

# General use electronic governor

## BA6220

The BA6220 is a monolithic IC designed for controlling the speed of general-purpose DC motors.

The IC consists of a reference voltage generator, current multiplier, comparator, and start-up circuit. The speed of DC motor is controlled by detecting the counter-electromotive force generated by the motor.

Various DC motors can be driven by changing the external constants. A large power dissipation is allowed by grounding the pin connected with the IC substrate.

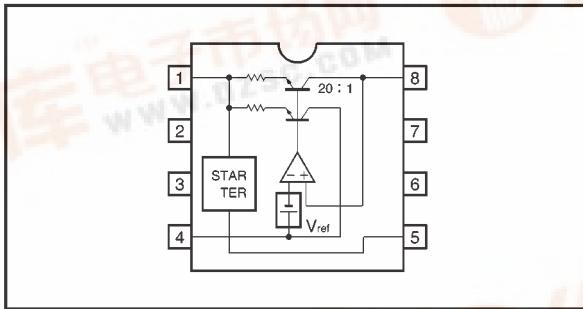
### ● Applications

Radio cassette tape recorders

### ● Features

- 1) Wide range of operating voltage. (3.5~16V)
- 2) Large starting torque at low supply voltage.
- 3) Large power dissipation allowable by using the PCB as a heat sink.
- 4) Various DC motors can be driven by changing the external constants.

### ● Block diagram



### ● Absolute maximum ratings ( $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Limits	Unit	Conditions
Power supply voltage	V <sub>cc</sub>	18	V	—
Power dissipation	P <sub>d</sub>	1.4*	W	PCB : 9cm <sup>2</sup> t=1.0

\* Reduced by 11.2 mW for each increase in  $T_a$  of  $1^\circ\text{C}$  over  $25^\circ\text{C}$ .

### ● Recommended operating conditions ( $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
Power supply voltage	V <sub>cc</sub>	3.5	—	16	V	Load: 8g - cm

● Electrical characteristics (unless otherwise noted,  $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$  and  $V_{cc} = 12\text{V}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Conditions	Measurement circuit
Bias current	$I_4$	0.5	0.8	1.2	mA	$R_M=180\Omega$	Fig.1 (d)
Output saturation voltage	$V_{sat}$	—	1.5	2.0	V	$V_{cc}=4.2\text{V}$ , $R_M=4.4\Omega$	Fig.1 (c)
Reference voltage	$V_{ref}$	1.10	1.27	1.40	V	$I_M=10\text{mA}$	Fig.1 (a)
Current constant	$K$	18	20	22	—	$R_{M1}=44\Omega$ , $R_{M2}=33\Omega$	Fig.1 (b)
Reference voltage characteristic	$\frac{\Delta V_{ref}}{V_{ref}} / \Delta V_{cc}$	—	0.06	—	% / V	$I_M=100\text{mA}$ , $V_{cc}=6.3\sim16\text{V}$	Fig.1 (a)
Current constant voltage characteristic	$\frac{\Delta K}{K} / \Delta V_{cc}$	—	0.4	—	% / V	$I_M=100\text{mA}$ , $V_{cc}=6.3\sim16\text{V}$	Fig.1 (b)
Reference voltage current characteristic	$\frac{\Delta V_{ref}}{V_{ref}} / \Delta I_M$	—	-0.02	—	% / mA	$I_M=30\sim200\text{mA}$	Fig.1 (a)
Current constant current characteristic	$\frac{\Delta K}{K} / \Delta I_M$	—	-0.02	—	% / mA	$I_M=30\sim200\text{mA}$	Fig.1 (b)
Reference voltage temperature characteristic	$\frac{\Delta V_{ref}}{V_{ref}} / \Delta T_a$	—	0.01	—	% / °C	$I_M=100\text{mA}$ , $T_a=-25\sim75^\circ\text{C}$	Fig.1 (a)
Current ratio temperature characteristic	$\frac{\Delta K}{K} / \Delta T_a$	—	0.01	—	% / °C	$I_M=100\text{mA}$ , $T_a=-25\sim75^\circ\text{C}$	Fig.1 (b)

● Measurement circuits

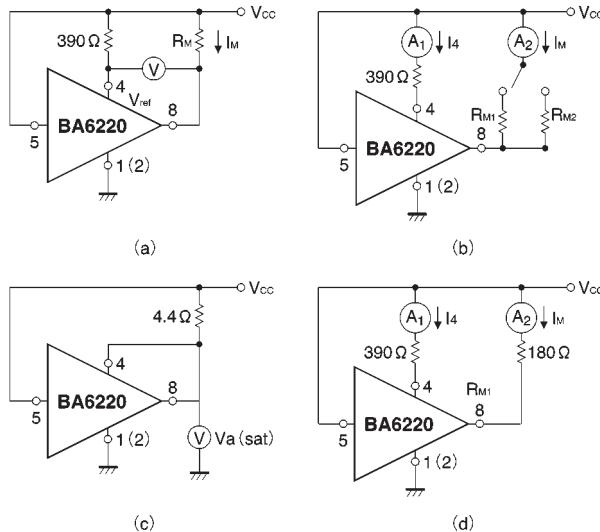


Fig.1

● Application example

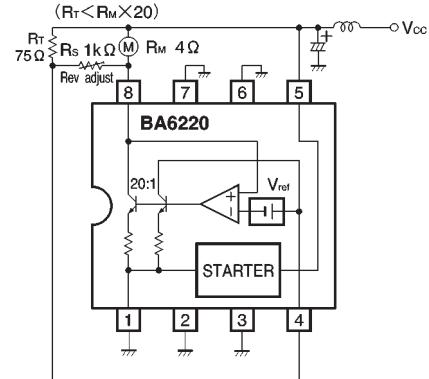


Fig.2

● External dimensions (Units: mm)

