#### 查询SN65LBC031QD供应商

## <u>共应商</u> HIGH-SPEED CONTROLLER AREA NETWORK (CAN) TRANSCEIVERS

- SN65LBC031Q Meets Standard ISO/DIS 11898 (up to 500 k Baud)
- Driver Output Capability at 50 mA
- Wide Positive and Negative Input/output Bus Voltage Range
- Bus Outputs Short-Circuit-Protected to Battery Voltage and Ground
- Thermal Shutdown
- Available in Q-Temp Automotive
  - High Reliability Automotive Applications
  - Configuration Control/Print Support
  - Qualification to Automotive Standards

#### description

The SN65LBC031Q is a CAN transceiver used as an interface between a CAN controller and the physical bus for high speed applications of up to 500 k Baud. The device provides transmit capability to the differential bus and differential receive capability to the controller. The transmitter outputs (CANH and CANL), feature internal transition regulation to provide controlled symmetry resulting in low EMI emissions. Both

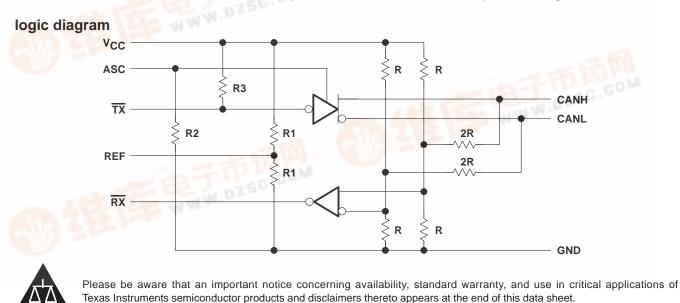
D PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)						
TX 1 8 ASC GND 2 7 CANH V <sub>CC</sub> 3 6 CANL RX 4 5 REF						
TERMINAL DESCRIPTION						
ТХ	Transmitter input					
GND	Ground					
VCC	Supply voltage					
RX	Receiver output					
REF	Reference output					
CANL	Low side bus output driver					
CANH	High side bus output driver					
ASC	ASC Adjustable slope control					
FUNCTION TABLE						

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#### FUNCTION TABL TX CANH CANL **BUS STATE** RX Н Т Dominant L L High or floating Floating Floating Recessive Н L = low.H = high

transmitter outputs are fully protected against battery short circuits and electrical transients that can occur on the bus lines. In the event of excessive device power dissipation the output drivers are disabled by the thermal shutdown circuitry at a junction temperature of approximately 160°C. The inclusion of an internal pullup resistor on the transmitter input ensures a defined output during power up and protocol controller reset. For normal operation at 500 k Baud the ASC terminal is open or tied to GND. For slower speed operation at 125 k Baud the bus output transition times can be increased to reduce EMI by connecting the ASC terminal to V<sub>CC</sub>. The receiver includes an integrated filter that suppresses the signal into pulses less than 30 ns wide.

The SN65LBC031Q is characterized for operation over the automotive temperature range of -40°C to 125°C.



RCDUCTION DATA information is current as of publication date. roducts conform to specifications per the terms of Texas instruments randard vargarnly. Production processing does not necessarily include esting of all parameters.



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#### absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)<sup>†</sup>

Logic supply voltage, V <sub>CC</sub> (see Note 1)	
Bus terminal vol <u>tag</u> e	
Input current at $\overline{TX}$ and ASC terminal, I <sub>1</sub>	
Input voltage at $\overline{TX}$ and ASC terminal, V <sub>1</sub>	$\dots 2 \times V_{CC}$
Operating free-air temperature range, T <sub>A</sub>	
Operating junction temperature range, T <sub>J</sub>	–40°C to 150°C
Continuous total power dissipation at (or below) 25°C free-air temperature See Diss	ipation Rating Table
Storage temperature range, T <sub>stg</sub>	65°C to 150°C
Case temperature for 10 sec $T_{C}$ , D package	260°C

† Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

**DISSIPATION RATING TABLE** 

NOTE 1: All voltage values, except differential bus voltage, are measured with respect to GND.

