

4 M SRAM (512-kword  $\times$  8-bit)



ADE-203-1212 (Z) Preliminary Rev. 0.0 Sep. 12, 2000

### Description

The Hitachi HM628512C is a 4-Mbit static RAM organized 512-kword  $\times$  8-bit. It realizes higher density, higher performance and low power consumption by employing Hi-CMOS process technology. The device, packaged in a 525-mil SOP (foot print pitch width) or 400-mil TSOP TYPE II or 600-mil plastic DIP, is available for high density mounting. The HM628512C is suitable for battery backup system.

### Features

- Single 5 V supply
- Access time: 55/70 ns (max)
- Power dissipation
  - Active: 50 mW/MHz (typ)
  - Standby: 10 µW (typ)
- Completely static memory. No clock or timing strobe required
- Equal access and cycle times
- Common data input and output: Three state output
- Directly TTL compatible: All inputs and outputs
- Battery backup operation

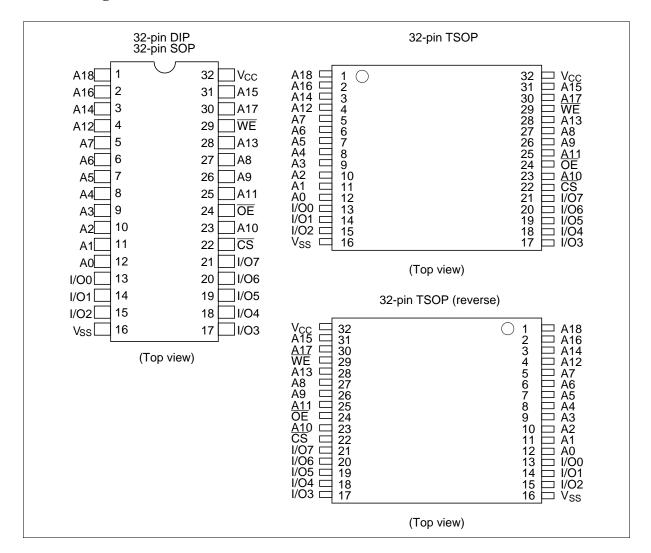
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Preliminary: The specification of this device are subject to change without notice. Please contact your nearest Hitachi's Sales Dept. regarding specification.

# **Ordering Information**

Туре No.	Access time	Package
HM628512CLP-5 HM628512CLP-7	55 ns 70 ns	600-mil 32-pin plastic DIP (DP-32)
HM628512CLP-5SL HM628512CLP-7SL	55 ns 70 ns	_
HM628512CLFP-5 HM628512CLFP-7	55 ns 70 ns	525-mil 32-pin plastic SOP (FP-32D)
HM628512CLFP-5SL HM628512CLFP-7SL	55 ns 70 ns	_
HM628512CLTT-5 HM628512CLTT-7	55 ns 70 ns	400-mil 32-pin plastic TSOP II (TTP-32D)
HM628512CLTT-5SL HM628512CLTT-7SL	55 ns 70 ns	_
HM628512CLRR-5 HM628512CLRR-7	55 ns 70 ns	400-mil 32-pin plastic TSOP II reverse (TTP-32DR)
HM628512CLRR-5SL HM628512CLRR-7SL	55 ns 70 ns	

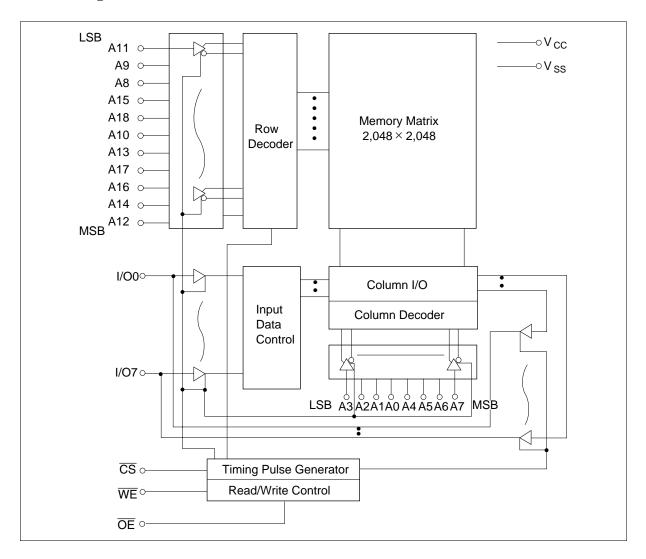
### **Pin Arrangement**



### **Pin Description**

Pin name	Function
A0 to A18	Address input
I/O0 to I/O7	Data input/output
CS	Chip select
ŌĒ	Output enable
WE	Write enable
V <sub>cc</sub>	Power supply
V <sub>ss</sub>	Ground

