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CA3169

Solenoid and Motor Driver (1/2 H Driver)

April 1992

Features

- Chip Encapsulated in a 5-Lead Plastic TO-220 Style Package (VERSA-VI)
- Output Short Circuit Protection
- Thermal Overload Protection
- Solenoid Inductive "Kick" Protection with Internal-Clamp Diodes
- Output Sink and Source Capacity of 600mA Minimum Overtemperature
- Horizontal and Vertical Mounting Packages Available
- Separate Sink Circuit and Source Circuit, Each Individually Controlled

Applications

- Latching Solenoid Driver (Single and Multiple)
- Non-Latching Solenoid Driver
- Relay Driver
- Lamp Controller
- Lamp Driver
- Motor Controller (Forward and Reverse)
- Stepper Motor Controller
- On-Off Logic Controllers (TTL Logic)
- Intermediate Power Driver
- Triac, SCR, and Transistor Drivers

Description

The CA3169 is a monolithic integrated circuit capable of driving lamps and other devices that can be changed between two states (on or off). Transistors, SCR's, and triacs are some of the solid state devices that can be controlled by the CA3169. This device can also control relays, solenoids (latching or nonlatching), motors (DC - forward and reverse) and DC stepping motors.

The CA3169 contains a separate source driver circuit with internal current limiting protection and a separate sink driver circuit. The sink driver contains an energy absorbing diode to protect the device against any inductive "kick" during state changes. The CA3169 is protected against overvoltage conditions on the output drivers and overtemperature conditions (thermal-shutdown protection).

The input operating levels are TTL compatible. The source and sink outputs are in their off condition (non-conducting) when their respective inputs are in a HI state, or open-circuited. The outputs are in their on state (conducting) when their respective inputs are LO. The VERSA-VI package is available with two lead configurations. The CA3169 has a vertical-mount lead form, and the CA3169M has a horizontal-mount lead form.

Ordering Information

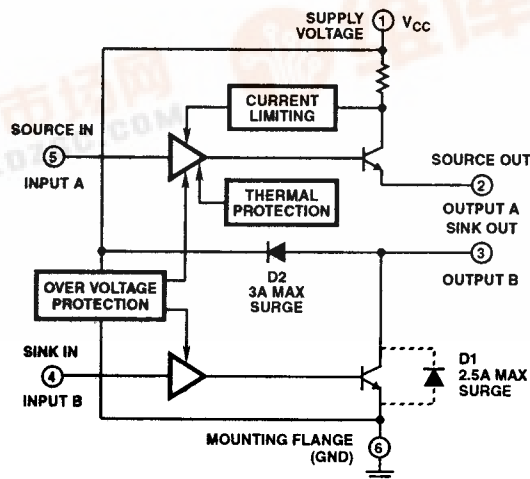
PART NUMBER	TEMPERATURE	PACKAGE
CA33169	-40°C to +85°C	5 Lead Plastic SIP Staggered Vertical
CA33169M	-40°C to +85°C	5 Lead Plastic SIP Surface Mount

Pinout

5 PIN PLASTIC TO-220 SIP
TOP VIEW



Functional Block Diagram



4

HALF BRIDGE



Specifications CA3169

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Supply Voltage (Pin 1 to GND)

Positive 41V DC

Negative 1.4V DC

Sink Current 1.9A

Source Current Controlled by Internal Current Limiting

Input Voltage:

Sink Input (Pin 4 to GND) 17V

Source Input (Pin 5 to GND) 17V

Maximum Forward Current - Diode D1 2.5A

Maximum Forward Current - Diode D2 3A

Power Dissipation, P_D at $T_A = 90^\circ\text{C}$ 15W

Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case: 4°C/W

Junction Temperature $+150^\circ\text{C}$

Operating Temperature -40°C to $+85^\circ\text{C}$

Storage Temperature -55°C to $+150^\circ\text{C}$

Lead Temperature (During Soldering):

At Distance $1/16 \pm 1/32$ in. ($1.59 \pm 0.79\text{mm}$)

from case for 10s max. $+265^\circ\text{C}$

CAUTION: Stresses above those listed in "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress only rating and operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied.