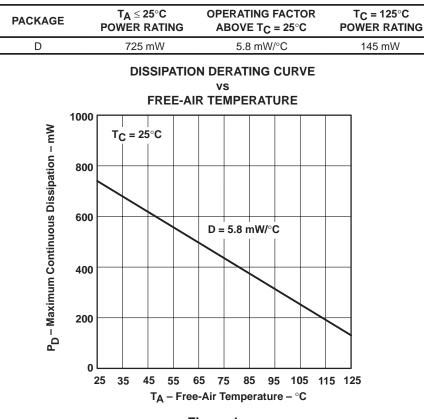


Figure 1



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#### recommended operating conditions

		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
Logic supply voltage, V <sub>CC</sub>		4.5	5	5.5	V
Voltage at any bus terminal (separa	ately or common mode), VI or VIC (see Note 3)	-2		7	V
High-level input voltage, VIH	TX	2		VCC	V
Low-level input voltage, VIL	TX	0		0.8	V
Ligh lovel output ourrent love	Transmitter			-50	mA
High-level output current, IOH	Receiver	3) -2 -2 -2 -2 -2 -2 -2 -2 -2 -2	-400	μA	
	Transmitter			50	<b>~</b> ^
Low-level output current, IOL	Receiver			1	mA
Operating free-air temperature, TA		-40		125	°C

NOTES: 2. All voltage values, except differential bus voltage, are measured with respect to the ground terminal.

3. For bus voltages from -5 V to -2 V and 7 V to 20 V the receiver output is stable.

STMBOL DEFINITION						
DATA SHEET PARAMETER	DEFINITION					
VO(CANHR)	CANH bus output voltage (recessive state)					
VO(CANLR)	CANL bus output voltage (recessive state)					
VO(CANHD)	CANH bus output voltage (dominant state)					
VO(CANLD)	CANL bus output voltage (dominant state)					
VO(DIFFR)	Bus differential output voltage (recessive state)					
VO(DIFFD)	Bus differential output voltage (dominant state)					
VI(ASC)	Adjustable slope control input voltage					

#### SYMBOL DEFINITION

## electrical characteristics over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>O(REF)</sub>	Reference source output voltage	$I_{REF} = \pm 20 \ \mu A$	0.45 V <sub>CC</sub>		0.55V <sub>CC</sub>	V
R <sub>O(REF)</sub>	Reference source output resistance		5		10	kΩ
ICC(REC)	Logic supply current, recessive state	See Figure 2, S1 closed		12	20	mA
ICC(DOM)	Logic supply current, dominant state	See Figure 2, ST Closed		55	80	ШA



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# transmitter electrical characteristics over recommended ranges of supply and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
VO(CANHR) VO(CANLR)	Output voltage (recessive state)	See Figure 2, S1 open	2	0.5VCC	3	V	
VO(DIFFR)	Differential output voltage (recessive state)		-500	0	50	mV	
VO(CANHD)	Output voltage (dominant state)		2.75	3.5	4.5		
VO(CANLD)	Output voltage (dominant state)	See Figure 2, S1 closed	0.5	1.5	2.25	V	
VO(DIFFD)	Differential output voltage (dominant state)		1.5	2	3		
IIH(TX)	High lovel input current (TV)	V <sub>IH</sub> = 2.4 V		-100	-185	A	
	High-level input current (TX)	$V_{IH} = V_{CC}$			±2	μΑ	
	Ligh lovel input ourrest (ACC)	V <sub>IH</sub> = 2.4 V		100	165	A	
IIH(ASC)	High-level input current (ASC)	VIH = VCC		200	340	μA	
IIL(TX)	Low-level input current (TX)	V <sub>IL</sub> = 0.4 V		-180	-400	μA	
IIL(ASC)	Low-level input current (ASC)	V <sub>IL</sub> = 0.4 V		15	25	μA	
C <sub>I(TX)</sub>	TX input capacitance			8		pF	
I <sub>O(ssH)</sub>	CANH short circuit output current	$V_{O(CANH)} = -2 V \text{ to } 20 V$		-95	-200	mA	
IO(ssL)	CANL short circuit output current	V <sub>O(CANL)</sub> = 20 V to -2 V		140	250	mA	

NOTE 2: All voltage values, except differential bus voltage, are measured with respect to the ground terminal.

