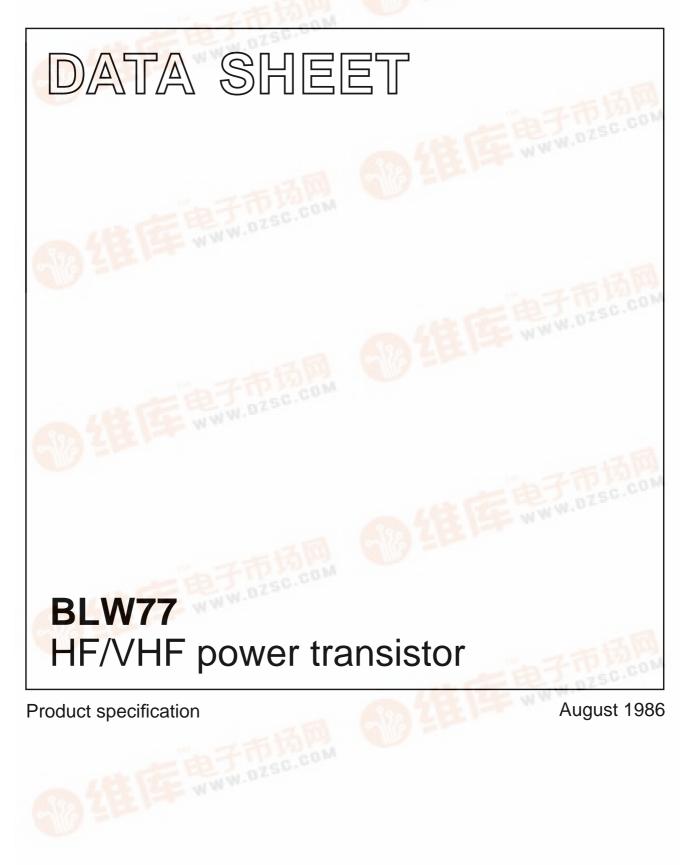
### DISCRETE SEMICONDUCTORS









### BLW77

#### DESCRIPTION

N-P-N silicon planar epitaxial transistor intended for use in class-AB or class-B operated high power transmitters in the h.f. and v.h.f. bands. The transistor presents excellent performance as a linear amplifier in the h.f. band. It is resistance stabilized and is guaranteed to withstand severe load mismatch conditions. Transistors are delivered in matched  $h_{FE}$  groups.

The transistor has a  $\frac{1}{2}$ " flange envelope with a ceramic cap. All leads are isolated from the flange.

#### QUICK REFERENCE DATA

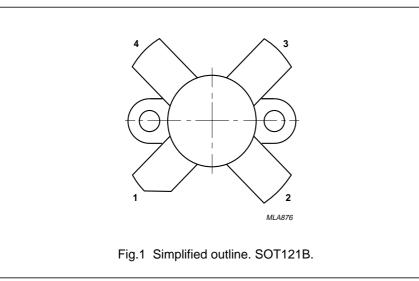
R.F. performance up to  $T_h = 25 \ ^{\circ}C$ 

MODE OF OPERATION	V <sub>CE</sub> V	I <sub>C(ZS)</sub> A	f MHz	P <sub>L</sub> W	G <sub>p</sub> dB	ղ %	d <sub>3</sub> dB
s.s.b. (class-AB)	28	0,1	1,6 – 28	<b>15 – 130</b> (P.E.P.)	> 12	> <b>37,5</b> <sup>(1)</sup>	< -30
c.w. (class-B)	28	_	87,5	130	typ. 7,5	typ. 75	_

#### Note

1. At 130 W P.E.P.

#### **PIN CONFIGURATION**



PINNING - SOT121B.

PIN	DESCRIPTION			
1	collector			
2	emitter			
3	base			
4	emitter			

PRODUCT SAFETY This device incorporates beryllium oxide, the dust of which is toxic. The device is entirely safe provided that the BeO disc is not damaged.

