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2.5-V/3.3-V LOW-VOLTAGE BUS SWITCH WITH 5-V TOLERANT LEVEL SHIFTER

SCDS119A - JANUARY 2003 - REVISED OCTOBER 2003

- Output Voltage Translation Tracks V_{CC}
- Supports Mixed-Mode Signal Operation On All Data I/O Ports
 - 5-V Input Down To 3.3-V Output Level Shift With 3.3-V V_{CC}
 - 5-V/3.3-V Input Down To 2.5-V Output Level Shift With 2.5-V V_{CC}
- 5-V Tolerant I/Os With Device Powered-Up or Powered-Down
- Bidirectional Data Flow, With Near-Zero Propagation Delay
- Low ON-State Resistance (r_{on})
 Characteristics (r_{on} = 5 Ω Typical)
- Low Input/Output Capacitance Minimizes Loading (C_{io(OFF)} = 4.5 pF Typical)
- Data and Control Inputs Provide Undershoot Clamp Diodes
- Low Power Consumption (I_{CC} = 20 μA Max)

- V_{CC} Operating Range From 2.3 V to 3.6 V
- Data I/Os Support 0 to 5-V Signaling Levels (0.8-V, 1.2-V, 1.5-V, 1.8-V, 2.5-V, 3.3-V, 5-V)
- Control Inputs Can be Driven by TTL or 5-V/3.3-V CMOS Outputs
- Ioff Supports Partial-Power-Down Mode
 Operation
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 250 mA Per JESD 17
- ESD Performance Tested Per JESD 22

 2000-V Human-Body Model (A114-B, Class II)
 1000-V Charged-Device Model (C101)
- Supports Digital Applications: Level Translation, USB Interface, Bus Isolation
- Ideal for Low-Power Portable Equipment

DCT OR DCU PACKAGE (TOP VIEW) $1\overline{OE}$ $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 8 \\ 1 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$ V_{CC} 1A $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$ 2OE

1B 🛛 3

GND

description/ordering information

The SN74CB3T3306 is a high-speed TTL-compatible FET bus switch with low ON-state resistance (r_{on}), allowing for minimal propagation delay. The device fully supports mixed-mode signal operation on all data I/O ports by providing voltage translation that tracks V_{CC}. The SN74CB3T3306 supports systems using 5-V TTL, 3.3-V LVTTL, and 2.5-V CMOS switching standards, as well as user-defined switching levels (see Figure 1).

6 🛛 2B

5 1 2A

The SN74CB3T3306 is organized as two 1-bit bus switches with separate ouput-enable $(1\overline{OE}, 2\overline{OE})$ inputs. It can be used as two 1-bit bus switches or as one 2-bit bus switch. When \overline{OE} is low, the associated 1-bit bus switch is ON, and the A port is connected to the B port, allowing bidirectional data flow between ports. When \overline{OE} is high, the associated 1-bit bus switch is OFF, and a high-impedance state exists between the A and B ports.

ORDERING INFORMATION

TA	PACKAGET		ORDERABLE PART NUMBER	TOP-SIDE MARKING [‡]
4000 10 0500	SSOP - DCT	Tape and reel	SN74CB3T3306DCTR	WA6
-40°C to 85°C	VSSOP - DCU	Tape and reel	SN74CB3T3306DCUR	WA6_

[†]Package drawings, standard packing quantities, thermal data, symbolization, and PCB design guidelines are available at www.ti.com/sc/package.

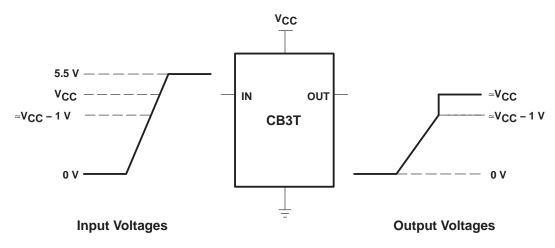
[‡] DCT: The actual top-side marking has three additional characters that designate the year, month, and assembly/test site.

DCU: The actual top-side marking has one additional character that designates the assembly/test site.

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description/ordering information (continued)



NOTE A: If the input high voltage (V_{IH}) level is greater than or equal to $V_{CC} - 1$ V, and less than or equal to 5.5 V, then the output high voltage (V_{OH}) level will be equal to approximately the V_{CC} voltage level.

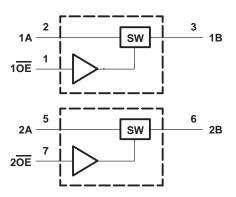
Figure 1. Typical DC Voltage-Translation Characteristics

This device is fully specified for partial-power-down applications using I_{off}. The I_{off} feature ensures that damaging current will not backflow through the device when it is powered down. The device has isolation during power off.