Electrical Specifications at $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 10.5\text{V}$ to 18V Unless otherwise specified.

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Output Leakage Current, Pin 2 See Figure 5		Inputs Open $V_{CC} = 4\text{V}$ to 18V Source and Sink Loads = 20Ω	-110	± 0.5	110	μA
Output Leakage Current, Pin 3 See Figure 5		Inputs Open $V_{CC} = 4\text{V}$ to 18V Source and Sink Loads = 20Ω	-110	± 0.5	110	
Thermal Resistance	θ_{JC}		-	3	4	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
Quiescent Current, Pin 1 See Figure 4		Device "ON" Input Terminals Shorted, $V_{CC} = 14\text{V}$	-	70	100	mA
Quiescent Current, Pin 1 See Figure 3		Device "OFF" Input Terminals Open, $V_{CC} = 14\text{V}$	-	17	40	
Thermal Shutdown Temperature		$R_L = \text{Short Circuit}$	128	140	162	$^\circ\text{C}$
Overvoltage Shutdown -Circuit Upper Trip Point, Pin 1 Voltage See Figure 7		$R_L = 20\Omega$	20	25	27	V
Overvoltage Shutdown - Circuit Lower Trip Point, Pin 1 Voltage See Figure 7		$R_L = 20\Omega$	18	21.4	23	
Input Logic Levels; Source Input - Pin 5, Sink Input - Pin 4						
Input Low Threshold Sink or Source	V_{IL}	$V_{CC} = 14\text{V}$ (See Note 1)	-	0.4	0.8	V
Input High Threshold Sink or Source	V_{IH}	$V_{CC} = 14\text{V}$ (See Note 2)	1.9	2.4	-	
Input Low Current Sink or Source	I_{LL}	$V_{IN} \leq 0.4\text{V}$	-0.9	-0.3	-	mA
Input High Current Sink or Source	I_{IH}	$V_{IN} \leq 5.5\text{V}$	-110	-23	110	μA
Output Voltage, Pin 2 See Figure 6	V_{OS}	Referenced to V_{CC} with $I_{SOURCE} = 600\text{mA}$, See Note 3	-	1	1.6	V
Short-Circuit Current Limit, Pin 2 to Ground			0.65	1.11	2.6	A
Turn-On Delay to Output-On, Pin 2		$C_L = 100\text{pF}$, $R_L = 33\Omega$	-	0.45	5.6	μs
Turn-Off Delay to Output-Off, Pin 2		$C_L = 100\text{pF}$, $R_L = 33\Omega$	-	5	55	μs
Sink Outputs						
Output Saturation Voltage See Figure 9	V_3	$I_{SINK} = 600\text{mA}$ $V_{IN} \leq 0.4\text{V}$ See Note 3	-	0.3	0.85	V
Output Saturation Voltage See Figure 9	V_3	$I_{SINK} = 1000\text{mA}$ $V_{IN} \leq 0.4\text{V}$ See Note 3	-	0.8	1.65	

CA3169

Electrical Specifications at $T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 10.5\text{V}$ to 18V Unless otherwise specified. (Continued)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Turn-On Delay to Output-On Pin 3	T_{ON}	$CL = 100\text{pF}$, $RL = 33\Omega$ to V_{CC}	-	0.45	5.6	μs
Turn-Off Delay to Output-Off Pin 3	T_{OFF}	$CL = 100\text{pF}$, $RL = 33\Omega$ to V_{CC}	-	0.95	25	

NOTES:

- 1. I_{SOURCE} or $I_{SINK} \leq 600\text{mA}$, $V_{OS} \leq 1.5\text{V}$, $V_{SINK} \leq 0.75\text{V}$.
- 2. I_{SOURCE} or $I_{SINK} \leq 100\mu\text{A}$, $V_{SOURCE} = \text{GND}$, for $V_{SINK} 20\Omega$ to V_{CC} .
- 3. Measured over temperature range of -40°C to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$.

