



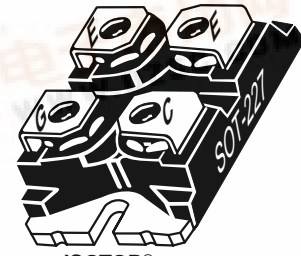
# APT100GF60JRD

600V 140A

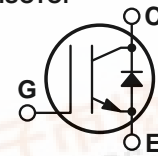
## Fast IGBT & FRED

The Fast IGBT™ is a new generation of high voltage power IGBTs. Using Non-Punch Through Technology the Fast IGBT™ combined with an APT free-wheeling ultraFast Recovery Epitaxial Diode (FRED) offers superior ruggedness and fast switching speed.

- Low Forward Voltage Drop
- Low Tail Current
- RBSOA and SCSOA Rated
- Ultrafast Soft Recovery Antiparallel Diode
- High Freq. Switching to 20KHz
- Ultra Low Leakage Current



ISOTOP®



### MAXIMUM RATINGS (IGBT)

All Ratings:  $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	APT100GF60JRD	UNIT
$V_{CES}$	Collector-Emitter Voltage	600	Volts
$V_{CGR}$	Collector-Gate Voltage ( $R_{GE} = 20K\Omega$ )	600	
$V_{GE}$	Gate-Emitter Voltage	$\pm 20$	
$I_{C1}$	Continuous Collector Current @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	140	Amps
$I_{C2}$	Continuous Collector Current @ $T_C = 90^\circ\text{C}$	100	
$I_{CM1}$	Pulsed Collector Current <sup>①</sup> @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	280	
$I_{CM2}$	Pulsed Collector Current <sup>①</sup> @ $T_C = 90^\circ\text{C}$	200	
$P_D$	Total Power Dissipation	390	Watts
$T_J, T_{STG}$	Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	-55 to 150	°C
$T_L$	Max. Lead Temp. for Soldering: 0.063" from Case for 10 Sec.	300	

### STATIC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (IGBT)

Symbol	Characteristic / Test Conditions	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$BV_{CES}$	Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage ( $V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 0.8mA$ )	600			Volts
$V_{GE(TH)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage ( $V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_C = 700\mu A, T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )	4.5	5.5	6.5	
$V_{CE(ON)}$	Collector-Emitter On Voltage ( $V_{GE} = 15V, I_C = 50A, T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )		2.5	2.7	
	Collector-Emitter On Voltage ( $V_{GE} = 15V, I_C = 50A, T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$ )		3.3	3.9	
$I_{CES}$	Collector Cut-off Current ( $V_{CE} = V_{CES}, V_{GE} = 0V, T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ) <sup>②</sup>			0.8	mA
	Collector Cut-off Current ( $V_{CE} = V_{CES}, V_{GE} = 0V, T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$ ) <sup>②</sup>			TBD	
$I_{GES}$	Gate-Emitter Leakage Current ( $V_{GE} = \pm 20V, V_{CE} = 0V$ )			$\pm 100$	nA