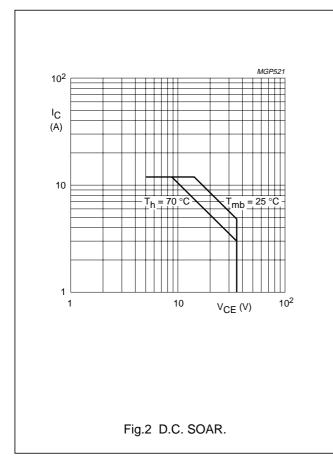
**BLW77** 

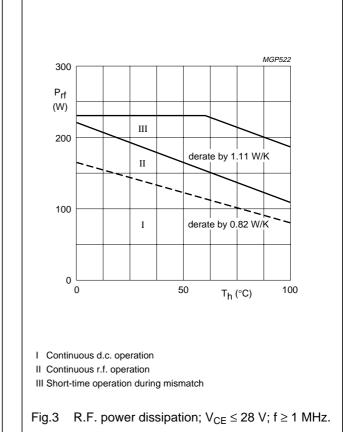
## HF/VHF power transistor

#### RATINGS

Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC 134)

Collector-emitter voltage ( $V_{BE} = 0$ )				
peak value	V <sub>CESM</sub>	max.	70	V
Collector-emitter voltage (open base)	V <sub>CEO</sub>	max.	35	V
Emitter-base voltage (open collector)	V <sub>EBO</sub>	max.	4	V
Collector current (average)	I <sub>C(AV)</sub>	max.	12	А
Collector current (peak value); f > 1 MHz	I <sub>CM</sub>	max.	30	А
R.F. power dissipation (f > 1 MHz;); $T_{mb}$ = 25 °C	P <sub>rf</sub>	max.	245	W
Storage temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-65 to	+ 150	°C
Operating junction temperature	Tj	max.	200	°C





#### THERMAL RESISTANCE

(dissipation = 100 W;  $T_{mb}$  = 90 °C, i.e.  $T_h$  = 70 °C)

From junction to mounting base (d.c. dissipation) From junction to mounting base (r.f. dissipation) From mounting base to heatsink

R <sub>th j-mb(dc)</sub>	=	1,03 K/W
R <sub>th j-mb(rf)</sub>	=	0,71 K/W
R <sub>th mb-h</sub>	=	0,2 K/W

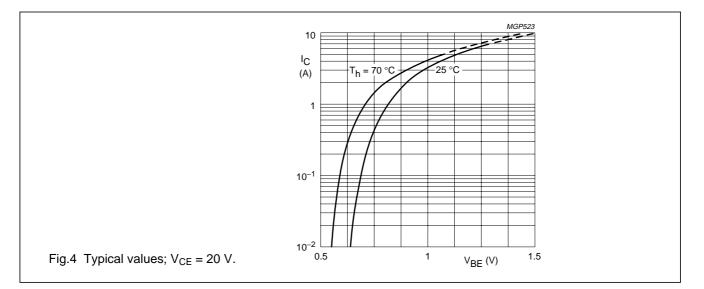
### BLW77

### CHARACTERISTICS

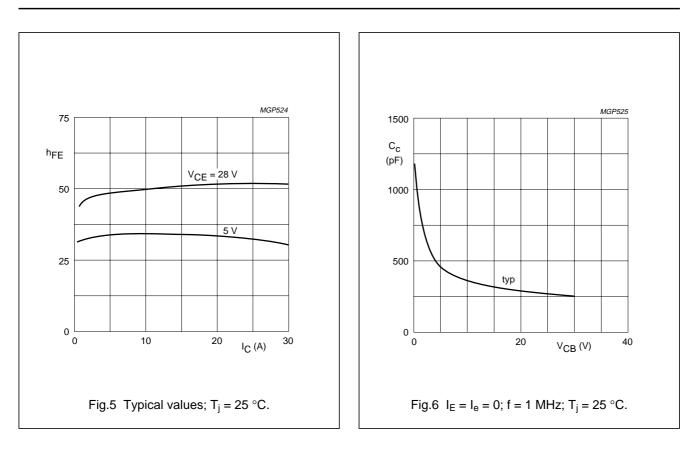
$T_j = 25 \text{ °C}$ unless otherwise specified				
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage				
$V_{BE} = 0; I_{C} = 50 \text{ mA}$	V <sub>(BR)</sub> CES	>	70	V
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage				
open base; I <sub>C</sub> = 100 mA	V <sub>(BR) CEO</sub>	>	35	V
Emitter-base breakdown voltage				
open collector; I <sub>E</sub> = 20 mA	V <sub>(BR)EBO</sub>	>	4	V
Collector cut-off current				
$V_{BE} = 0; V_{CE} = 35 V$	I <sub>CES</sub>	<	20	mA
D.C. current gain <sup>(1)</sup>				
$I_{C} = 7 \text{ A}; V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$	h <sub>FE</sub>	15 1	to 80	
D.C. current gain ratio of matched devices <sup>(1)</sup>				
$I_{C} = 7 \text{ A}; V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$	h <sub>FE1</sub> /h <sub>FE2</sub>	<	1,2	
Collector-emitter saturation voltage <sup>(1)</sup>				
$I_{C} = 20 \text{ A}; I_{B} = 4 \text{ A}$	V <sub>CEsat</sub>	typ.	2	V
Transition frequency at $f = 100 \text{ MHz}^{(2)}$				
$-I_{E} = 7 \text{ A}; V_{CB} = 28 \text{ V}$	f <sub>T</sub>	typ.	320	MHz
-I <sub>E</sub> = 20 A; V <sub>CB</sub> = 28 V	f <sub>T</sub>	typ.	300	MHz
Collector capacitance at f = 1 MHz				
$I_{E} = I_{e} = 0; V_{CB} = 28 V$	C <sub>c</sub>	typ.	255	pF
Feedback capacitance at f = 1 MHz				
I <sub>C</sub> = 100 mA; V <sub>CE</sub> = 28 V	C <sub>re</sub>	typ.	175	pF
Collector-flange capacitance	C <sub>cf</sub>	typ.	3	pF

