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128Kx8 Nonvolatile SRAM

Benchmarq Products from Texas Instruments

bq4013/Y

Features

- Data retention for at least 10 years without power
- Automatic write-protection during power-up/power-down cycles
- Conventional SRAM operation, including unlimited write cycles
- Internal isolation of battery before power application
- Industry standard 32-pin DIP pinout

General Description

The CMOS bq4013/Y is a nonvolatile 1,048,576-bit static RAM organized as 131,072 words by 8 bits. The integral control circuitry and lithium energy source provide reliable nonvolatility coupled with the unlimited write cycles of standard SRAM.

The control circuitry constantly monitors the single 5V supply for an out-of-tolerance condition. When V_{CC} falls out of tolerance, the SRAM is unconditionally write-protected to prevent inadvertent write operation.

At this time the integral energy source is switched on to sustain the memory until after V_{CC} returns valid.

The bq4013/Y uses an extremely low standby current CMOS SRAM, coupled with a small lithium coin cell to provide nonvolatility without long write-cycle times and the write-cycle limitations associated with EEPROM.

The bq4013/Y requires no external circuitry and is socket-compatible with industry-standard SRAMs and most EPROMs and EEPROMs.

Pin Connections

			1
NC E	1	32	b vcc
A16 🗆	2	31	D A15
A14 🗆	з	30	D NC
A12 🗆	4	29	Þ WE
A7 🗆	5	28	Þ A13
A6 🗆	6	27	D A8
As 🗆	7	26	р A9
A4 🗆	8	25	D A11
A3 C	9	24	DOE
A2 C	10	23	A10
A ₁ C	11	22	CE
A0 E	12	21	DQ7
DQ0 E	13	20	DQ6
DQ1 C	14	19	DQ5
DQ2 D	15	18	
Vss 🗆	16	17	DQ3
L			1
	32-Pin DIP N	Modul	e

RN 401301.ep

Pin Names

DQ0-DQ7

CE

OE

- A₀–A₁₆ Address inputs
 - DQ₇ Data input/output Chip enable input
 - Output enable input

WE	Write enable input
NC	No connect
V _{CC}	Supply voltage input
V _{SS}	Ground



Selection Guide

Part Number			Maximum Access Time (ns)	Negative Supply Tolerance	
-	-87	750.00	bq4013YMA -70	70	-10%
bq4013MA -85	85	-5%	bq4013YMA -85	85	-10%
bq4013MA-120	120	-5%	bq4013YMA-120	120	-10%

9/96 D



Functional Description

When power is valid, the bq4013/Y operates as a standard CMOS SRAM. During power-down and power-up cycles, the bq4013/Y acts as a nonvolatile memory, automatically protecting and preserving the memory contents.

Power-down/power-up control circuitry constantly monitors the $V_{\rm CC}$ supply for a power-fail-detect threshold $V_{\rm PFD}$. The bq4013 monitors for $V_{\rm PFD}$ = 4.62V typical for use in systems with 5% supply tolerance. The bq4013Y monitors for $V_{\rm PFD}$ = 4.37V typical for use in systems with 10% supply tolerance.

When V_{CC} falls below the V_{PFD} threshold, the SRAM automatically write-protects the data. All outputs become high impedance, and all inputs are treated as "don't care." If a valid access is in process at the time of power-fail detection, the memory cycle continues to completion. If the memory cycle fails to terminate within time t_{WPT} , write-protection takes place.

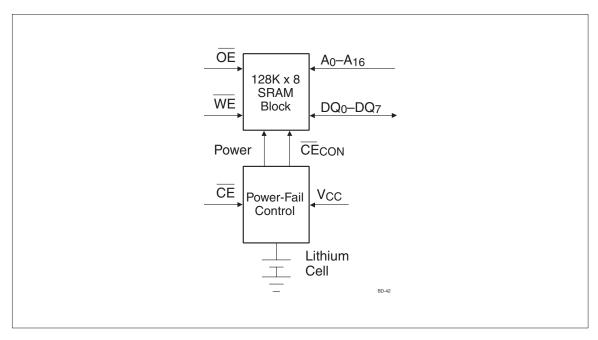
As V_{CC} falls past V_{PFD} and approaches 3V, the control circuitry switches to the internal lithium backup supply, which provides data retention until valid V_{CC} is applied.