**CAUTION:** These Devices are Sensitive to Electrostatic Discharge. Proper Handling Procedures Should Be Followed.

APT Website - <http://www.advancedpower.com>

**DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS (IGBT)**
**APT100GF60JRD**

Symbol	Characteristic	Test Conditions	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$C_{ies}$	Input Capacitance	<b>Capacitance</b> $V_{GE} = 0V$ $V_{CE} = 25V$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		4400	5900	pF
$C_{oes}$	Output Capacitance			890	1250	
$C_{res}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			290	435	
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge <sup>③</sup>	<b>Gate Charge</b> $V_{GE} = 15V$ $V_{CC} = 0.5V_{CES}$ $I_C = I_{C2}$		335		nC
$Q_{ge}$	Gate-Emitter Charge			40		
$Q_{gc}$	Gate-Collector ("Miller") Charge			195		
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-on Delay Time	<b>Resistive Switching (25°C)</b> $V_{GE} = 15V$ $V_{CC} = 0.8V_{CES}$ $I_C = I_{C2}$ $R_G = 5\Omega$		30		ns
$t_r$	Rise Time			105		
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-off Delay Time			145		
$t_f$	Fall Time			135		
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-on Delay Time	<b>Inductive Switching (150°C)</b> $V_{CLAMP(Peak)} = 0.66V_{CES}$ $V_{GE} = 15V$ $I_C = I_{C2}$ $R_G = 5\Omega$ $T_J = +150^\circ C$		40		ns
$t_r$	Rise Time			200		
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-off Delay Time			250		
$t_f$	Fall Time			140		
$E_{on}$	Turn-on Switching Energy <sup>④</sup>	$R_G = 5\Omega$ $T_J = +150^\circ C$		7.0		mJ
$E_{off}$	Turn-off Switching Energy			5.6		
$E_{ts}$	Total Switching Losses <sup>④</sup>			13.6		
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-on Delay Time	<b>Inductive Switching (25°C)</b> $V_{CLAMP(Peak)} = 0.66V_{CES}$ $V_{GE} = 15V$ $I_C = I_{C2}$ $R_G = 5\Omega$ $T_J = +25^\circ C$		40		ns
$t_r$	Rise Time			200		
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-off Delay Time			210		
$t_f$	Fall Time			115		
$E_{ts}$	Total Switching Losses <sup>④</sup>			11.0		mJ
$g_{fe}$	Forward Transconductance	$V_{CE} = 20V, I_C = I_{C2}$	6			S

**THERMAL AND MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS (IGBT and FRED)**

Symbol	Characteristic	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction to Case (IGBT)			0.32	°C/W
	Junction to Case (FRED)			0.42	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction to Ambient			40	
$W_T$	Package Weight		1.03		oz
			29.2		gm
Torque	Mounting Torque (Mounting = 8-32 or 4mm Machine and Terminals = 4mm Machine)			10	lb•in
				1.1	N•m

① Repetitive Rating; Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature.

② Leakages include the FRED and IGBT.

③ See MIL-STD-750 Method 3471

④ Switching losses include the FRED and IGBT.

# ULTRAFAST SOFT RECOVERY PARALLEL DIODE

**MAXIMUM RATINGS (FRED)**

All Ratings:  $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Characteristic / Test Conditions	APT100GF60JRD	UNIT
$V_R$	Maximum D.C. Reverse Voltage	600	Volts
$V_{RRM}$	Maximum Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage		
$V_{RWM}$	Maximum Working Peak Reverse Voltage		
$I_F(AV)$	Maximum Average Forward Current ( $T_C = 60^\circ\text{C}$ , Duty Cycle = 0.5)	100	Amps
$I_F(RMS)$	RMS Forward Current	170	
$I_{FSM}$	Non-Repetitive Forward Surge Current ( $T_J = 45^\circ\text{C}$ , 8.3ms)	1000	

**STATIC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (FRED)**

Symbol	Characteristic / Test Conditions	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$V_F$	Maximum Forward Voltage			2.0	Volts
				$I_F = 100\text{A}$	
				$I_F = 200\text{A}$	
	$I_F = 100\text{A}, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$			1.7	

**DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS (FRED)**

Symbol	Characteristic	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$t_{rr1}$	Reverse Recovery Time, $I_F = 1.0\text{A}$ , $di_F/dt = -15\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ , $V_R = 30\text{V}$ , $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$		60	75	ns
$t_{rr2}$	Reverse Recovery Time		$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	60	
$t_{rr3}$	$I_F = 100\text{A}$ , $di_F/dt = -800\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ , $V_R = 350\text{V}$		$T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$	92	
$t_{fr1}$	Forward Recovery Time		$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	185	
$t_{fr2}$	$I_F = 100\text{A}$ , $di_F/dt = 800\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ , $V_R = 350\text{V}$		$T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$	185	
$I_{RRM1}$	Reverse Recovery Current		$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	27	
$I_{RRM2}$	$I_F = 100\text{A}$ , $di_F/dt = -800\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ , $V_R = 350\text{V}$		$T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$	42	54
$Q_{rr1}$	Recovery Charge		$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	810	nC
$Q_{rr2}$	$I_F = 100\text{A}$ , $di_F/dt = -800\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ , $V_R = 350\text{V}$		$T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$	1930	
$V_{fr1}$	Forward Recovery Voltage		$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	10.2	Volts
$V_{fr2}$	$I_F = 100\text{A}$ , $di_F/dt = 800\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ , $V_R = 350\text{V}$		$T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$	10.2	
$diM/dt$	Rate of Fall of Recovery Current		$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	600	A/ $\mu\text{s}$
	$I_F = 100\text{A}$ , $di_F/dt = -800\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ , $V_R = 350\text{V}$		$T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$	400	

