{CQ} | V _{in} = 0mV | — | 120 | 200 | mA |
| Output Noise Voltage Note) | V _{no} | V _{in} = 0mV, R _g = 10kΩ | — | 0.60 | 1.50 | mVrms |
| Voltage Gain | G _V | V _{in} = 5mV | 50.5 | 52.5 | 54.5 | dB |
| Total Harmonic Distortion | THD | V _{in} = 5mV | — | 0.20 | 0.75 | % |
| Max. Output Power (4Ω) | P _O | THD= 10% | 9.0 | 12.5 | — | W |
| Ripple Rejection Ratio Note) | RR | R _g = 0Ω, V _{in} = 0mV, Ripple= 300mVrms, 120Hz | 35 | 40 | — | dB |
| Output Offset Voltage | V _O (offset) | R _g = 0Ω | -200 | 0 | + 200 | mV |
| Channel Balance | CB | V _{in} = 5mV | -1 | 0 | + 1 | dB |
| Total Harmonic Distortion | THD | V _{in} = 5mV, 100Hz | — | 0.26 | — | % |
| Total Harmonic Distortion | THD | V _{in} = 5mV, 10kHz | — | 0.45 | — | % |
| Frequency Characteristics | f _{CH} | V _{in} = 5mV, -3dB down | — | 22 | — | kHz |
| Frequency Characteristics | f _{CL} | V _{in} = 5mV, -3dB down | — | 21 | — | Hz |
| Stand-by Current | I _{STB} | Stand-by Pin ON | AN7171NK | — | 21 | — |
| | | | AN7176K | 400 | 650 | 1000 |
| Crosstalk | CT | V _{in} = 5mV, R _g = 10kΩ | — | 61 | — | dB |

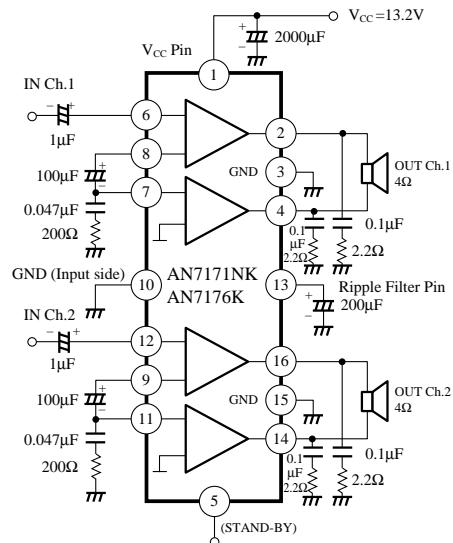
Note) With 15Hz to 30kHz (12dB/OCT) filter



■ Precautions on use

1. Always attach an outside heat sink to use the chip. In addition, the outside heat sink must be fastened onto a chassis for use.
2. Connect the radiation fin to the GND potential.
3. Prevent atmospheric and ground faults, and load short-circuit.
4. The temperature protective circuit gets actuated when $T_j = \text{approx. } 150^\circ\text{C}$, but it is automatically reset when the chip temperature drops below the above set level.
5. The overvoltage protective circuit starts the protective operation at $V_{CC} 26\text{V}$.
6. The ground fault protective circuit starts the protective operation at 0.3Ω or less of contact resistance.
7. The load short-circuit protective circuit starts the protective operation at 0.3Ω or less of contact resistance.
8. The atmospheric fault protective circuit protects the chip only from short-circuit between pins.
9. Take into consideration the heat radiation design particularly when V_{CC} is set high or when the load is 2Ω .

■ Application Circuit



AN7171NK : 0V ————— +5V (Stand-by mode)

AN7176K : +5V ————— 0V (Stand-by mode)

■ Printed Circuit Board Layout

