

## Optical disc ICs

# Preservo amplifiers for CD players

## BA6376K

The BA6376K is a preservo amplifier that generates RF, focus error and tracking error signals from the signals output by voltage output optical pickups. Using this IC in combination with ROHM's DSP can significantly reduce the number of attached components for CD player servos and signal processing circuits.

● Applications  
CD players

## ● Features

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| 1) Internal focus search sequence, for better playability. | 4) Internal APC circuit.                           |
| 2) Internal disk defect detector.                          | 5) Internal focus protection against disk defects. |
| 3) Internal auto asymmetry circuit.                        |  |

● Absolute maximum ratings ( $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Limits	Unit
Power supply voltage	Vcc	9	V
Power dissipation	Pd	400*	mW
Operating temperature	T <sub>op</sub>	-25~+75	°C
Storage temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-55~+125	°C

\* Reduced by 4.0 mW for each increase in  $T_a$  of 1°C over 25°C.

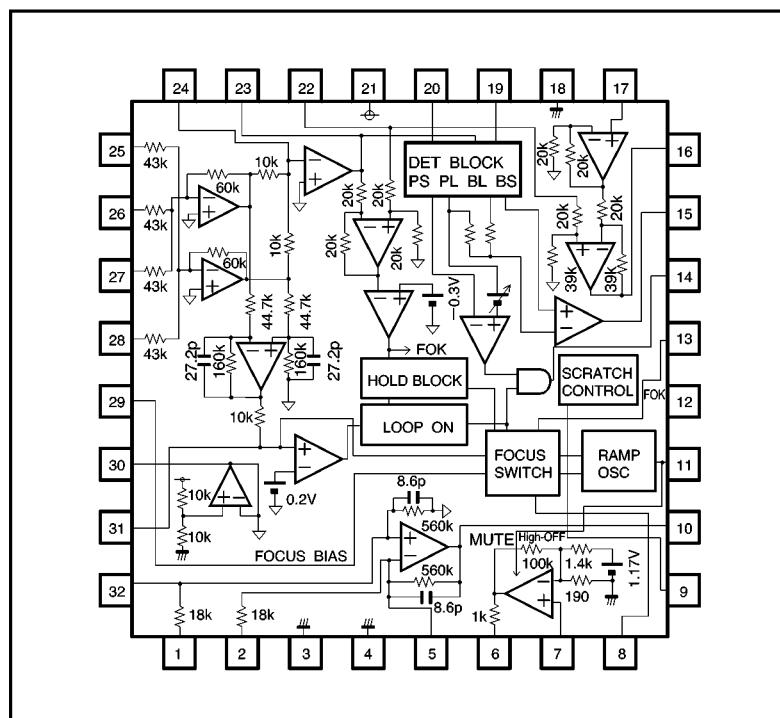
● Recommended operating conditions ( $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Power supply voltage	Vcc	3.1	3.4	3.8	V

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### ● Block diagram



### ● Pin descriptions

Pin No.	Pin name	Function
1	E	E input
2	F	F input
3	AGND	Analog ground
4	DGND	Digital ground
5	FI	Feedback for adjusting F gain
6	LD	APC amplifier output
7	PD	APC amplifier input
8	R / H	Attach capacitor for ramp wave/loop-off
9	SC	Attach resistor for scratch depth adjustment
10	TE	Tracking error output
11	FON	Focus-on control
12	FOK	Focus-OK comparator output
13	FE	Focus error output 1
14	DEFECT	Defect signal output
15	MIRR	Mirror signal output
16	EFM	EFM signal output

Pin No.	Pin name	Function
17	ASY	Auto asymmetry control input
18	DETGND	Detector ground
19	BLH	Attach bottom-long capacitor
20	PLH	Attach peak-long capacitor
21	VCC	Power supply
22	RFI	Re-input of RF output capacitor coupling
23	RFO	RF summing amplifier output
24	RF-	Input of RF summing amplifier feedback
25	A	A input
26	B	B input
27	D	D input
28	C	C input
29	FEB	Input of focus error bias
30	VB	Bias amplifier output
31	FE'	Focus error output 2
32	EI	Feedback for E gain adjustment