When V_{CC} returns to a level above the internal backup cell voltage, the supply is switched back to V_{CC} . After V_{CC} ramps above the V_{PFD} threshold, write-protection continues for a time t_{CER} (120ms maximum) to allow for processor stabilization. Normal memory operation may resume after this time.

The internal coin cell used by the bq4013/Y has an extremely long shelf life and provides data retention for more than 10 years in the absence of system power.

As shipped from Unitrode, the integral lithium cell of the MA-type module is electrically isolated from the memory. (Self-discharge in this condition is approximately 0.5% per year.) Following the first application of V_{CC} , this isolation is broken, and the lithium backup cell provides data retention on subsequent power-downs.

Block Diagram



Truth Table

Mode	CE	WE	ŌE	I/O Operation	Power
Not selected	Н	Х	Х	High Z	Standby
Output disable	L	Н	Н	High Z	Active
Read	L	Н	L	D _{OUT}	Active
Write	L	L	X	D _{IN}	Active

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit	Conditions
V _{CC}	DC voltage applied on V_{CC} relative to $V_{\rm SS}$	-0.3 to 7.0	V	
V_{T}	DC voltage applied on any pin excluding V_{CC} relative to $V_{\rm SS}$	-0.3 to 7.0	V	$V_T \leq V_{CC} + 0.3$
Π		0 to +70	°C	Commercial
TOPR	Operating temperature	-40 to +85	°C	Industrial "N"
T	Characterization of the second s	-40 to +70	°C	Commercial
T_{STG}	Storage temperature	-40 to +85	°C	Industrial "N"
T	The second se	-10 to +70	°C	Commercial
T_{BIAS}	Temperature under bias	-40 to +85	°C	Industrial "N"
$T_{\rm SOLDER}$	Soldering temperature	+260	°C	For 10 seconds

Note: Permanent device damage may occur if **Absolute Maximum Ratings** are exceeded. Functional operation should be limited to the Recommended DC Operating Conditions detailed in this data sheet. Exposure to conditions beyond the operational limits for extended periods of time may affect device reliability.

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit	Notes							
17	W G I I	4.5	5.0	5.5	V	bq4013Y							
V _{CC} Supp	Supply voltage	4.75	5.0	5.5	V	bq4013							
$V_{\rm SS}$	Supply voltage	0	0	0	V								
V_{IL}	Input low voltage	-0.3	-	0.8	V								
V_{IH}	Input high voltage	2.2	-	$V_{\rm CC}$ + 0.3	V								

Recommended DC Operating Conditions (TA = TOPR)

Note: Typical values indicate operation at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$.

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit	Conditions/Notes
I_{LI}	Input leakage current	-	-	± 1	μΑ	$V_{\rm IN}$ = $V_{\rm SS}$ to $V_{\rm CC}$
ILO	Output leakage current	-	-	± 1	μΑ	$\label{eq:eq:cell} \begin{array}{c} \overline{CE} = V_{IH} \ \ or \ \overline{OE} = V_{IH} \ or \\ \overline{WE} = V_{IL} \end{array}$
VOH	Output high voltage	2.4	-	-	V	I _{OH} = -1.0 mA
VOL	Output low voltage	-	-	0.4	V	I_{OL} = 2.1 mA
$\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{SB1}}$	Standby supply current	-	4	7	mA	$\overline{\rm CE}=V_{\rm IH}$
I_{SB2}	Standby supply current	-	2.5	4	mA	$\label{eq:cc} \begin{split} \overline{CE} &\geq V_{CC} - 0.2V, \\ 0V &\leq V_{IN} \leq \ 0.2V, \\ or \ V_{IN} &\geq V_{CC} - 0.2V \end{split}$
Icc	Operating supply current	-	75	105	mA	$\label{eq:min.cycle, duty = 100\%, } \frac{Min. cycle, duty = 100\%, }{CE = V_{IL}, I_{I/O} = 0mA}$
\$7		4.55	4.62	4.75	V	bq4013
V_{PFD}	Power-fail-detect voltage	4.30	4.37	4.50	V	bq4013Y
$V_{\rm SO}$	Supply switch-over voltage	-	3	-	V	

