Document Title

256Kx16 Bit High Speed Static RAM(5.0V Operating).

Operated at Commercial and Industrial Temperature Ranges.

Revision History

Rev No.	<u>History</u>	Draft Data	Remark
Rev. 0.0	Initial release with Preliminary.	September. 7. 2001	Preliminary
Rev. 0.1	Package dimension modify on page 11.	Septermber.28. 2001	Preliminary
Rev. 0.2	Change Icc, Isb and Isb1	November, 3, 2001	Preliminary

Item	THE PARTY OF	Previous	Current
	10ns	90mA	65mA
ICC(Commercial)	12ns	80mA	55mA
	15ns	70mA	45mA
	10ns	115mA	85mA
ICC(Industrial)	12ns	100mA	75mA
ľ	15ns	85mA	65mA
ISB		30mA	20mA
ISB1(Normal)		10mA	5mA

Rev. 0.3 1. Correct AC parameters : Read & Write Cycle

2. Corrrect Power part : Delete "P-Industrial,Low Power" part

3. Delete Data Retention Characteristics

Rev. 0.4 1. Delete 15ns speed bin.

2. Change Icc for Industrial mode.

Change icc for industrial mode.							
Ite	m	Previous	Current				
ICC(Industrial)	10ns	85mA	75mA				
100(iiidustilai)	12ns	75mA	65mA				

Rev. 1.0 1. Final datasheet release.

2. Delete 12ns speed bin.

Rev. 2.0 1. Add the Lead Free Package type.

November, 23, 2001

Preliminary

December, 18, 2001

Preliminary

July, 09, 2002

Final

June. 20, 2003

Final

The attached data sheets are prepared and approved by SAMSUNG Electronics. SAMSUNG Electronics CO., LTD. reserve the right to change the specifications. SAMSUNG Electronics will evaluate and reply to your requests and questions on the parameters of this device. If you have any questions, please contact the SAMSUNG branch office near your office, call or contact Headquarters.



4Mb Async. Fast SRAM Ordering Information

		-	=	-	=	
Org.	Part Number	VDD(V)	Speed (ns)	PKG	Temp. & Power	
1M x4	K6R4004C1D-J(K)C(I) 10 5 10 J : 32-SOJ					
TIVI X4	K6R4004V1D-J(K)C(I) 08/10	3.3	8/10	K : 32-SOJ(LF)	C : Commercial Temperature ,Normal Power Range	
	K6R4008C1D-J(K,T,U)C(I) 10	5	10	J:36-SOJ	I : Industrial Temperature	
512K x8	K6R4008V1D-J(K,T,U)C(I) 08/10	3.3	8/10	K : 36-SOJ(LF) T : 44-TSOP2 U : 44-TSOP2(LF)	,Normal Power Range L : Commercial Temperature ,Low Power Range	
	K6R4016C1D-J(K,T,U,E)C(I) 10	5	10	J : 44-SOJ K : 44-SOJ(LF)	P : Industrial Temperature	
256K x16	K6R4016V1D-J(K,T,U,E)C(I,L,P) 08/10	3.3	8/10	T : 44-TSOP2 U: 44-TSOP2(LF) E : 48-TBGA	,Low Power Range	



256K x 16 Bit High-Speed CMOS Static RAM

FEATURES

• Fast Access Time 10ns(Max.)

• Low Power Dissipation

Standby (TTL) : 20mA(Max.) (CMOS) : 5mA(Max.)

Operating K6R4016C1D-10:65mA(Max.)

• Single 5.0V±10% Power Supply

· TTL Compatible Inputs and Outputs

• Fully Static Operation

- No Clock or Refresh required

· Three State Outputs

• Center Power/Ground Pin Configuration

• Data Byte Control : LB : I/O1~ I/O8, UB : I/O9~ I/O16

• Standard Pin Configuration

K6R4016C1D-J: 44-SOJ-400

K6R4016C1D-K: 44-SOJ-400(Lead-Free) K6R4016C1D-T: 44-TSOP2-400BF

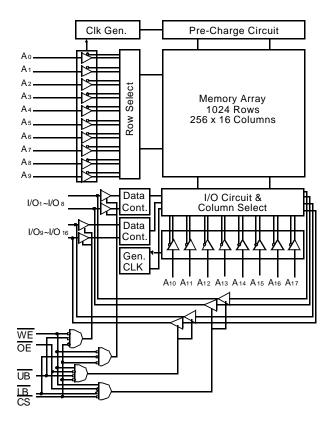
K6R4016C1D-U: 44-TSOP2-400BF (Lead-Free) K6R4016C1D-E: 48-TBGA with 0.75 Ball pitch (7mm X 9mm)

Operating in Commercial and Industrial Temperature range.