TRUTH TABLE FOR SOLENOID DRIVER
TTL Logic Conditions: $0 \leq V_L \leq 0.8$, $1.9 \leq V_H \leq 5.5$

INPUT A SOURCE IN	INPUT B SINK IN	OUTPUT A SOURCE OUT	OUTPUT B SINK OUT
V_L	V_L	HIGH (ON)	LOW (ON)
V_L	V_H	HIGH (ON)	(OFF)
V_H	V_L	(OFF)	LOW (ON)
V_H	V_H	(OFF)	(OFF)

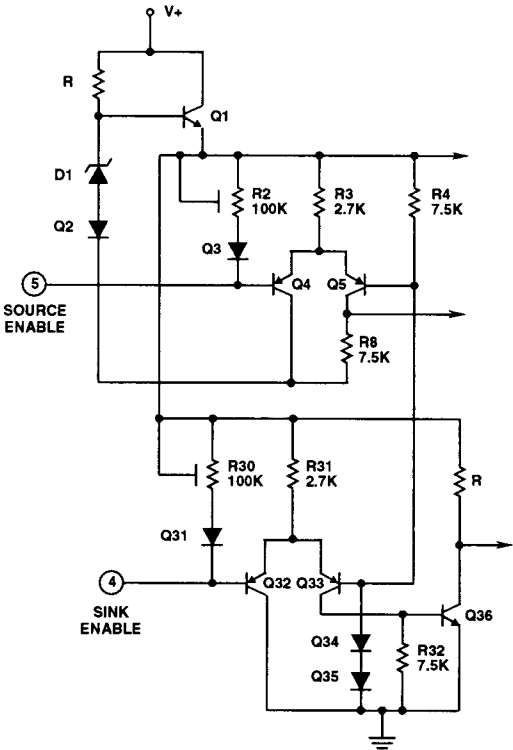
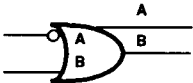


FIGURE 1. DETAILED SCHEMATIC OF THE INPUT CIRCUIT FOR CA3169.

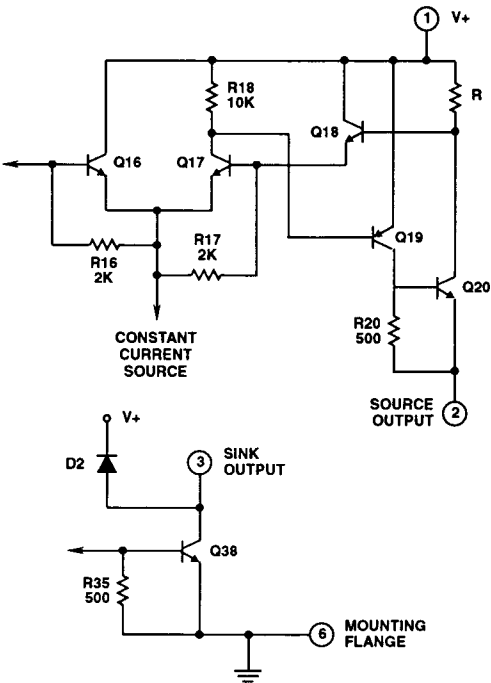


FIGURE 2. DETAILED SCHEMATIC OF THE OUTPUT CIRCUIT FOR CA3169.

Test Circuits

(VCC = VIN = PIN 1 VOLTAGE)

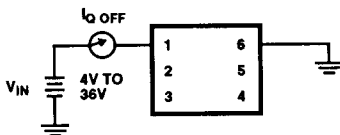


FIGURE 3. QUIESCENT CURRENT DEVICE "OFF".

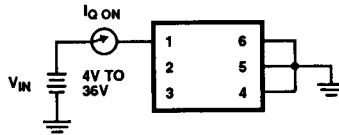


FIGURE 4. QUIESCENT CURRENT DEVICE "ON".

