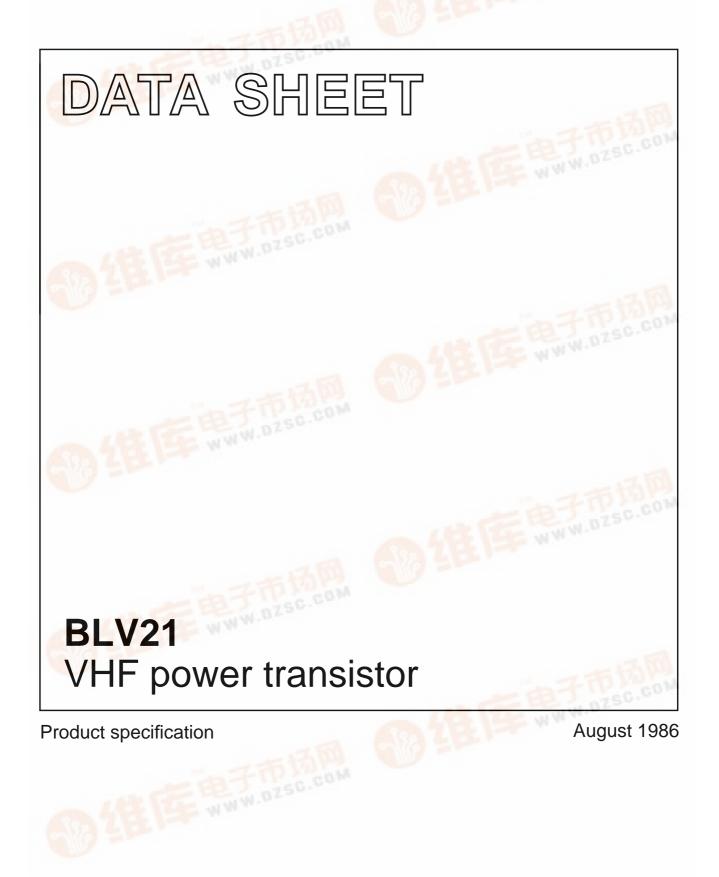
DISCRETE SEMICONDUCTORS









BLV21

DESCRIPTION

N-P-N silicon planar epitaxial transistor intended for use in class-A, B and C operated h.f. and v.h.f. transmitters with a nominal supply voltage of 28 V. The transistor is resistance stabilized and is guaranteed to withstand severe load mismatch conditions. It has a 3/8" flange envelope with a ceramic cap. All leads are isolated from the flange.

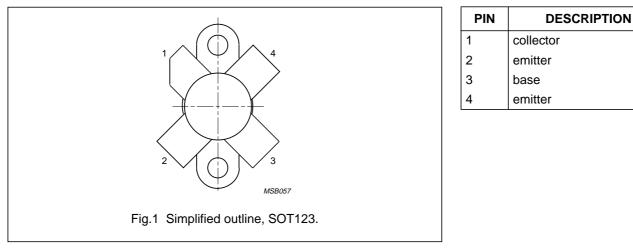
QUICK REFERENCE DATA

R.F. performance up to $T_h = 25 \text{ °C}$ in an unneautralized common-emitter class-B circuit

MODE OF OPERATION	V _{CE} V	f MHz	P _L W	G _p dB	η %	¯ z _l Ω	₩S
C.W.	28	175	15	> 10	> 65	1,4 + j1,85	33 – j27,5

PINNING

PIN CONFIGURATION



PRODUCT SAFETY This device incorporates beryllium oxide, the dust of which is toxic. The device is entirely safe provided that the BeO disc is not damaged.

