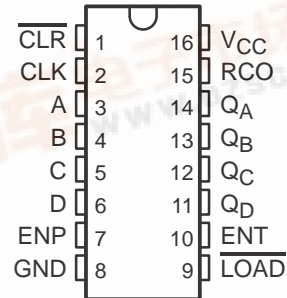


- Internal Look-Ahead for Fast Counting
- Carry Output for n-Bit Cascading
- Synchronous Counting
- Synchronously Programmable
- SCR-Latchup-Resistant CMOS Process and Circuit Design
- Exceeds 2 kV ESD Protection per MIL-STD-883, Method 3015
- Package Options Include Plastic Small-Outline (M), Standard Plastic (E) and Ceramic (F) DIPs

CD54AC161 ... F PACKAGE
CD74AC161 ... E OR M PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)



description

The CD54AC161 and CD74AC161 devices are 4-bit binary counters. These synchronous, presettable counters feature an internal carry look-ahead for application in high-speed counting designs. Synchronous operation is provided by having all flip-flops clocked simultaneously so that the outputs change coincident with each other when so instructed by the count-enable (ENP, ENT) inputs and internal gating. This mode of operation eliminates the output counting spikes that normally are associated with synchronous (ripple-clock) counters. A buffered clock (CLK) input triggers the four flip-flops on the rising (positive-going) edge of the clock waveform.

These devices are fully programmable; that is, they can be preset to any number between 0 and 9 or 15. Presetting is synchronous; therefore, setting up a low level at the load input disables the counter and causes the outputs to agree with the setup data after the next clock pulse, regardless of the levels of the enable inputs.

The clear function is asynchronous. A low level at the clear ($\overline{\text{CLR}}$) input sets all four of the flip-flop outputs low, regardless of the levels of the CLK, load ($\overline{\text{LOAD}}$), or enable inputs.

The carry look-ahead circuitry provides for cascading counters for n-bit synchronous applications without additional gating. Instrumental in accomplishing this function are ENP, ENT, and a ripple-carry output (RCO). Both ENP and ENT must be high to count, and ENT is fed forward to enable RCO. Enabling RCO produces a high-level pulse while the count is maximum (9 or 15 with Q_A high). This high-level overflow ripple-carry pulse can be used to enable successive cascaded stages. Transitions at ENP or ENT are allowed, regardless of the level of CLK.

The counters feature a fully independent clock circuit. Changes at control inputs (ENP, ENT, or $\overline{\text{LOAD}}$) that modify the operating mode have no effect on the contents of the counter until clocking occurs. The function of the counter (whether enabled, disabled, loading, or counting) is dictated solely by the conditions meeting the stable setup and hold times.

The CD54AC161 is characterized for operation over the full military temperature range of -55°C to 125°C . The CD74AC161 is characterized for operation from -40°C to 85°C .

Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.



CD54AC161, CD74AC161 4-BIT SYNCHRONOUS BINARY COUNTERS

SCHS239A – SEPTEMBER 1998 – REVISED APRIL 2000

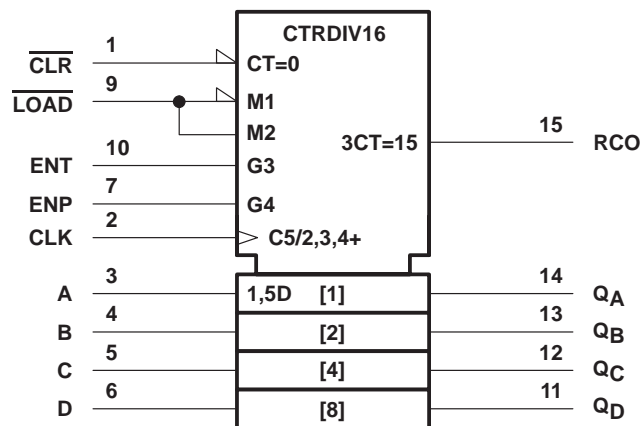
FUNCTION TABLE

INPUTS						OUTPUTS		FUNCTION
$\overline{\text{CLR}}$	CLK	ENP	ENT	$\overline{\text{LOAD}}$	A,B,C,D	Q_n	RCO	
L	X	X	X	X	X	L	L	Reset (clear)
H	\uparrow	X	X	l	l	L	L	Parallel load
H	\uparrow	X	X	l	h	H	Note 1	
H	\uparrow	h	h	h	X	Count	Note 1	Count
H	X	l	X	h	X	q_n	Note 1	Inhibit
H	X	X	l	h	X	q_n	L	

H = high level, L = low level, X = don't care, h = high level one setup time prior to the CLK low-to-high transition, l = low level one setup time prior to the CLK low-to-high transition, q = the state of the referenced output prior to the CLK low-to-high transition, \uparrow = CLK low-to-high transition.