## **Block Diagram**



### **Function Table**

WE	CS	OE	Mode	$V_{cc}$ current	Dout pin	Ref. cycle
×	Н	×	Not selected	$I_{SB}, I_{SB1}$	High-Z	_
Н	L	Н	Output disable	I <sub>cc</sub>	High-Z	_
Н	L	L	Read	I <sub>cc</sub>	Dout	Read cycle
L	L	Н	Write	I <sub>cc</sub>	Din	Write cycle (1)
L	L	L	Write	I <sub>cc</sub>	Din	Write cycle (2)

Note: ×: H or L

### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Power supply voltage	V <sub>cc</sub>	–0.5 to +7.0	V
Voltage on any pin relative to $\rm V_{\rm ss}$	V <sub>T</sub>	$-0.5^{*1}$ to V <sub>cc</sub> + 0.3 <sup>*2</sup>	V
Power dissipation	P <sub>T</sub>	1.0	W
Operating temperature	Topr	-20 to +70	°C
Storage temperature	Tstg	–55 to +125	°C
Storage temperature under bias	Tbias	-20 to +85	°C

Notes: 1.  $V_{\tau}$  min: -3.0 V for pulse half-width  $\leq$  30 ns.

2. Maximum voltage is 7.0 V.

## **Recommended DC Operating Conditions** (Ta = -20 to $+70^{\circ}$ C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit
Supply voltage	V <sub>cc</sub>	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
	V <sub>ss</sub>	0	0	0	V
Input high voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	2.2	—	V <sub>cc</sub> + 0.3	V
Input low voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>	-0.3*1	_	0.8	V

Note: 1.  $V_{IL}$  min: -3.0 V for pulse half-width  $\leq$  30 ns.

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ*¹	Max	Unit	Test conditions
Input leakage current	I <sub>LI</sub>	—	—	1	μA	Vin = $V_{ss}$ to $V_{cc}$
Output leakage current	I <sub>lo</sub>	—	—	1	μA	$\overline{\frac{CS}{WE}} = V_{IH} \text{ or } \overline{OE} = V_{IH} \text{ or}$ $\overline{WE} = V_{IL}, V_{I/O} = V_{SS} \text{ to } V_{CC}$
Operating power supply current: DC	I <sub>cc</sub>	—	8	15	mA	$\overline{CS} = V_{IL},$ others = $V_{IH}/V_{IL}$ , $I_{I/O} = 0$ mA
Operating power supply current	I <sub>CC1</sub>	_	40	60	mA	$\label{eq:minor} \begin{array}{l} \mbox{Min cycle, duty} = 100\% \\ \mbox{CS} = V_{\rm \tiny IL}, \mbox{ others} = V_{\rm \tiny IH}/V_{\rm \tiny IL} \\ \mbox{I}_{\rm \tiny VO} = 0 \mbox{ mA} \end{array}$
Operating power supply current	I <sub>CC2</sub>	_	10	20	mA	$ \begin{array}{l} Cycle \ time = 1 \ \mu s, \\ duty = 100\% \\ I_{_{VO}} = 0 \ mA, \ \overline{CS} \leq 0.2 \ V \\ V_{_{IH}} \geq V_{_{CC}} - 0.2 \ V, \ V_{_{IL}} \leq 0.2 \ V \end{array} $
Standby power supply current: DC	I <sub>SB</sub>	—	1	3	mA	$\overline{\text{CS}} = \text{V}_{\text{IH}}$
Standby power supply current (1): DC	I <sub>SB1</sub>	—	2* <sup>2</sup>	100* <sup>2</sup>	μA	$Vin \ge 0 \text{ V}, \overline{CS} \ge V_{cc} - 0.2 \text{ V}$
		_	2* <sup>3</sup>	50* <sup>3</sup>	μA	_
Output low voltage	V <sub>OL</sub>	_	_	0.4	V	I <sub>oL</sub> = 2.1 mA
Output high voltage	V <sub>OH</sub>	2.4	—	—	V	I <sub>OH</sub> = -1.0 mA

# DC Characteristics (Ta = –20 to +70°C, $V_{\rm CC}$ = 5 V ±10% , $V_{\rm SS}$ = 0 V)

Notes: 1. Typical values are at  $V_{cc}$  = 5.0 V, Ta = +25°C and specified loading, and not guaranteed.