Philips Semiconductors

RATINGS

Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC 134)

Collector-emitter voltage (V_{BE} = 0) peak value Collector-emitter voltage (open base) Emitter-base voltage (open collector) Collector current (average) Collector current (peak value); f > 1 MHz R.F. power dissipation (f > 1 MHz); T_{mb} = 25 °C Storage temperature Operating junction temperature

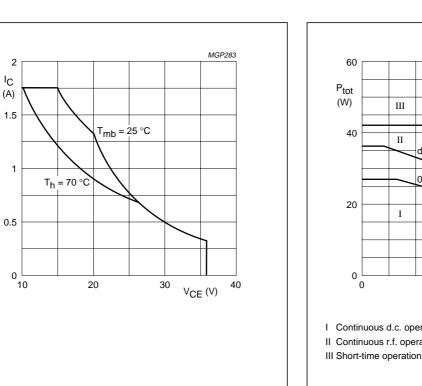
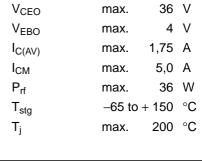
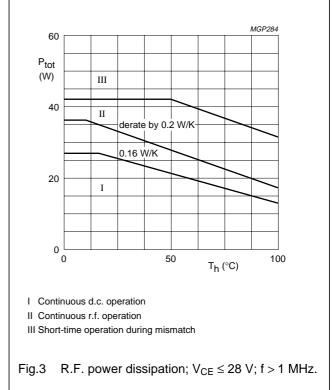


Fig.2 D.C. SOAR.



max.

VCESM



THERMAL RESISTANCE

(dissipation = 15 W; T_{mb} = 74,5 °C, i.e. T_h = 70 °C)

From junction to mounting base (d.c. dissipation) From junction to mounting base (r.f. dissipation) From mounting base to heatsink

R _{th j-mb(dc)}	=	6,55 k	<!--</b-->W
R _{th j-mb(rf)}	=	4,95 k	<!--</b-->W
R _{th mb-h}	=	0,3 k	<!--</b-->W

