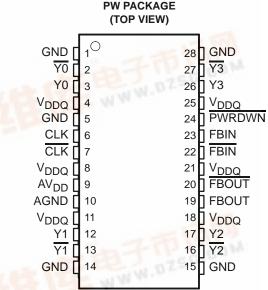
### 查询CDCV855供应商

# 捷多邦,专业PCB打样工厂,24 ℃ 100 ¥855, CDCV855I 2.5-V PHASE-LOCK LOOP CLOCK DRIVER

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- Phase-Lock Loop Clock Driver for Double Data-Rate Synchronous DRAM Applications
   Spread Spectrum Clock Compatible
   Operating Frequency: 60 MHz to 180 MHz
   Low Jitter (cyc–cyc): ±50 ps
   Distributes One Differential Clock Input to
- Four Differential Clock Outputs
  Enters Low Power Mode and Three-State Outputs When Input CLK Signal Is Less Than 20 MHz or PWRDWN Is Low
- Operates From Dual 2.5-V Supplies
- 28-Pin TSSOP Package
- Consumes < 200-µA Quiescent Current
- External Feedback PIN (FBIN, FBIN) Are Used to Synchronize the Outputs to the Input Clocks



### description

The CDCV855 is a high-performance, low-skew, low-jitter zero delay buffer that distributes a differential clock input pair (CLK, CLK) to four differential pairs of clock outputs (Y[0:3], Y[0:3]) and one differential pair of feedback clock outputs (FBOUT, FBOUT). When PWRDWN is high, the outputs switch in phase and frequency with CLK. When PWRDWN is low, all outputs are disabled to a high-impedance state (3-state), and the PLL is shut down (low-power mode). The device also enters this low-power mode when the input frequency falls below a suggested detection frequency that is below 20 MHz (typical 10 MHz). An input frequency detection circuit detects the low-frequency condition and after applying a >20-MHz input signal this detection circuit turns on the PLL again and enables the outputs.

When AV<sub>DD</sub> is tied to GND, the PLL is turned off and bypassed for test purposes. The CDCV855 is also able to track spread spectrum clocking for reduced EMI.

Since the CDCV855 is based on PLL circuitry, it requires a stabilization time to achieve phase-lock of the PLL. This stabilization time is required following power up. The CDCV855 is characterized for both commercial and industrial temperature ranges.

AVAILABLE OPTIONS				
Та	PACKAGED DEVICES			
TA	TSSOP (PW)			
0°C to 70°C	CDCV855PW			
-40°C to 85°C	CDCV855IPW			

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Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

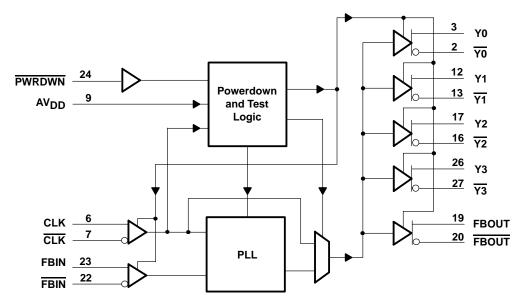


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FUNCTION TABLE (Select Functions)											
	INPUT	S			OU	TPUTS		PLL			
AV <sub>DD</sub>	AV <sub>DD</sub> PWRDWN CLK CLK Y[0:3] Y[0:3] FBOUT FBOUT										
GND	Н	L	Н	L	Н	L	Н	Bypassed/Off			
GND	Н	Н	L	Н	L	Н	L	Bypassed/Off			
Х	L	L	Н	Z	Z	Z	Z	Off			
Х	L	Н	L	Z	Z	Z	Z	Off			
2.5 V (nom)	Н	L	Н	L	Н	L	Н	On			
2.5 V (nom)	Н	Н	L	Н	L	Н	L	On			
2.5 V (nom)	Х	<20 MHz†	<20 MHz†	Z	Z	Z	Z	Off			