NOTE 1: The RCO output is high when ENT is high and the counter is at terminal count (HHHH).

logic symbol†

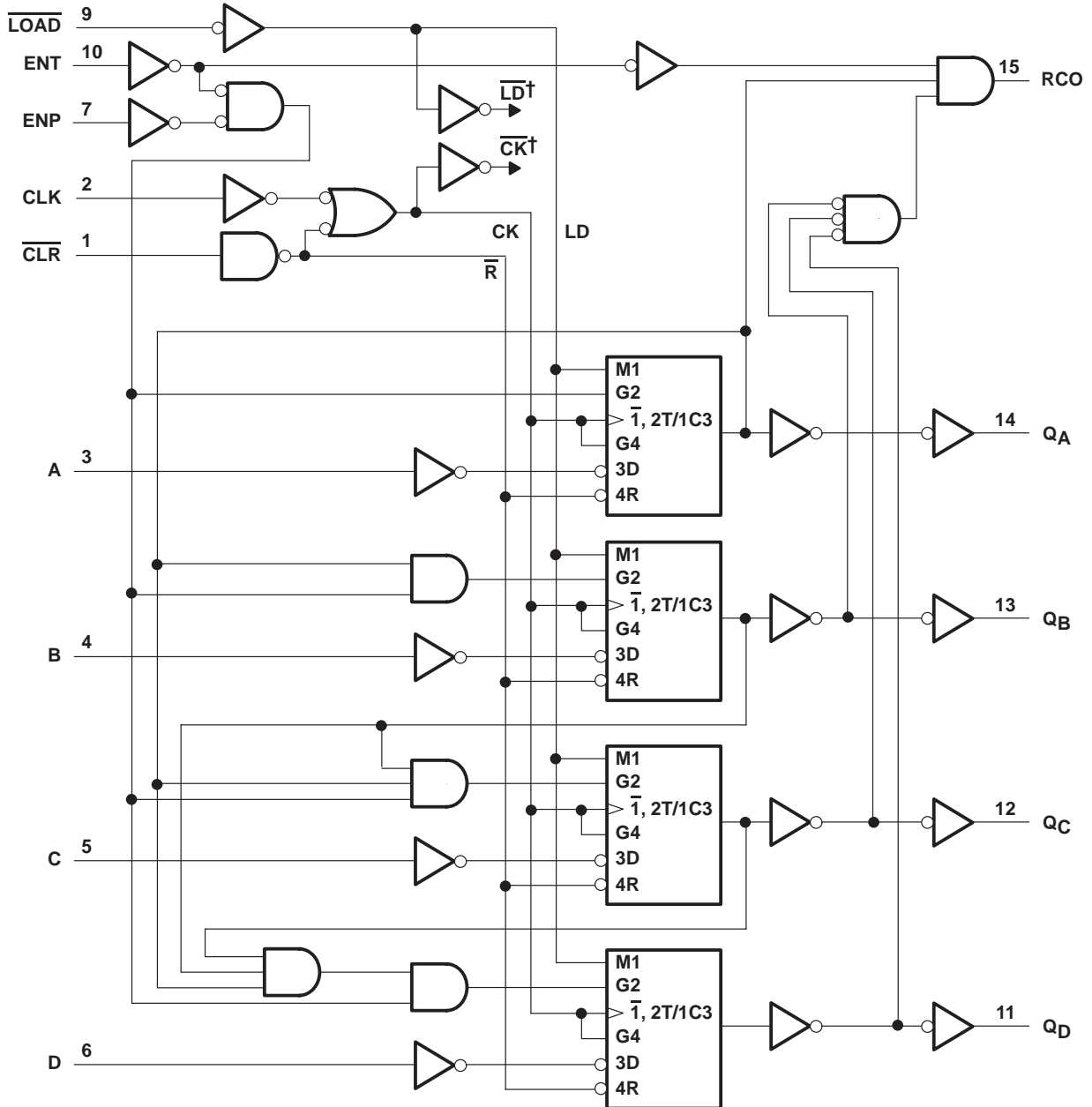


† This symbol is in accordance with ANSI/IEEE Std 91-1984 and IEC Publication 617-12.