Product specification

BLV21

65 V

BLV21

Product specification

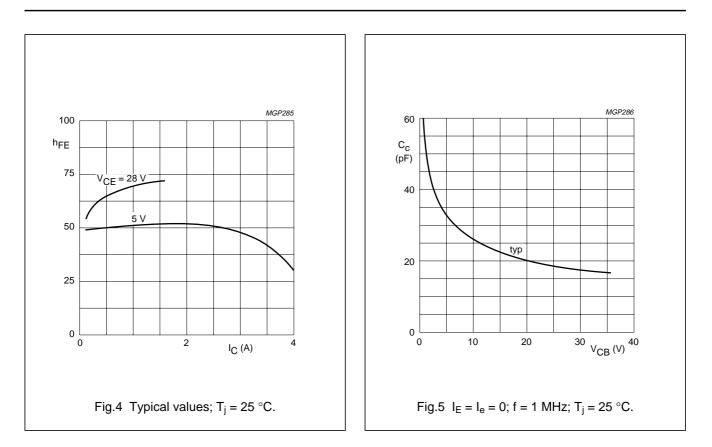
CHARACTERISTICS

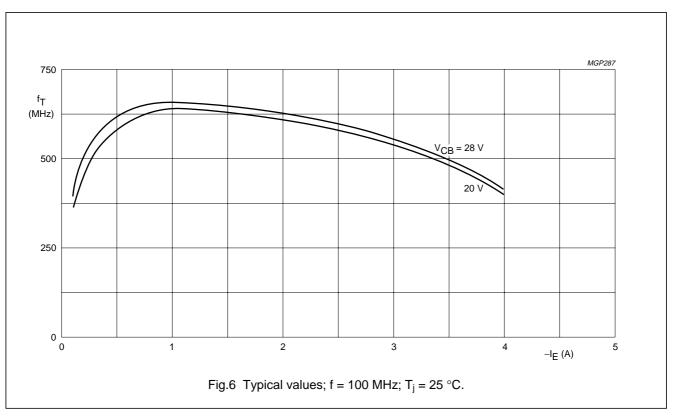
T _j = 25 °C				
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage				
$V_{BE} = 0; I_{C} = 5 \text{ mA}$	V _(BR) CES	>	65	V
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage				
open base; $I_C = 25 \text{ mA}$	V _(BR) CEO	>	36	V
Emitter-base breakdown voltage				
open collector; I _E = 2 mA	V _{(BR)EBO}	>	4	V
Collector cut-off current				
$V_{BE} = 0; V_{CE} = 36 V$	I _{CES}	<	2	mA
Second breakdown energy; L = 25 mH; f = 50 Hz				
open base	E _{SBO}	>	2,5	mJ
$R_{BE} = 10 \Omega$	E _{SBR}	>	2,5	mJ
D.C. current gain ⁽¹⁾		typ.	50	
$I_{C} = 0,7 \text{ A}; V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$	h _{FE}	10 t	o 100	
Collector-emitter saturation voltage ⁽¹⁾				
I _C = 2 A; I _B = 0,4 A	V _{CEsat}	typ.	0,65	V
Transition frequency at $f = 100 \text{ MHz}^{(1)}$				
$-I_{E} = 0,7 \text{ A}; V_{CB} = 28 \text{ V}$	f⊤	typ.	650	MHz
-I _E = 2 A; V _{CB} = 28 V	f⊤	typ.	625	MHz
Collector capacitance at f = 1 MHz				
$I_{E} = I_{e} = 0; V_{CB} = 28 V$	C _c	typ.	18	pF
Feedback capacitance at f = 1 MHz				
I _C = 100 mA; V _{CE} = 28 V	C _{re}	typ.	12,8	pF
Collector-flange capacitance	C _{cf}	typ.	2	pF

Note

1. Measured under pulse conditions: $t_p \leq 200~\mu s;~\delta \leq 0{,}02.$





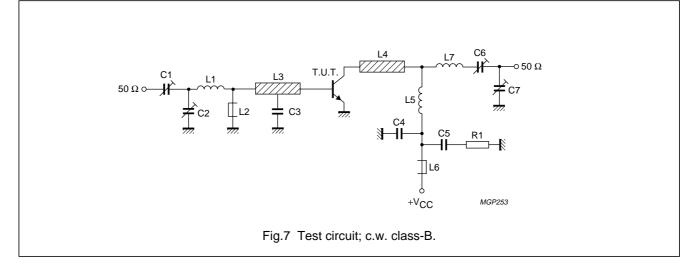


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APPLICATION INFORMATION

R.F. performance in c.w. operation (unneutralized common-emitter class-B circuit) T_h = 25 °C

f (MHz)	V _{CE} (V)	P _L (W)	P _S (W)	G _P (dB)	I _C (A)	η (%)	Ξ, (Ω)	\overline{Y}_{L} (mS)
175	28	15	< 1,5	> 10	< 0,83	> 65	1,4 + j1,85	33 – j27,5



List of components:

- C1 = C7 = 2,5 to 20 pF film dielectric trimmer (cat. no. 2222 809 07004)
- C2 = C6 = 5 to 60 pF film dielectric trimmer (cat. no. 2222 809 07011)
- C3 = 27 pF ceramic capacitor (500 V)
- C4 = 120 pF ceramic capacitor (500 V)
- C5 = 100 nF polyester capacitor
- L1 = 1 turn Cu wire (1,6 mm); int. dia. 8,4 mm; leads 2×5 mm
- L2 = 7 turns closely wound enamelled Cu wire (0,5 mm); int. dia. 3 mm; leads 2 × 5 mm
- L3 = L8 = Ferroxcube wide band h.f. choke, grade 3B (cat. no. 4312 020 36640)
- L4 = L5 = strip (12 mm \times 6 mm); tap for C3 at 5 mm from transistor
- L6 = 3 turns closely wound enamelled Cu wire (1,0 mm); int. dia. 9,0 mm; leads 2 × 5 mm
- L7 = 3 turns closely wound enamelled Cu wire (1,0 mm); int. dia. 8,2 mm; leads 2×5 mm