<sup>†</sup> Typically 10 MHz

### functional block diagram



### **Terminal Functions**

TER	MINAL	2	DESCRIPTION	
NAME	NO.	1/0	DESCRIPTION	
AGND	10		Ground for 2.5-V analog supply	
AVDD	9		2.5-V analog supply	
CLK, CLK	6, 7	-	Differential clock input	
FBIN, FBIN	23, 22	-	Feedback differential clock input	
FBOUT, FBOUT	19, 20	0	Feedback differential clock output	
GND	1, 5, 14, 15, 28		Ground	
PWRDWN	24	I	Control input to turn device in the power-down mode	
V <sub>DDQ</sub>	4, 8, 11, 18, 21, 25		2.5-V supply	
Y[0:3]	3, 12, 17, 26	0	Buffered output copies of input clock, CLK	
Y[0:3]	2, 13, 16, 27	0	Buffered output copies of input clock, CLK	



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### absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)<sup>†</sup>

Output voltage range, $V_O$ (see Notes 1 and 2) $-0.5 V$ to $V_{DDQ} + 0.5 V$ Input clamp current, $I_{IK}$ ( $V_I < 0$ or $V_I > V_{DDQ}$ ) $\pm 50 \text{ mA}$ Output clamp current, $I_{OK}$ ( $V_O < 0$ or $V_O > V_{DDQ}$ ) $\pm 50 \text{ mA}$ Continuous output current, $I_O$ ( $V_O = 0$ to $V_{DDQ}$ ) $\pm 50 \text{ mA}$ Continuous current to GND or $V_{DDQ}$ $\pm 100 \text{ mA}$ Package thermal impedance, $\theta_{JA}$ (see Note 3): PW package $105.8^{\circ}C/W$	Supply voltage range, V <sub>DDQ</sub> , AV <sub>DD</sub>	–0.5 V to 3.6 V
$ \begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	Input voltage range, V <sub>I</sub> (see Notes 1 and 2)	–0.5 V to V <sub>DDQ</sub> + 0.5 V
Output clamp current, $I_{OK}$ ( $V_O < 0$ or $V_O > V_{DDQ}$ )±50 mAContinuous output current, $I_O$ ( $V_O = 0$ to $V_{DDQ}$ )±50 mAContinuous current to GND or $V_{DDQ}$ ±100 mAPackage thermal impedance, $\theta_{JA}$ (see Note 3): PW package105.8°C/W	Output voltage range, V <sub>O</sub> (see Notes 1 and 2)	–0.5 V to V <sub>DDQ</sub> + 0.5 V
	Input clamp current, I <sub>IK</sub> (V <sub>I</sub> < 0 or V <sub>I</sub> > V <sub>DDQ</sub> )	±50 mA
Continuous current to GND or $V_{DDQ}$	Output clamp current, I <sub>OK</sub> (V <sub>O</sub> < 0 or V <sub>O</sub> > V <sub>DDQ</sub> )	±50 mA
Package thermal impedance, θ <sub>JA</sub> (see Note 3): PW package	Continuous output current, $I_O (V_O = 0 \text{ to } V_{DDQ})$	±50 mA
	Continuous current to GND or V <sub>DDQ</sub>	±100 mA
Storage temperature range T <sub>stg</sub>	Package thermal impedance, $\theta_{JA}$ (see Note 3): PW package	105.8°C/W
	Storage temperature range T <sub>stg</sub>	–65°C to 150°C

<sup>†</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTES: 1. The input and output negative voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.

- 2. This value is limited to 3.6 V maximum.
- 3. The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51.