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●Electrical characteristics (unless otherwise noted,  $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{cc} = 3.4\text{V}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
Quiescent current	$I_q$	5.0	9.0	13.0	mA	—
⟨Bias amplifier⟩						
Bias voltage	$V_B$	1.57	1.70	1.83	V	—
Maximum output (H)	$I_{OH}$	5.0	—	—	mA	Maximum bias differential = 200 mV
Maximum output (L)	$I_{OL}$	5.0	—	—	mA	Maximum bias differential = 200 mV
⟨RF amplifier⟩						
Output voltage, offset	$V_{OFRF}$	-80	—	120	mV	—
Voltage gain	$G_{RF}$	20.5	23.5	26.5	dB	$V7=1.5\text{V}, SG4=30\text{mV}_{\text{P-P}}, 1\text{kHz}$
Maximum output amplitude (H)	$V_{OHRF}$	1.35	1.50	—	V	Simultaneous input of AC and BD $V8=V_B \pm 3\text{V}$
Maximum output amplitude (L)	$V_{OLRF}$	—	-0.6	-0.3	V	
⟨FE amplifier⟩						
Output voltage, offset	$V_{OFFE}$	-100	—	100	mV	—
Voltage gain (AC)	$G_{FEAC}$	23	26	29	dB	$SG4=30\text{mV}_{\text{P-P}}, 1\text{kHz}$
Voltage gain (BD)	$G_{FEBD}$	23	26	29	dB	$SG4=30\text{mV}_{\text{P-P}}, 1\text{kHz}$
Voltage gain differential	$\Delta G_{FE}$	-3	0	3	dB	—
Maximum output amplitude (H)	$V_{OHTE}$	1.35	1.50	—	V	Separate measurement of inputs AC and BD $V8=V_B \pm 0.2\text{V}$
Maximum output amplitude (L)	$V_{OLTE}$	—	-1.50	-1.35	V	
⟨TE amplifier⟩						
Output voltage, offset	$V_{OFTF}$	-80	—	80	mV	—
Voltage gain (E)	$G_{TEE}$	27	30	33	dB	$SG1=30\text{mV}_{\text{P-P}}, 1\text{kHz}$
Voltage gain (F)	$G_{TEF}$	27	30	33	dB	$SG1=30\text{mV}_{\text{P-P}}, 1\text{kHz}$
Voltage gain differential	$\Delta G_{TE}$	-3	0	3	dB	—
Maximum output amplitude (H)	$V_{OHTE}$	1.35	1.50	—	V	Separate measurement of inputs E and F $V1=V_B \pm 0.3\text{V}$
Maximum output amplitude (L)	$V_{OLTE}$	—	-1.50	-1.35	V	
⟨FOK comparator⟩						
Threshold voltage	$V_{THFK}$	0.2	0.3	0.4	V	Pin 22 input
Output high level voltage	$V_{OHFK}$	2.8	—	—	V	$V6=V_B - 0.4\text{V}$
Output low level voltage	$V_{OLF}$	—	—	0.6	V	$V6=V_B - 0.2\text{V}$
Maximum operating frequency	$F_{MXFK}$	45	—	—	kHz	—
⟨Asymmetrical amplifier⟩						
Output voltage, offset	$V_{OFAS}$	-60	—	60	mV	—
Voltage gain (1)	$G_{1AS}$	3	6	9	dB	Pin 22 input, $80\text{mV}_{\text{P-P}}, 1\text{kHz}$
Voltage gain (2)	$G_{2AS}$	8.5	11.5	14.5	dB	Pin 17 input, $80\text{mV}_{\text{P-P}}, 1\text{kHz}$
Maximum output amplitude (H)	$V_{OHAS}$	0.70	0.90	—	V	Pin 22 or 17 input $V6=V_B \pm 1.0\text{V}$
Maximum output amplitude (L)	$V_{OLAS}$	—	-1.4	-1.0	V	
⟨APC amplifier⟩						
Output voltage (1)	$V_{O1AP}$	2.5	3.0	—	V	Pin 7 input 180 mV
Output voltage (2)	$V_{O2AP}$	—	0.9	1.5	V	Pin 7 input 120 mV
Maximum output amplitude (H)	$V_{OHPAP}$	2.7	3.0	—	V	Pin 7 input 220 mV
Maximum output amplitude (L)	$V_{OLAP}$	—	1.9	2.2	V	Pin 7 input 0V with 0.8mA flowing through Pin 6