# transceiver dynamic characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range and $V_{CC}$ = 5 V

	PARAMETER	TEST	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
+ <i>a</i> .	Loop time	See Figures 2 and 3, S1 closed,	VI(ASC) = 0 V or open circuit, S2 open			280	ns
t(loop)	Loop time	See Figures 2 and 3, S1 closed,	VI(ASC) = V <sub>CC</sub> , S2 closed			400	ns
	Differential-output slew rate (recessive to dominant)	See Figures 2 and 4, S1 closed,	V <sub>I(ASC)</sub> = 0 or open circuit, S2 open		35		V/µs
SR(RD)		See Figures 2 and 4, S1 closed,	VI(ASC) = V <sub>CC</sub> , S2 closed		10		V/µs
	Differential-output slew rate	See Figures 2 and 4, S1 closed,	V <sub>I(ASC)</sub> = 0 or open circuit, S2 open		10		V/µs
SR(DR)	(dominant to recessive)	See Figures 2 and 4, S1 closed,	VI(ASC) = V <sub>CC</sub> , S2 closed		10		V/µs
<sup>t</sup> d(RD)	Differential output delay time		S1 alagad		55		ns
<sup>t</sup> d(DR)	Differential-output delay time	See Figure 2,	S1 closed		160		ns
<sup>t</sup> pd(RECRD)	Receiver propagation delay	See Figures 2 and 5			90		ns
<sup>t</sup> pd(RECDR)	time	See Figures 2 and 5			55		ns

NOTE 4: Receiver input pulse width should be >50 ns. Input pulses of <30 ns are suppressed.



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#### receiver electrical characteristics over recommended ranges of common-mode input voltage, supply voltage, and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
VIT(REC)	Differential input threshold voltage for recessive state	$V_{IC} = -2 V \text{ to } 7 V$			500	mV
VIT(DOM)	Differential input threshold voltage for dominant state	$V_{\rm IC} = -2  v  10  V  v$	900			IIIV
V <sub>hys</sub>	Recessive-dominant input hysteresis		100	180		mV
VOH(RX)	High-level output voltage	VO(DIFF) = 500 mV, I <sub>OH</sub> = -400 μA	V <sub>CC</sub> -0.5 V		VCC	V
VOL(RX)	Low-level output voltage	VO(DIFF) = 900 mV, I <sub>OL</sub> = 1 mA	0		0.5	V
<sup>r</sup> I(REC)	CANH and CANL input resistance in recessive state	dc, no load	5		50	kΩ
<sup>r</sup> l(DIFF)	Differential CANH and CANL input resistance in recessive state	dc, no load	10		100	kΩ
Ci	CANH and CANL input capacitance			20		pF
C <sub>i(DHL)</sub>	Differential CANH and CANL input capacitance			10		pF

NOTE 2: All voltage values, except differential bus voltage, are measured with respect to the ground terminal.

#### S2 Vcc C > **60** Ω **60** Ω ASC CANH **S**1 TX Input VDIFF Ō CANL Generator 56 pF ≶ **60** Ω Ś **60** Ω 📥 56 pF ≶ R (see Note A) **RX** Output < 15 pF ÷

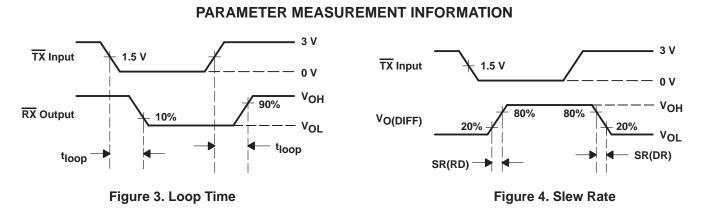
## PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

NOTE A: The input pulse is supplied to  $\overline{TX}$  by a generator having a t<sub>r</sub> and t<sub>f</sub> = 5 ns.

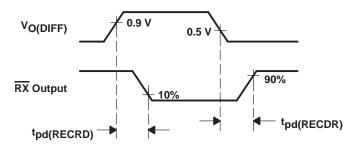
#### Figure 2. Test Circuit



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NOTE A: The input pulse is supplied to  $\overline{TX}$  by a generator having a t<sub>r</sub> and t<sub>f</sub> = 5 ns.



NOTE A: The input pulse is supplied as VDIFF using CANH and CANL respectively by a generator having a  $t_f$  and  $t_f = 5$  ns.