DC Electrical Characteristics (TA = TOPR, VCCmin ≤ VCC ≤ VCCmax)

Note: Typical values indicate operation at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_{CC} = 5V$.

Capacitance (T_A = 25°C, F = 1MHz, V_{CC} = 5.0V)

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit	Conditions
C _{I/O}	Input/output capacitance	-	-	10	$_{\rm pF}$	Output voltage = 0V
CIN	Input capacitance	-	-	10	pF	Input voltage = 0V

Note: These parameters are sampled and not 100% tested.

AC Test Conditions

Parameter	Test Conditions
Input pulse levels	0V to 3.0V
Input rise and fall times	5 ns
Input and output timing reference levels	1.5 V (unless otherwise specified)
Output load (including scope and jig)	See Figures 1 and 2

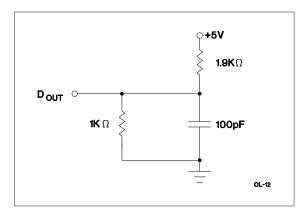


Figure 1. Output Load A

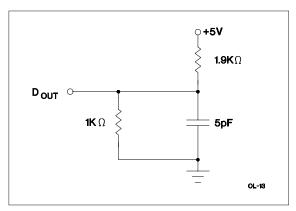
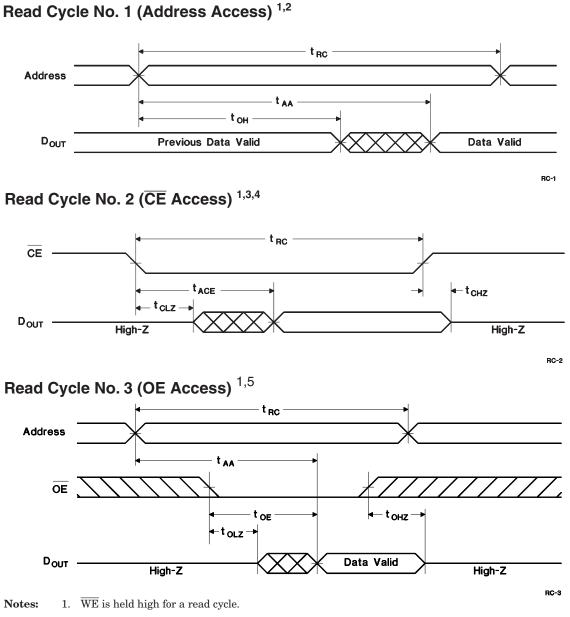


Figure 2. Output Load B

		-70/-	-70/-70N		-85/-85N		20		
Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Min.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
$t_{ m RC}$	Read cycle time	70	-	85	-	120	-	ns	
t _{AA}	Address access time	-	70	-	85	-	120	ns	Output load A
t_{ACE}	Chip enable access time	-	70	-	85	-	120	ns	Output load A
toe	Output enable to output valid	-	35	-	45	-	60	ns	Output load A
t _{CLZ}	Chip enable to output in low Z	5	-	5	-	5	-	ns	Output load B
tolz	Output enable to output in low Z	0	-	0	-	0	-	ns	Output load B
t _{CHZ}	Chip disable to output in high Z	0	25	0	35	0	45	ns	Output load B
t _{OHZ}	Output disable to output in high Z	0	25	0	25	0	35	ns	Output load B
t _{OH}	Output hold from address change	10	-	10	-	10	-	ns	Output load A