To ensure the high-impedance state during power up or power down, \overline{OE} should be tied to V_{CC} through a pullup resistor; the minimum value of the resistor is determined by the current-sinking capability of the driver.

(each bus switch)							
	INPUT/OUTPUT A	FUNCTION					
L	В	A port = B port					
Н	Z	Disconnect					

logic diagram (positive logic)

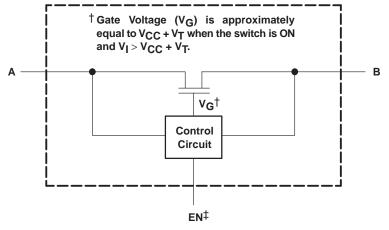




SN74CB3T3306 DUAL FET BUS SWITCH 2.5-V/3.3-V LOW-VOLTAGE BUS SWITCH WITH 5-V TOLERANT LEVEL SHIFTER

SCDS119A - JANUARY 2003 - REVISED OCTOBER 2003

simplified schematic, each FET switch (SW)



[‡]EN is the internal enable signal applied to the switch.

absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)§

Supply voltage range, V _{CC} (see Note 1)	
Control input voltage range, V _{IN} (see Notes 1 and 2)	
Switch I/O voltage range, V _{I/O} (see Notes 1, 2, and 3)	
Control input clamp current, I _{IK} (V _{IN} < 0)	
I/O port clamp current, I _{I/OK} (V _{I/O} < 0)	
ON-state switch current, I _{I/O} (see Note 4)	
Continuous current through V _{CC} or GND terminals	
Package thermal impedance, θ_{JA} (see Note 5): DCT package	220°C/W
DCU package	227°C/W
Storage temperature range, T _{stg}	–65°C to 150°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

- NOTES: 1. All voltages are with respect to ground unless otherwise specified.
 - 2. The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.
 - 3. VI and VO are used to denote specific conditions for $V_{I/O}$.
 - 4. I and IO are used to denote specific conditions for II/O.
 - 5. The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-7.

recommended operating conditions (see Note 6)

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
VCC	Supply voltage	2.3	3.6	V
	$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$		5.5	
VIH	High-level control input voltage $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	2	5.5	V
	Low-level control input voltage $\frac{V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}}{V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}}$		0.7	
VIL			0.8	V
VI/O	Data input/output voltage	0	5.5	V
TA	Operating free-air temperature	-40	85	°C

NOTE 6: All unused control inputs of the device must be held at V_{CC} or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs, literature number SCBA004.



electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PA	RAMETER	TEST CON	MIN	TYP†	MAX	UNIT		
VIK	$V_{CC} = 3 V$, $I_{I} = -18 mA$					-1.2	V	
VOH		See Figures 3 and 4						
IIN	Control inputs	$V_{CC} = 3.6 V$, $V_{IN} = 3.6 V$ to 5.5 V or GND				±10	μA	
	-	V _{CC} = 3.6 V,	$V_I = V_{CC} - 0.7 \text{ V to 5.5 V}$			±20		
lį.		Switch ON,	V_{I} = 0.7 V to V_{CC} – 0.7 V			-40	μA	
		$V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ or GND	$V_{I} = 0$ to 0.7 V			±5		
I _{OZ} ‡		$V_{CC} = 3.6 \text{ V},$ $V_{O} = 0 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V},$ $V_{I} = 0,$ Switch OFF, $V_{IN} = V_{CC} \text{ or } \text{GND}$			±10	μΑ		
l _{off}		$V_{CC} = 0,$ $V_{O} = 0$ to 5.5 V, $V_{I} = 0,$			10	μA		
		$V_{CC} = 3.6 \text{ V},$ $I_{I/O} = 0,$ $V_{I} = V_{CC} \text{ or GND}$				20		
ICC	C Switch ON or OFF, VIN = V _{CC} or GND		V _I = 5.5 V			20	μA)	
∆ICC§	Control inputs	$V_{CC} = 3 V \text{ to } 3.6 V,$ One input at $V_{CC} - 0.6 V,$ Other inputs at V_{CC} or GND	= 3 V to 3.6 V, nput at V _{CC} – 0.6 V,			300	μA	
C _{in}	Control inputs	$V_{CC} = 3.3 V,$ $V_{IN} = V_{CC} \text{ or GND}$			3		pF	
C _{io(OFF)}		$V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V},$ $V_{I/O} = 5.5 \text{ V}, 3.3 \text{ V}, \text{ or GND},$ Switch OFF, $V_{IN} = V_{CC} \text{ or GND}$			4.5		pF	
C _{io(ON)}		V _{CC} = 3.3 V, Switch ON.	V _{I/O} = 5.5 V or 3.3 V	_	4		pF	
		$V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ or GND	V _{I/O} = GND		15			
ron¶		$V_{CC} = 2.3 V,$ TYP at $V_{CC} = 2.5 V,$	I _O = 24 mA		5	8	-	
		$V_{I} = 0$	I _O = 16 mA		5	8		
011		V _{CC} = 3 V,	I _O = 64 mA		5	7		
		$V_{I} = 0$ $I_{O} = 32 \text{ mA}$			5	7		

 V_{IN} and I_{IN} refer to control inputs. $V_{I},\,V_{O},\,I_{I},\,\text{and}\,I_{O}$ refer to data pins.