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Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
<b>〈Mirror detector〉</b>						
Output high level voltage	$V_{OHMR}$	3.0	—	—	V	—
Output low level voltage	$V_{OLMR}$	—	—	0.5	V	—
Minimum operating frequency	$F_{MNMR}$	—	—	600	Hz	—
Maximum operating frequency	$F_{MXMR}$	30	—	—	kHz	—
Minimum input voltage	$V_{MNMR}$	—	—	0.2	$V_{P-P}$	—
Maximum input voltage	$V_{MXMR}$	1.2	—	—	$V_{P-P}$	—
<b>〈Defect detector〉</b>						
Output high level voltage	$V_{OHDF}$	3.0	—	—	V	—
Output low level voltage	$V_{OLDF}$	—	—	0.5	V	—
Minimum operating frequency	$F_{MNDF}$	—	—	1	kHz	—
Maximum operating frequency	$F_{MXDF}$	2	—	—	kHz	—
Minimum input voltage	$V_{MNDF}$	—	—	0.5	$V_{P-P}$	—
Maximum input voltage	$V_{MXDF}$	1.2	—	—	$V_{P-P}$	—
Pin 9 voltage	$V_9$	0.95	1.20	1.45	V	—
<b>〈Ramp generator circuit〉</b>						
Capacitance charging current	$I_{SIRA}$	-2.10	-1.60	-1.10	$\mu A$	—
Capacitance discharging current	$I_{SORA}$	10.0	15.0	20.0	$\mu A$	—
High level limit voltage	$V_{LHRA}$	0.10	0.24	0.38	V	—
Low level limit voltage	$V_{LLRA}$	-0.38	-0.24	-0.10	V	—
<b>〈FON pin〉</b>						
Inrush current	$I_{IFON}$	10.0	15.0	20.0	$\mu A$	—
Input threshold voltage	$V_{THFO}$	1.30	1.65	2.00	V	—
<b>〈Loop on〉</b>						
Loop off delay time	$t_{OFLO}$	4.0	6.5	9.0	msec	—

\* When FON is LOW, pin 8 voltage is  $V_B$ .

\* The ramp wave begins at the bottom.

\* The loop will not turn ON when the ramp wave is at the bottom.

\* Pin 8 is charged rapidly when the loop turns ON.

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### ●Measurement circuit

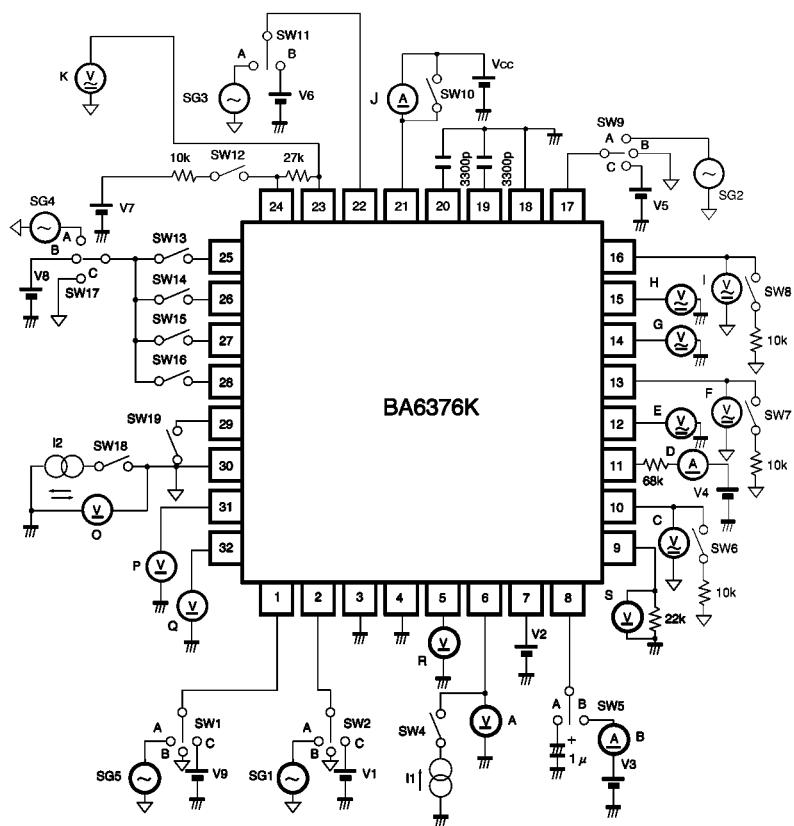


Fig. 1

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### ●Circuit operation

#### Focus search sequence operations

When the loop turns on

The focus loop turns on when the fall of FEC is detected while FOK is at the HIGH level.