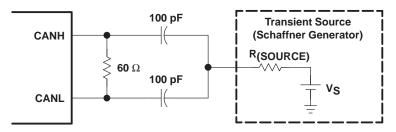
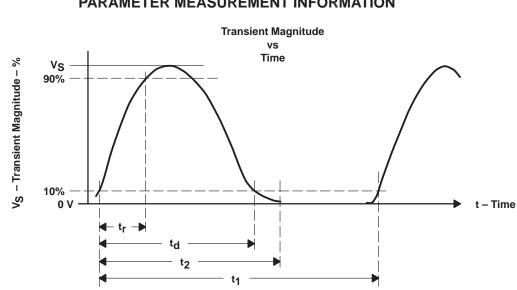


Figure 6. Transient Stress Capability Test Circuit



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#### PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

Figure 7. Transient Stress Capability Waveform

TEST PULSE	TRANSIENT MAGNITUDE <sup>V</sup> S	SOURCE IMPEDANCE <sup>R</sup> SOURCE	PULSE WIDTH <sup>t</sup> d (see Note 5)	PULSE RISE TIME, t <sub>r</sub> (see Note 6)	PULSE TIME, <sup>t</sup> 2 (see Figure 7)	REPETITION PERIOD, t <sub>1</sub> (see Figure 7)	NUMBER OF PULSES
1	–100 V	10 Ω	2 ms	1 μs	200 ms	5 s	5000
2	100 V	10 Ω	50 μs	1 μs	200 ms	5 s	5000
3a	–150 V	50 Ω	0.1 μs	5 ns	100 μs	100 μs	See Note 7
3b	100 V	50 Ω	0.1 μs	5 ns	100 μs	100 μs	See Note 7
5	60 V	1 Ω	400 ms	5 ms	_	_	1

Table 1. Test Circuit Results According to DIN 40839

NOTES: 5. Measured from 10% on rising edge to 10% on falling edge

6. Measured from 10% to 90% of pulse

7. Pulse package for a period of 3600 s, 10 ms pulse time, 90 ms stop time



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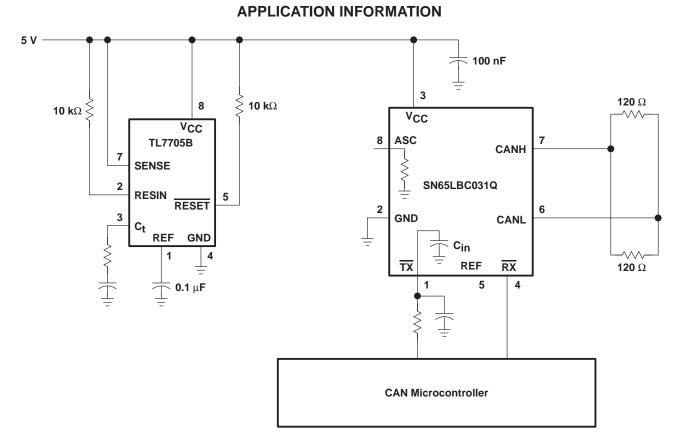


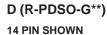
Figure 8. Typical SN65LBC031Q Application

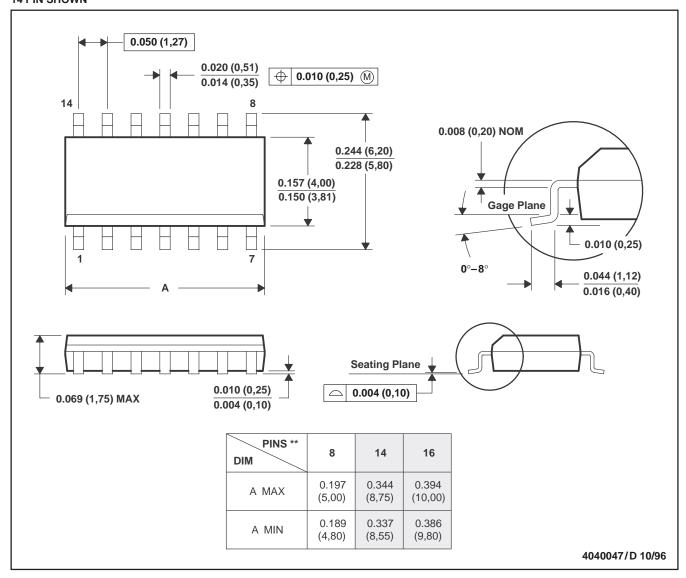


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#### **MECHANICAL DATA**

### PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE





NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion, not to exceed 0.006 (0,15).
- D. Falls within JEDEC MS-012



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