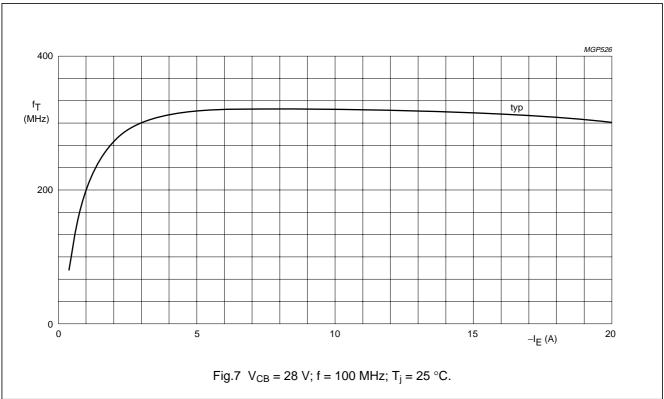
#### Notes

- 1. Measured under pulse conditions:  $t_p \leq 300 \ \mu s; \ \delta \leq 0{,}02.$
- 2. Measured under pulse conditions:  $t_p \leq 50~\mu s;~\delta \leq 0,01.$







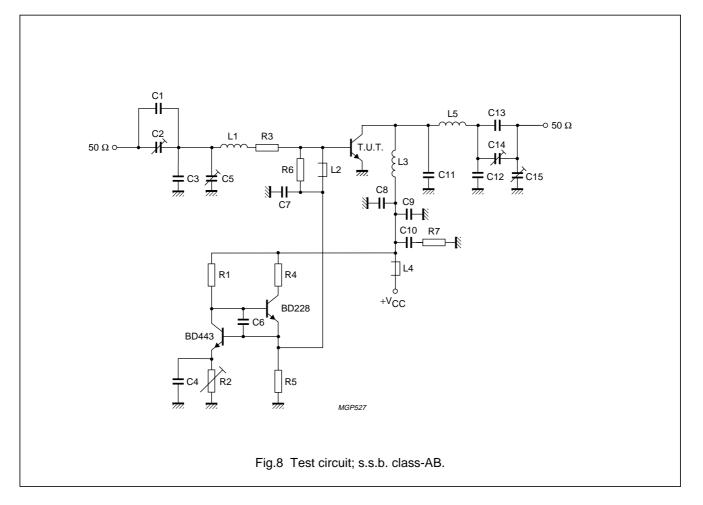


### BLW77

### **APPLICATION INFORMATION**

R.F. performance in s.s.b. class-AB operation (linear power amplifier) V<sub>CE</sub> = 28 V; T<sub>h</sub> = 25 °C; f<sub>1</sub> = 28,000 MHz; f<sub>2</sub> = 28,001 MHz

OUTPUT POWER	Gp	ղ <b><sub>dt</sub> (%)</b>	I <sub>C</sub> (A)	d <sub>3</sub>	d <sub>5</sub>	I <sub>C(ZS)</sub>
w	dB	at 130 W	P.E.P.	dB	dB	Α
15 to 130 (P.E.P.)	> 12	> 37,5	< 6,2	< -30	< -30	0,1