CD54AC161, CD74AC161 4-BIT SYNCHRONOUS BINARY COUNTERS

SCHS239A – SEPTEMBER 1998 – REVISED APRIL 2000

logic diagram (positive logic)

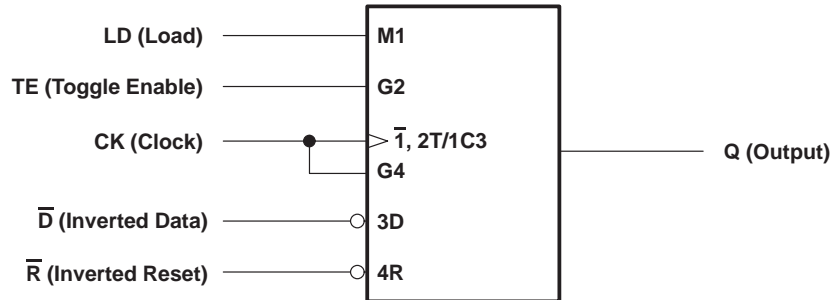


† For simplicity, routing of complementary signals $\overline{\text{LD}}$ and $\overline{\text{CK}}$ is not shown on this overall logic diagram. The uses of these signals are shown on the logic diagram of the D/T flip-flops.

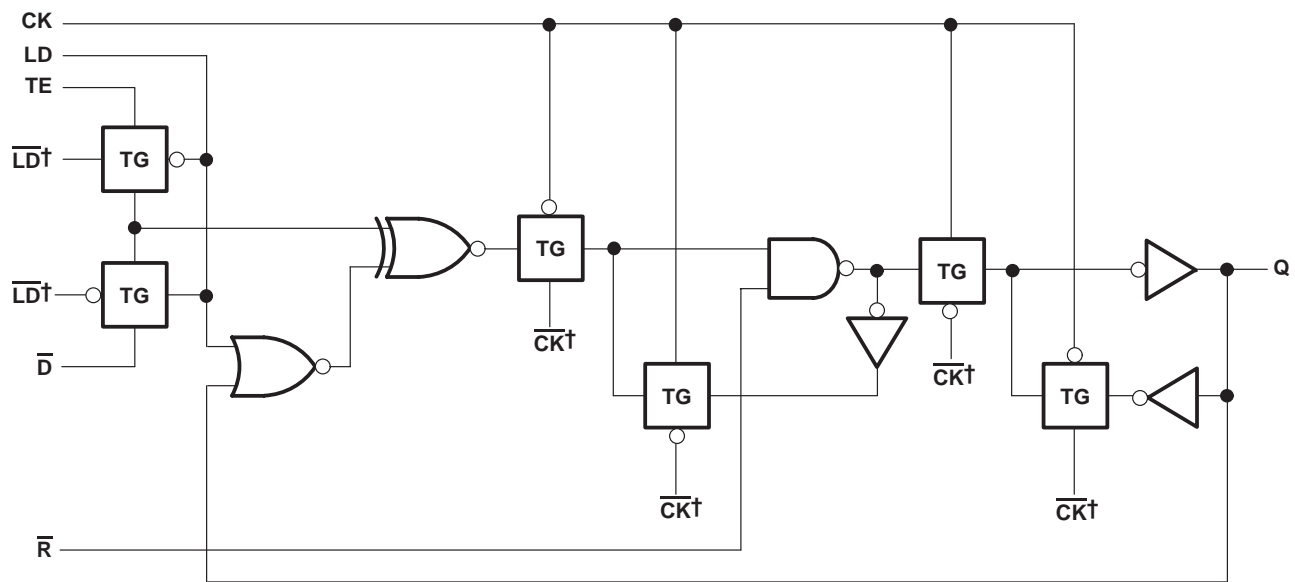
CD54AC161, CD74AC161 4-BIT SYNCHRONOUS BINARY COUNTERS

SCHS239A – SEPTEMBER 1998 – REVISED APRIL 2000

logic symbol, each D/T flip-flop



logic diagram, each D/T flip-flop (positive logic)



† The origins of \overline{LD} and \overline{CK} are shown in the logic diagram of the overall device.