### recommended operating conditions (see Note 4)

		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Supply voltage, V <sub>DDQ</sub> , AV <sub>DD</sub>	2.3		2.7	V	
	CLK, CLK, FBIN, FBIN			V <sub>DDQ</sub> /2-0.18	V
Low-level input voltage, V <sub>IL</sub>	PWRDWN	-0.3		0.7	V
	CLK, CLK, FBIN, FBIN	V <sub>DDQ</sub> /2 + 0.18			V
High-level input voltage, V <sub>IH</sub>	PWRDWN	1.7		V <sub>DDQ</sub> + 0.3	V
DC input signal voltage (see Note 5)	-0.3		VDDQ	V	
ifferential input signal voltage, VID (see Note 6) CLK, FBIN		0.36		V <sub>DDQ</sub> + 0.6	V
Output differential cross-voltage, $V_{O(X)}$ (see Note 7	V <sub>DDQ</sub> /2 – 0.2	V <sub>DDQ</sub> /2	V <sub>DDQ</sub> /2 + 0.2	V	
Input differential pair cross-voltage, $V_{I(X)}$ (see Note	V <sub>DDQ</sub> /2 – 0.2		V <sub>DDQ</sub> /2 + 0.2	V	
High-level output current, IOH				-12	mA
Low-level output current, IOL				12	mA
Input slew rate, SR (see Figure 7)	1		4	V/ns	
	Commercial	0		85	
Operating free-air temperature, T <sub>A</sub>	Industrial	-40		85	°C

NOTES: 4. Unused inputs must be held high or low to prevent them from floating.

5. DC input signal voltage specifies the allowable dc execution of differential input.

6. Differential input signal voltage specifies the differential voltage |VTR – VCP| required for switching, where VTR is the true input level and VCP is the complementary input level.

7. Differential cross-point voltage is expected to track variations of V<sub>DDQ</sub> and is the voltage at which the differential signals must be crossing.



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# electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CO	ONDITIONS	MIN	TYP†	MAX	UNIT		
VIK	Input voltage	All inputs	V <sub>DDQ</sub> = 2.3 V,	lj = -18 mA			-1.2	V	
			$V_{DDQ}$ = min to max, I <sub>OH</sub> = -1 mA		V <sub>DDQ</sub> - 0.1				
VOH	High-level outpu	t voltage	V <sub>DDQ</sub> = 2.3 V,	I <sub>OH</sub> = -12 mA	1.7			V	
Max			V <sub>DDQ</sub> = min to max	., I <sub>OL</sub> = 1 mA			0.1	v	
V <sub>OL</sub>	Low-level output	voltage	V <sub>DDQ</sub> = 2.3 V,	I <sub>OL</sub> = 12 mA			0.6	V	
ЮН	High-level outpu	t current	V <sub>DDQ</sub> = 2.3 V,	$V_{O} = 1 V$	-18	-32		mA	
IOL	Low-level output	t current	V <sub>DDQ</sub> = 2.3 V,	V <sub>O</sub> = 1.2 V	26	35		mA	
V <sub>OD</sub>	Output voltage s	wing	Differential evitevite	na tana ina ta duuith	1.1		$V_{DDQ} - 0.4$		
V <sub>OX</sub>	Output differentia cross-voltage <sup>‡</sup>	al	Differential outputs are terminated with 120 $\Omega$		V <sub>DDQ</sub> /2-0.2	V <sub>DDQ</sub> /2	V <sub>DDQ</sub> /2 + 0.2	V	
lj	Input current		V <sub>DDQ</sub> = 2.7 V,	V <sub>I</sub> = 0 V to 2.7 V			±10	μA	
I <sub>OZ</sub>	High-impedance current	e-state output	V <sub>DDQ</sub> = 2.7 V,	$V_{O} = V_{DDQ}$ or GND			±10	μΑ	
I <sub>DD(PD)</sub>	Power-down cur VDDQ + AVDD	rent on	CLK and $\overline{\text{CLK}} = 0 \text{ M}$ $\Sigma$ of I <sub>DD</sub> and AI <sub>DD</sub>	Hz; PWRDWN = Low;		100	200	μΑ	
			Differential outputs are terminated with $120 \Omega / CL = 14 pF$			150	180		
IDD	Dynamic current	t on VDDQ	Differential outputs are terminated with 120 $\Omega$ / CL = 0 pF	f <sub>O</sub> = 167 MHz		130	160	mA	
AI <sub>DD</sub>	Supply current o	n AV <sub>DD</sub>	f <sub>O</sub> = 167 MHz			8	10	mA	
CI	Input capacitanc	e	V <sub>DDQ</sub> = 2.5 V	$V_{I} = V_{DDQ} \text{ or } GND$	2	2.5	3	pF	
CO	Output capacitar	nce	V <sub>DDQ</sub> = 2.5 V	V <sub>O</sub> = V <sub>DDQ</sub> or GND	2.5	3	3.5	pF	

<sup>†</sup> All typical values are at respective nominal V<sub>DDQ</sub>.