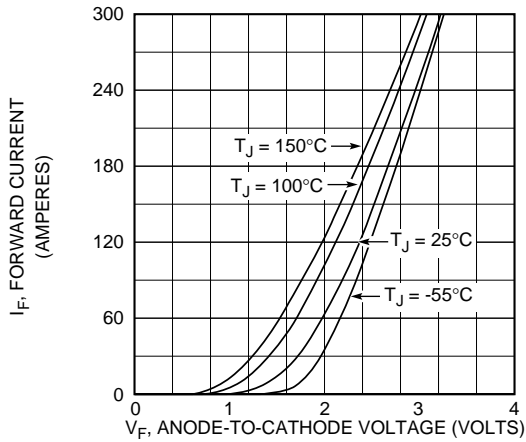


Figure 1, Forward Voltage Drop vs Forward Current

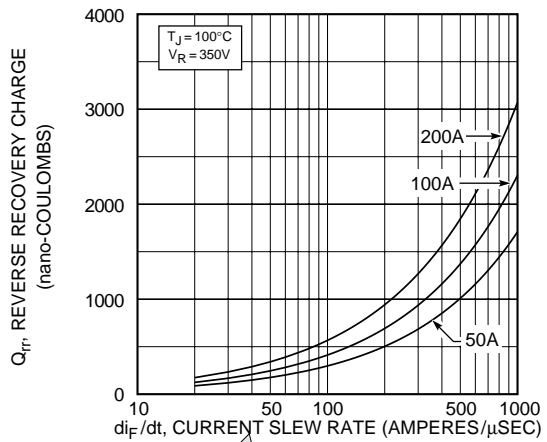


Figure 2, Reverse Recovery Charge vs Current Slew Rate

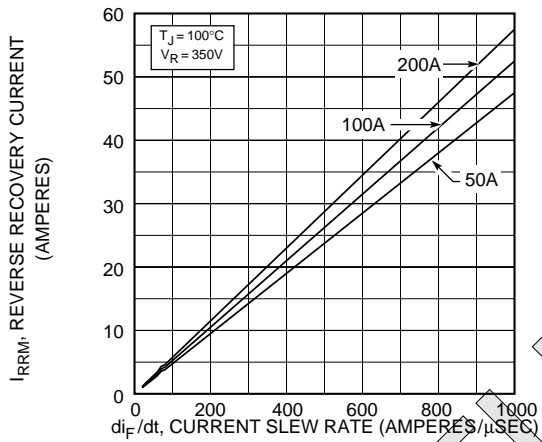


Figure 3, Reverse Recovery Current vs Current Slew Rate

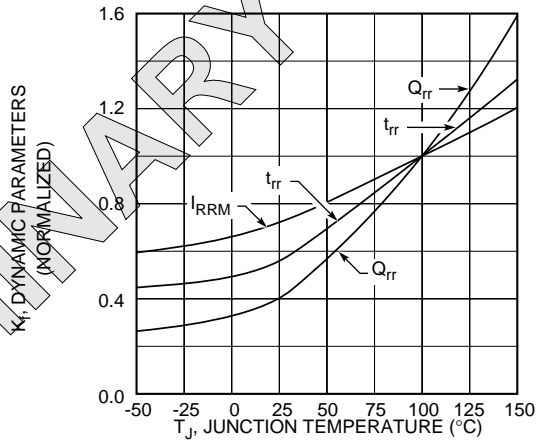


Figure 4, Dynamic Parameters vs Junction Temperature