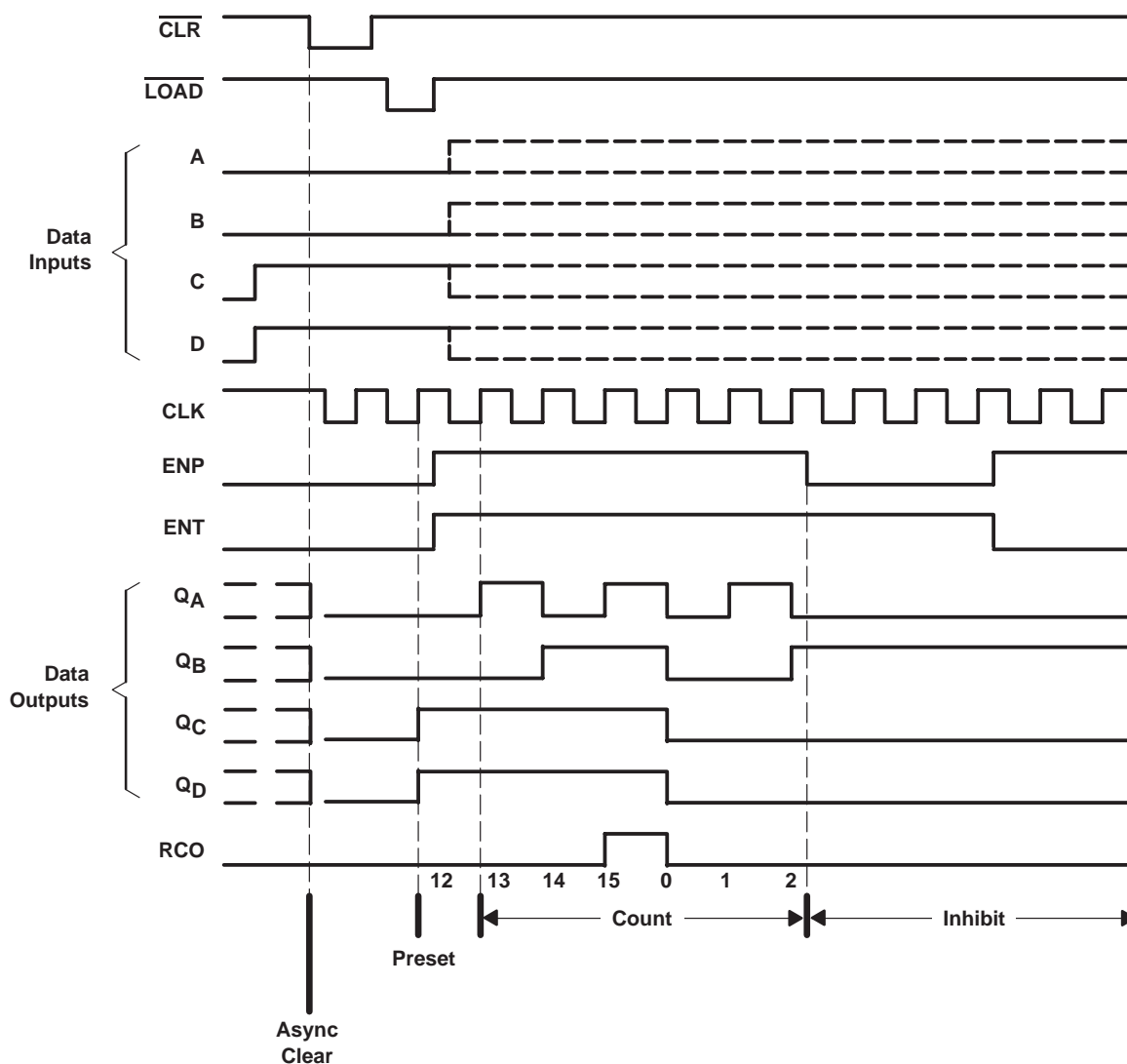
CD54AC161, CD74AC161 4-BIT SYNCHRONOUS BINARY COUNTERS

SCHS239A – SEPTEMBER 1998 – REVISED APRIL 2000

typical clear, preset, count, and inhibit sequence

The following sequence is illustrated below:

1. Clear outputs to zero (asynchronous)
2. Preset to binary 12
3. Count to 13, 14, 15, 0, 1, and 2
4. Inhibit



CD54AC161, CD74AC161

4-BIT SYNCHRONOUS BINARY COUNTERS

SCHS239A – SEPTEMBER 1998 – REVISED APRIL 2000

absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range†

Supply voltage range, V_{CC}	-0.5 V to 6 V
Input clamp current, I_{IK} ($V_I < 0$ V or $V_I > V_{CC}$) (see Note 2)	± 20 mA
Output clamp current, I_{OK} ($V_O < 0$ V or $V_O > V_{CC}$) (see Note 2)	± 50 mA
Continuous output current, I_O ($V_O > 0$ V or $V_O < V_{CC}$)	± 50 mA
Continuous current through V_{CC} or GND	± 100 mA
Package thermal impedance, θ_{JA} (see Note 3): E package	67°C/W
M package	73°C/W
Storage temperature range, T_{stg}	-65°C to 150°C

† Stresses beyond those listed under “absolute maximum ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under “recommended operating conditions” is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

- NOTES: 2. The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.
 3. The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51.

recommended operating conditions (see Note 4)

		$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		CD54AC161		CD74AC161		UNIT
		MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
V_{CC}	Supply voltage	1.5	5.5	1.5	5.5	1.5	5.5	V
V_{IH}	High-level input voltage	$V_{CC} = 1.5$ V		1.2	1.2	1.2		V
		$V_{CC} = 3$ V		2.1	2.1	2.1		
		$V_{CC} = 5.5$ V		3.85	3.85	3.85		
V_{IL}	Low-level input voltage	$V_{CC} = 1.5$ V			0.3		0.3	V
		$V_{CC} = 3$ V			0.9		0.9	
		$V_{CC} = 5.5$ V			1.65		1.65	
V_I	Input voltage	0	V_{CC}	0	V_{CC}	0	V_{CC}	V
V_O	Output voltage	0	V_{CC}	0	V_{CC}	0	V_{CC}	V
I_{OH}	High-level output current		-24		-24		-24	mA
I_{OL}	Low-level output current		24		24		24	mA
$\Delta t/\Delta v$	Input transition rise or fall rate	$V_{CC} = 1.5$ V to 3 V		0	50	0	50	ns
		$V_{CC} = 3.6$ V to 5.5 V		0	20	0	20	
T_A	Operating free-air temperature			-55	125	-40	85	°C

NOTE 4: All unused inputs of the device must be held at V_{CC} or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, *Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs*, literature number SCBA004.

CD54AC161, CD74AC161 4-BIT SYNCHRONOUS BINARY COUNTERS

SCHS239A – SEPTEMBER 1998 – REVISED APRIL 2000

electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC}	T _A = 25°C		CD54AC161		CD74AC161		UNIT
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
V _{OH}	V _I = V _{IH} or V _{IL}	I _{OH} = -50 μA	1.5 V	1.4	1.4	1.4			V
			3 V	2.9	2.9	2.9			
			4.5 V	4.4	4.4	4.4			
		I _{OH} = -4 mA	3 V	2.58	2.4	2.48			
			4.5 V	3.94	3.7	3.8			
			5.5 V	–	3.85	–			
I _{OH} = -75 mA [†]	5.5 V	–	–	3.85					
V _{OL}	V _I = V _{IH} or V _{IL}	I _{OL} = 50 μA	1.5 V	0.1	0.1	0.1		V	
			3 V	0.1	0.1	0.1			
			4.5 V	0.1	0.1	0.1			
		I _{OL} = 12 mA	3 V	0.36	0.5	0.44			
			4.5 V	0.36	0.5	0.44			
			5.5 V	–	1.65	–			
I _{OL} = 75 mA [†]	5.5 V	–	–	1.65					
I _I	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	5.5 V	±0.1	±1	±1	±1	μA		
I _{CC}	V _I = V _{CC} or GND, I _O = 0	5.5 V	8	160	80	80	μA		
C _i			10	10	10	10	pF		

[†] Test one output at a time, not exceeding 1-second duration. Measurement is made by forcing indicated current and measuring voltage to minimize power dissipation. Test verifies a minimum 50-Ω transmission-line drive capability at 85°C and 75-Ω transmission-line drive capability at 125°C.