2. This characteristics is guaranteed only for L version.

3. This characteristics is guaranteed only for L-SL version.

### **Capacitance** (Ta = $+25^{\circ}$ C, f = 1 MHz)

Parameter	Symbol	Тур	Max	Unit	Test conditions
Input capacitance*1	Cin	—	8	pF	Vin = 0 V
Input/output capacitance*1	C <sub>I/O</sub>	_	10	pF	$V_{I/O} = 0 V$

Note: 1. This parameter is sampled and not 100% tested.

# AC Characteristics (Ta = -20 to $+70^{\circ}$ C, V<sub>CC</sub> = 5 V ± 10%, unless otherwise noted.)

### **Test Conditions**

- Input pulse levels: 0.8 V to 2.4 V
- Input rise and fall time: 5 ns
- Input and output timing reference levels: 1.5 V
- Output load: 1 TTL Gate +  $C_L$  (100 pF) (HM628512C-7)
  - 1 TTL Gate +  $C_L$  (50 pF) (HM628512C-5)

(Including scope & jig)

#### **Read Cycle**

		HM62	8512C				
		-5		-7			
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Read cycle time	t <sub>RC</sub>	55		70		ns	
Address access time	t <sub>AA</sub>	—	55	—	70	ns	
Chip select access time	t <sub>co</sub>	—	55	—	70	ns	
Output enable to output valid	t <sub>oe</sub>	—	25	—	35	ns	
Chip selection to output in low-Z	t <sub>LZ</sub>	10		10		ns	2
Output enable to output in low-Z	t <sub>oLZ</sub>	5		5	—	ns	2
Chip deselection to output in high-Z	t <sub>HZ</sub>	0	20	0	25	ns	1, 2
Output disable to output in high-Z	t <sub>oHZ</sub>	0	20	0	25	ns	1, 2
Output hold from address change	t <sub>он</sub>	10		10		ns	

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#### Write Cycle

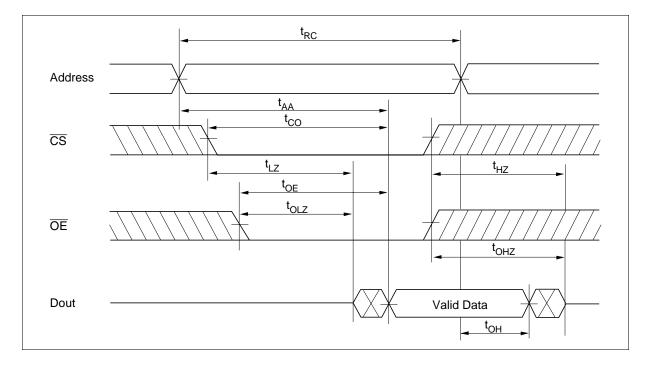
		HM62	8512C				
		-5		-7			
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Write cycle time	t <sub>wc</sub>	55		70	_	ns	
Chip selection to end of write	t <sub>cw</sub>	50		60		ns	4
Address setup time	t <sub>AS</sub>	0		0	_	ns	5
Address valid to end of write	t <sub>AW</sub>	50	_	60	_	ns	
Write pulse width	t <sub>wP</sub>	40	_	50	_	ns	3, 12
Write recovery time	t <sub>wR</sub>	0		0	_	ns	6
WE to output in high-Z	t <sub>wHZ</sub>	0	20	0	25	ns	1, 2, 7
Data to write time overlap	t <sub>DW</sub>	25	_	30	_	ns	
Data hold from write time	t <sub>DH</sub>	0	_	0	_	ns	
Output active from output in high-Z	t <sub>ow</sub>	5	_	5	_	ns	2
Output disable to output in high-Z	t <sub>oHZ</sub>	0	20	0	25	ns	1, 2, 7

Notes: 1. t<sub>HZ</sub>, t<sub>OHZ</sub> and t<sub>WHZ</sub> are defined as the time at which the outputs achieve the open circuit conditions and are not referred to output voltage levels.