<sup>‡</sup>Differential cross-point voltage is expected to track variation of V<sub>DDO</sub> and is the voltage at which the differential signals must be crossing.

# timing requirements over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature

	PARAMETER	MIN	MAX	UNIT
<sup>f</sup> CLK	Operating clock frequency	60	180	MHz
	Input clock duty cycle	40%	60%	
	Stabilization time (PLL mode) $\P$		10	μs
	Stabilization time (Bypass mode) $\S$		30	ns

§ Recovery time required when the device goes from power-down mode into bypass mode (test mode with AV<sub>DD</sub> at GND).

Time required for the integrated PLL circuit to obtain phase lock of its feedback signal to its reference signal. For phase lock to be obtained, a fixed-frequency, fixed-phase reference signal must be present at CLK. Until phase lock is obtained, the specifications for propagation delay, skew, and jitter parameters given in the switching characteristics table are not applicable. This parameter does not apply for input modulation under SSC application.



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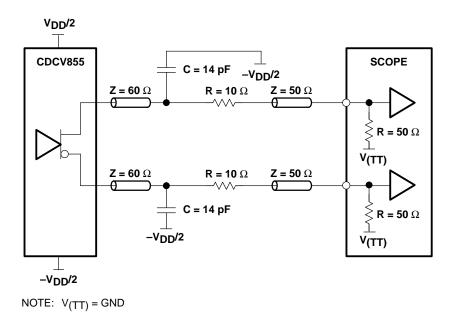
	PARAMETER	TES	T CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP†	MAX	UNIT
<sup>t</sup> PLH <sup>‡</sup>	Low-to-high level propagation delay time	Test mod	e/CLK to any output		4.5		ns
<sup>t</sup> PHL <sup>‡</sup>	High-to-low level propagation delay time	Test mod	e/CLK to any output		4.5		ns
		66 MHz		-55		55	ps
<sup>t</sup> jit(per) <sup>§</sup>	Jitter (period), See Figure 5	100/133/	167/180 MHz	-35		35	ps
8	l'itter (male te male). Or e Firmer O	66 MHz		-60		60	
<sup>t</sup> jit(cc) <sup>§</sup>	Jitter (cycle-to-cycle), See Figure 2	100/133/	167/180 MHz	-50		50	ps
<sup>t</sup> jit(hper) <sup>§</sup>		66 MHz		-130		130	
	Half-period jitter, See Figure 6	100 MHz	100 MHz			90	ps
		133/167/180 MHz		-75		75	
•		Load = 12	Load = $120\Omega / 14 \text{ pF}$			2	V/ns
<sup>t</sup> slr(o)	Output clock slew rate, See Figure 7	Load = 12	Load = 120Ω / 4 pF			3	V/ns
	Dynamic phase offset (this includes jitter), See Figure 3(b)		66 MHz	-180		180	ps
		SSC off	100/133 MHz	-130		130	
•			167/180 MHz	-90		90	
<sup>t</sup> d(Ø) <sup>§</sup>			66 MHz	-230		230	
		SSC on	100/133 MHz	-170		170	
			167/180 MHz	-100		100	
+(~)	Static phase offset, See Figure 3(a)	66 MHz	66 MHz 100/133/167/180 MHz			150	
t(Ø)	כומוני שוומשי טוושני, שיש רושטויש שנמי	100/133/				100	ps
tsk <sub>(0)</sub> ¶	Output skew, See Figure 4					50	ps
tr, tf	Output rise and fall times (20% – 80%)	Load: 120	0 Ω/14 pF	650		900	ps

<sup>†</sup> All typical values are at a respective nominal V<sub>DDQ</sub>.
 <sup>‡</sup> Refers to transition of noninverting output
 <sup>§</sup> This parameter is assured by design but can not be 100% production tested.

 $\P$  All differential output pins are terminated with 120  $\Omega/14$  pF.