CD54AC161, CD74AC161

4-BIT SYNCHRONOUS BINARY COUNTERS

SCHS239A – SEPTEMBER 1998 – REVISED APRIL 2000

timing requirements over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		V _{CC}	CD54AC161		CD74AC161		UNIT
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
f _{clock}	Clock frequency	1.5 V		7		8	MHz
		3.3 V ± 0.3 V		64		73	
		5 V ± 0.5 V		90		103	
t _w	CLK high or low	1.5 V	69		61	ns	
		3.3 V ± 0.3 V	7.7		6.8		
		5 V ± 0.5 V	5.5		4.8		
	$\overline{\text{CLR}}$ low	1.5 V	63		55		
		3.3 V ± 0.3 V	7		6.1		
		5 V ± 0.5 V	5		4.4		
t _{su}	A, B, C, or D	1.5 V	63		55	ns	
		3.3 V ± 0.3 V	7		6.1		
		5 V ± 0.5 V	5		4.4		
	$\overline{\text{LOAD}}$	1.5 V	75		66		
		3.3 V ± 0.3 V	8.4		7.4		
		5 V ± 0.5 V	6		5.3		
t _h	A, B, C, or D	1.5 V	0		0	ns	
		3.3 V ± 0.3 V	0		0		
		5 V ± 0.5 V	0		0		
	ENP or ENT	1.5 V	0		0		
		3.3 V ± 0.3 V	0		0		
		5 V ± 0.5 V	0		0		
t _{rec}	Recovery time, $\overline{\text{CLR}}$ ↑ before CLK↑	1.5 V	75		66	ns	
		3.3 V ± 0.3 V	8.4		7.4		
		5 V ± 0.5 V	6		5.3		

CD54AC161, CD74AC161 4-BIT SYNCHRONOUS BINARY COUNTERS

SCHS239A – SEPTEMBER 1998 – REVISED APRIL 2000

switching characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $C_L = 50$ pF (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 1)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	V_{CC}	CD54AC161		CD74AC161		UNIT
				MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
f_{max}			1.5 V	7		8		MHz
			$3.3 V \pm 0.3 V$	64		73		
			$5 V \pm 0.5 V$	90		103		
t_{pd}	CLK	RCO	1.5 V	–	209	–	190	ns
			$3.3 V \pm 0.3 V$	6	23.4	6	21	
			$5 V \pm 0.5 V$	4.3	16.7	4.3	15.2	
		Any Q	1.5 V	–	207	–	188	
			$3.3 V \pm 0.3 V$	5.9	23.1	5.9	21	
			$5 V \pm 0.5 V$	4.2	16.5	4.2	15	
	ENT	RCO	1.5 V	–	129	–	117	
			$3.3 V \pm 0.3 V$	3.6	14.4	3.7	13.1	
			$5 V \pm 0.5 V$	2.6	10.3	2.7	9.4	
	\overline{CLR}	Any Q	1.5 V	–	207	–	188	
			$3.3 V \pm 0.3 V$	5.9	23.1	5.9	21	
			$5 V \pm 0.5 V$	4.2	16.5	4.2	15	
		RCO	1.5 V	–	207	–	188	
			$3.3 V \pm 0.3 V$	5.9	23.1	5.9	21	
			$5 V \pm 0.5 V$	4.2	16.5	4.2	15	

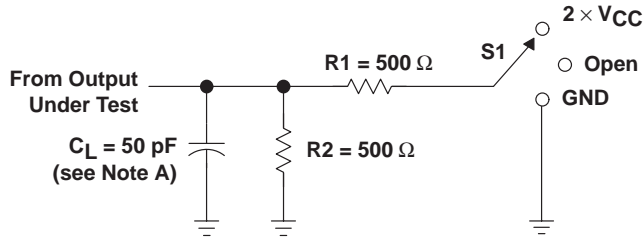
operating characteristics, $T_A = 25^\circ C$

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	TYP	UNIT
C_{pd} Power dissipation capacitance	No load	66	pF

CD54AC161, CD74AC161 4-BIT SYNCHRONOUS BINARY COUNTERS

SCHS239A – SEPTEMBER 1998 – REVISED APRIL 2000

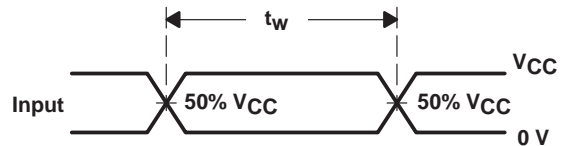
PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