[†] All typical values are at V_{CC} = 3.3 V (unless otherwise noted), $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$.

 \ddagger For I/O ports, the parameter I_{OZ} includes the input leakage current.

§ This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at the specified TTL voltage level, rather than V_{CC} or GND.

I Measured by the voltage drop between A and B terminals at the indicated current through the switch. ON-state resistance is determined by the lower of the voltages of the two (A or B) terminals.



switching characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 2)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO	V _{CC} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V		V _{CC} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V		UNIT
	(INPUT)	(OUTPUT)	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t _{pd} †	A or B	B or A		0.15		0.25	ns
t _{en}	OE	A or B	1	8.5	1	6.5	ns
^t dis	OE	A or B	1	9	1	9	ns

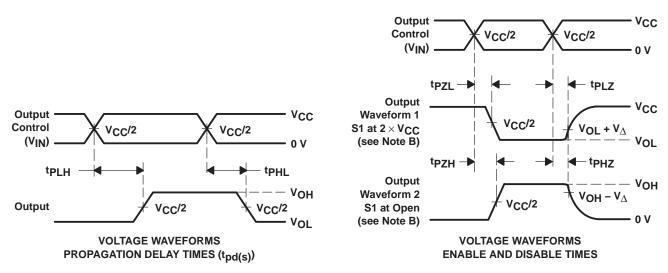
[†] The propagation delay is the calculated RC time constant of the typical ON-state resistance of the switch and the specified load capacitance, when driven by an ideal voltage source (zero output impedance).



Vcc **Input Generator** VIN $\land \land \land$ **50** Ω V_{G1} **50** Ω **TEST CIRCUIT** DUT $O 2 \times V_{CC}$ Input Generator **S**1 O Open RL ٧I ٧o O GND **50** Ω Ş V_{G2} **50** Ω RL CL (see Note A)

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

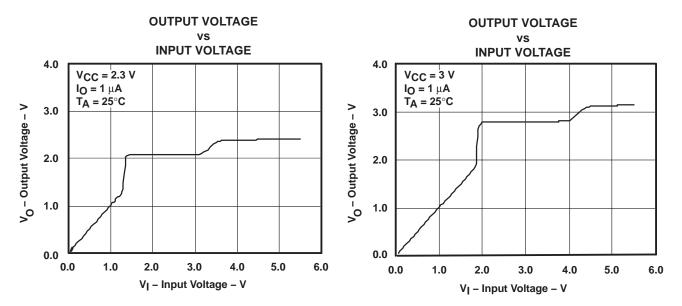
TEST	V _{CC}	S1	RL	٧I	CL	v_Δ
^t pd(s)	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{2.5 V} \pm \textbf{0.2 V} \\ \textbf{3.3 V} \pm \textbf{0.3 V} \end{array}$	Open Open	500 Ω 500 Ω	3.6 V or GND 5.5 V or GND	30 pF 50 pF	
^t PLZ ^{/t} PZL	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{2.5 V} \pm \textbf{0.2 V} \\ \textbf{3.3 V} \pm \textbf{0.3 V} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 2 \times \mathbf{V}_{CC} \\ 2 \times \mathbf{V}_{CC} \end{array}$	500 Ω 500 Ω	GND GND	30 pF 50 pF	0.15 V 0.3 V
^t PHZ ^{/t} PZH	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{2.5 V} \pm \textbf{0.2 V} \\ \textbf{3.3 V} \pm \textbf{0.3 V} \end{array}$	Open Open	500 Ω 500 Ω	3.6 V 5.5 V	30 pF 50 pF	0.15 V 0.3 V



NOTES: B. CI includes probe and jig capacitance.

- C. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control. D. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR \leq 10 MHz, Z_Q = 50 Ω , t_f \leq 2.5 ns, t_f \leq 2.5 ns.
- E. The outputs are measured one at a time with one transition per measurement.
- F. tpl 7 and tpH7 are the same as tdis.
- G. tp71 and tp7H are the same as ten.
- H. t_{PLH} and t_{PHL} are the same as $t_{pd(s)}$. The tpd propagation delay is the calculated RC time constant of the typical ON-state resistance of the switch and the specified load capacitance, when driven by an ideal voltage source (zero output impedance). I. All parameters and waveforms are not applicable to all devices.
 - Figure 2. Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