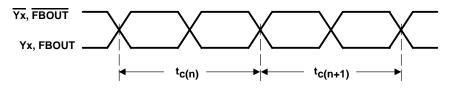


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### PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



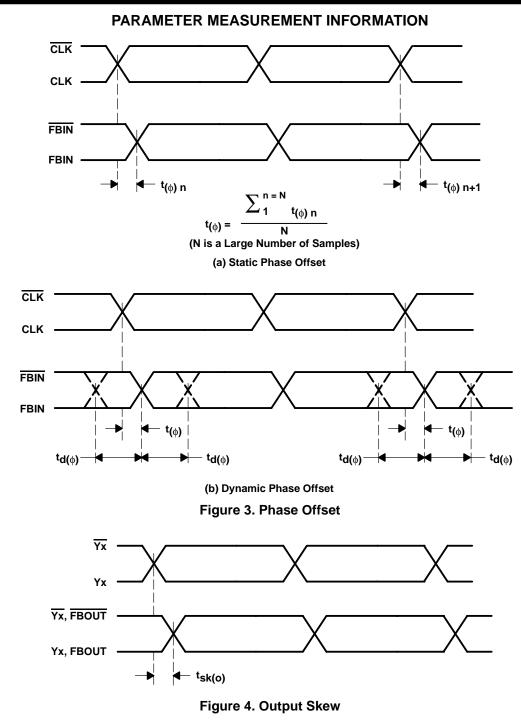


<sup>t</sup>jit(cc) = <sup>t</sup>c(n) - <sup>t</sup>c(n+1)

Figure 2. Cycle-to-Cycle Jitter

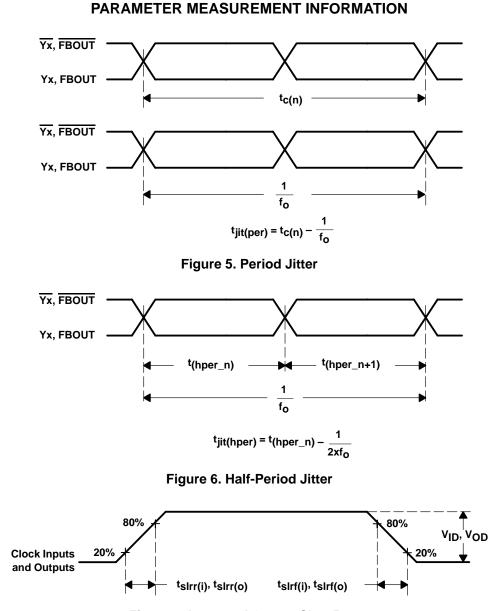


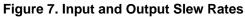
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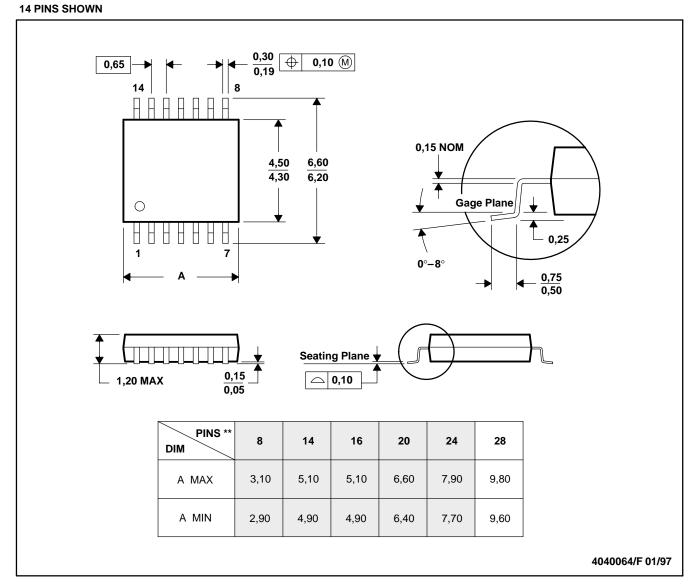


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### **MECHANICAL DATA**

### PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE

PW (R-PDSO-G\*\*)



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0,15.
- D. Falls within JEDEC MO-153



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