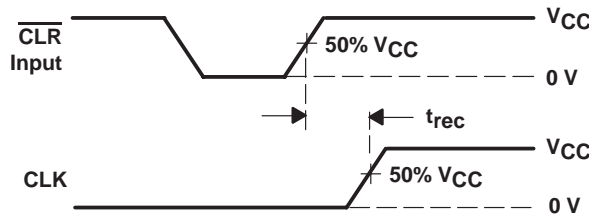
NOTE: When $V_{CC} = 1.5 \text{ V}$, $R1$ and $R2 = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$.

LOAD CIRCUIT

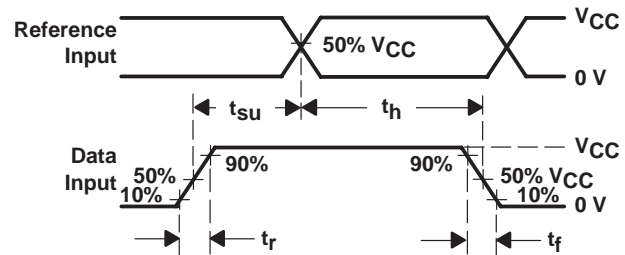
TEST	S1
t_{PLH}/t_{PHL}	Open
t_{PLZ}/t_{PZL}	$2 \times V_{CC}$
t_{PHZ}/t_{PZH}	GND



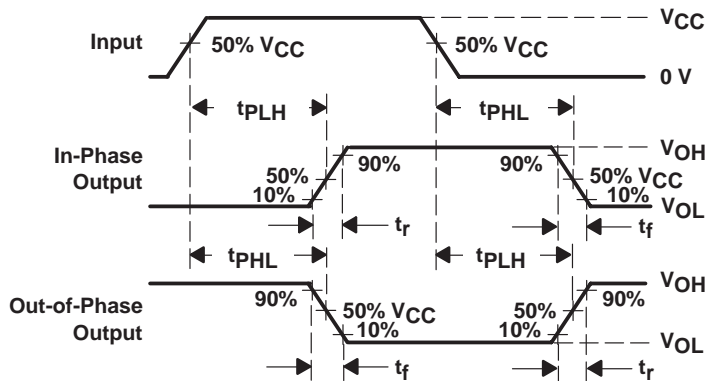
VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS
PULSE DURATION



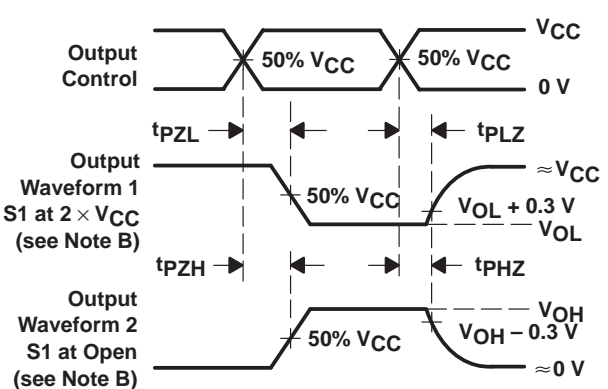
VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS
RECOVERY TIME



VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS
SETUP AND HOLD AND INPUT RISE AND FALL TIMES



VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS
PROPAGATION DELAY AND OUTPUT TRANSITION TIMES



VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS
OUTPUT ENABLE AND DISABLE TIMES

- NOTES:
- C_L includes probe and test-fixture capacitance.
 - Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control.
 - All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: $PRR \leq 1 \text{ MHz}$, $Z_O = 50 \Omega$, $t_r = 3 \text{ ns}$, $t_f = 3 \text{ ns}$. Phase relationships between waveforms are arbitrary.
 - For clock inputs, f_{max} is measured with the input duty cycle at 50%.
 - The outputs are measured one at a time with one input transition per measurement.
 - t_{PLH} and t_{PHL} are the same as t_{pd} .
 - t_{PZL} and t_{PZH} are the same as t_{en} .
 - t_{PLZ} and t_{PHZ} are the same as t_{dis} .

Figure 1. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

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