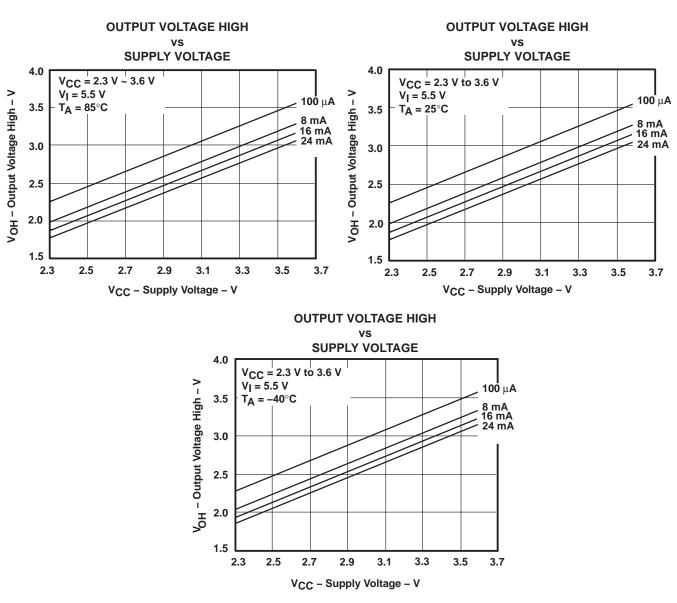




TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Figure 3. Data Output Voltage vs Data Input Voltage





TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Figure 4. V_{OH} Values



30-Mar-2005

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status ⁽¹⁾	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan ⁽²⁾	Lead/Ball Finish	n MSL Peak Temp ⁽³⁾
SN74CB3T3306DCTR	ACTIVE	SM8	DCT	8	3000	TBD	CU SNPB	Level-1-235C-UNLIM
SN74CB3T3306DCUR	ACTIVE	US8	DCU	8	3000	Pb-Free (RoHS)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS) or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details. TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

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⁽³⁾ MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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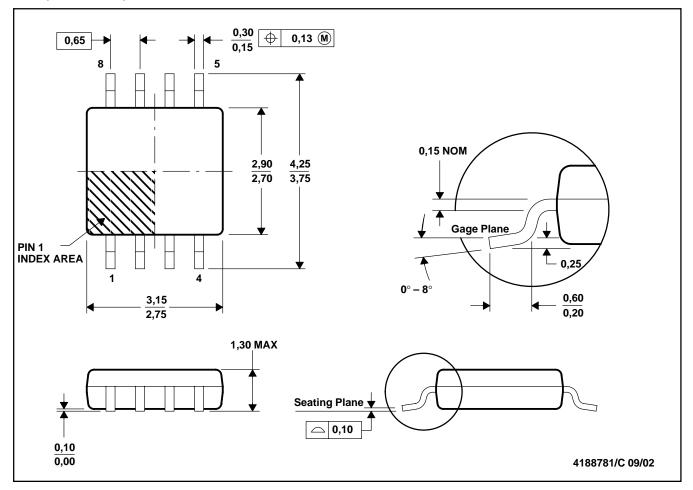
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MECHANICAL DATA

MPDS049B - MAY 1999 - REVISED OCTOBER 2002

DCT (R-PDSO-G8)



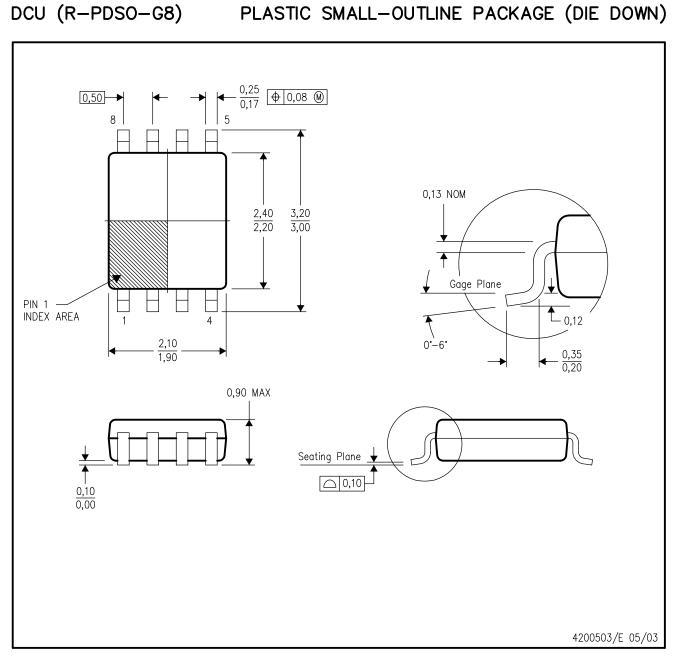


NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion

D. Falls within JEDEC MO-187 variation DA.





NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion.
 - D. Falls within JEDEC MO-187 variation CA.



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