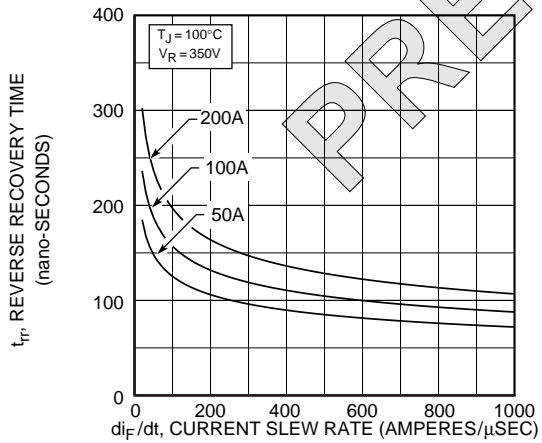


Figure 5, Reverse Recovery Time vs Current Slew Rate

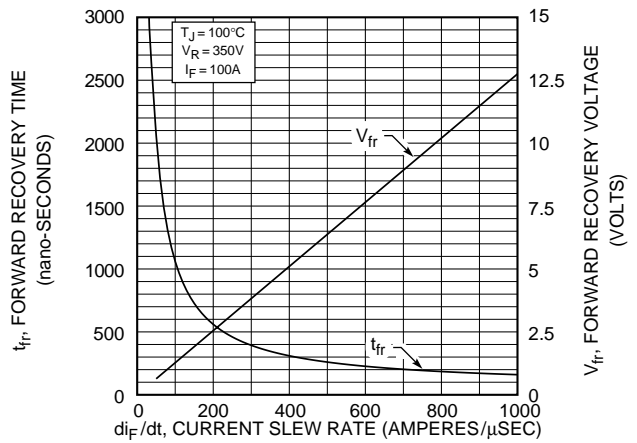


Figure 6, Forward Recovery Voltage/Time vs Current Slew Rate

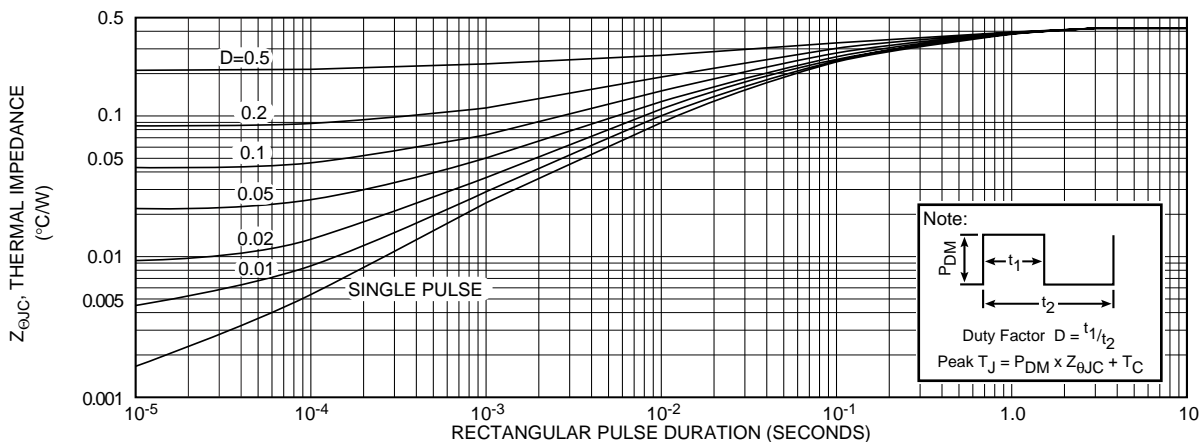


Figure 7, Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance - Junction To Case vs Pulse Duration