Read Cycle (TA = TOPR, VCCmin \leq VCC \leq VCCmax)



- 2. Device is continuously selected: $\overline{\text{CE}} = \overline{\text{OE}} = V_{IL}$.
- 3. Address is valid prior to or coincident with $\overline{\rm CE}$ transition low.
- $4. \quad \overline{\mathrm{OE}} = \mathrm{V_{IL}}.$
- 5. Device is continuously selected: $\overline{\rm CE}$ = $V_{\rm IL}.$

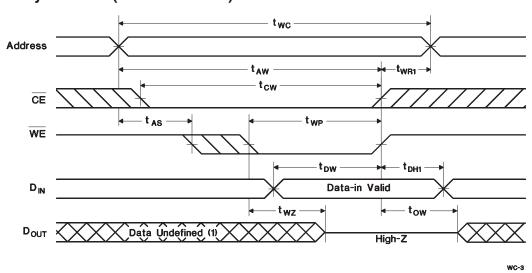
		-70/	-70N	-85/	-85N	-1	20		
Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Units	Conditions/Notes
t_{WC}	Write cycle time	70	-	85	-	120	-	ns	
$t_{\rm CW}$	Chip enable to end of write	65	-	75	-	100	-	ns	(1)
t _{AW}	Address valid to end of write	65	-	75	-	100	-	ns	(1)
t_{AS}	Address setup time	0	-	0	-	0	-	ns	Measured from address valid to beginning of write. (2)
t_{WP}	Write pulse width	55	-	65	-	85	-	ns	Measured from beginning of write to end of write. (1)
$t_{\rm WR1}$	Write recovery time (write cycle 1)	5	-	5	-	5	-	ns	Measured from $\overline{\text{WE}}$ going high to end of write cycle. (3)
$t_{ m WR2}$	Write recovery time (write cycle 2)	15	-	15	-	15	-	ns	Measured from $\overline{\text{CE}}$ going high to end of write cycle. (3)
$t_{\rm DW}$	Data valid to end of write	30	-	35	-	45	-	ns	Measured to first low-to-high transition of either $\overrightarrow{\text{CE}}$ or $\overrightarrow{\text{WE}}$.
$t_{\rm DH1}$	Data hold time (write cycle 1)	0	-	0	-	0	-	ns	Measured from $\overline{\text{WE}}$ going high to end of write cycle. (4)
$t_{\rm DH2}$	Data hold time (write cycle 2)	10	-	10	-	10	-	ns	Measured from \overline{CE} going high to end of write cycle. (4)
t_{WZ}	Write enabled to output in high Z	0	25	0	30	0	40	ns	I/O pins are in output state. (5)
tow	Output active from end of write	0	-	0	-	0	-	ns	I/O pins are in output state. (5)

Write Cycle (TA =TOPR, VCCmin \leq VCC \leq VCCmax)

Notes: 1. A write ends at the earlier transition of \overline{CE} going high and \overline{WE} going high.

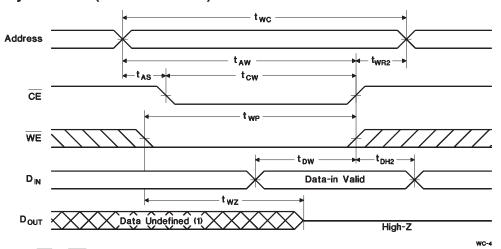
2. A write occurs during the overlap of a low \overline{CE} and a low \overline{WE} . A write begins at the later transition of \overline{CE} going low and \overline{WE} going low.