When the loop turns off

The focus loop turns off after the elapse of a delay ( $T[S]$ , see below) after FOK changes to the LOW state.

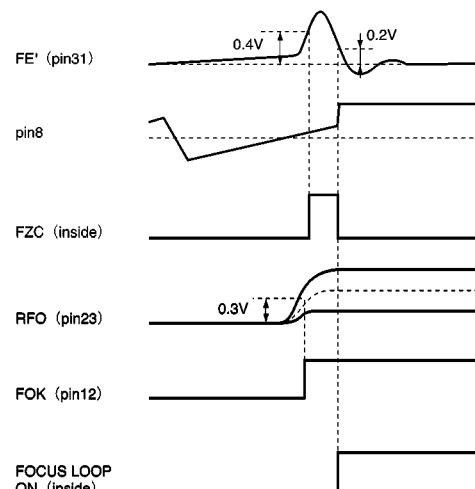


Fig. 2

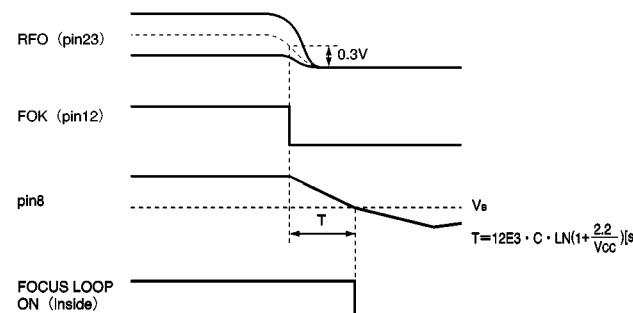
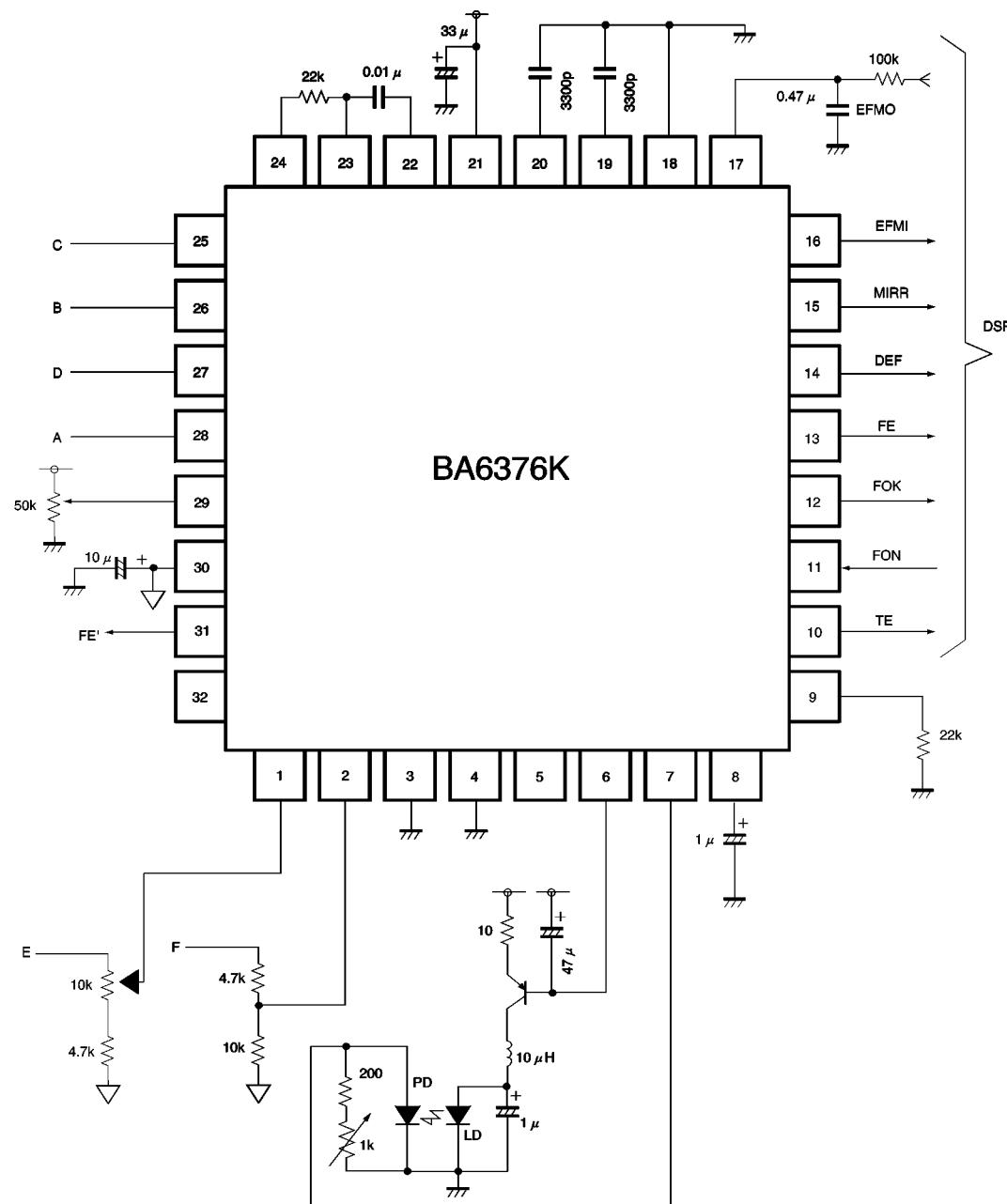