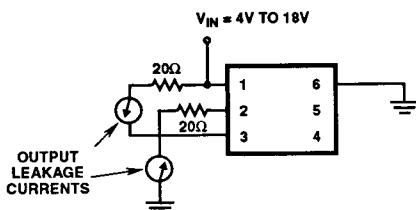


FIGURE 5. OUTPUT LEAKAGE CURRENTS.

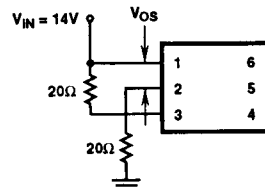
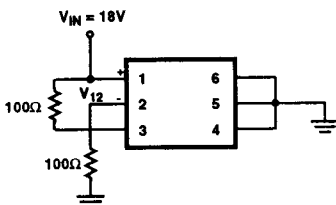


FIGURE 6. OUTPUT SOURCE VOLTAGE (REFERENCED TO VCC).



PROCEDURE

1. Measure V12.
2. Increase VCC until V12 ≥ 2V.
3. Measure VCC; this voltage is the high trip point. Pin 2 should be off; i.e., pin 3 should be high.
4. Observe and measure the voltage at pin 3.
5. Decrease VCC until pin 3 switches, i.e., ≤ 18V. The supply voltage will be the low trip point voltage.

FIGURE 7. OVERVOLTAGE PROTECTION.

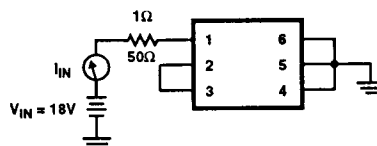


FIGURE 8. THERMAL SHUTDOWN.

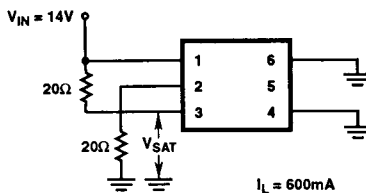
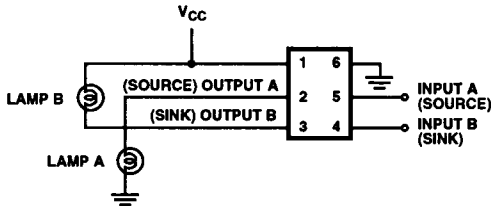


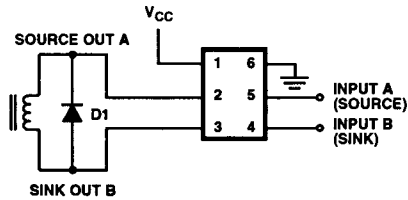
FIGURE 9. OUTPUT SATURATION VOLTAGE.

Typical Applications



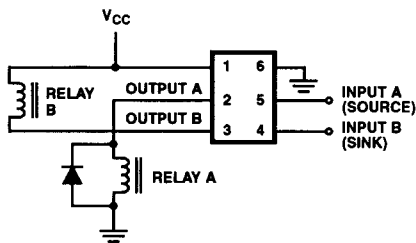
When input A goes low, lamp A will light.
When input B goes low, lamp B will light.

FIGURE 10. LAMP DRIVER.



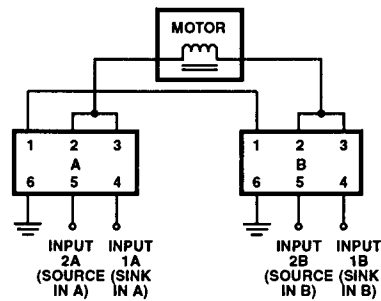
Input A and input B must both be low for the solenoid to switch.

FIGURE 11. NON-LATCHING SOLENOID.



Relay A will close when in input A goes low. Relay B will close when input B goes low. Both relays will close when both inputs go low.

FIGURE 12. RELAY DRIVER.



When opposing inputs go low, the motor will switch direction; if source input A and sink input B both go low, current will flow from A to B. If source input B and sink input A both go low, current will flow from B to A.

FIGURE 13. MOTOR DRIVER OR LATCHING SOLENOID DRIVER.