## BLW77

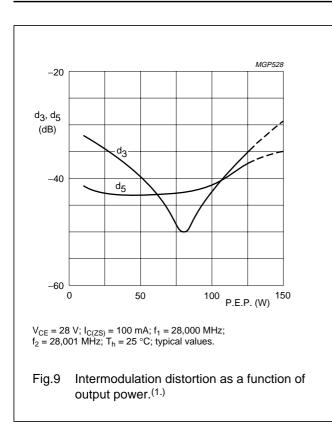
mm

### List of components:

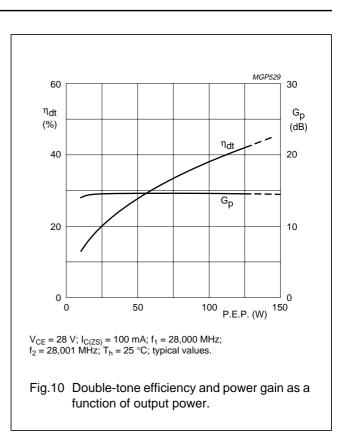
LISCO	COM	ponents.
C1	=	27 pF ceramic capacitor (500 V)
C2	=	100 pF air dielectric trimmer (single insulated rotor type)
C3	=	180 pF polystyrene capacitor
C4	=	C6 = C9 = 100 nF polyester capacitor
C5	=	100 pF air dielectric trimmer (single non-insulated rotor type)
C7	=	C8 = 3,9 nF ceramic capacitor
C10	=	2,2 µF moulded metallized polyester capacitor
C11	=	$2 \times 180 \text{ pF}$ polysterene capacitors in parallel
C12	=	$3 \times 56$ pF and 33 pF ceramic capacitors in parallel (500 V)
C13	=	4 imes56 pF and 68 pF ceramic capacitors in parallel (500 V)
C14	=	360 pF air dielectric trimmer (single insulated rotor type)
C15	=	360 pF air dielectric trimmer (single non-insulated rotor type)
L1	=	88 nH; 3 turns Cu wire (1,0 mm); int. dia. 9,0 mm; length 6,1 mm; leads $2 \times 7$ mm
L2	=	L4 = Ferroxcube wide-band h.f. choke, grade 3B (cat. no. 4312 020 36640)
L3	=	L5 = 80 nH; 2,5 turns closely wound enamelled Cu wire (1,6 mm); int. dia. 10,0 mm; leads $2 \times 7$ m
R1	=	470 $Ω$ wirewound resistor (5,5 W)
R2	=	4,7 $\Omega$ wirewound potentiometer (3 W)
R3	=	0,55 $\Omega$ ; parallel connection of 4 $ imes$ 2,2 $\Omega$ carbon resistors (± 5%; 0,5 W each)
R4	=	45 $\Omega$ ; parallel connection of 4 $ imes$ 180 $\Omega$ wirewound resistors (5,5 W each)
R5	=	56 $\Omega$ (± 5%) carbon resistor (0,5 W)
R6	=	27 $\Omega$ (± 5%) carbon resistor (0,5 W)

R7 =  $4,7 \Omega (\pm 5\%)$  carbon resistor (0,5 W)

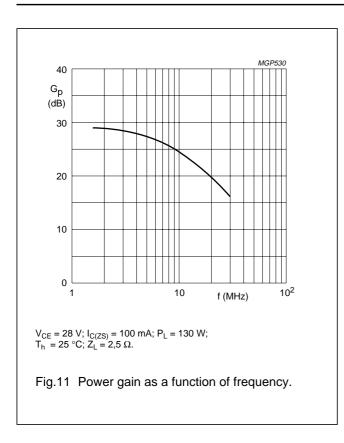




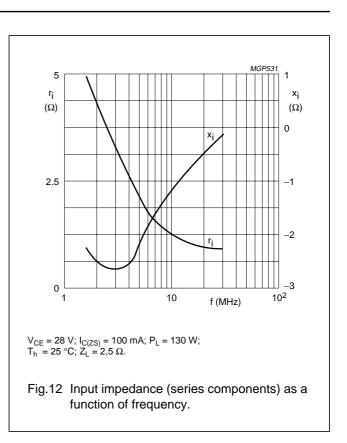
 Stated intermodulation distortion figures are referred to the according level of either of the equal amplified tones. Relative to the according peak envelope powers these figures should be increased by 6 dB.