Fig. 3

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### ● Application example



Note : Attach a resistor (at least  $10\text{ k}\Omega$ ) between pins 23 and 24.

**Fig. 4**

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### ● Electrical characteristic curves

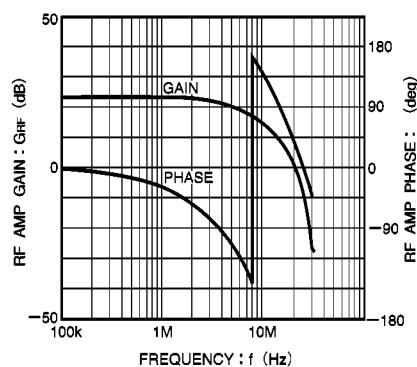


Fig. 5 Radio frequency amplifier frequency characteristics

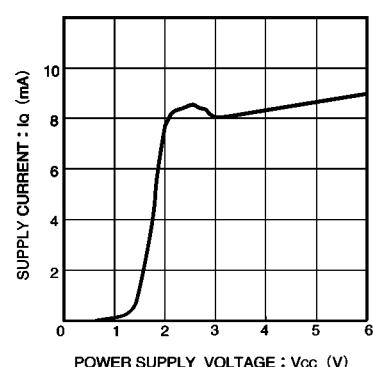


Fig. 6 Power supply voltage vs. supply current

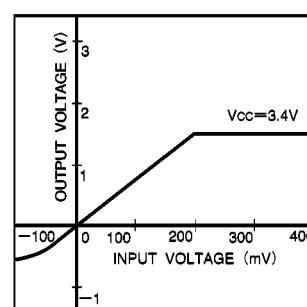


Fig. 7 Radio frequency amplifier I/O characteristics (AC or BD input)

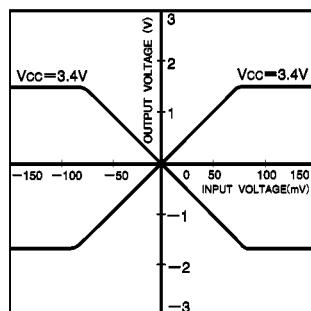


Fig. 8 FE amplifier I/O characteristics

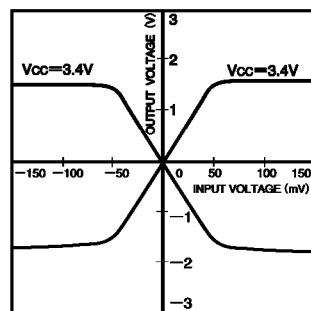


Fig. 9 TE amplifier I/O characteristics

### ● External dimensions (Units: mm)