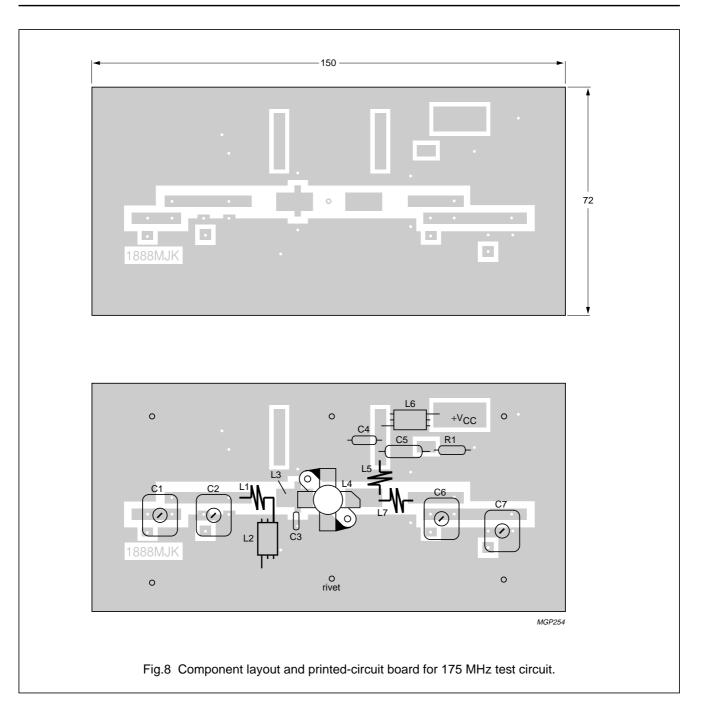
L4 and L5 are strips on a double Cu-clad printed-circuit board with epoxy fibre-glass dielectric, thickness 1/16".

R1 = R2 = 10Ω carbon resistor

Component layout and printed-circuit board for 175 MHz test circuit see Fig.8.

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VHF power transistor



The circuit and the components are situated on one side of the epoxy fibre-glass board, the other side being fully metallized to serve as earth. Earth connections are made by means of hollow rivets, whilst under the emitter leads Cu straps are used for a direct contact between upper and lower sheets.

25

20

15

10

5

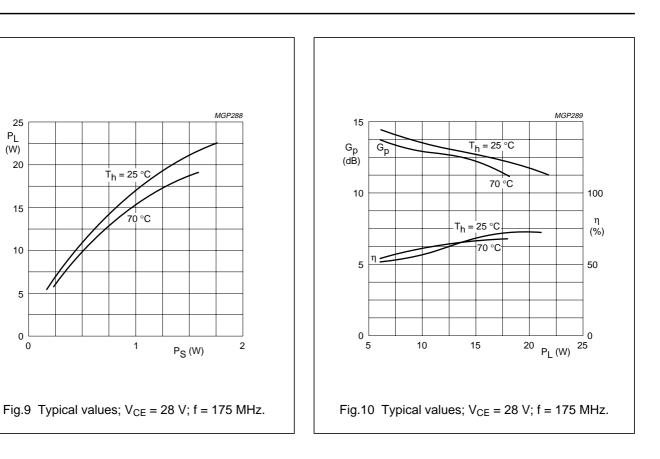
0

0

PL (W)

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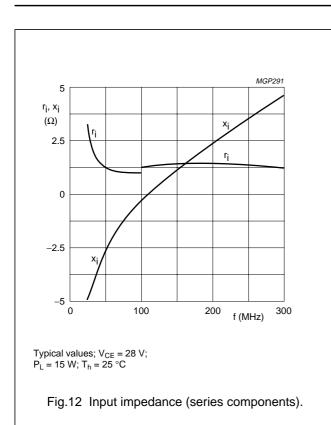
VHF power transistor