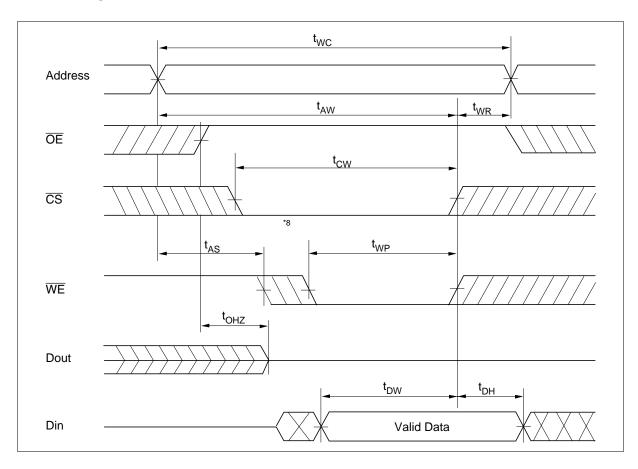
- 2. This parameter is sampled and not 100% tested.
- 3. A write occurs during the overlap (t<sub>WP</sub>) of a low CS and a low WE. A write begins at the later transition of CS going low or WE going low. A write ends at the earlier transition of CS going high or WE going high. t<sub>WP</sub> is measured from the beginning of write to the end of write.
- 4.  $t_{cw}$  is measured from  $\overline{CS}$  going low to the end of write.
- 5.  $t_{AS}$  is measured from the address valid to the beginning of write.
- 6.  $t_{WR}$  is measured from the earlier of  $\overline{WE}$  or  $\overline{CS}$  going high to the end of write cycle.
- 7. During this period, I/O pins are in the output state so that the input signals of the opposite phase to the outputs must not be applied.
- 8. If the CS low transition occurs simultaneously with the WE low transition or after the WE transition, the output remain in a high impedance state.
- 9. Dout is the same phase of the write data of this write cycle.
- 10. Dout is the read data of next address.
- 11. If  $\overline{CS}$  is low during this period, I/O pins are in the output state. Therefore, the input signals of the opposite phase to the outputs must not be applied to them.
- 12. In the write cycle with  $\overline{OE}$  low fixed,  $t_{WP}$  must satisfy the following equation to avoid a problem of data bus contention.  $t_{WP} \ge t_{DW} \min + t_{WHZ} \max$

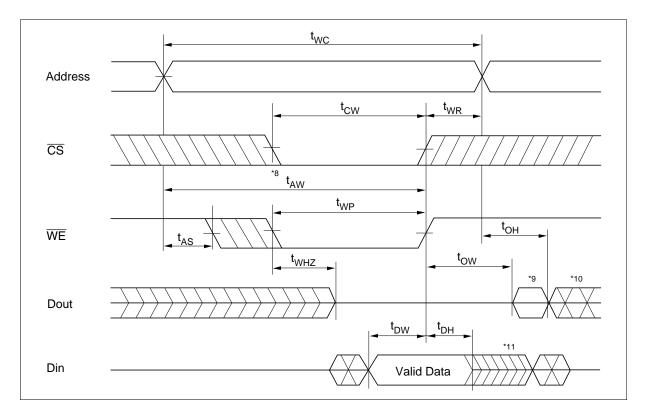
# **Timing Waveforms**

## Read Timing Waveform ( $\overline{WE} = V_{IH}$ )



Write Timing Waveform (1) (OE Clock)





Write Timing Waveform (2) ( $\overline{\text{OE}}$  Low Fixed)

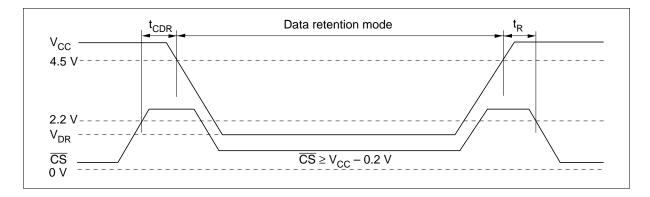
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Test conditions* <sup>3</sup>
$V_{cc}$ for data retention	$V_{DR}$	2	_	_	V	$\overline{\text{CS}} \ge \text{V}_{\text{CC}} - 0.2 \text{ V}, \text{ Vin} \ge 0 \text{ V}$
Data retention current	I <sub>CCDR</sub>	—	1* <sup>4</sup>	50* <sup>1</sup>	μΑ	$\frac{V_{cc}}{CS} = 3.0 \text{ V}, \text{ Vin} \ge 0 \text{ V}$ $\overline{CS} \ge V_{cc} - 0.2 \text{ V}$
		—	<b>1</b> * <sup>4</sup>	15* <sup>2</sup>	μΑ	
Chip deselect to data retention time	$t_{CDR}$	0	—		ns	See retention waveform
Operation recovery time	t <sub>R</sub>	t <sub>RC</sub> *5	_		ns	

# Low $V_{cc}$ Data Retention Characteristics (Ta = -20 to +70°C)

Notes: 1. For L-version and 20  $\mu$ A (max.) at Ta = -20 to +40°C.