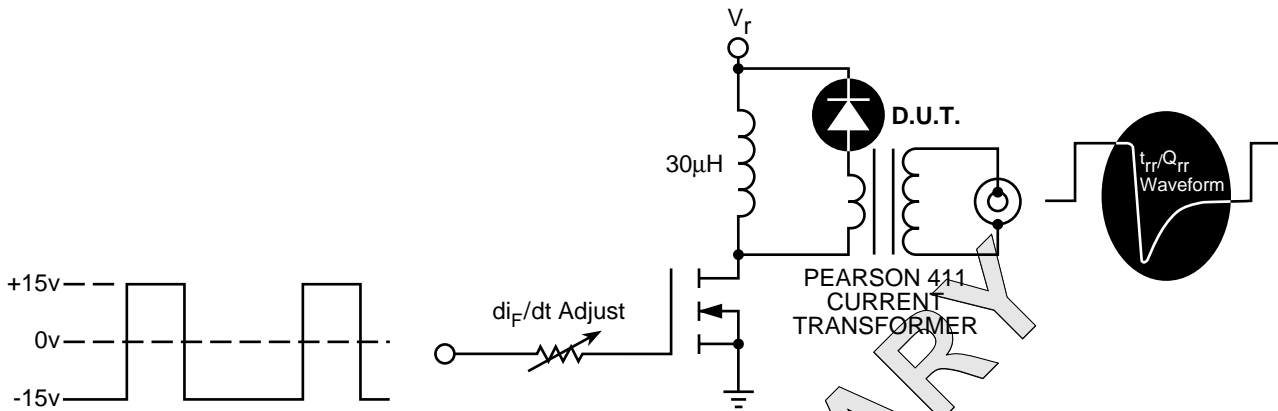


Figure 25, Diode Reverse Recovery Test Circuit and Waveforms

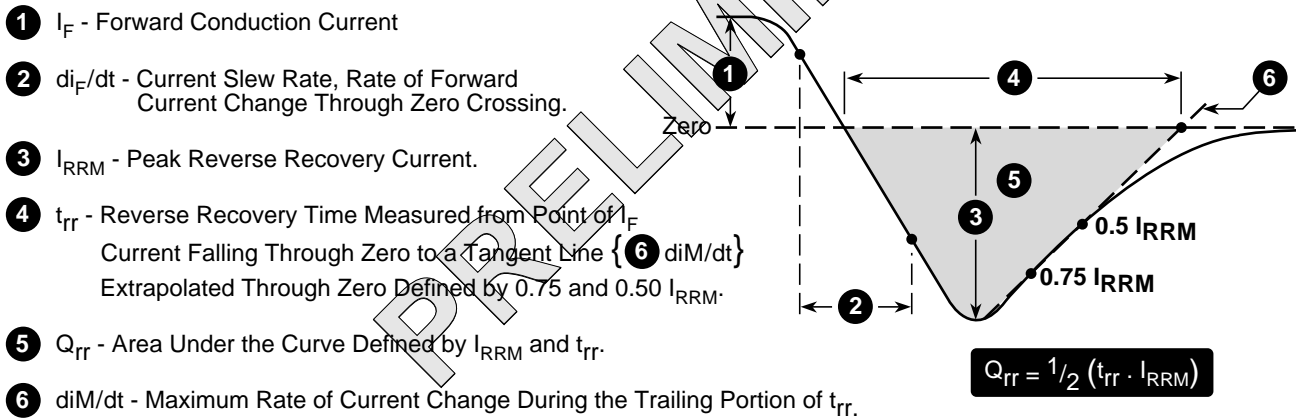
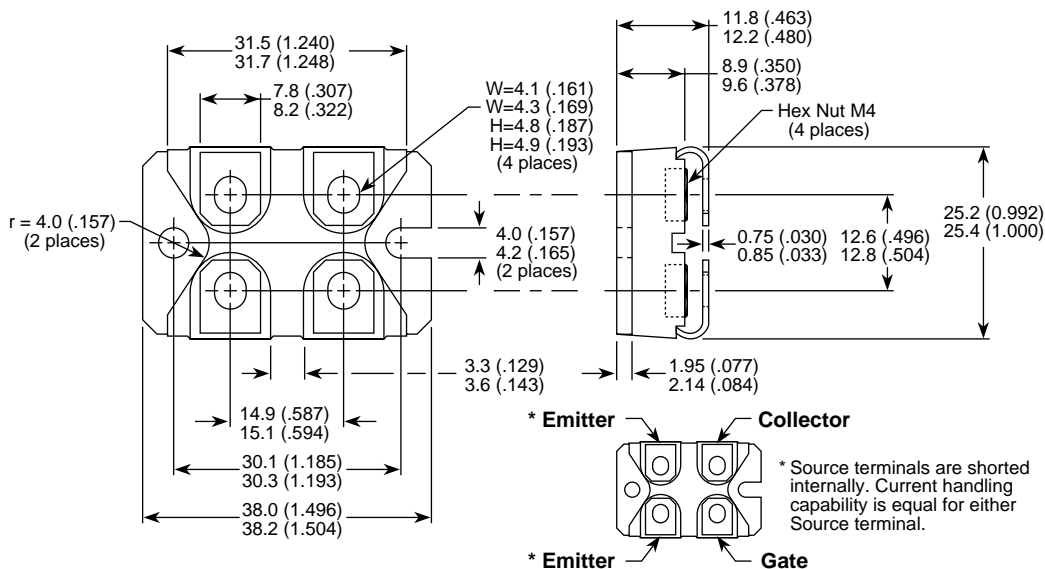


Figure 8, Diode Reverse Recovery Waveform and Definitions

SOT-227 (ISOTOP®) Package Outline



Dimensions in Millimeters and (Inches)