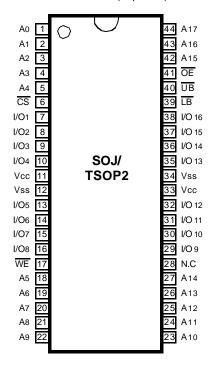
GENERAL DESCRIPTION

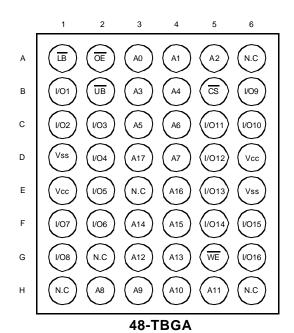
The K6R4016C1D is a 4,194,304-bit high-speed Static Random Access Memory organized as 262,144 words by 16 bits. The K6R4016C1D uses 16 common input and output lines and has an output enable pin which operates faster than address access time at read cycle. Also it allows that lower and upper byte access by data byte control(UB, LB). The device is fabricated using SAMSUNG's advanced CMOS process and designed for high-speed circuit technology. It is particularly well suited for use in high-density high-speed system applications. The K6R4016C1D is packaged in a 400mil 44-pin plastic SOJ or TSOP(II) forward or 48 T BGA.

FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



PIN CONFIGURATION (Top View)





PIN FUNCTION

	-
Pin Name	Pin Function
A0 - A17	Address Inputs
WE	Write Enable
CS	Chip Select
ŌĒ	Output Enable
LB	Lower-byte Control(I/O1~I/O8)
UB	Upper-byte Control(I/O9~I/O16)
I/O1 ~ I/O16	Data Inputs/Outputs
Vcc	Power(+5.0V)
Vss	Ground
N.C	No Connection

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS*

Parameter		Symbol	Rating	Unit
Voltage on Any Pin Relative to Vss		VIN, VOUT	-0.5 to VCC+0.5	V
Voltage on Vcc Supply Relative to Vss		Vcc	-0.5 to 7.0	V
Power Dissipation		PD	1.0	W
Storage Temperature		Tstg	-65 to 150	°C
Operating Temperature	Commercial	TA	0 to 70	°C
	Industrial	TA	-40 to 85	°C

^{*} Stresses greater than those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operating sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.



RECOMMENDED DC OPERATING CONDITIONS*(TA=0 to 70°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	Vcc	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
Ground	Vss	0	0	0	V
Input High Voltage	ViH	2.2	-	Vcc+0.5***	V
Input Low Voltage	VIL	-0.5**	-	0.8	V

The above parameters are also guaranteed at industrial temperature range.

DC AND OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS*(TA=0 to 70°C, Vcc=5.0V±10%, unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions			Min	Max	Unit
Input Leakage Current	lu	VIN=VSS to VCC			-2	2	μΑ
Output Leakage Current	ILO	CS=VIH or OE=VIH or WE=VIL VOUT=VSS to VCC			-2	2	μΑ
Operating Current	Icc	Min. Cycle, 100% Duty	Com.	10ns	-	65	mA
	С	CS=VIL, VIN=VIH or VIL, IOUT=0mA	Ind.	10ns	-	75	
Standby Current	ISB	Min. Cycle, CS=VIH f=0MHz, CS≥Vcc-0.2V, VIN≥Vcc-0.2V or VIN≤0.2V		-	20	mA	
	ISB1			-	5		
Output Low Voltage Level	Vol	IoL=8mA			-	0.4	V
Output High Voltage Level	Voн	IOH=-4mA			2.4	-	V

^{*} The above parameters are also guaranteed at industrial temperature range.

CAPACITANCE*(TA=25°C, f=1.0MHz)

Item	Symbol	Test Conditions	TYP	Max	Unit
Input/Output Capacitance	CI/O	VI/0=0V	-	8	pF
Input Capacitance	CIN	VIN=0V	-	6	pF

^{*} Capacitance is sampled and not 100% tested.