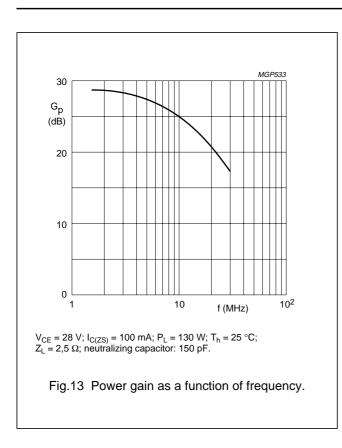
## BLW77



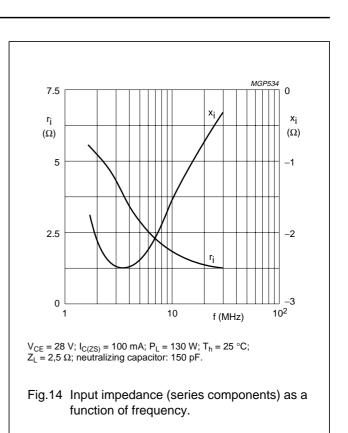
Figs 11 and 12 are typical curves and hold for an unneutralized amplifier in s.s.b. class-AB operation.



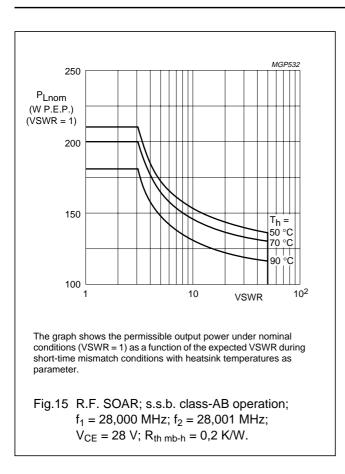
## BLW77



13 and 14 are typical curves and hold for a push-pull amplifier with cross-neutralization in s.s.b class-AB operation.



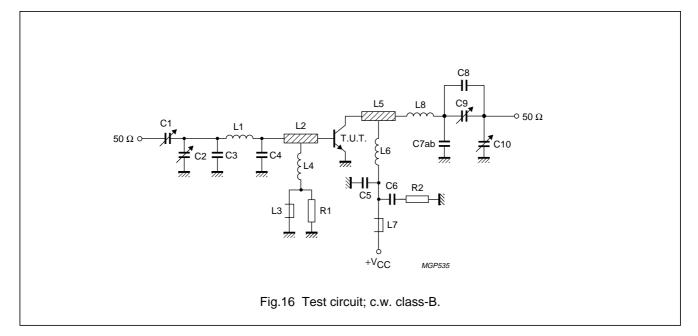
## BLW77



### BLW77

R.F. performance in c.w. operation (unneutralized common-emitter class-B circuit); $T_h = 25 \degree C$
---

f (MHz)	V <sub>CE</sub> (V)	P <sub>L</sub> (W)	P <sub>S</sub> (W)	G <sub>p</sub> (dB)	I <sub>C</sub> (A)	η <b>(%)</b>	 z <sub>i</sub> (Ω)	Υ <sub>L</sub> (mS)
87,5	28	130	typ. 23,2	typ. <b>7,5</b>	typ. <b>6,2</b>	typ. <b>75</b>	0,62 + j0,73	273 – j42



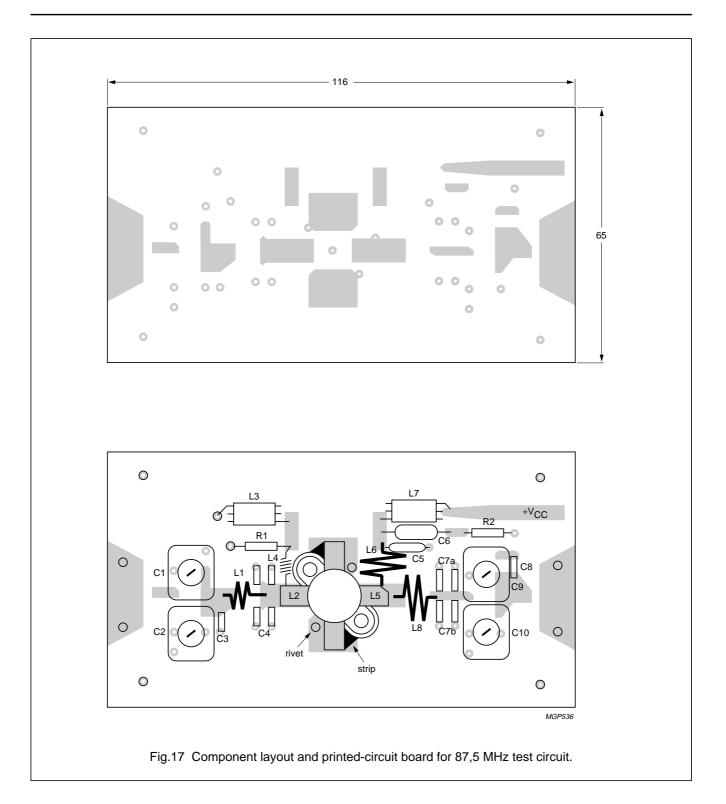
List of components:

- C1 = 4 to 40 pF film dielectric trimmer (cat. no. 2222 809 07008)
- C2 = C9 = C10 = 7 to 100 pF film dielectric trimmer (cat. no. 2222 809 07015)
- C3 = C8 = 22 pF ceramic capacitor (500 V)
- C4 =  $4 \times 82$  pF ceramic capacitors in parallel (500 V)
- C5 = 390 pF polystyrene capacitor
- C6 = 220 nF polyester capacitor
- C7a =  $2 \times 10 \text{ pF}$  ceramic capacitors in parallel (500 V)
- C7b =  $2 \times 8,2$  pF ceramic capacitors in parallel (500 V)
- L1 = 25 nH; 2 turns Cu wire (1,6 mm); int. dia. 5,0 mm; length 4,6 mm; leads 2 × 5 mm
- L2 = L5 = 2,4 nH; strip (12 mm × 6 mm); tap for L4 and L6 at 5 mm from transistor
- L3 = L7 = Ferroxcube wide-band h.f. choke, grade 3B (cat. no. 4312 020 36640)
- L4 = 100 nH; 7 turns closely wound enamelled Cu wire (0,5 mm); int. dia. 3 mm; leads 2 × 5 mm
- L6 = 46 nH; 2 turns Cu wire (2,0 mm); int. dia. 9,0 mm; length 6,0 mm; leads  $2 \times 5$  mm
- L8 = 44 nH; 2 turns Cu wire (2,0 mm); int. dia. 9,0 mm; length 6,7 mm; leads 2 × 5 mm
- L2 and L5 are strips on a double Cu-clad printed-circuit board with epoxy fibre-glass dielectric.
- R1 =  $10 \Omega (\pm 10\%)$  carbon resistor
- R2 =  $10 \Omega (\pm 10\%)$  carbon resistor

Component layout and printed-circuit board for 87,5 MHz test circuit are shown in Fig.17.

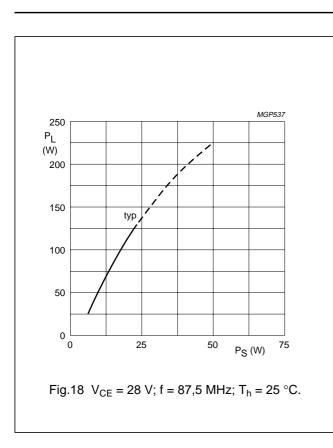
BLW77

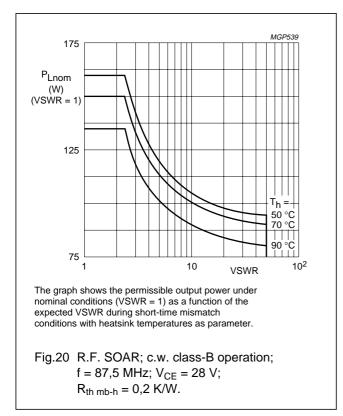
## HF/VHF power transistor

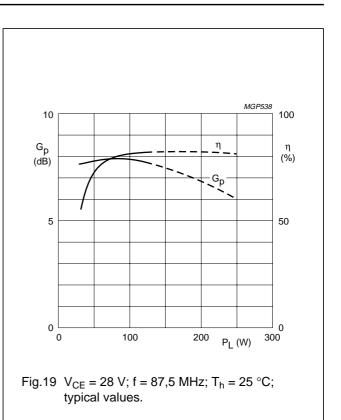


The circuit and the components are situated on one side of the epoxy fibre-glass board, the other side being fully metallized to serve as earth. Earth connections are made by means of hollow rivets, whilst under the emitter leads Cu straps are used for a direct contact between upper and lower sheets.