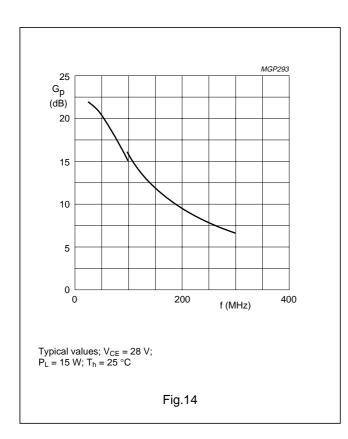


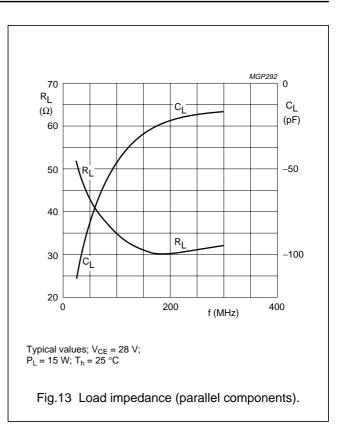
MGP290 20 P_{Lnom} (W) (VSWR = 1) T_h = 50 70 15 90 10 └ 1 The graph shows the permissible output power under 10² 10 VSWR nominal conditions (VSWR = 1) as a function of the expected VSWR during short-time mismatch conditions with heatsink temperatures as parameter. Fig.11 R.F. SOAR; c.w. class-B operation; f = 175 MHz; V_{CE} = 28 V; $R_{th mb-h}$ = 0,3 K/W

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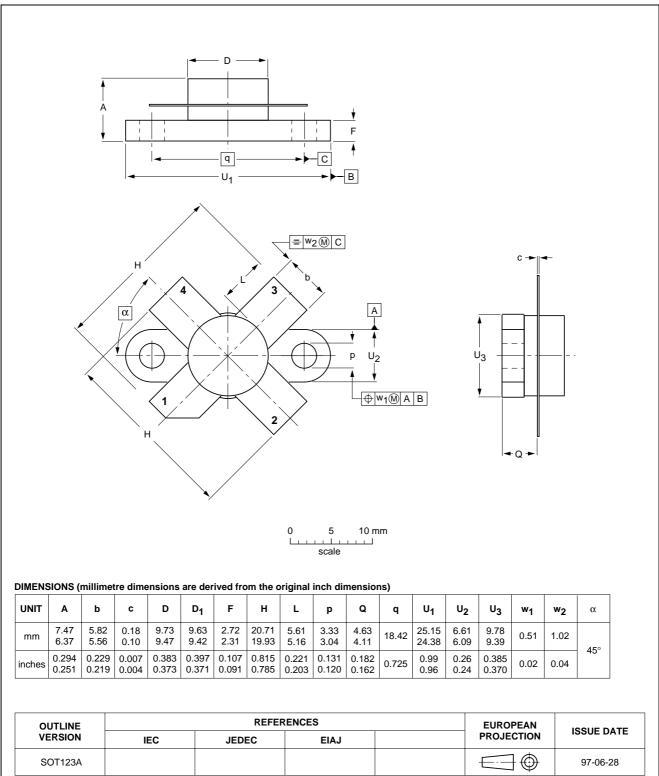


OPERATING NOTE

Below 100 MHz a base-emitter resistor of 10 Ω is recommended to avoid oscillation. This resistor must be effective for r.f. only.

PACKAGE OUTLINE

Flanged ceramic package; 2 mounting holes; 4 leads



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DEFINITIONS

Data Sheet Status					
Objective specification	This data sheet contains target or goal specifications for product development.				
Preliminary specification	This data sheet contains preliminary data; supplementary data may be published later.				
Product specification	This data sheet contains final product specifications.				
Limiting values					
more of the limiting values n of the device at these or at a	accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 134). Stress above one or hay cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and operation any other conditions above those given in the Characteristics sections of the specification miting values for extended periods may affect device reliability.				
Application information					

Where application information is given, it is advisory and does not form part of the specification.

LIFE SUPPORT APPLICATIONS

These products are not designed for use in life support appliances, devices, or systems where malfunction of these products can reasonably be expected to result in personal injury. Philips customers using or selling these products for use in such applications do so at their own risk and agree to fully indemnify Philips for any damages resulting from such improper use or sale.