^{***} $V_{IL}(Min) = -2.0V$ a.c(Pulse Width $\leq 8ns$) for $I \leq 20mA$ *** $V_{IH}(Max) = V_{CC} + 2.0V$ a.c (Pulse Width $\leq 8ns$) for $I \leq 20mA$.

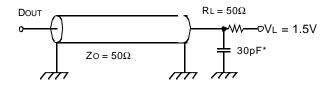
AC CHARACTERISTICS (TA=0 to 70°C, Vcc=5.0V±10%, unless otherwise noted.)

TEST CONDITIONS*

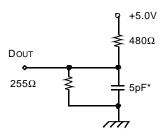
Parameter	Value
Input Pulse Levels	0V to 3V
Input Rise and Fall Times	3ns
Input and Output timing Reference Levels	1.5V
Output Loads	See below

^{*} The above test conditions are also applied at industrial temperature range.

Output Loads(A)



Output Loads(B) for tHz, tLz, tWHz, tOW, tOLz & tOHz



READ CYCLE*

Barranatan	0	K6R4016C1D-10		
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Read Cycle Time	trc	10	-	ns
Address Access Time	tAA	-	10	ns
Chip Select to Output	tco	-	10	ns
Output Enable to Valid Output	tOE	-	5	ns
Chip Enable to Low-Z Output	tız	3	-	ns
Output Enable to Low-Z Output	tOLZ	0	-	ns
Chip Disable to High-Z Output	tHZ	0	5	ns
Output Disable to High-Z Output	tonz	0	5	ns
Output Hold from Address Change	tон	3	-	ns
Chip Selection to Power Up Time	tpu	0	-	ns
Chip Selection to Power DownTime	tPD	-	10	ns

^{*} The above parameters are also guaranteed at industrial temperature range.

^{*} Capacitive Load consists of all components of the test environment.

^{*} Including Scope and Jig Capacitance

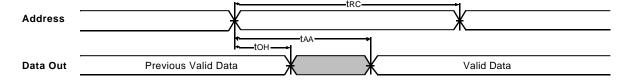
WRITE CYCLE*

Danamatan	0	K6R401	6C1D-10	I I m i t
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Write Cycle Time	twc	10	-	ns
Chip Select to End of Write	tcw	7	-	ns
Address Set-up Time	tas	0	-	ns
Address Valid to End of Write	tAW	7	-	ns
Write Pulse Width(OE High)	twp	7	-	ns
Write Pulse Width(OE Low)	tWP1	10	-	ns
Write Recovery Time	twr	0	-	ns
Write to Output High-Z	twHZ	0	5	ns
Data to Write Time Overlap	tDW	5	-	ns
Data Hold from Write Time	tDH	0	-	ns
End of Write to Output Low-Z	tow	3	-	ns

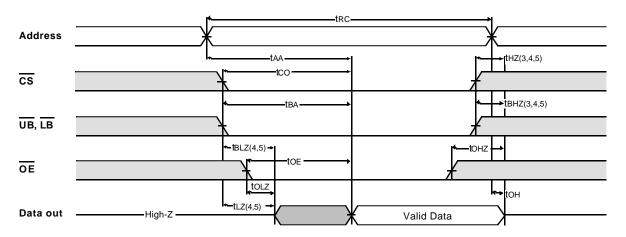
 $^{^{\}star}$ The above parameters are also guaranteed at industrial temperature range.

TIMING DIAGRAMS

 $\textbf{TIMING WAVEFORM OF READ CYCLE(1)} \ (\text{Address Controlled}, \ \overline{\text{CS}} = \overline{\text{OE}} = \text{VIL}, \ \overline{\text{WE}} = \text{VIH}, \ \overline{\text{UB}}, \ \overline{\text{LB}} = \text{VIL})$



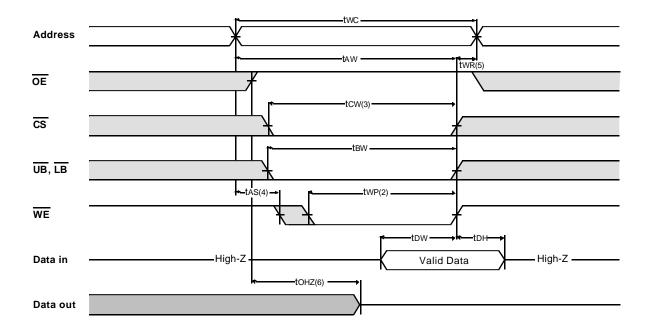
TIMING WAVEFORM OF READ CYCLE(2) (WE=ViH)