## BLW77







2

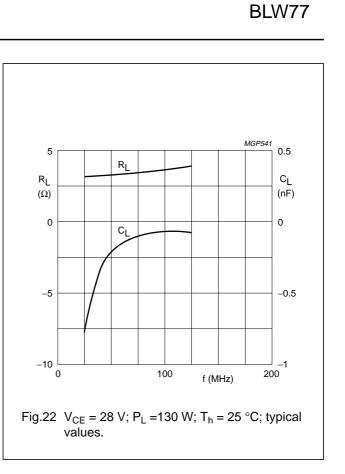
r<sub>i</sub>, x<sub>i</sub> (Ω)

0

# HF/VHF power transistor

ri

MGP540



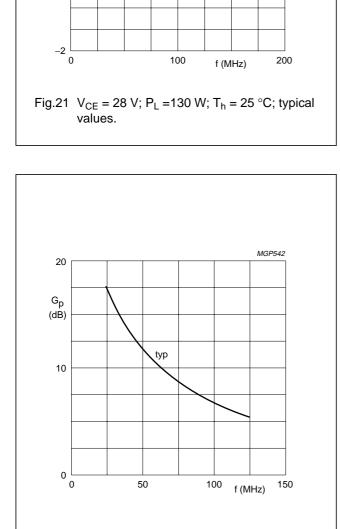
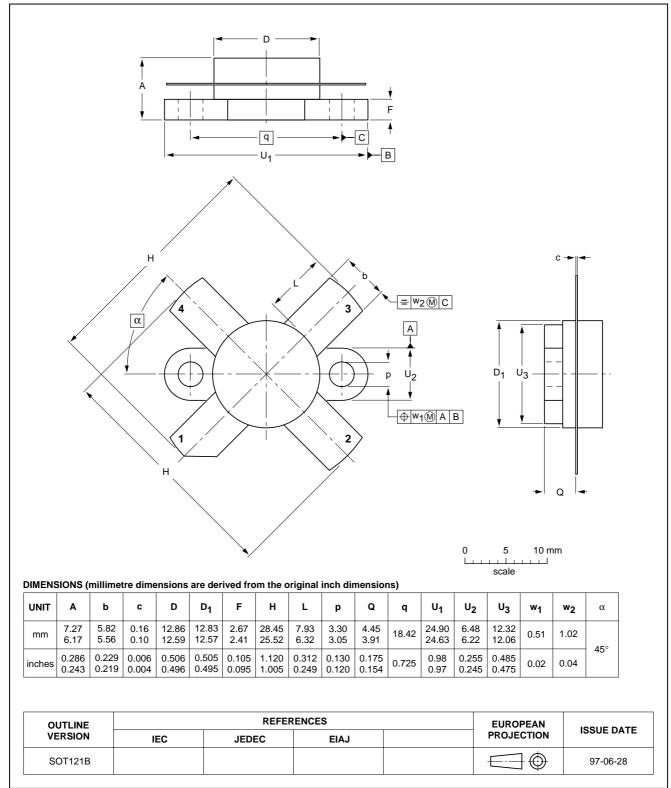


Fig.23 V<sub>CE</sub> = 28 V; P<sub>L</sub> =130 W; T<sub>h</sub> = 25 °C.

### PACKAGE OUTLINE

Flanged ceramic package; 2 mounting holes; 4 leads



**BLW77** 

## BLW77

### DEFINITIONS

Data Sheet Status	
Objective specification	This data sheet contains target or goal specifications for product development.
Preliminary specification	This data sheet contains preliminary data; supplementary data may be published later.
Product specification	This data sheet contains final product specifications.
Limiting values	
more of the limiting values of the device at these or at	accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 134). Stress above one or may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and operation any other conditions above those given in the Characteristics sections of the specification limiting values for extended periods may affect device reliability.
Application information	

Where application information is given, it is advisory and does not form part of the specification.

### LIFE SUPPORT APPLICATIONS

These products are not designed for use in life support appliances, devices, or systems where malfunction of these products can reasonably be expected to result in personal injury. Philips customers using or selling these products for use in such applications do so at their own risk and agree to fully indemnify Philips for any damages resulting from such improper use or sale.