- 3. Either t_{WR1} or t_{WR2} must be met.
- $4. \quad Either \, t_{DH1} \, or \, t_{DH2} \, must \, be \, met.$
- 5. If $\overline{\text{CE}}$ goes low simultaneously with $\overline{\text{WE}}$ going low or after $\overline{\text{WE}}$ going low, the outputs remain in high-impedance state.



Write Cycle No. 1 (WE-Controlled) ^{1,2,3}

Write Cycle No. 2 (CE-Controlled) ^{1,2,3,4,5}





1. $\overline{\text{CE}}$ or $\overline{\text{WE}}$ must be high during address transition.

- 2. Because I/O may be active ($\overline{\text{OE}}$ low) during this period, data input signals of opposite polarity to the outputs must not be applied.
- 3. If $\overline{\text{OE}}$ is high, the I/O pins remain in a state of high impedance.
- 4. Either t_{WR1} or t_{WR2} must be met.
- 5. Either t_{DH1} or t_{DH2} must be met.

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit	Conditions
$t_{\rm PF}$	V_{CC} slew, 4.75 to 4.25 V	300	-	-	μs	
$t_{\rm FS}$	V_{CC} slew, 4.25 to $V_{\rm SO}$	10	-	-	μs	
$t_{\rm PU}$	V_{CC} slew, V_{SO} to $V_{PFD}\left(max.\right)$	0	-	-	μs	
t _{CER}	Chip enable recovery time	40	80	120	ms	Time during which $SRAM$ is write-protected after V_{CC} passes V_{PFD} on power-up.
$t_{\rm DR}$	Data-retention time in absence of $V_{\rm CC}$	10	-	-	years	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C.(2)$
t _{DR-N}	Data-retention time in absence of $V_{\rm CC}$	6	-	-	years	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ (2); industrial temperature range only
t _{WPT}	Write-protect time	40	100	150	μs	$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Delay after } V_{CC} \mbox{ slews} \\ \mbox{down past } V_{PFD} \mbox{ before} \\ \mbox{SRAM is} \\ \mbox{write-protected.} \end{array}$

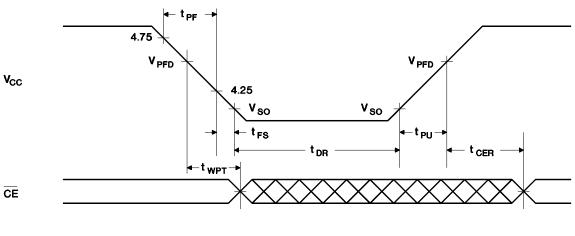
Power-Down/Power-Up Cycle (TA = TOPR)

Notes: 1. Typical values indicate operation at $T_A = 25$ °C, $V_{CC} = 5V$.

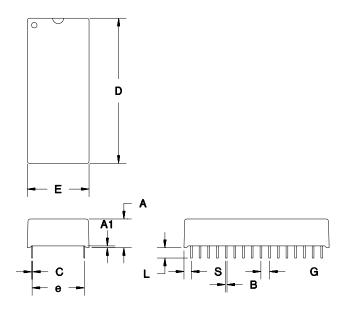
2. Battery is disconnected from circuit until after V_{CC} is applied for the first time. t_{DR} is the accumulated time in absence of power beginning when power is first applied to the device.

Caution: Negative undershoots below the absolute maximum rating of -0.3V in battery-backup mode may affect data integrity.

Power-Down/Power-Up Timing



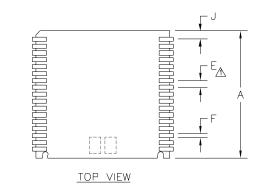
MA: 32-Pin A-Type Module

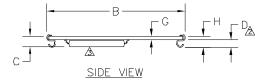


Dimension	Minimum	Maximum	
Α	0.365	0.375	
A1	0.015	-	
В	0.017	0.023	
С	0.008	0.013	
D	1.670	1.700	
Е	0.710	0.740	
е	0.590	0.630	
G	0.090	0.110	
L	0.120	0.150	
S	0.075	0.110	

All dimensions are in inches.