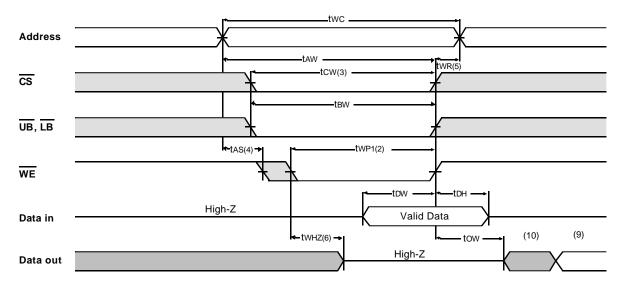
NOTES (READ CYCLE)

- 1. $\overline{\text{WE}}$ is high for read cycle.
- 2. All read cycle timing is referenced from the last valid address to the first transition address.
- 3. tHz and toHz are defined as the time at which the outputs achieve the open circuit condition and are not referenced to VoH or VoL
- 4. At any given temperature and voltage condition, thz(Max.) is less than tz(Min.) both for a given device and from device to device.
- 5. Transition is measured ± 200 mV from steady state voltage with Load(B). This parameter is sampled and not 100% tested. 6. Device is continuously selected with $\overline{\text{CS}} = \text{V}_{\text{IL}}$
- 7. Address valid prior to coincident with CS transition low.
- 8. For common I/O applications, minimization or elimination of bus contention conditions is necessary during read and write cycle.

TIMING WAVEFORM OF WRITE CYCLE(1) (OEClock)

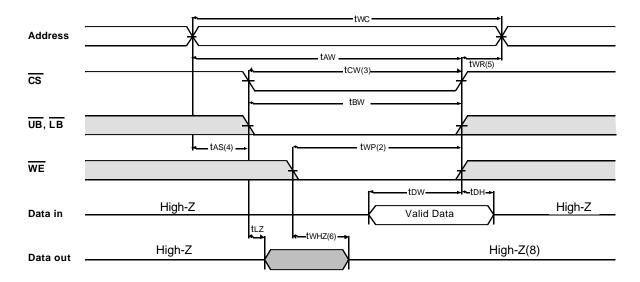


TIMING WAVEFORM OF WRITE CYCLE(2) (OE=Low fixed)

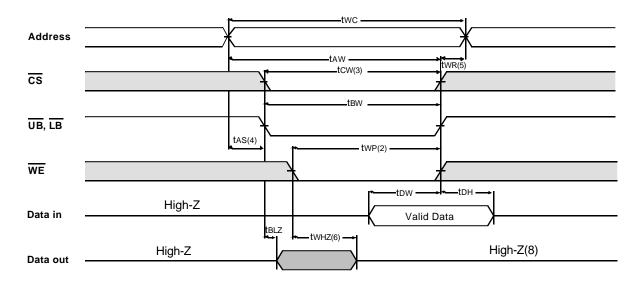




TIMING WAVEFORM OF WRITE CYCLE(3) (CS=Controlled)



TIMING WAVEFORM OF WRITE CYCLE(4) (UB, LBControlled)



NOTES(WRITE CYCLE)

- 1. All write cycle timing is referenced from the <u>last valid address</u> to the first transition address.
 2. A write occurs during the overlap of a low CS, WE, LB and UB. A write begins at the latest transition CS going low and WE going low; A write ends at the earliest transition \overline{CS} going high or \overline{WE} going high. twp is measured from the beginning of write to the end of write.
- 3. tcw is measured from the later of $\overline{\text{CS}}$ going low to end of write.
- 4. tas is measured from the address valid to the beginning of write.
- 5. twn is measured from the end of write to the address change. twn applied in case a write ends as $\overline{\text{CS}}$ or $\overline{\text{WE}}$ going high.
- 6. If \overline{OE} , \overline{CS} and \overline{WE} are in the Read Mode during this period, the I/O pins are in the output low-Z state. Inputs of opposite phase of the output must not . be applied because bus contention can occur.

 7. For common I/O applications, minimization or elimination of bus contention conditions is necessary during read and write cycle.
- 8. If \overline{CS} goes low simultaneously with \overline{WE} going or after \overline{WE} going low, the outputs remain high impedance state.
- 9. Dout is the read data of the new address.

 10. When CS is low: I/O pins are in the output state. The input signals in the opposite phase leading to the output should not be applied.



FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

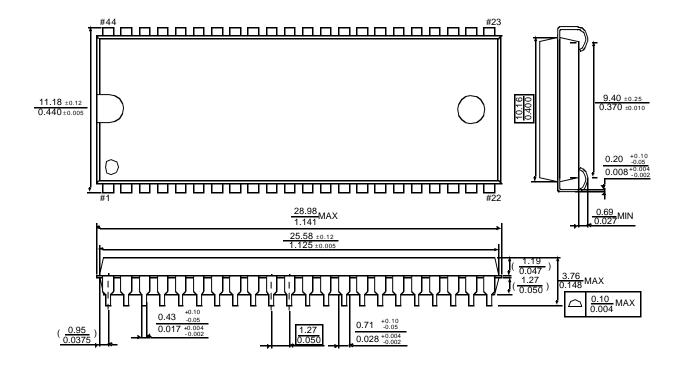
cs	WE	OE	LB	UB	Mode	I/O Pin		Supply Current
03	WL	OL	LB	ОВ	Wode	I/O1~I/O8	I/O9~I/O16	Supply Current
Н	Х	X*	Х	X	Not Select	High-Z	High-Z	ISB, ISB1
L	Н	Н	X	Х	Output Disable	High-Z	High-Z	Icc
L	Х	Х	Н	Η				
L	Н	L	L	Н	Read	Dout	High-Z	Icc
			Н	L		High-Z	Dout	
			L	L		Dout	Douт	
L	L	Х	L	Н	Write	DIN	High-Z	Icc
			Н	L		High-Z	DIN	
			L	L		DIN	DIN	

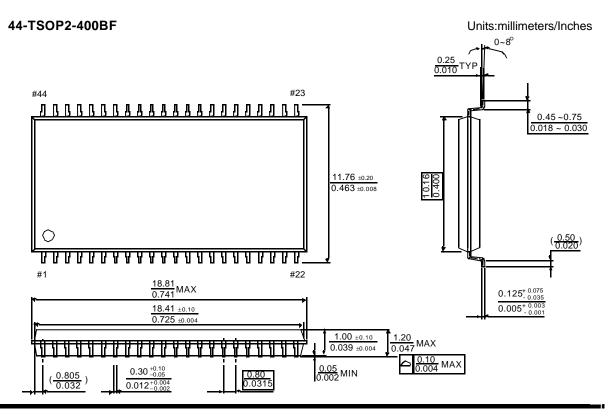
^{*} X means Don't Care.

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

Units:millimeters/Inches

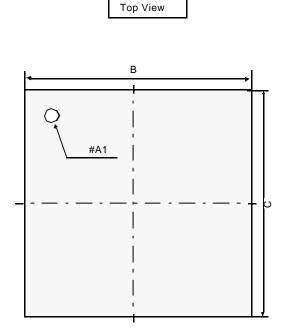
44-SOJ-400

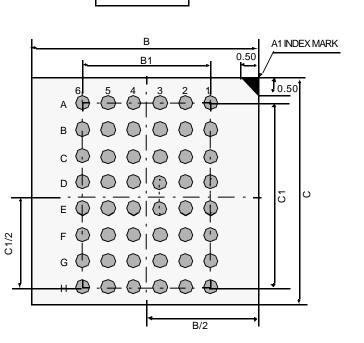




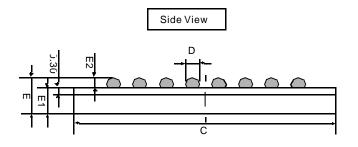
PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

Units: millimeter.

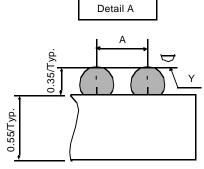




Bottom View



	Min	Тур	Max
Α	-	0.75	-
В	6.90	7.00	7.10
B1	-	3.75	-
С	8.90	9.00	9.10
C1	-	5.25	-
D	0.40	0.45	0.50
E	0.80	0.90	1.00
E1	-	0.55	-
E2	0.30	0.35	0.40
Y	-	-	0.08



Notes.

- 1. Bump counts: 48(8row x 6column)
- 2. Bump pitch : $(x,y)=(0.75 \times 0.75)(typ.)$
- 3. All tolerence are +/-0.050 unless otherwise specified.
- 4. Typ: Typical
- 5. Y is coplanarity: 0.08(Max)