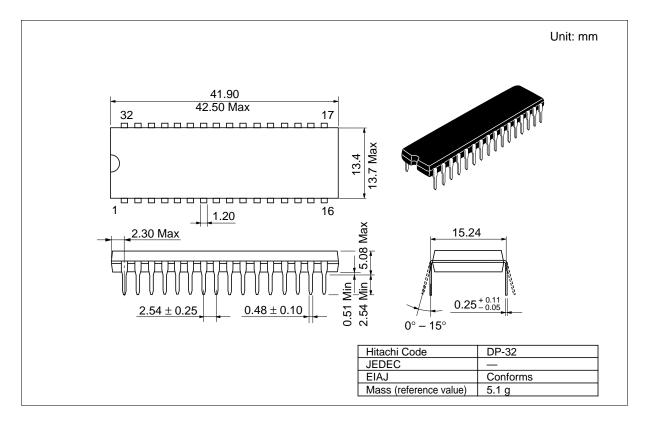
- 2. For L-SL-version and 3  $\mu$ A (max.) at Ta = -20 to +40°C.
- 3. CS controls address buffer, WE buffer, OE buffer, and Din buffer. In data retention mode, Vin levels (address, WE, OE, I/O) can be in the high impedance state.
- 4. Typical values are at V\_{cc} = 3.0 V, Ta = +25 ^{\circ}C and specified loading, and not guaranteed.
- 5.  $t_{RC}$  = read cycle time.

### Low $V_{CC}$ Data Retention Timing Waveform ( $\overline{CS}$ Controlled)



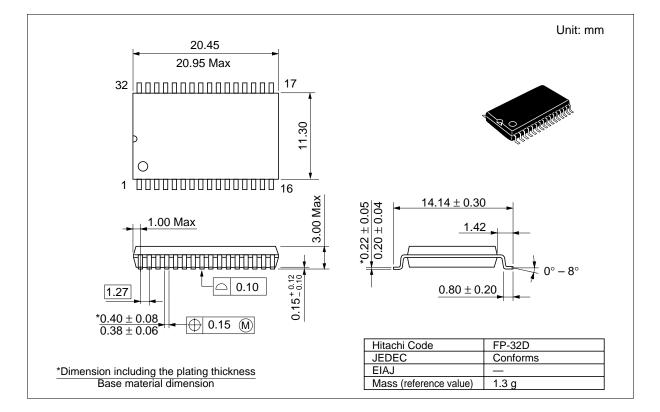
# **Package Dimensions**

### HM628512CLP Series (DP-32)



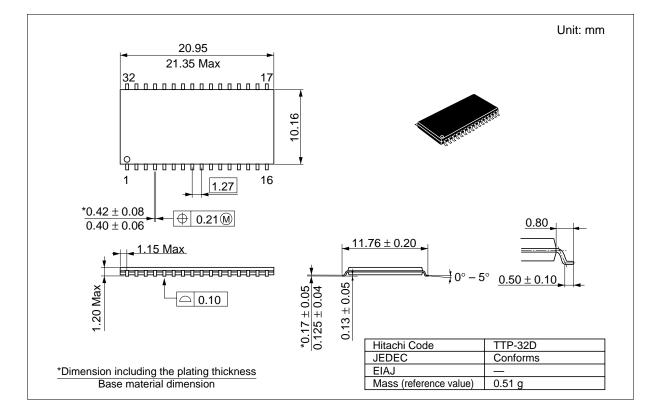
### Package Dimensions (cont.)

#### HM628512CLFP Series (FP-32D)



### Package Dimensions (cont.)

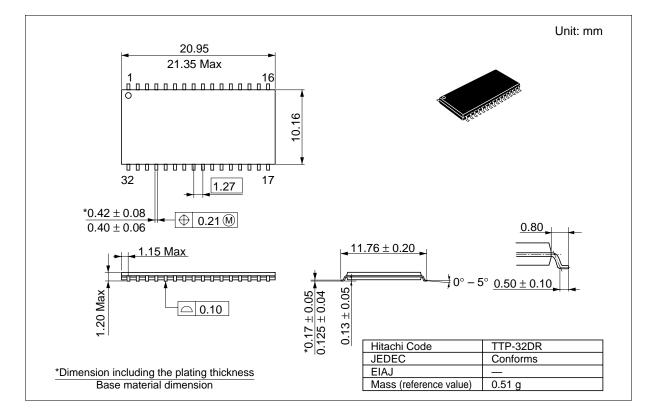
#### HM628512CLTT Series (TTP-32D)



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### Package Dimensions (cont.)

### HM628512CLRR Series (TTP-32DR)



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