MS: 34-Pin Leaded Chip carrier for LIFETIME LITHIUM Module





34-Pin LCR LIFETIME LITHIUM Module

Dimension	Minimum	Maximum
Α	0.920	0.930
В	0.980	0.995
С	-	0.080
D	0.052	0.060
Е	0.045	0.055
F	0.015	0.025
G	0.020	0.030
Н	-	0.090
J	0.053	0.073

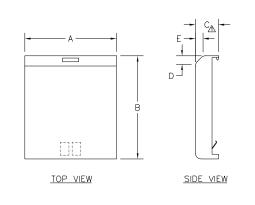
All dimensions are in inches.

 $\frac{1}{2}$ Centerline of lead within ±0.005 of true position.

 Δ Leads coplanar within ±0.004 at seating plane.

3 Components and location may vary.

/2



MS: LIFETIME LITHIUM Module Housing

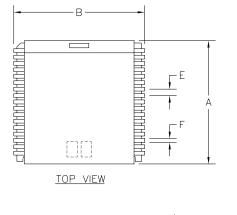
LIFETIME LITHIUM Module Housing

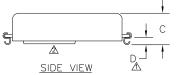
Dimension	Minimum	Maximum
А	0.845	0.855
В	0.955	0.965
С	0.210	0.220
D	0.065	0.075
Е	0.065	0.075

All dimensions are in inches.

1 Edges coplanar within ±0.025.

MS: LIFETIME LITHIUM Module with LCR attached



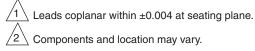


LIFETIME LITHIUM Module

Dimension	Minimum	Maximum	
Α	0.955	0.965	
В	0.980	0.995	
С	0.240	0.250	
D	0.052	0.060	
Е	0.045	0.055	
F	0.015	0.025	

All dimensions are in inches.

SIDE VIEW

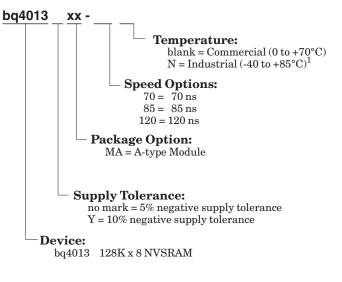


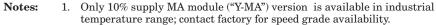
Change No.	Page No.	Description		
1	2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 9	Added industrial temperature range.		
2	1, 4, 6, 9	Added 70ns speed grade for bq4013Y-70.		
3		Removed industrial temperature range for bq4013YMA-120N		

Data Sheet Revision History

Notes: Change 1 = Sept. 1992 B changes from Sept. 1990 A. Change 2 = Aug. 1993 C changes from Sept. 1991 B. Change 3 = Sept. 1996 D changes from Aug. 1993 C.

Ordering Information







PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

30-Mar-2005

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status ⁽¹⁾	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan ⁽²⁾	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp ⁽³⁾
BQ4013MA-120	ACTIVE	DIP MOD ULE	MA	0	1	TBD	Call TI	Call TI
BQ4013MA-85	ACTIVE	DIP MOD ULE	MA	0	1	TBD	Call TI	Call TI
BQ4013YMA-120	ACTIVE	DIP MOD ULE	MA	0	1	TBD	Call TI	Call TI
BQ4013YMA-70	ACTIVE	DIP MOD ULE	MA	0	1	TBD	Call TI	Call TI
BQ4013YMA-70N	ACTIVE	DIP MOD ULE	MA	0	1	TBD	Call TI	Call TI
BQ4013YMA-85	ACTIVE	DIP MOD ULE	MA	0	1	TBD	Call TI	Call TI
BQ4013YMA-85N	ACTIVE	DIP MOD ULE	MA	0	1	TBD	Call TI	Call TI

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS) or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details. TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

⁽³⁾ MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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